## Project 2

Alessio Canclini, Filip von der Lippe (Dated: September 15, 2022)

Github repository: https://github.com/Fslippe/FYS4150/tree/main/project2

We are working with:

- A horizontal beam of length L.
- We let u(x) be the vertical displacement of the beam at horizontal position x, with  $x \in [0, L]$ .
- A force F is applied at the endpoint (x = L), directed into the beam, i.e. towards x = 0.
- The beam is fastened with pin endpoints, meaning that u(0) = 0 and u(L) = 0, but the endpoints are allowed to rotate  $(u'(x) \neq 0)$ .

Second order differential equation describing our buckling beam situation:

$$\gamma \frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2} = -Fu(x) \tag{1}$$

Troughout this project we will be working with the scaled equation:

$$\frac{d^2u(\hat{x})}{d\hat{x}^2} = -\lambda u(\hat{x})\tag{2}$$

Where  $\hat{x} \equiv x/L$  is a dimensionless variable,  $\hat{x} \in [0,1]$  and  $\lambda = \frac{FL^2}{\gamma}$ .

## PROBLEM 1

Using the defeniation  $\hat{x} \equiv x/L$  to show that Eq. 1 can be written as Eq. 2.

$$\gamma \frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2} = -Fu(x)$$
$$\frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2} = -\frac{F}{\gamma}u(x)$$

Multiplying both sides by  $L^2$ .

$$\frac{d^2u(x)L^2}{dx^2} = -\frac{FL^2}{\gamma}u(x)$$
$$\frac{d^2u(x)}{d\frac{x^2}{L^2}} = -\frac{FL^2}{\gamma}u(x)$$

Using that  $\hat{x} \equiv x/L$  so that  $\hat{x}^2 \equiv x^2/L^2$ .

$$\frac{d^2u(x)}{d\hat{x}} = -\frac{FL^2}{\gamma}u(x)$$

We also know that  $x = \hat{x}L$ , so  $u(x) = u(\hat{x}L) = u(\hat{x}) + u(L) = u(\hat{x})$ . Since u(L) = 0. Finally, using  $\lambda = \frac{FL^2}{\gamma}$  gives us the dimensionless Eq. 2:

$$\frac{d^2u(\hat{x})}{d\hat{x}} = -\lambda u(\hat{x})$$

- PROBLEM 2
- PROBLEM 3
- PROBLEM 4
- PROBLEM 5
- PROBLEM 6