# Clasificador de ganancias a partir de variables socioeconómicas

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## Diccionario de categorías iniciales del datsets

age 74

workclass 9

fnlwgt 28523

education 16

marital-status 7

occupation 15

relationship 6

race 5

sex 2

hours-per-week 96

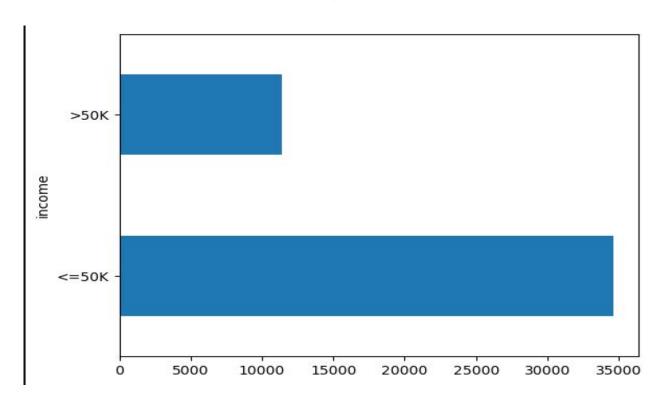
native-country 42

income 4

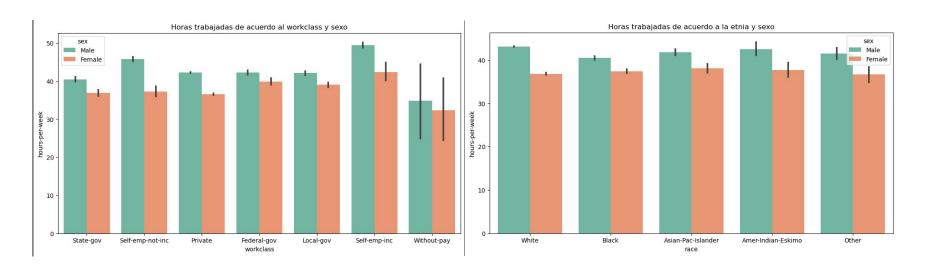
## Diccionario de categorías del dataset final

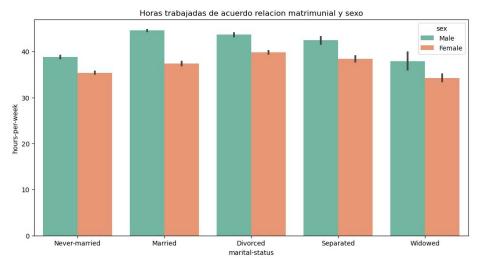
```
encoder_workclass
encoder education
                     16
encoder_marital-status
                      5
encoder_occupation
                      14
encoder_relationship
                      6
encoder_race
                    5
encoder_sex
encoder_native-country 42
encoder_income
encoder_encoder_age
encoder_encoder_hpw
                        9
```

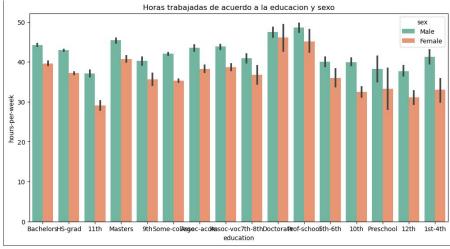
## Nuestra variable target

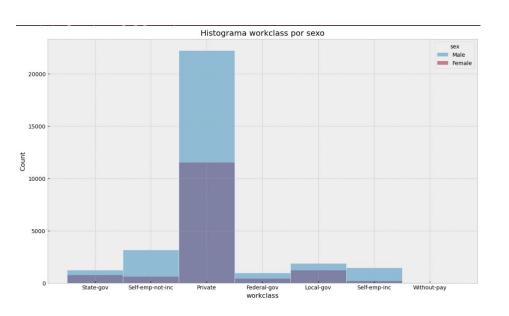


## Algunas aproximaciones

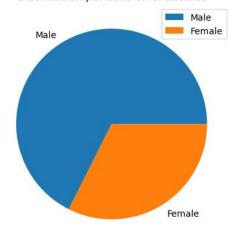




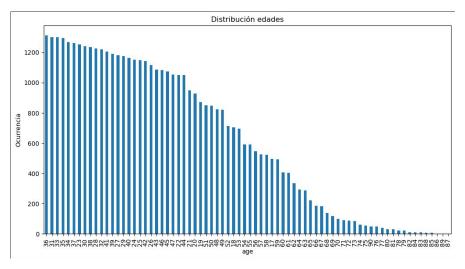


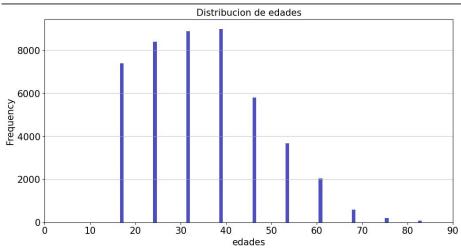


#### Distribución por sexo en el dataset

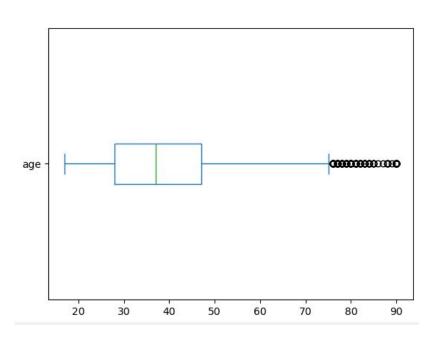


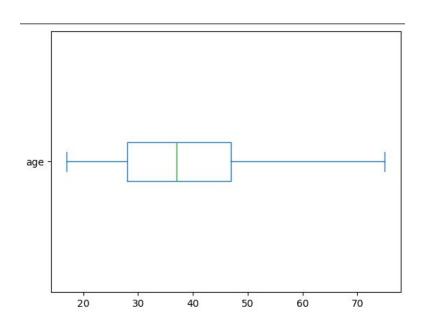
## Mejoras en el campo de edad



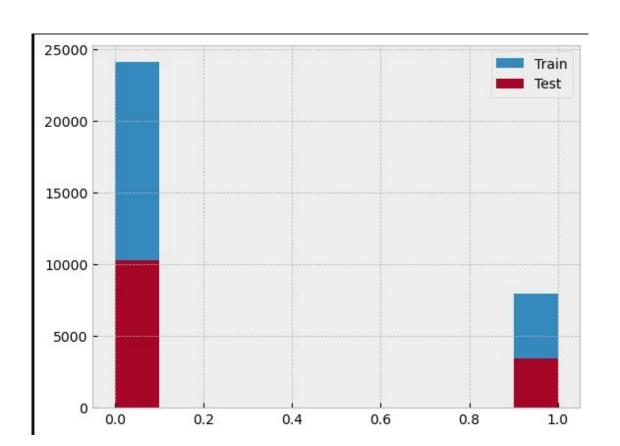


## Mejoras en el campo edad

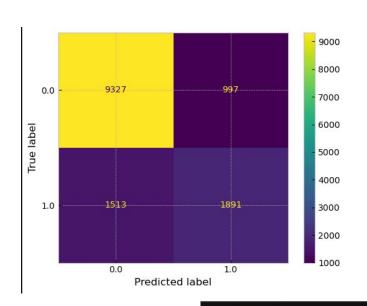




## Muestras del modelo Test vs. Train



#### Random forest



	feature	importance
1	encoder_education	0.163833
8	encoder_encoder_age	0.155769
4	encoder_relationship	0.151174
3	encoder_occupation	0.149526
9	encoder_encoder_hpw	0.110338
2	encoder_marital-status	0.105351
0	encoder_workclass	0.079716
7	encoder_native-country	0.036401
5	encoder_race	0.029248
6	encoder_sex	0.018644

Modelo Random Forest Classifier accuracy score criterio "gini": 0.8172

#### Modelo de Random Forest

#### stratifiedkfold

split: 5

random\_state=1

n\_estimators=30

criterion="gini"

max\_depth=4

Iteracion: 1 Accuracy: 0.796875

Iteracion: 2 Accuracy: 0.7934877622377622
Iteracion: 3 Accuracy: 0.8014641608391608
Iteracion: 4 Accuracy: 0.7965472027972028
Iteracion: 5 Accuracy: 0.8046115178668998

#### Modelo de Random Forest

```
random_state=11
n_jobs=6
```

% de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.8161421911421911

#### Con iteración de parámetros

```
# Definir la grilla de los parametros, cada combinación es un modelo adicional param_grid = {'n_estimators': [4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048], 'max_features': [0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0]}
```

```
GS_RF.best_params_
{'max_features': 0.1, 'n_estimators': 512}
```

% de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.8161421911421911

```
# Que un algoritmo busque los mejores parámetros dentro del rango
from scipy.stats import uniform, randint

param_dist = {"n_estimators": randint(4, 2048),
```

```
"max_features": uniform(0, 1)}
```

```
# y et numero de tieraciones, dependiendo de esto se
```

iteraciones = 10

```
RS RF.best_params_
```

```
{'max features': 0.3944636253118162, 'n estimators': 1963}
```

```
% de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.81745337995338
```

## Super vector machine

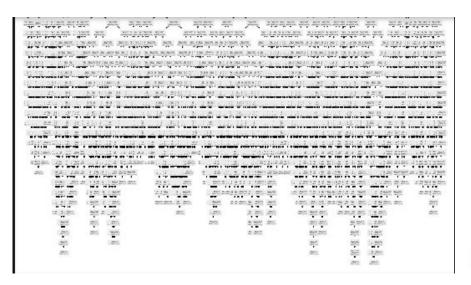
Lineal: % de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.752039627039627

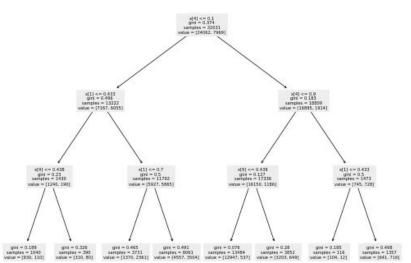
% de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.7961101398601399

% de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.8049970862470862

Sigmoid: % de aciertos sobre el set de evaluación: 0.6873543123543123

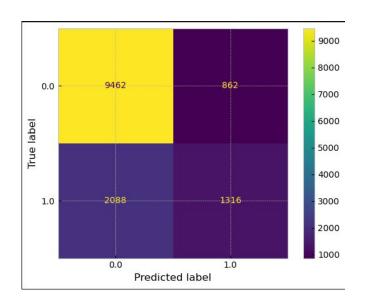
## Árbol de decisión





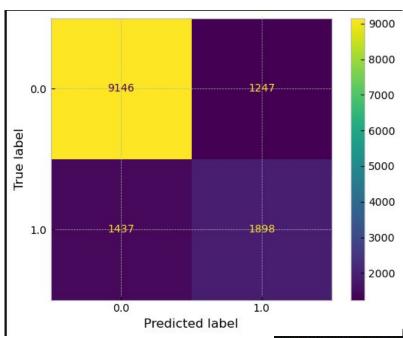
Modelo Decision Tree Classifier accuracy score criterio "gini": 0.7851

# Árbol de decisión



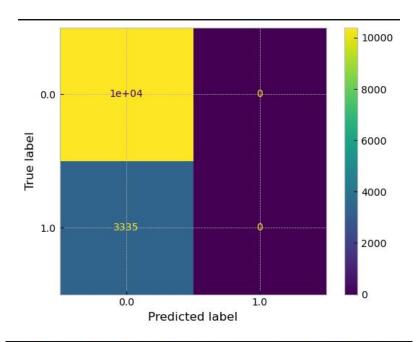
	feature	importance
4	encoder_relationship	0.290222
1	encoder_education	0.180197
8	encoder_encoder_age	0.126108
3	encoder_occupation	0.113122
9	encoder_encoder_hpw	0.102455
0	encoder_workclass	0.077193
7	encoder_native-country	0.041707
5	encoder_race	0.035536
2	encoder_marital-status	0.023592
6	encoder_sex	0.009868

## Vecinos cercanos



Modelo vecinos cercanos Classifier accuracy score: 0.8045

# **Super Vector Machine**



Modelo Super vector machine Classifier accuracy score: 0.7571

#### Resultados

Se probaron varios modelos.

Se setearon rangos de parámetros

Se probaron algoritmos para la determinación de parámetros de los modelos

Se llegó a un modelos que superó el 80% de precisión