

H3

January 31, 2018

1 HW01

1.1 H3 problem

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

1.1.1 a) solution

Write a program to calculate Sup and Sdn in single precision

```
In [33]: ini_up = np.float32(0.0)

result_dn = []
result_up = []

for p in range(2,9):
    up_lim = 10**p
    print("p is:", p)
    ## calculate the sum^{1}_{N} 1/n
    ini_dn = np.float32(0.0)
    for i in range(up_lim, 0, -1):
        ini_dn = ini_dn + np.float32(1/i)
    result_dn.append(ini_dn)

    ## calculate the sum^{N}_{1} 1/n
    ini_up = np.float32(0.0)
    for i in range(1, up_lim+1):
        ini_up = ini_up + np.float32(1/i)
    result_up.append(ini_up)

    print("ini_up is:", ini_up)
    print("ini_dn is:", ini_dn)
    print("-----")
result_up_s = np.array(result_up)
result_dn_s = np.array(result_dn)
print("result_up", result_up_s)
print("result_dn", result_dn_s)
print('|S_up - S_dn| is:', np.abs(result_dn_s - result_up_s))
```

```

p is: 2
ini_up is: 5.18738
ini_dn is: 5.18738
-----
p is: 3
ini_up is: 7.48548
ini_dn is: 7.48547
-----
p is: 4
ini_up is: 9.78761
ini_dn is: 9.7876
-----
p is: 5
ini_up is: 12.0909
ini_dn is: 12.0902
-----
p is: 6
ini_up is: 14.3574
ini_dn is: 14.3927
-----
p is: 7
ini_up is: 15.4037
ini_dn is: 16.686
-----
p is: 8
ini_up is: 15.4037
ini_dn is: 18.8079
-----
result_up [ 5.18737793  7.4854784   9.78761292 12.09085083 14.35735798
15.40368271 15.40368271]
result_dn [ 5.18737698  7.48547173  9.78760433 12.09015274 14.39265156
16.68603134 18.80791855]
|S_up - S_dn| is: [ 9.53674316e-07  6.67572021e-06  8.58306885e-06  6.98089600e-04
3.52935791e-02  1.28234863e+00  3.40423584e+00]

```

1.1.2 b)

Write a program to calculate Sup and Sdn in double precision for $N = 10p$ with $p = 2, 3, \dots, 8$

```
In [34]: ini_up = np.float64(0.0)
```

```

result_dn = []
result_up = []

for p in range(2,9):
    up_lim = 10**p
    print("p is:", p)

```

```

        ##      calculate the sum{1}_{N} 1/n
ini_dn = np.float64(0.0)
for i in range(up_lim, 0, -1):
    ini_dn = ini_dn + np.float64(1/i)
result_dn.append(ini_dn)

        ##      calculate the sum{N}_{1} 1/n
ini_up = np.float64(0.0)
for i in range(1, up_lim+1):
    ini_up = ini_up + np.float64(1/i)
result_up.append(ini_up)

print("ini_up is:", ini_up)
print("ini_dn is:", ini_dn)
print("-----")
result_up_d = np.array(result_up)
result_dn_d = np.array(result_dn)
print("result_up", result_up_d)
print("result_dn", result_dn_d)
np.abs(result_dn_d - result_up_d)

```

```

p is: 2
ini_up is: 5.18737751764
ini_dn is: 5.18737751764
-----
p is: 3
ini_up is: 7.48547086055
ini_dn is: 7.48547086055
-----
p is: 4
ini_up is: 9.78760603604
ini_dn is: 9.78760603604
-----
p is: 5
ini_up is: 12.0901461299
ini_dn is: 12.0901461299
-----
p is: 6
ini_up is: 14.3927267229
ini_dn is: 14.3927267229
-----
p is: 7
ini_up is: 16.6953113659
ini_dn is: 16.6953113659
-----
p is: 8
ini_up is: 18.9978964139
ini_dn is: 18.9978964139

```

```

-----
result_up [  5.18737752   7.48547086   9.78760604  12.09014613  14.39272672
            16.69531137  18.99789641]
result_dn [  5.18737752   7.48547086   9.78760604  12.09014613  14.39272672
            16.69531137  18.99789641]

```

```

Out[34]: array([ 8.88178420e-16,  2.66453526e-15,  3.73034936e-14,
                 7.28306304e-14,  7.83373366e-13,  2.69295697e-12,
                 8.91731133e-13])

```

1.1.3 c)

Assuming that the double-precision result x is exact, show that the single-precision Sup is less accurate than the single-precision Sdn , i.e., plot $|\text{Sup } x|$ and $|\text{Sdn } x|$ as a function of p

```

In [36]: print(np.abs(result_up_s - result_up_d))
          print(np.abs(result_dn_s - result_up_d))

[ 4.12047879e-07  7.54063374e-06  6.87899471e-06  7.04700215e-04
 3.53687440e-02  1.29162866e+00  3.59421371e+00]
[ 5.41626437e-07  8.64913524e-07  1.70407413e-06  6.61061518e-06
 7.51649426e-05  9.28002430e-03  1.89977865e-01]

```

1.1.4 d)

Plot $|\text{S } \ln(2)|$ vs p with p up to 9 for both single and double precision

```

In [39]: result_up_d = []
          result_up_s = []

          for p in range(2,9):
              up_lim = 10**p
              print("p is:", p)
              ## calculate the sum^{N}_{1} {(-1)^{(n+1)}/n} Double precision
              ini_up_d = np.float64(0.0)
              for i in range(1, up_lim+1):
                  ini_up_d = ini_up_d + np.float64((-1)**(i+1)/i)
              result_up_d.append(ini_up_d)

              ## calculate the sum^{N}_{1} {(-1)^{(n+1)}/n} single precesion
              ini_up_s = np.float32(0.0)
              for i in range(1, up_lim+1):
                  ini_up_s = ini_up_s + np.float32((-1)**(i+1)/i)
              result_up_s.append(ini_up_s)

          print("ini_up_s is:", ini_up_s)
          print("ini_up_d is:", ini_up_d)

```

```

        print("-----")
        result_up_d = np.array(result_up_d)
        result_up_s = np.array(result_up_s)
        print("result_up_d", result_up_d)
        print("result_up_s", result_up_s)
        print("Error of Double precesion :", np.abs(result_up_d - np.log(2)))
        print("Error of Single precesion :", np.abs(result_up_s - np.log(2)))

p is: 2
ini_up_s is: 0.688172
ini_up_d is: 0.68817217931
-----
p is: 3
ini_up_s is: 0.692646
ini_up_d is: 0.69264743056
-----
p is: 4
ini_up_s is: 0.693092
ini_up_d is: 0.69309718306
-----
p is: 5
ini_up_s is: 0.693134
ini_up_d is: 0.693142180585
-----
p is: 6
ini_up_s is: 0.693137
ini_up_d is: 0.69314668056
-----
p is: 7
ini_up_s is: 0.693137
ini_up_d is: 0.69314713056
-----
p is: 8
ini_up_s is: 0.693138
ini_up_d is: 0.69314717556
-----
result_up_d [ 0.68817218  0.69264743  0.69309718  0.69314218  0.69314668  0.69314713
 0.69314718]
result_up_s [ 0.68817192  0.69264585  0.69309169  0.69313407  0.69313729  0.69313747
 0.69313753]
Error of Double precesion : [ 4.97500125e-03  4.99750000e-04  4.99975000e-05  4.99997496e-06
 4.99999693e-07  4.99998389e-08  4.99952613e-09]
Error of Single precesion : [ 4.97525930e-03  5.01334667e-04  5.54919243e-05  1.31130219e-05
 9.89437103e-06  9.71555710e-06  9.65595245e-06]

```