Structures Of Emotion In Social Media

Instructions -

General Instructions

- The questions in this job involve reading and understanding of English.
- Attempt these questions only if you are a native speaker of English.
- In your answers, use words as they appear in the given headline.
- · Avoid using words that are not in the text.
- Please COPY and PASTE your answer from the given headline.

Task:

You will be shown a news headline and asked to answer the following questions:

- 1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline?
- 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed?
- 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion?
- 4. a. Is the **experiencer** (or the feeler) of the emotion mentioned?
 - b. Who is the experiencer (or the feeler)of the emotion?
- 5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion?
- 6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the expressed emotion. In other words, what is the cause of the emotion?
- 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline?
- 8. Which emotion(s) did you feel while reading this headline?

Example #1: China is Angry with Trump's Trade Antics

- o most dominant emotion: Anger
 - explanation: there is a clear lexical trigger angry.
- intensity: medium
 - explanation: the headline expresses the emotion with medium intensity
- o words: Angry
- o experiencer: China
 - a. Yes it is.
 - b. China
 - explanation:
 - a. The entity who is feeling is explicitly mentioned.
 - b. the government of China is angry about Trump's Trade Antics.
- o target: Trump's Trade Antics
- o cause: Trump's Trade Antics
 - explanation: the headline explicitly tells why Chinese government is angry with Trump
- o other emotions: No other additional emotions are expressed
 - explanation: the headline expresses only one emotion

Example #2: Russia's Vladimir Putin is happy to see Iran leave Syria.

- most dominant emotion:Joy
 - explanation: there is a clear lexical trigger happy.
- intensity:medium
- words: happy
- experiencer: Vladimir Putin
 - a.Yes it is an entity explicitly mentioned
 - b.Vladimir Putin
 - explanation: it is explicitly stated in the headline that Vladimir Putin is the one who is happy, hence he is the feeler.
- target: None
- cause: Iran leave Syria
 - explanation: the event of Iran leaving Syria makes Vladimir Putin happy.
- other emotions: No other additional emotions are expressed
- which emotion(s) you feel:No, I did not feel any emotion

Example #3: Death toll reaches 85 in Mexico fuel pipeline fire horror

- most dominant emotion: Fear
- intensity: high
- words:horror; Death toll

- experiencer: b. not mentioned
- cause: fuel pipeline fire horror
- other emotions: No other additional emotions are expressed
- which emotion(s) you feel: sadness

Tips

- The given text may not explicitly express emotions. However, often people's emotions towards other people can still be deduced. The goal her to decide if emotions are conveyed in the given text also when they are not explicitly stated.
- Do not overthink the answer. Let your instinct guide you.
- If you do not know the meaning of a word or a phrase in the headline, please look up the meaning in your favorite dictionary.
 - https://www.merriam-webster.com (httpsMe%3A//www.merriam-webster.com)
 - https://en.oxforddictionaries.com (https://en.oxforddictionaries.com)

Bangladesh keep nopes alive as Shakib Al Hasan sinks Afghanistan
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required)
O Joy
O Truck
TrustPositive Surprise
Cove (including Like)
O Pride
○ Fear ○ Anger
○ Sadness
O Disgust
Negative Surprise
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
O Guilt
○ Shame
Annoyance
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)
high
O medium
Olow
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
Copy and paste from "Bangladesh keep hopes alive as Shakib Al Hasan sinks Afghanistan" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicolon
4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required)
☐ Yes, it is the author.
☐ Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text.
□ No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "Bangladesh keep hopes alive as Shakib Al Hasan sinks Afghanistan". If there is more than one target, separate the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotion (required)
None
Copy and paste from "Bangladesh keep hopes alive as Shakib Al Hasan sinks Afghanistan" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None
7 Milish address and discount and in the piece has differed (completed).
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)
Desitive Anticipation (including Optimism) Output Desitive Anticipation (including Optimism)
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
□ Trust □ Positive Surprise
□ Positive Surprise □ Love (including Like)
Love (including Like)

 Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame
☐ Annoyance ☐ No other additional emotions are expressed
Select all that apply.
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required)
□ Joy
 ☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) ☐ Trust
□ Positive Surprise
□ Love (including Like) □ Pride
□ Fear
☐ Anger ☐ Sadness
□ Disgust □ Negative Surprise
□ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
☐ Guilt ☐ Shame
☐ Annoyance
□ No, I did not feel any emotion Select all that apply.
Science of that apply.
Bill Nye says the planet is on fire—but he's still optimistic
Bill Nye says the planet is on fire—but he's still optimistic 1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required) Copy and paste from "Bill Nye says the planet is on fire—but he's still optimistic" if there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicolon.

5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other word	ds, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None	
semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer	
6. Select the words that explain what happened that cau (required)	ised the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emoti
None	
Copy and paste from "Bill Nye says the planet is on fire—but he's still optimistic" I	If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None.
Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)	
Joy Pariting Authorized (in alcohing Carting in a)	
☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)☐ Trust	
□ Positive Surprise	
☐ Love (including Like)	
Pride	
☐ Fear ☐ Anger	
Sadness	
☐ Disgust	
□ Negative Surprise	
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)Guilt	
Shame	
□ Annoyance	
 No other additional emotions are expressed 	
Select all that apply.	
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headli	ne? (required)
Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)	
☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)☐ Trust	
Positive Surprise	
☐ Love (including Like)	
Pride	
☐ Fear ☐ Anger	
Sadness	
☐ Disgust	
□ Negative Surprise	
☐ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)☐ Guilt	
Shame	
□ Annoyance	
☐ No, I did not feel any emotion	
Select all that apply.	
Boeing 737 Max: company unveils new safet	:y fixes
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headling	e? (required)
O Joy O Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)	
Trust	
O Positive Surprise	
Love (including Like)	
Pride Fear	
Anger	
Sadness	
Disgust	
Negative SurpriseNegative Anticipation (including Pessimism)	
Guilt	

 $\ \ \, \bigcirc \, \, \mathsf{Shame}$

○ Annoyance
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
Copy and paste from "Boeing 737 Max: company unveils new safety fixes" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicolon.
 4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required) Yes, it is the author. Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text. No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "Boeing 737 Max: company unveils new safety fixes". If there is more than one target, separate the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotion (required)
None
Copy and paste from "Boeing 737 Max: company unveils new safety fixes" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None.
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy
Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance No, I did not feel any emotion Select all that apply.

CNN's King Primes Dem Voters: It's Not 'In	npossible' for Far-Left Candidate to Win 2020
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headl	ne? (required)
JoyPositive Anticipation (including Optimism)Trust	
Positive SurpriseLove (including Like)	
○ Pride ○ Fear	
Anger	
○ Sadness ○ Disgust	
Negative Surprise	
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)Guilt	
ShameAnnoyance	
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)	
○ high ○ medium	
low	
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion	? (required)
Copy and paste from "CNN's King Primes Dem Voters: It's Not 'Impossible' for with a semicolon.	Far-Left Candidate to Win 2020" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answ
4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (requ	ired)
 Yes, it is the author. Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text. 	
☐ No, it is not explicitly mentioned.	
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other wo	ords, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None	
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from target, separate the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: In "I like you", "you" is the t	"CNN's King Primes Dem Voters: It's Not 'Impossible' for Far-Left Candidate to Win 2020". If there is more than one arget of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that c (required)	aused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotio
None	
Copy and paste from "CNN's King Primes Dem Voters: It's Not 'Impossible' for given, type None.	$Far-Left\ Candidate\ to\ Win\ 2020"\ If\ there\ is\ more\ than\ one\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause, separate\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ If\ no\ cause\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ No\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ semicolon\ with\ a\ semicolon.\ No\ the\ answers\ with\ a\ sem$
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given he	adline? (required)
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)	
☐ Trust ☐ Positive Surprise	
□ Love (including Like)□ Pride	
□ Fear	
☐ Anger☐ Sadness	
Disgust	
Negative SurpriseNegative Anticipation (including Pessimism)	
☐ Guilt ☐ Shame	
Annoyance	
 No other additional emotions are expressed Select all that apply. 	
	Ilina? (maguinad)
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this head Joy	anne: (requirea)
☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)☐ Trust	
☐ Positive Surprise	

Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance No, I did not feel any emotion Select all that apply.
EIA forecasts 2019 WTI oil average of \$58.80/bbl, up 4.8% from previous view
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required)
Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
Copy and paste from "EIA forecasts 2019 WTI oil average of \$58.80/bbl, up 4.8% from previous view" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers wi semicolon.
 4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required) Yes, it is the author. Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text. No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required) None
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "EIA forecasts 2019 WTI oil average of \$58.80/bbl, up 4.8% from previous view". If there is more than one targe separate the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emot (required)
None
Copy and paste from "EIA forecasts 2019 WTI oil average of \$58.80/bbl, up 4.8% from previous view" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear

Love (including Like)

☐ Anger☐ Sadness☐ Sadness☐ Sadness☐ Sadness☐ Sadness☐ Sadnes☐
□ Disgust
 Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
☐ Guilt
□ Shame
 Annoyance No other additional emotions are expressed
Select all that apply.
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required)
 □ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) □ Trust
□ Positive Surprise
Love (including Like)
□ Pride □ Fear
□ Anger
□ Sadness
□ Disgust
 Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
Guilt
□ Shame
□ Annoyance
□ No, I did not feel any emotion
Select all that apply.
E4 Williams delices Commo Described Debag Nobia anno anticolor de la communicación del communicación de la communicación del communicación de la c
F1: Williams drivers George Russell and Robert Kubica prepare for long-term recovery
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
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1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance
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1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required) Copy and paste from "F1: Williams drivers George Russell and Robert Kubica prepare for long-term recovery." If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answ
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance 2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low 3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required) Copy and paste from "F1: Williams drivers George Russell and Robert Kubica prepare for long-term recovery" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answerith a semicolon.
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy

If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "F1: Williams drivers George Russell and Robert Kubica prepare for long-term recovery". If there is more than one target, separate the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like". 6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotio (required) Copy and paste from "F1: Williams drivers George Russell and Robert Kubica prepare for long-term recovery" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) ☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) □ Trust Positive Surprise ☐ Love (including Like) □ Pride ☐ Fear Anger Sadness Disgust ☐ Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) ☐ Guilt ☐ Shame Annoyance ☐ No other additional emotions are expressed Select all that apply. 8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required) ☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) □ Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride ☐ Fear Anger Sadness Disgust ☐ Negative Surprise ☐ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) $\quad \ \ \, \Box \; \; \mathsf{Guilt}$ □ Shame Annoyance No, I did not feel any emotion Select all that apply. Finland's new generation of climate heroes iired)

1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (requ
○ Joy
 Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
○ Trust
O Positive Surprise
Love (including Like)
O Pride
○ Fear
○ Anger
○ Sadness
○ Disgust
 Negative Surprise
 Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
○ Guilt
○ Shame
○ Annoyance
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)

○ high ○ medium
○ low
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
Copy and paste from "Finland's new generation of climate heroes" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicolon.
4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required)
Yes, it is the author.
 Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text. No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "Finland's new generation of climate heroes". If there is more than one target, separate the answers with a sem e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emo (required)
None
Copy and paste from "Finland's new generation of climate heroes" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None.
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)
□ Joy
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
☐ Trust
□ Positive Surprise □ Love (including Like)
□ Pride
□ Fear
□ Anger
□ Sadness
□ Disgust
□ Negative Surprise
 □ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) □ Guilt
□ Shame
Annoyance
□ No other additional emotions are expressed
Select all that apply.
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required)
□ Joy
☐ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
□ Trust
Positive Surprise
□ Love (including Like) □ Pride
□ Fear
□ Anger
□ Sadness
☐ Disgust
□ Negative Surprise
 □ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) □ Guilt
□ Shame
□ Annoyance
□ No, I did not feel any emotion
Select all that apply.

Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future

1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required)

O Joy
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)Trust
O Positive Surprise
Cove (including Like)
O Pride Fear
O Anger
Sadness Diamet
O Disgust Negative Surprise
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
○ Guilt ○ Shame
Annoyance
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high
o medium
○ low
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicolon.
4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required)
☐ Yes, it is the author.☐ Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text.
□ No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future". If there is more than one target, sepa
the answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
4 Salact the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotion
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotic (required)
(required) None
(required)
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like)
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise
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(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
(required) None Copy and paste from "Five reasons why 2020's down-ballot races could reshape America's future" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type None. 7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame
None

□ Disgust
□ Negative Surprise
☐ Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
☐ Guilt
□ Shame
□ Annoyance
□ No, I did not feel any emotion
Select all that apply.
French Official: Notre Dame Fire Weakening, Cathedral's Towers 'Safe'
1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required)
○ Joy
O Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
○ Trust
O Positive Surprise
Cove (including Like)
O Pride
○ Fear ○ Anger
Sadness
O Disgust
Negative Surprise
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
O Guilt
○ Shame
○ Annoyance
2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required)
high
O medium
○ low
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion. (required)
Copy and paste from "French Official: Notre Dame Fire Weakening, Cathedral's Towers 'Safe'" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semicon
4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required)
☐ Yes, it is the author.
☐ Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text.
□ No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
None
If the target is not angified then time. None Otherwise convent year "Franch Official Netvo Dome Fire Week arise Cathodral's Tourses (Cate)" If there is more than one target converts
If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "French Official: Notre Dame Fire Weakening, Cathedral's Towers 'Safe'". If there is more than one target, separate answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".
6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotion (required)
None
Copy and paste from "French Official: Notre Dame Fire Weakening, Cathedral's Towers 'Safe'" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given, type N
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)
Joy
□ Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
□ Trust
□ Positive Surprise
□ Love (including Like)
□ Pride
□ Fear
□ Anger
□ Sadness
□ Disgust
□ Negative Surprise

Sadness

	 Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance
	□ No other additional emotions are expressed Select all that apply.
	8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance No, I did not feel any emotion Select all that apply.
	Hogan Gidley: McAleenan Will Do 'Great Job' as Nielsen's Replacement
	1. Which emotion is most dominant in the given headline? (required) Joy Positive Anticipation (including Optimism) Trust Positive Surprise Love (including Like) Pride Fear Anger Sadness Disgust Negative Surprise Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism) Guilt Shame Annoyance
	2. How intensely is the emotion expressed? (required) high medium low
(3. Which words helped you in identifying the emotion? (required)
	Copy and paste from "Hogan Gidley: McAleenan Will Do 'Great Job' as Nielsen's Replacement" If there is more than one word and the words are not adjacent, separate the answers with a semic
	 4. Is the experiencer of the emotion mentioned? (required) Yes, it is the author. Yes, and it is an entity explicitly mentioned in the text. No, it is not explicitly mentioned.
	5. Who or what is the emotion directed at? In other words, who or what is the target of the emotion? (required)
	None
	If the target is not specified, then type: None. Otherwise, copy and paste from "Hogan Gidley: McAleenan Will Do 'Great Job' as Nielsen's Replacement". If there is more than one target, separate answers with a semicolon. e.g.: in "I like you", "you" is the target of "like" and "I" is the experiencer of the "like".

6. Select the words that explain what happened that caused the emotion expressed. In other words, what is the cause of the emotio

(required)
None
Copy and paste from "Hogan Gidley: McAleenan Will Do 'Great Job' as Nielsen's Replacement" If there is more than one cause, separate the answers with a semicolon. If no cause is given,
7. Which other emotions are expressed in the given headline? (required)
□ Joy
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
□ Trust
Positive Surprise
Love (including Like)
Pride
□ Fear
☐ Anger ☐ Sadness
□ Disgust
□ Negative Surprise
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
Guilt
□ Shame
□ Annoyance
□ No other additional emotions are expressed
Select all that apply.
8. Which emotions did you feel while reading this headline? (required)
Joy
Positive Anticipation (including Optimism)
□ Trust
☐ Positive Surprise
☐ Love (including Like)
□ Pride
□ Fear
□ Anger
□ Sadness
□ Disgust
Negative Surprise
Negative Anticipation (including Pessimism)
Guilt Shama
□ Shame □ Approvement
☐ Annoyance ☐ No, I did not feel any emotion
Select all that apply.

Test Vali