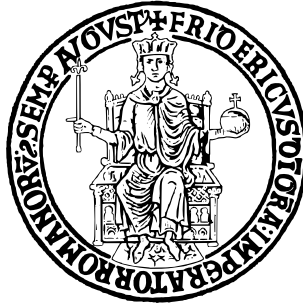


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dell'Informazione



## Parallel and Distributed Computing submissions

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# Chapter 1

## Prolusion

### 1.1 Goal

This document offers a comprehensive overview of a project developed in `C`, consisting of multiple modules delivered in incremental phases.

It is not intended as a user guide, but rather aims to describe the project's exploration of parallel computing techniques, leveraging High Performance Computing in certain instances.

### 1.2 Environment

The project was entirely developed on a macOS system with the help of Xcode IDE. Naturally, this will mainly impact the build process.

### 1.3 Project directory layout

The structure of the project's root directory is outlined below.

```
parallel-distributed-computing/
├── common/
├── hpc/
│   ├── gemm/
│   ├── matmatblock/
│   ├── matmatdist/
│   └── matmatthread/
├── laplace/
├── maxsum/
├── ringsum/
└── parallel-distributed-computing.entitlements
```

`common` package serves as a library of utility functions designed to support and be reused by various modules across the project.

The remaining directories represent the individual project modules, which constitute the deliverables of the project. Within each module, the directory structure follows a standard format:

```
<module>/
├── build/
│   ├── deploy-cluster.pbs
│   └── Makefile[.gcc]
├── src/
│   ├── <module>/
│   └── main.c
├── config.sh
└── run.sh
```

Most parts of the `main.c` files are provided by the project supervisor.

## 1.4 Build

The project was primarily compiled using the Clang compiler.

The build process was carried out either through the `Makefile` (some of which support compilers other than Clang) or via Xcode.

Regardless of the build process, every module of the project was compiled with:

- `-O3` optimization flag to maximize performance.

### 1.4.1 Libraries

The following are the dynamically linked libraries integrated into the project.

- `math.h`
- `mpi.h`
- `omp.h`
- `stdio.h`
- `stdbool.h`
- `stdlib.h`
- `sys/time.h`
- `unistd.h`

### 1.4.2 Xcode

When it came to build with the Xcode, the development process adhered to the workflow and conventions defined by the chosen IDE, leveraging its built-in tools and features to organize and manage the project. Particularly, this includes:

- Xcode targets
- Xcode schemes
- Xcode `.entitlements` file

## 1.5 Run

### 1.5.1 Network Requirement

Running an MPI module with no internet connection, makes the following error occur:

```
[Giulianos-MacBook-Pro.local:05355] ptl_tool: problems getting address for  
index 0 (kernel index -1)
```

```
-----  
The PMIx server's listener thread failed to start. We cannot continue.  
-----
```

```
Program ended with exit code: 213
```



# Chapter 2

## Maxsum

### 2.1 Problem at a glance

Given a matrix, the objective is to identify the row with the highest squared root sum.

### 2.2 Algorithm

#### 2.2.1 Parallelization

The algorithm employs a multithreaded approach, each thread can compute independently its local maximum squared root. Once a thread has completed its task, a synchronization is needed with the other threads in order to determine the overall maximum squared root.

#### 2.2.2 Pseudocode

Input:

- matrix
- number of thread(s) for parallel execution

Steps:

1. Assign rows to threads.
2. For each thread:
  - (a) Compute the local maximum squared root sum.
3. Return the overall maximum squared root sum among all threads.

---

**Algorithm 1:** Maxsum
 

---

**Input** :  $matrix, numThreads$ 
**Output:**  $maxSumOverall$ 

 STARTTHREADS( $numThreads$ )

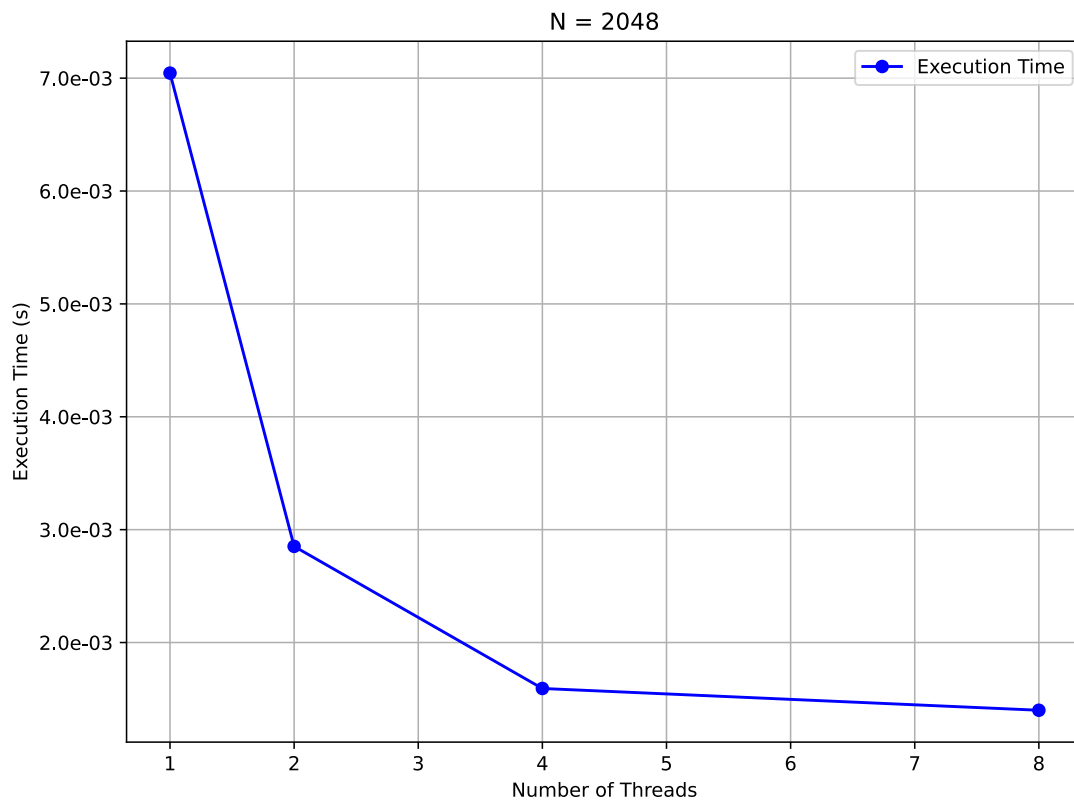
```

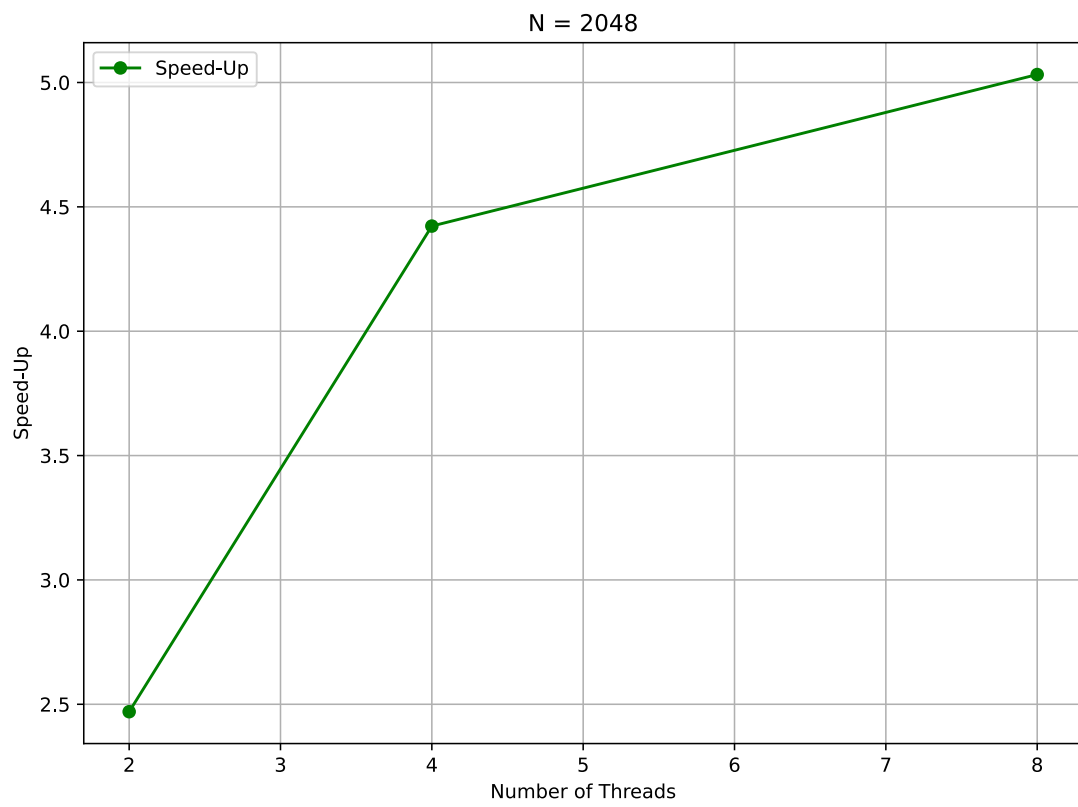
for  $currRow \leftarrow startRow$  to  $endRow$  do
   $currSum \leftarrow squareRootSum(currRow)$ 
  if  $currSum > maxSum$  then
     $maxSum \leftarrow currSum$ 
  end
  CRITICAL
  if  $maxSumOverall < maxSum$  then
     $maxSumOverall \leftarrow maxSum$ 
  end
end

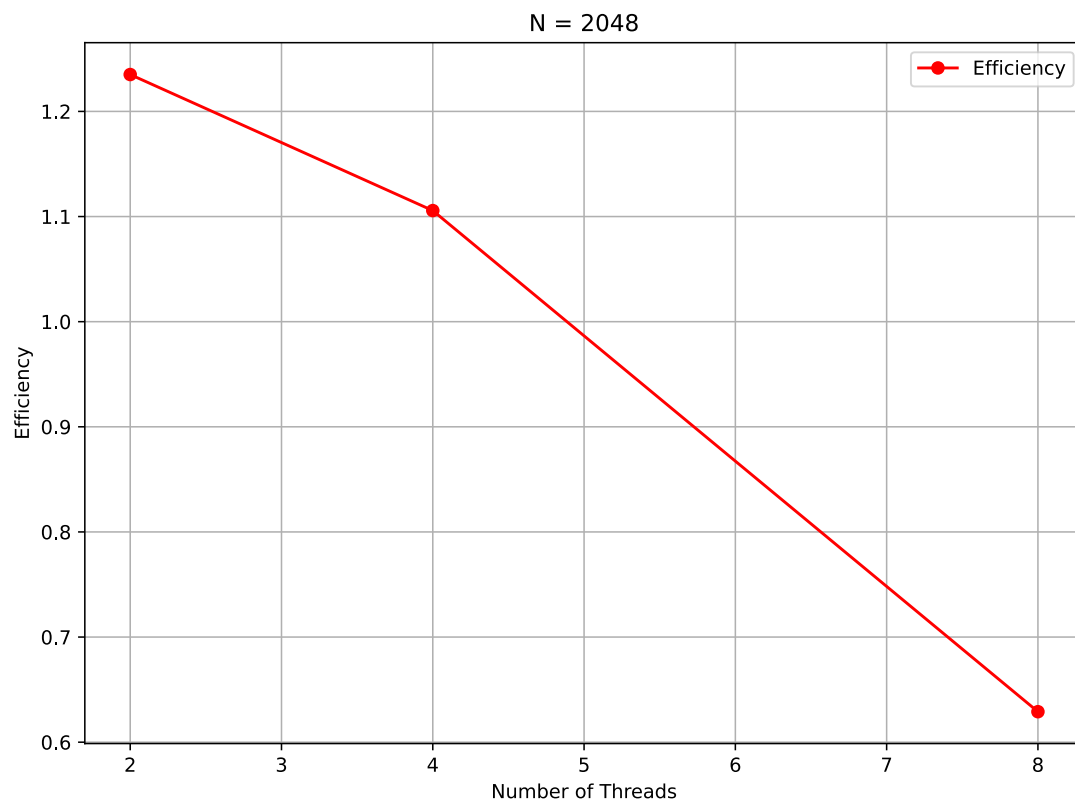
```

---

### 2.2.3 Performance Analysis









# Chapter 3

## Laplace

### 3.1 Problem at a glance

Given a matrix and a number of iterations, the objective is to compute the Laplacian over the specified iterations.

### 3.2 Algorithm

#### 3.2.1 Parallelization

The algorithm employs a multiprocess approach. A synchronization between processes is needed from the outset.

The input matrix is distributed among the processes, harnessing the advantages of parallelism, representing a spatial advantage other than a temporal one.

#### 3.2.2 Pseudocode

Input:

- matrix
- number of iteration(s)

Iteration step(s):

1. Assign rows to processes.
2. For each process  $P_i$ 
  - (a) If  $P_i \neq P_1$ 
    - Send to  $P_{i-1}$  the local first row
    - Receive from  $P_{i-1}$  its last row
  - (b) If  $P_i \neq P_n$ 
    - Receive from  $P_{i+1}$  its first row
    - Send to  $P_{i+1}$  the local last row

- (c) Compute the Laplacian considering only the local inner matrix, the matrix boundaries are left out.
- (d) If  $P_i \neq P_1$ 
  - Compute the Laplacian considering only the local top row, with the auxiliary last row from the previous process.
- (e) If  $P_i \neq P_n$ 
  - Compute the Laplacian considering only the local bottom row, with the auxiliary first row from the next process.

An auxiliary matrix is used to facilitate the computation.

---

**Algorithm 2:** Laplace

---

**Input :** *matrix*, *iterations*

**Output:** *matrix*

---

```

for iter  $\leftarrow$  1 to iterations do
  if  $P_i \neq P_1$  then
    SEND( $P_{i-1}$ , localFirstRow)
    RECV( $P_{i-1}$ , receivedLastRow)
  end
  if  $P_i \neq P_n$  then
    RECV( $P_{i+1}$ , receivedFirstRow)
    SEND( $P_{i+1}$ , localLastRow)
  end
  laplacian(inner(matrix))
  if  $P_i \neq P_1$  then
    laplacian(matrix, receivedLastRow)
  end
  if  $P_i \neq P_n$  then
    laplacian(matrix, receivedFirstRow)
  end
end

```

---







# Acronyms

**HPC** High Performance Computing 1

**IDE** Integrated Development Environment 1, 3

**MPI** Message Passing Interface 4