The report of lab 1

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Task 1.1A.

Code:

(1) icmp 嗅探程序

```
1#!/usr/bin/env python3
2 from scapy.all import *
3
4 def print_pkt(pkt):
5     pkt.show()
6
7 pkt = sniff(iface='br-c16868942eaf', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
```

Result:

(1) 使用 root 用户特权运行 sniff 脚本结果如下: (正常运行)

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
            = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
 dst
            = 02:42:61:a3:e6:73
  src
            = IPv4
 type
###[ IP ]###
     version
              = 4
     ihl
              = 5
     tos
              = 0x0
              = 84
     len
    id
              = 23597
     flags
              = DF
     frag
              = 0
     ttl
              = 64
              = icmp
     proto
              = 0xca64
     chksum
     src
              = 10.9.0.1
              = 10.9.0.5
     dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
                 = echo-request
        type
                 = 0
        code
        chksum
                 = 0x44d0
                 = 0x6
        id
                 = 0x9
        seq
###[ Raw ]###
                   = '\x0b.\xe3`\x00\x00\x00\x01\xbf\x04\x00\x00\x00\x
          load
00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,
./01234567
```

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
            = 02:42:61:a3:e6:73
  dst
            = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  src
type =
###[ IP ]###
            = IPv4
     version
               = 4
               = 5
     ihl
     tos
               = 0x0
     len
               = 84
               = 10407
     id
     flags
               = 0
     frag
     ttl
               = 64
     proto
               = icmp
     chksum
               = 0x3deb
               = 10.9.0.5
     src
               = 10.9.0.1
     dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
                  = echo-reply
        type
        code
                  = 0
        chksum
                  = 0x4cd0
                  = 0x6
        id
                  = 0x9
        seq
###[ Raw ]###
                      = '\x0b.\xe3`\x00\x00\x00\x00\x01\xbf\x04\x00\x00\x00\x00\x
00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,
-./01234567'
```

(2) 切换到 seed 用户后执行脚本结果如下: (报错)

```
root@VM:/volumes# su seed
seed@VM:/volumes$ python3 sniffer.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "sniffer.py", line 7, in <module>
   pkt = sniff(iface='br-c16868942eaf', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 1036, in
 sniff
   sniffer._run(*args, **kwargs)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 906, in
    sniff_sockets[L2socket(type=ETH_P_ALL, iface=iface,
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/arch/linux.py", line 398, i
n __init
   self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF PACKET, socket.SOCK RAW, socket.htons(typ
e)) # noga: E501
 File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 231, in __init_
    socket.socket.__init__(self, family, type, proto, fileno)
PermissionError: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted
```

Answer to the questions:

在切换至 seed 用户,不使用 root 用户的权限运行 sniffer.py 时,显示 operation not permitted,根据报错可以了解到,报错中提到的函数需要更高级别的权限才能执行。

Task 1.1B.

Code:

1、仅捕获 ICMP 报文代码如下(与 Task1.1A 一致)

```
1#!/usr/bin/env python3
2 from scapy.all import *
3
4 def print_pkt(pkt):
5      pkt.show()
6
7 pkt = sniff(iface='br-c16868942eaf', filter='icmp', prn=print_pkt)
```

- 2、捕获来自特定 IP 地址的, 且目的端口为 23 的 TCP 报文:
 - (1) sniff 程序

```
1#!/usr/bin/env python3
2 from scapy.all import *
3
4 def print_pkt(pkt):
5     pkt.show()
6
7 pkt = sniff(iface='br-c16868942eaf', filter='tcp and src host 10.0.2.15 and dst port 23', prn=print_pkt)
(2) 包发送程序
```

```
1 from scapy.all import *
2
3 ip = IP()
4 ip.src = '10.9.0.1'
5 ip.dst = '10.9.0.5'
6 tcp = TCP()
7 tcp.dport = 23
8 p = ip/tcp
9 send(p)
```

3、捕获发送到指定子网 128.230.0.0/16 中的数据包:

```
1#!/usr/bin/env python3
2 from scapy.all import *
3
4 def print_pkt(pkt):
5     pkt.show()
6
7 pkt = sniff(iface='br-c16868942eaf',filter='dst net 128.230.0.0/16',prn=print_pkt)
```

Result:

1、仅捕获 ICMP 报文结果如下(与 Task1.1A 一致):

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
           = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
 dst
           = 02:42:61:a3:e6:73
  src
           = IPv4
 type
###[ IP ]###
    version
              = 4
    ihl
              = 5
    tos
              = 0x0
              = 84
    len
              = 23597
    id
              = DF
    flags
              = 0
    frag
    ttl
              = 64
              = icmp
    proto
    chksum
              = 0xca64
              = 10.9.0.1
    src
              = 10.9.0.5
    dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
        type
                 = echo-request
                 = 0
       code
                 = 0x44d0
        chksum
       id
                 = 0x6
                 = 0x9
       sea
###[ Raw ]###
                   = '\x0b.\xe3`\x00\x00\x00\x01\xbf\x04\x00\x00\x00\x
          load
00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,
-./01234567'
```

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
          = 02:42:61:a3:e6:73
 dst
           = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
           = IPv4
 type
###[ IP ]###
     version
               = 4
              = 5
     ihl
     tos
              = 0x0
              = 84
     len
              = 10407
     id
     flags
              = 0
     frag
              = 64
    ttl
    proto
              = icmp
     chksum
              = 0x3deb
              = 10.9.0.5
     src
              = 10.9.0.1
    dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
                 = echo-reply
        type
                 = 0
        code
                 = 0x4cd0
        chksum
       id
                 = 0x6
       seq
                 = 0x9
###[ Raw ]###
                   = '\x0b.\xe3`\x00\x00\x00\x01\xbf\x04\x00\x00\x00\x00\x
           load
00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,
-./01234567'
```

2、捕获来自特定 IP 地址的, 且目的端口为 23 的 TCP 报文结果如下:

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
            = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  dst
            = 02:42:61:a3:e6:73
  src
            = IPv4
  type
###[ IP ]###
     version
                = 4
     ihl
               = 5
               = 0x0
     tos
               = 40
     len
                = 1
     id
     flags
               =
     frag
               = 0
               = 64
     ttl
     proto
               = tcp
               = 0x66b8
     chksum
     src
               = 10.9.0.1
               = 10.9.0.5
     dst
                 ١
     \options
###[ TCP ]###
                   = ftp data
        sport
        dport
                   = telnet
                   = 0
        seq
        ack
                   = 0
        dataofs
                   = 5
        reserved = 0
                   = S
        flags
                   = 8192
        window
        chksum
                   = 0x7ba0
        urgptr
                   = 0
        options
                   = []
```

3、捕获发送到指定子网 128.230.0.0/16 中的数据包结果如下:

```
dst
                 02:42:1c:42:19:90
              = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  src
= IPv4
      version
                  = 4
= 5
      ihl
                  = 0 \times 0
      tos
                  = 84
      len
                  = 56653
                  = DF
      flags
      frag
                  = 0
                  = 64
      proto
                  = icmp
      chksum
                  = 0xd266
                  = 10.9.0.5
= 128.230.0.1
      src
      dst
      \options
###[ ICMP ]###
         type
                      = echo-request
                      = 0
          code
          chksum
                      = 0x4af
                      = 0 \times 10
         id
                      = 0x1
         seq
###[ Raw ]###
load = '\xcdF\xe3`\x00\x00\x00\x81\xc5\x02\x00\x00\x00\x
00\x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f !"#$%&\'()*+,
-./01234567'
```

Task 1.2.

Code:

设置虚假地址为 192.168.1.1,构造包代码如下:

```
1 from scapy.all import *
2
3 ip = IP()
4 ip.src = '192.168.1.1'
5 ip.dst = '10.9.0.5'
6 icmp = ICMP()
7 p = ip/icmp
8 send(p)
```

Result:

使用 ICMP 嗅探程序查看更改包结果,可以看到源地址已被更改。

```
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst
          = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
           = 02:42:1c:42:19:90
  src
           = IPv4
  type
###[ IP ]###
    version
              = 4
              = 5
     ihl
    tos
             = 0 \times 0
              = 28
    len
    id
              = 1
    flags
              =
              = 0
    frag
     ttl
              = 64
             = icmp
     proto
             = 0xaf29
     chksum
              = 192.168.1.1
     src
              = 10.9.0.5
    dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
        type
                 = echo-request
        code
                 = 0
        chksum
                = 0xf7ff
                 = 0 \times 0
        id
        seq
                 = 0x0
```

使用 Wireshark 观察结果如下,地址已被我们伪造:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info		
	3 2021-07-07 11:3	192.168.1.1	10.9.0.5	ICMP	42 Echo (ping) reques	id=0x0000, seq=0/0,	ttl=64 (reply in 4)
	4 2021-07-07 11:3	10.9.0.5	192.168.1.1	ICMP	42 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x0000, seq=0/0,	ttl=64 (request in 3)

Task 1.3.

Code:

设定 ttl 从 1 到 20, 访问 baidu.com, 代码如下:

```
1 from scapy.all import *
2
3 ans,unans=sr(IP(dst='www.baidu.com', ttl=(1,20))/TCP(flags=0x2))
4 for snd,rcv in ans:
5     print(snd.ttl, rcv.src, isinstance(rcv.payload, TCP))
```

Result:

脚本运行结果如下,可以看到经过5跳后成功访问目标网站:

```
root@VM:/volumes# python3 sender.py
Begin emission:
Finished sending 20 packets.
Received 38 packets, got 14 answers, remaining 6 packets
1 192.168.43.1 False
2 58.240.96.10 False
3 182.61.216.0 False
4 221.6.2.173 False
5 112.80.248.76 True
6 112.80.248.76 True
7 112.80.248.76 True
8 112.80.248.76 True
9 112.80.248.76 True
10 112.80.248.76 True
11 112.80.248.76 True
12 112.80.248.76 True
13 112.80.248.76 True
14 112.80.248.76 True
```

Task 1.4.

Code:

获取并构造包过程的代码:

```
1 from scapy.all import *
2
3 def sniff_sproof(pkt):
4     if pkt[ICMP].type == 8:
5          ip = IP(src=pkt[IP].dst,dst=pkt[IP].src)
6          icmp = ICMP(type=0,id=pkt[ICMP].id,seq=pkt[ICMP].seq)
7          data = pkt[Raw].load
8          p = ip/icmp/data
9          send(p)
10 pkt = sniff(iface='br-429f5989ca75',filter='icmp',prn=sniff_sproof)
11
```

Result:

1、ping 1.2.3.4 结果如下,可以发现本应该不存在所以 ping 不通的地址可以成功 ping 通:

```
root@8ecd56eebb63:/# ping 1.2.3.4
PING 1.2.3.4 (1.2.3.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=68.2 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=16.4 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=17.9 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=17.0 ms
64 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=25.1 ms
```

2、ping 10.9.0.99 结果如下,该地址在 LAN 上不可达:

```
root@8ecd56eebb63:/# ping 10.9.0.99
PING 10.9.0.99 (10.9.0.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=3 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=4 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=5 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.5 icmp_seq=6 Destination Host Unreachable
```

3、ping 8.8.8.8 该 IP 地址正常存在,可以 ping 通,且有冗余包产生:

```
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=110 time=49.5 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=78.4 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=16.8 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=110 time=48.6 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=14.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=110 time=49.4 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=17.2 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=110 time=50.4 ms (DUP!)
```

如图, 出现了 duplicated 数据包提示, 说明正常返回的包和伪造包混在一起。

Answer to questions:

Ping 不存在地址 1.2.3.4 时,attack 机能够捕获到 icmp-echo-request 请求包,并根据其包内容伪造出 reply 包,因此可以让本应该 ping 不通的地址显示成 ping 通。

对于内网中不存在的地址 10.9.0.5,无论在开启欺骗或是不开启的情况下,都无法 ping 通。

而对于本来就存在的地址 8.8.8.8, 通过上面所贴的代码得到的结果同样是 ping 通。但会出现 DUP! 情况,说明正常 ping 返回的包和脚本伪造的包都被接收了,出现了冗余。