Feedforward Neural Networks, Backpropagation

References/Acknowledgments

See the excellent videos by Hugo Larochelle on Backpropagation

Module 4.1: Feedforward Neural Networks (a.k.a. multilayered network of neurons)

 \bullet The input to the network is an ${\bf n}\text{-}{\rm dimensional}$ vector

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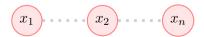
- ullet The input to the network is an **n**-dimensional vector
- The network contains L-1 hidden layers (2, in this case) having n neurons each

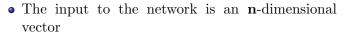


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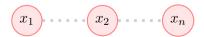




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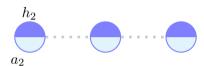




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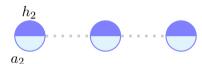




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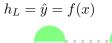






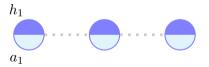


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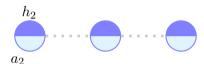


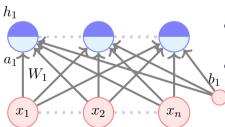


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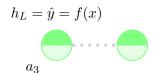


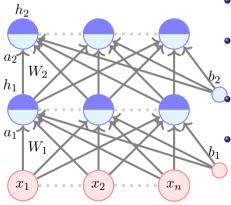




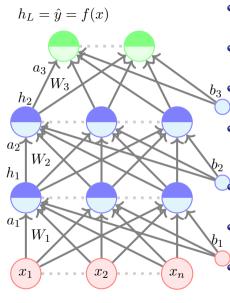


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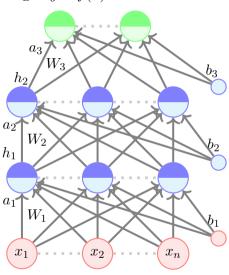




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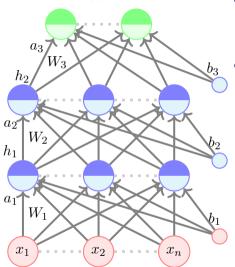


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 - $W_L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$ and $b_L \in \mathbb{R}^k$ are the weight and bias between the last hidden layer and the output layer (L=3 in this case)



 \bullet The pre-activation at layer i is given by

$$a_i(x) = b_i + W_i h_{i-1}(x)$$

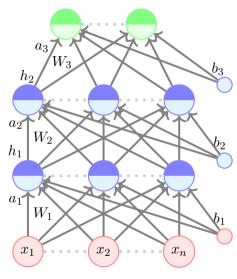


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$$h_i(x) = g(a_i(x))$$



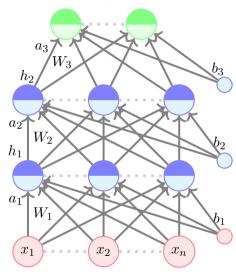
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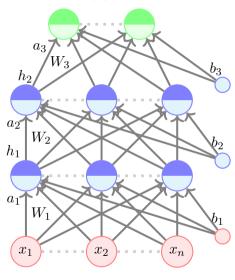
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$$f(x) = h_L(x) = O(a_L(x))$$



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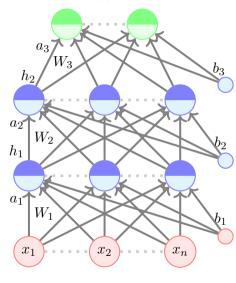
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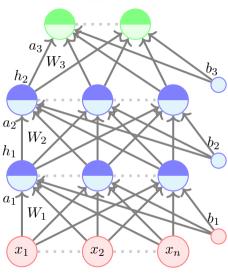
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where O is the output activation function (for example, softmax, linear, etc.)

• To simplify notation we will refer to $a_i(x)$ as a_i and $h_i(x)$ as h_i



• The pre-activation at layer i is given by

$$a_i = b_i + W_i h_{i-1}$$

 \bullet The activation at layer i is given by

$$h_i = g(a_i)$$

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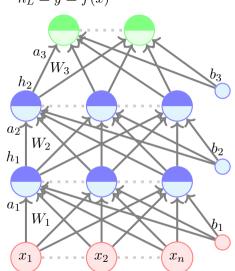
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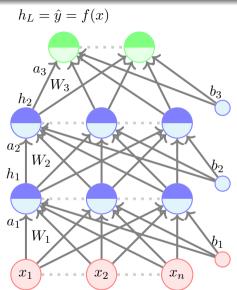
$$f(x) = h_L = O(a_L)$$

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$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

• Data: $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N$





- Data: $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N$
- Model:

$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

$$a_3$$

$$b_3$$

$$b_4$$

$$W_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$W_1$$

$$w_1$$

$$w_2$$

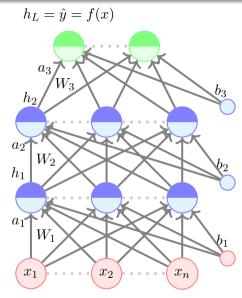
$$w_3$$

$$w_4$$

$$w_$$

- Data: $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N$
- Model:

$$\hat{y}_i = f(x_i) = O(W_3 g(W_2 g(W_1 x + b_1) + b_2) + b_3)$$

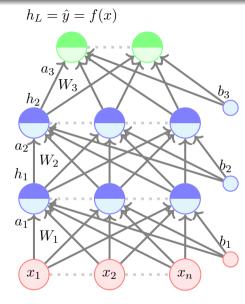


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• Parameters:

$$\theta = W_1, ..., W_L, b_1, b_2, ..., b_L(L=3)$$



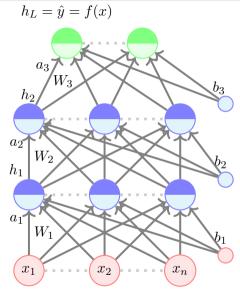
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$$\theta = W_1, ..., W_L, b_1, b_2, ..., b_L(L=3)$$

• Algorithm: Gradient Descent with Back-propagation (we will see soon)



- Data: $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N$
- Model:

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• Parameters:

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- Algorithm: Gradient Descent with Backpropagation (we will see soon)
- Objective/Loss/Error function: Say,

$$min \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{k} (\hat{y}_{ij} - y_{ij})^2$$

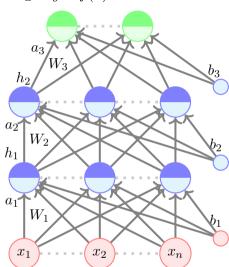
In general, min $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$

where $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$ is some function of the parameters

Module 4.2: Learning Parameters of Feedforward Neural Networks (Intuition)

The story so far...

- We have introduced feedforward neural networks
- We are now interested in finding an algorithm for learning the parameters of this model



• Recall our gradient descent algorithm

$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

$$a_3$$

$$h_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$W_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$W_1$$

$$w_1$$

$$w_2$$

$$w_3$$

$$w_4$$

$$w_$$

• Recall our gradient descent algorithm

Algorithm: gradient_descent()

$$t \leftarrow 0;$$

 $max_iterations \leftarrow 1000;$

Initialize $w_0, b_0;$

while $t++ < max_iterations$ do

$$w_{t+1} \leftarrow w_t - \eta \nabla w_t;$$

 $b_{t+1} \leftarrow b_t - \eta \nabla b_t;$

end

$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

$$a_3$$

$$h_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$w_1$$

$$w_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$w_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$w_2$$

$$h_2$$

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$$h_$$

- Recall our gradient descent algorithm
- We can write it more concisely as

Algorithm: gradient_descent()

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max\_iterations \leftarrow 1000;
Initialize \quad w_0, b_0;
\mathbf{while} \ t++ < max\_iterations \ \mathbf{do}
\mid w_{t+1} \leftarrow w_t - \eta \nabla w_t;
\mid b_{t+1} \leftarrow b_t - \eta \nabla b_t;
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end

$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

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$$h_2$$

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$$h_1$$

$$w_1$$

$$w_1$$

$$w_2$$

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$$h_2$$

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t \leftarrow 0;
max\_iterations \leftarrow 1000;
Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [w_0, b_0];
while t++ < max\_iterations do
\mid \quad \theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t;
end
```

$$h_L = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

$$a_3$$

$$h_2$$

$$W_3$$

$$h_1$$

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$$W_2$$

$$h_1$$

$$W_2$$

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$$\begin{array}{l} t \leftarrow 0; \\ max_iterations \leftarrow 1000; \\ Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [w_0, b_0]; \\ \mathbf{while} \ t + + < max_iterations \ \mathbf{do} \\ \mid \ \theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t; \\ \mathbf{end} \end{array}$$

• where
$$\nabla \theta_t = \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial w_t}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_t}\right]^T$$

$$h_{L} = \hat{y} = f(x)$$

$$a_{3}$$

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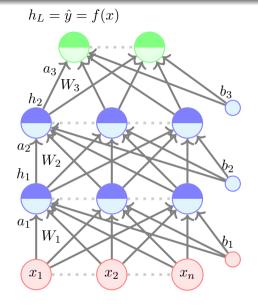
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$$h_{5}$$

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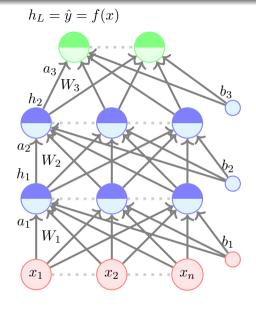
- where $\nabla \theta_t = \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial w_t}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_t} \right]^T$
- Now, in this feedforward neural network, instead of $\theta = [w, b]$ we have $\theta = [W_1, W_2, ..., W_L, b_1, b_2, ..., b_L]$



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- We can write it more concisely as

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- We can still use the same algorithm for learning the parameters of our model



- Recall our gradient descent algorithm
- We can write it more concisely as

$$\begin{split} t &\leftarrow 0; \\ max_iterations &\leftarrow 1000; \\ Initialize &\quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0]; \\ \mathbf{while} \ t++ &< max_iterations \ \mathbf{do} \\ &\quad \mid \ \theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t; \\ \mathbf{end} \end{split}$$

- where $\nabla \theta_t = \left[\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1,t}}, ., \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,t}}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{1,t}}, ., \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{L,t}}\right]^T$
- Now, in this feedforward neural network, instead of $\theta = [w, b]$ we have $\theta = [W_1, W_2, ..., W_L, b_1, b_2, ..., b_L]$
- We can still use the same algorithm for learning the parameters of our model

 $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}}$

```
 \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} \quad \cdots
```

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}}
\end{bmatrix}$$

```
\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{121}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{12n}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1nn}} \end{bmatrix}
```

```
\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{21n}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{121}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{12n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{221}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{22n}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1nn}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2nn}} \end{bmatrix}
```

```
\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{21n}} & \cdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{121}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{12n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{221}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{22n}} & \cdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1nn}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2nn}} & \cdots \end{bmatrix}
```

```
\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{21n}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,11}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,1k}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,1k}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{121}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{12n}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{221}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{22n}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,21}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,2k}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,2k}} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2nn}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,n1}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,nk}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,nk}} \end{bmatrix}
```

$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{11n}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{21n}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,11}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,1k}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,1k}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{11}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{L1}} \bigg]$
$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{121}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{12n}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{221}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{22n}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,21}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,2k}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,2k}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{12}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{L2}}$
÷	:	÷	÷	:	÷	:	÷	:	÷	÷	÷	:	:
$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1n1}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{1nn}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2n1}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{2nn}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,n1}}$		$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,nk}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L,nk}}$	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{1n}}$		$\left. rac{\partial \mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial b_{Lk}} ight floor$

• $\nabla \theta$ is thus composed of $\nabla W_1, \nabla W_2, ... \nabla W_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}, \nabla W_L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}, \nabla b_1, \nabla b_2, ..., \nabla b_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^n \text{ and } \nabla b_L \in \mathbb{R}^k$

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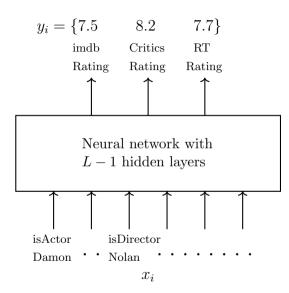
Module 4.3: Output Functions and Loss Functions

- How to choose the loss function $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$?
- How to compute $\nabla \theta$ which is composed of: $\nabla W_1, \nabla W_2, ..., \nabla W_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}, \nabla W_L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$ $\nabla b_1, \nabla b_2, ..., \nabla b_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\nabla b_L \in \mathbb{R}^k$?

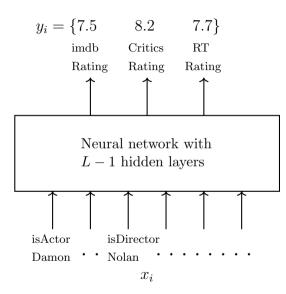
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• The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand

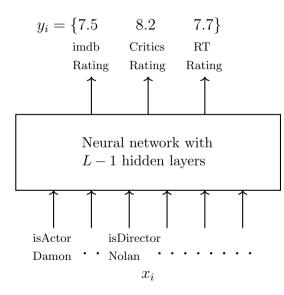
- The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand
- We will illustrate this with the help of two examples



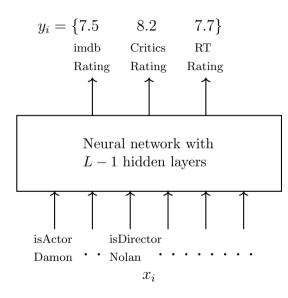
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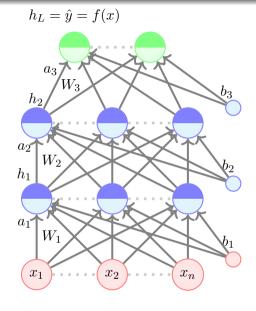


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- The loss function should capture how much \hat{y}_i deviates from y_i

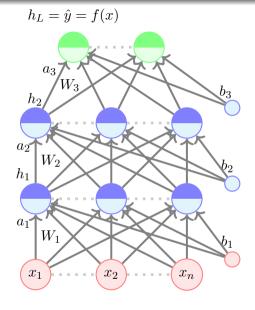


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- Here $y_i \in \mathbb{R}^3$
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- If $y_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$ then the squared error loss can capture this deviation

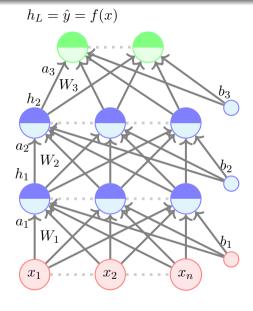
$$\mathscr{L}(\theta) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{3} (\hat{y}_{ij} - y_{ij})^{2}$$



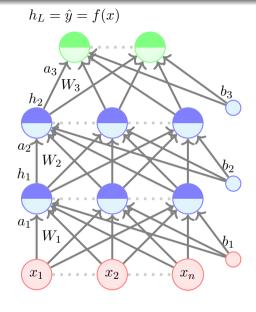
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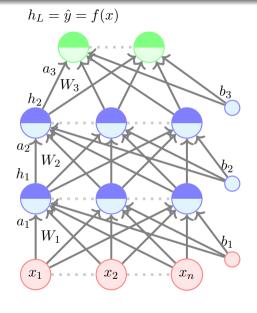


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- So, in such cases it makes sense to have 'O' as linear function

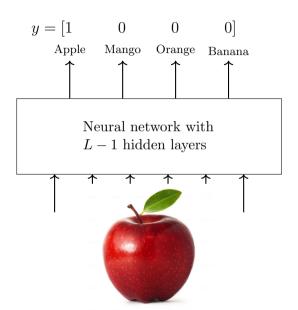
$$f(x) = h_L = O(a_L)$$
$$= W_O a_L + b_O$$



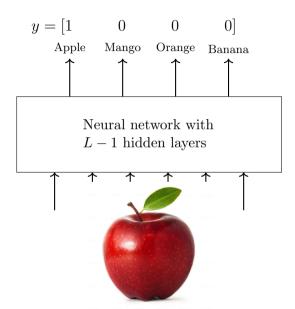
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$$= W_O a_L + b_O$$

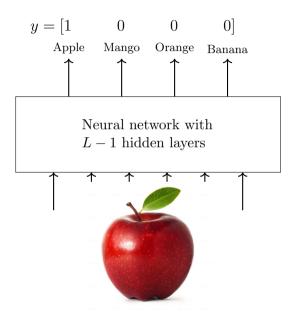
• $\hat{y}_i = f(x_i)$ is no longer bounded between 0 and 1



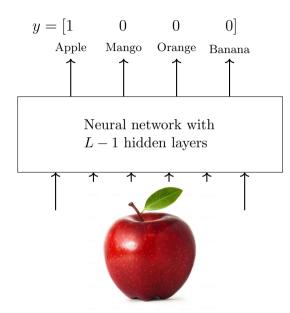
• Now let us consider another problem for which a different loss function would be appropriate



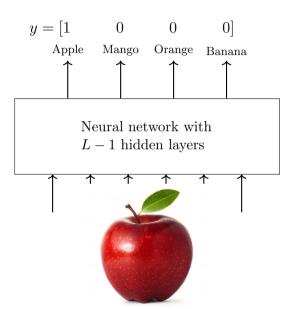
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- Suppose we want to classify an image into 1 of k classes



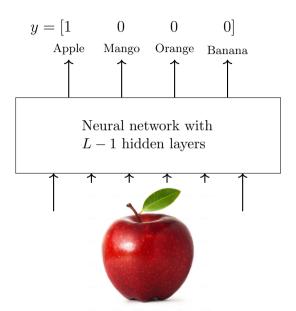
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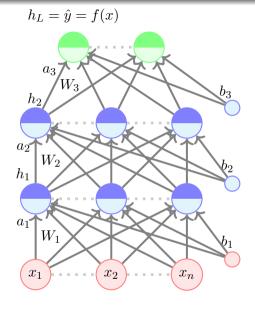
- Now let us consider another problem for which a different loss function would be appropriate
- Suppose we want to classify an image into 1 of k classes
- Here again we could use the squared error loss to capture the deviation
- But can you think of a better function?



• Notice that y is a probability distribution

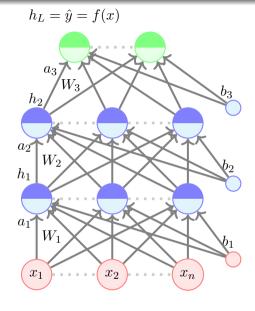


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- Therefore we should also ensure that \hat{y} is a probability distribution



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$$a_L = W_L h_{L-1} + b_L$$

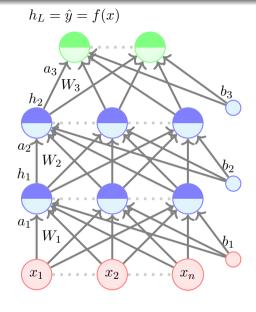


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 $\hat{y}_j = O(a_L)_j = \frac{e^{a_{L,j}}}{\sum_{i=1}^k e^{a_{L,i}}}$

 $O(a_L)_j$ is the j^{th} element of \hat{y} and $a_{L,j}$ is the j^{th} element of the vector a_L .



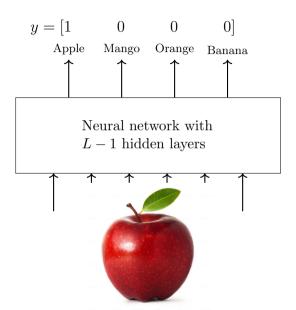
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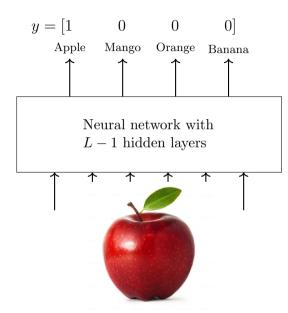
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• This function is called the *softmax* function

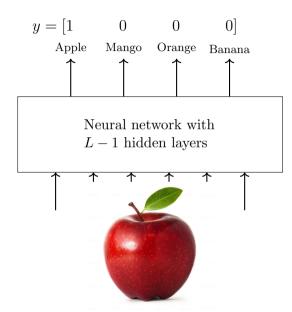


• Now that we have ensured that both $y \& \hat{y}$ are probability distributions can you think of a function which captures the difference between them?



- Now that we have ensured that both $y \& \hat{y}$ are probability distributions can you think of a function which captures the difference between them?
- Cross-entropy

$$\mathscr{L}(\theta) = -\sum_{c=1}^{k} y_c \log \hat{y}_c$$



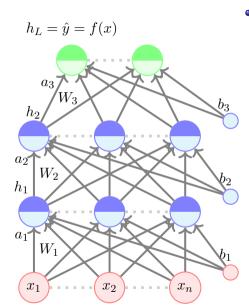
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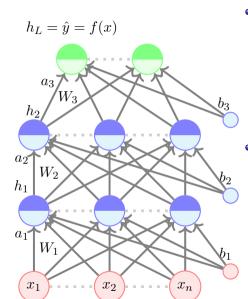
$$\mathscr{L}(\theta) = -\sum_{c=1}^{k} y_c \log \hat{y}_c$$

Notice that

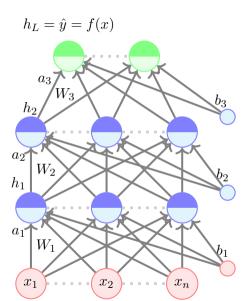
$$y_c = 1$$
 if $c = \ell$ (the true class label)
= 0 otherwise

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell}$$



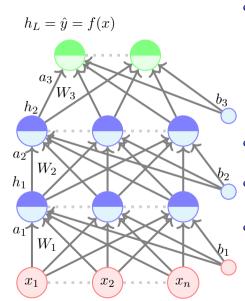


• But wait! Is \hat{y}_{ℓ} a function of $\theta = [W_1, W_2, ..., W_L, b_1, b_2, ..., b_L]$?

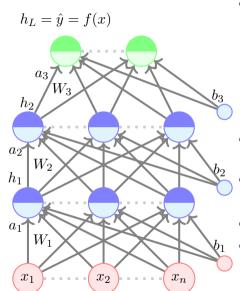


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- Yes, it is indeed a function of θ

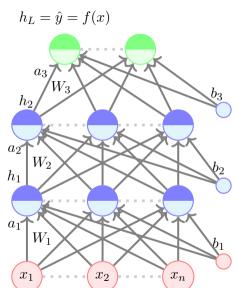
$$\hat{y}_{\ell} = [O(W_3g(W_2g(W_1x + b_1) + b_2) + b_3)]_{\ell}$$



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- It is the probability that x belongs to the ℓ^{th} class (bring it as close to 1).



minimize
$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell}$$

maximize $-\mathcal{L}(\theta) = \log \hat{y}_{\ell}$

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- Yes, it is indeed a function of θ $\hat{y}_{\ell} = [O(W_3g(W_2g(W_1x + b_1) + b_2) + b_3)]_{\ell}$
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or

- It is the probability that x belongs to the ℓ^{th} class (bring it as close to 1).
- $\log \hat{y}_{\ell}$ is called the *log-likelihood* of the data.

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	Outputs	
	Real Values	Probabilities
Output Activation		
Loss Function		

	Outputs	
	Real Values	Probabilities
Output Activation	Linear	
Loss Function		

	Outputs	
	Real Values	Probabilities
Output Activation	Linear	Softmax
Loss Function		

	Outputs	
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Loss Function	Squared Error	

	Outputs	
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Output Activation	Linear	Softmax
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- Of course, there could be other loss functions depending on the problem at hand but the two loss functions that we just saw are encountered very often
- For the rest of this lecture we will focus on the case where the output activation is a softmax function and the loss function is cross entropy

Module 4.4: Backpropagation (Intuition)

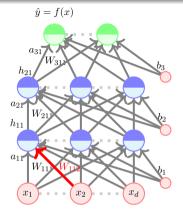
We need to answer two questions

- How to choose the loss function $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$?
- How to compute $\nabla \theta$ which is composed of: $\nabla W_1, \nabla W_2, ..., \nabla W_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}, \nabla W_L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$ $\nabla b_1, \nabla b_2, ..., \nabla b_{L-1} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\nabla b_L \in \mathbb{R}^k$?

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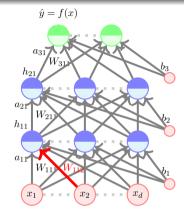
• Let us focus on this one weight (W_{112}) .



```
Algorithm:
                    gradient
descent()
t \leftarrow 0:
max\_iterations \leftarrow
 1000:
Initialize \theta_0:
while
 t++ < max\_iterations
 do
    \theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t;
```

end

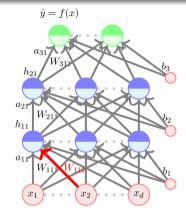
- Let us focus on this one weight (W_{112}) .
- To learn this weight using SGD we need a formula for $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{112}}$.



Algorithm: gradient descent() $t \leftarrow 0$: $max\ iterations \leftarrow$ 1000: Initialize θ_0 : while $t++ < max_iterations$ do $\theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t$;

end

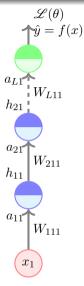
- Let us focus on this one weight (W_{112}) .
- To learn this weight using SGD we need a formula for $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{112}}$.
- We will see how to calculate this.



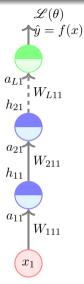
Algorithm: gradient descent() $t \leftarrow 0$: $max\ iterations \leftarrow$ 1000: Initialize θ_0 : while t++ < max iterationsdo $\theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t$;

end

• First let us take the simple case when we have a deep but thin network.

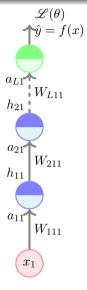


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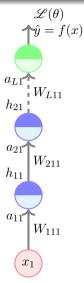
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_{L11}} \frac{\partial a_{L11}}{\partial h_{21}} \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial a_{21}} \frac{\partial a_{21}}{\partial h_{11}} \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial a_{11}} \frac{\partial a_{11}}{\partial W_{111}}$$



- First let us take the simple case when we have a deep but thin network.
- In this case it is easy to find the derivative by chain rule.

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_{L11}} \frac{\partial a_{L11}}{\partial h_{21}} \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial a_{21}} \frac{\partial a_{21}}{\partial h_{11}} \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial a_{11}} \frac{\partial a_{11}}{\partial W_{111}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{11}} \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial W_{111}} \quad \text{(just compressing the chain rule)} \quad h_{11}$$

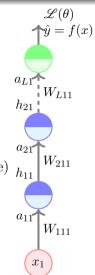


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$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{11}} \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial W_{111}}$$
(just compressing the chain rule) h_{11}

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{21}} \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial W_{211}}$$



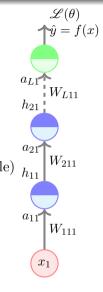
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$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{11}} \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial W_{111}}$$
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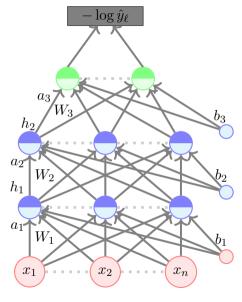
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{211}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{21}} \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial W_{211}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{L11}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \frac{\partial a_{L1}}{\partial W_{L11}}$$

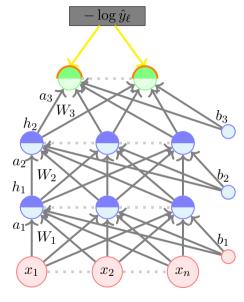


Let us see an intuitive explanation of backpropagation before we get into the mathematical details

• We get a certain loss at the output and we try to figure out who is responsible for this loss

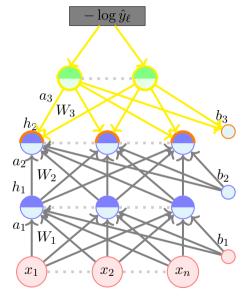


- We get a certain loss at the output and we try to figure out who is responsible for this loss
- So, we talk to the output layer and say "Hey! You are not producing the desired output, better take responsibility".

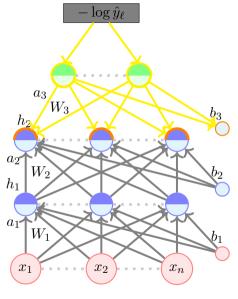


- We get a certain loss at the output and we try to figure out who is responsible for this loss
- So, we talk to the output layer and say "Hey! You are not producing the desired output, better take responsibility".
- The output layer says "Well, I take responsibility for my part but please understand that I am only as the good as the hidden layer and weights below me". After all...

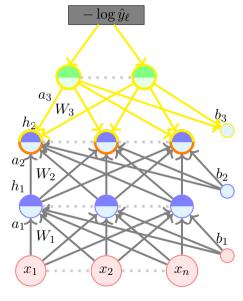
$$f(x) = \hat{y} = O(W_L h_{L-1} + b_L)$$



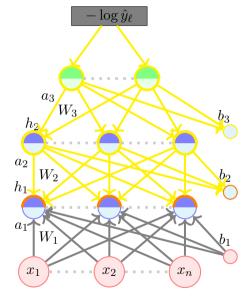
 \bullet So, we talk to W_L, b_L and h_L and ask them "What is wrong with you?"



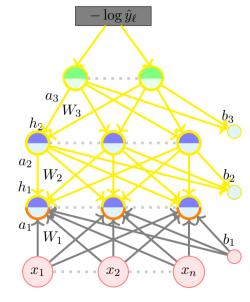
- So, we talk to W_L, b_L and h_L and ask them "What is wrong with you?"
- W_L and b_L take full responsibility but h_L says "Well, please understand that I am only as good as the preactivation layer"



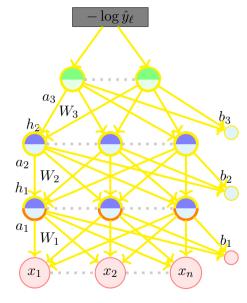
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- We continue in this manner and realize that the responsibility lies with all the weights and biases (i.e. all the parameters of the model)

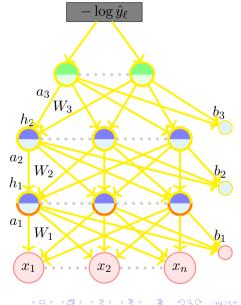


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$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the previous hidden previous hidden previous hidden layer}}_{\text{the}}$$



weights

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the previous hidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the and now talk to hidden layer}}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Dayer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\substack{\text{Talk to the output layer layer}}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\substack{\text{Italk to the output layer layer}}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\substack{\text{talk to the weights}}}$$

• Gradient w.r.t. output units

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial y} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the and now previous hidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{the weights}}$$

- Gradient w.r.t. output units
- Gradient w.r.t. hidden units

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the and now talk to the layer}}$$

- Gradient w.r.t. output units
- Gradient w.r.t. hidden units
- Gradient w.r.t. weights and biases

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the previous hidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{talk to the weight directly}}$$

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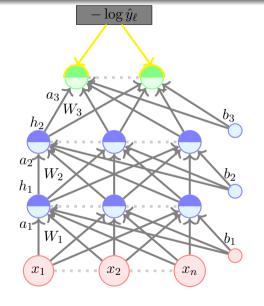
• Our focus is on Cross entropy loss and Softmax output.

Module 4.5: Backpropagation: Computing Gradients w.r.t. the Output Units

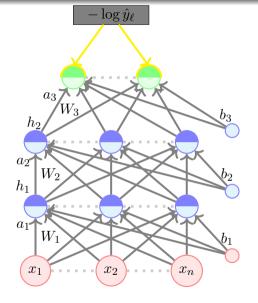
- Gradient w.r.t. output units
- Gradient w.r.t. hidden units
- Gradient w.r.t. weights

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial b_2} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial b_2} \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial b_1} \frac{\partial b_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Talk to the and now talk to hidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial b_1} \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{the weight sights}}$$

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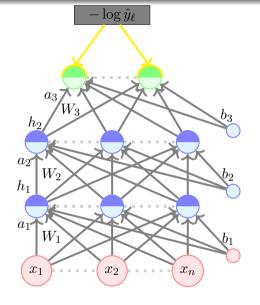


$$\mathscr{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \ (\ell = \text{true class label})$$



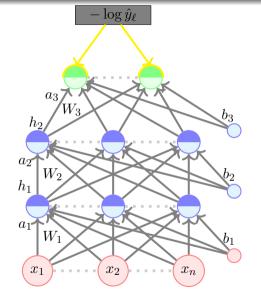
$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \ (\ell = \text{true class label})$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) =$$



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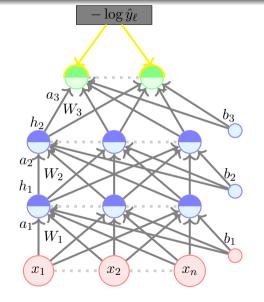
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} \left(-\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \right)$$



$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \quad (\ell = \text{true class label})$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} (\mathcal{L}(\theta)) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \quad \text{if } i = \ell$$

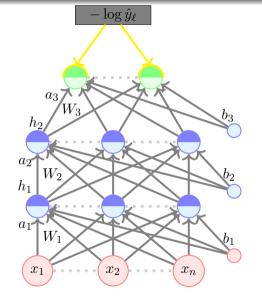


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$$= 0 \quad otherwise$$



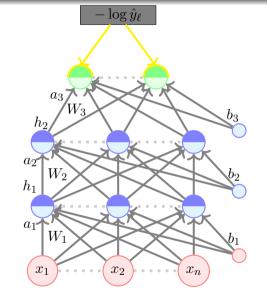
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More compactly,



$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = -\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \quad (\ell = \text{true class label})$$

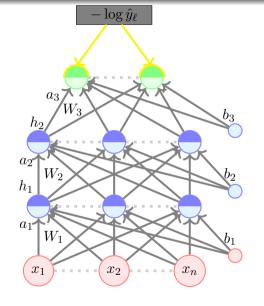
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} \left(-\log \hat{y}_{\ell} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \quad \text{if } i = \ell$$

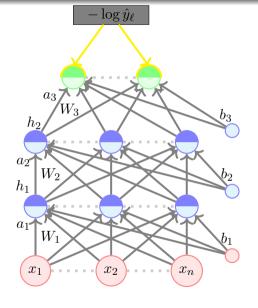
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More compactly,

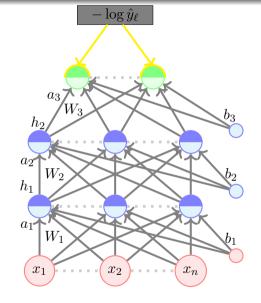
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(i=\ell)}}{\hat{y}_{\ell}}$$



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathscr{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

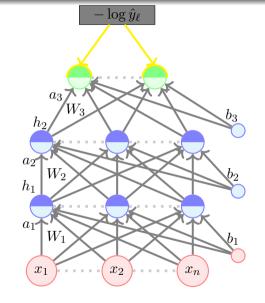


$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$



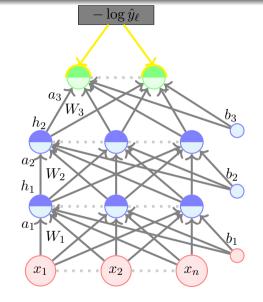
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$abla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}}\mathscr{L}(heta) \quad = \left[\begin{array}{cc} & & \\ & & \end{array}
ight]$$



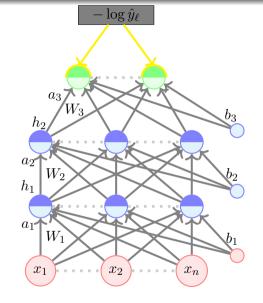
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$abla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}}\mathscr{L}(heta) \quad = \begin{bmatrix} rac{\partial \mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \end{bmatrix}$$



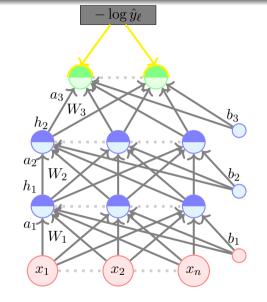
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$abla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}}\mathscr{L}(heta) \quad = \quad \begin{bmatrix} rac{\partial \mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$



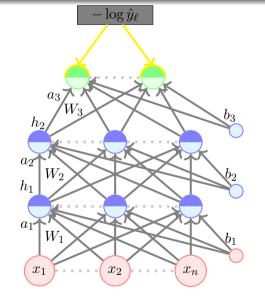
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$abla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}}\mathscr{L}(heta) \quad = egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial\mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \ dots \ rac{\partial\mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix}$$



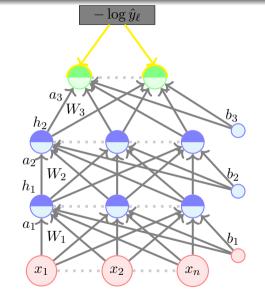
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

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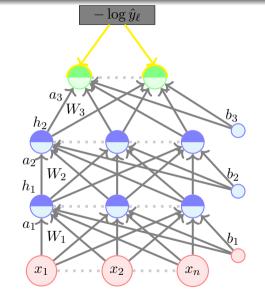
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$\nabla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}}$$



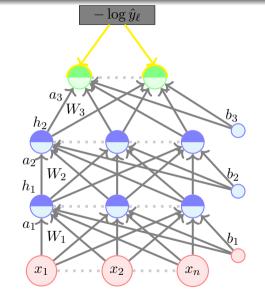
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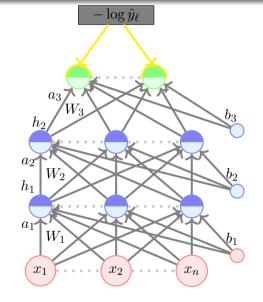
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

$$abla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}}\mathscr{L}(heta) \quad = egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial\mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \ dots \ rac{\partial\mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix} = -rac{1}{\hat{y}_\ell} egin{bmatrix} \mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} \ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} \ \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

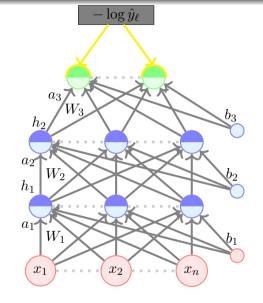
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$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

We can now talk about the gradient w.r.t. the vector \hat{y}

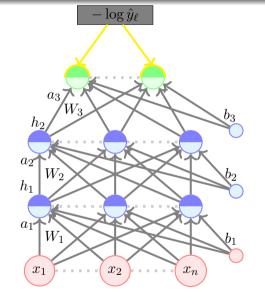
$$\nabla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=k} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

We can now talk about the gradient w.r.t. the vector \hat{y}

$$\nabla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=k} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} e_{\ell}$$

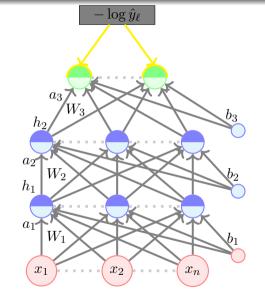


$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\mathcal{L}(\theta) \right) = -\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)}}{\hat{y}_\ell}$$

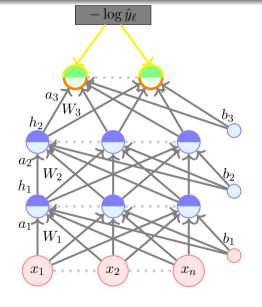
We can now talk about the gradient w.r.t. the vector \hat{y}

$$\nabla_{\hat{\mathbf{y}}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}_k} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{1}_{\ell=k} \end{bmatrix} \\
= -\frac{1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} e_{\ell}$$

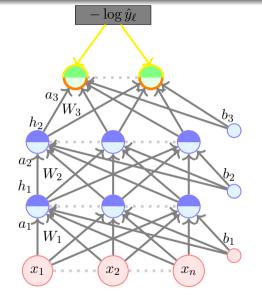
where $e(\ell)$ is a k-dimensional vector whose ℓ -th element is 1 and all other elements are 0.



$$\frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$

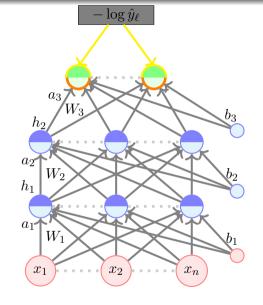


$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}}{\partial a_{Li}}$$



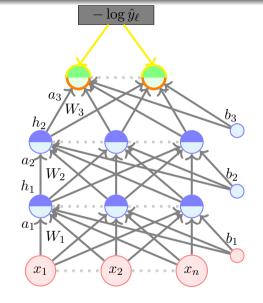
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}}{\partial a_{Li}}$$

Does \hat{y}_{ℓ} depend on a_{Li} ?



$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}}{\partial a_{Li}}$$

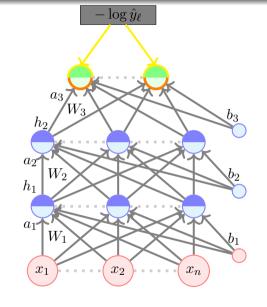
Does \hat{y}_{ℓ} depend on a_{Li} ? Indeed, it does.



$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}}{\partial a_{Li}}$$

Does \hat{y}_{ℓ} depend on a_{Li} ? Indeed, it does.

$$\hat{y}_{\ell} = \frac{exp(a_{L\ell})}{\sum_{i} exp(a_{Li})}$$

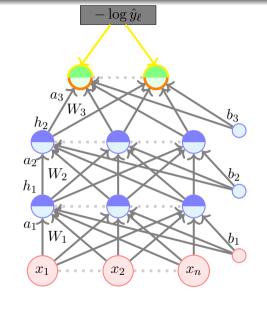


$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Li}} = \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial a_{Li}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial (-\log \hat{y}_{\ell})}{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_{\ell}}{\partial a_{Li}}$$

Does \hat{y}_{ℓ} depend on a_{Li} ? Indeed, it does.

$$\hat{y}_{\ell} = \frac{exp(a_{L\ell})}{\sum_{i} exp(a_{Li})}$$

Having established this, we will now derive the full expression on the next slide



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} =$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} = \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} = \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell}$$
$$= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial \frac{g(x)}{h(x)}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial g(x)}{\partial x} \frac{1}{h(x)} - \frac{g(x)}{h(x)^2} \frac{\partial h(x)}{\partial x}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{(\sum_{i'} (\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'})^{2}} \right) \end{split}$$

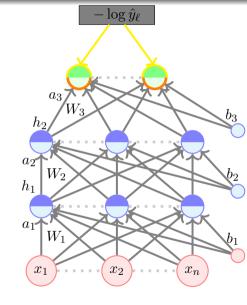
$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{\left(\sum_{i'} (\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)^{2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\mathbb{I}_{(\ell=i)} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{(\sum_{i'} (\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'})^{2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} - softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{\left(\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)^{2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\mathbb{I}_{(\ell=i)} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\mathbb{I}_{(\ell=i)} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} - softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\mathbb{I}_{(\ell=i)} \hat{y}_{\ell} - \hat{y}_{\ell} \hat{y}_{i} \right) \end{split}$$

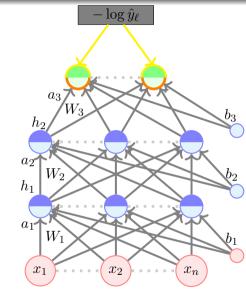
$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} - \log \hat{y}_{\ell} &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \hat{y}_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{\left(\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)^{2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\frac{\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell}} - \frac{\exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a_{Li}} \sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'} \right)}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i'}} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} - softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{\ell} softmax(\mathbf{a}_{L})_{i} \right) \\ &= \frac{-1}{\hat{y}_{\ell}} \left(\mathbb{1}_{(\ell=i)} \hat{y}_{\ell} - \hat{y}_{\ell} \hat{y}_{i} \right) \\ &= -(\mathbb{1}_{(\ell-i)} - \hat{y}_{i}) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$



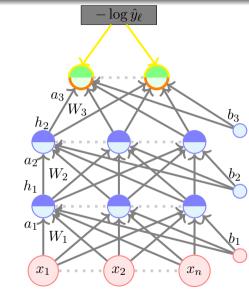
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$$



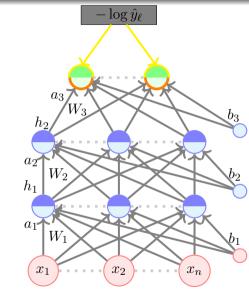
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$abla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(heta) = egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial \mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \end{bmatrix}$$



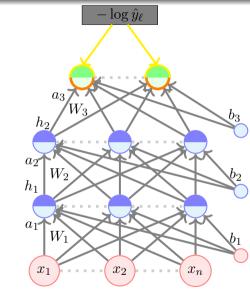
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

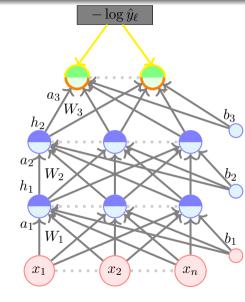


$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix}$$

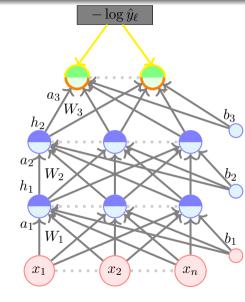


$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$



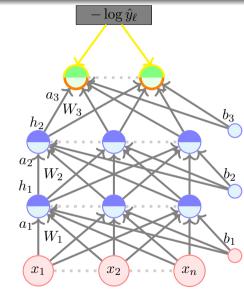
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} - \hat{y}_1) \\ \end{bmatrix}$$



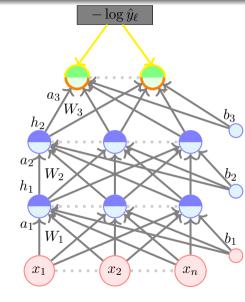
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} - \hat{y}_1) \\ -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} - \hat{y}_2) \end{bmatrix}$$



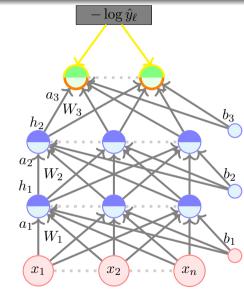
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\left(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} - \hat{y}_1\right) \\ -\left(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} - \hat{y}_2\right) \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$



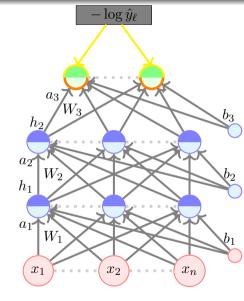
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\left(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} - \hat{y}_1\right) \\ -\left(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} - \hat{y}_2\right) \\ \vdots \\ -\left(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=k} - \hat{y}_k\right) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L,i}} = -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=i} - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{L1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{Lk}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=1} - \hat{y}_1) \\ -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=2} - \hat{y}_2) \\ \vdots \\ -(\mathbb{1}_{\ell=k} - \hat{y}_k) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= -(\mathbf{e}(\ell) - \hat{y})$$



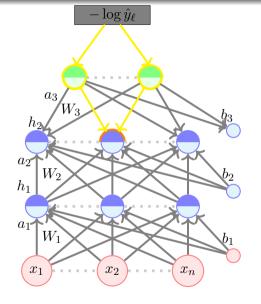
Module 4.6: Backpropagation: Computing Gradients w.r.t. Hidden Units

Quantities of interest (roadmap for the remaining part):

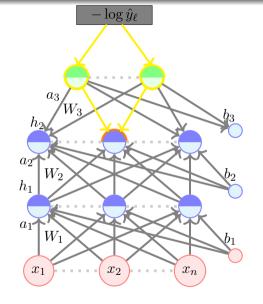
- Gradient w.r.t. output units
- Gradient w.r.t. hidden units
- Gradient w.r.t. weights and biases

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_2} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Dayer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Dayer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial W_{111}}}_{\text{bidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{talk to the weights}}$$

• Our focus is on *Cross entropy loss* and *Softmax* output.



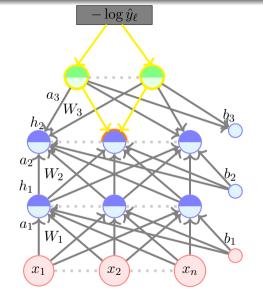
$$\frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial z} = \sum_{m} \frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial q_m(z)} \frac{\partial q_m(z)}{\partial z}$$



$$\frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial z} = \sum_{m} \frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial q_m(z)} \frac{\partial q_m(z)}{\partial z}$$

In our case:

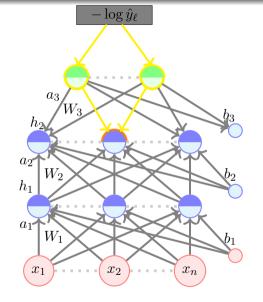
• p(z) is the loss function $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$



$$\frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial z} = \sum_{m} \frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial q_m(z)} \frac{\partial q_m(z)}{\partial z}$$

In our case:

- p(z) is the loss function $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$
- $z = h_{ij}$

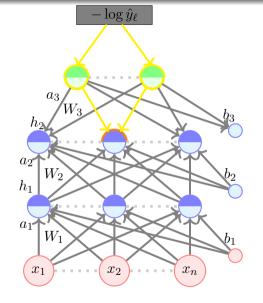


Chain rule along multiple paths: If a function p(z) can be written as a function of intermediate results $q_i(z)$ then we have:

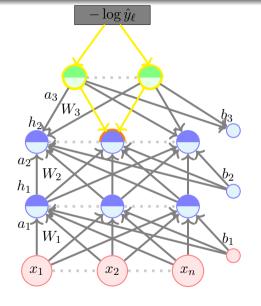
$$\frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial z} = \sum_{m} \frac{\partial p(z)}{\partial q_m(z)} \frac{\partial q_m(z)}{\partial z}$$

In our case:

- p(z) is the loss function $\mathcal{L}(\theta)$
- $z = h_{ij}$
- $q_m(z) = a_{Lm}$

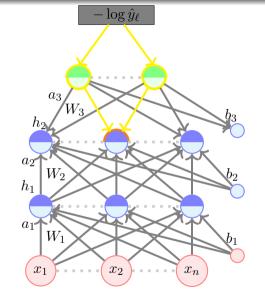


$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}}$



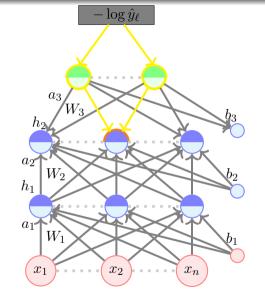
$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i+1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$



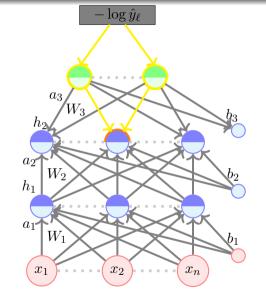
$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i+1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$



$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

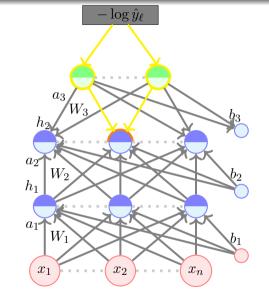
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$



$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

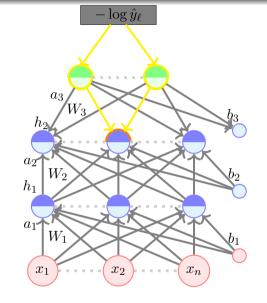
$$abla_{a_{i+1}}\mathscr{L}(\theta) = \left[\quad ; W_{i+1, \cdot, j} = \right]$$



$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \end{bmatrix}$$



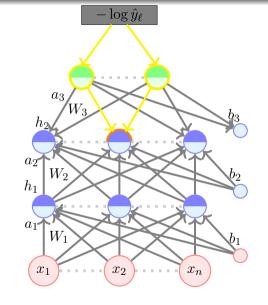
$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,\cdot,j} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ M_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_2$$

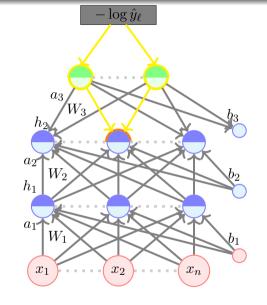
$$h_1$$



$$a_{i+1} = W_{i+1}h_{ij} + b_{i+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

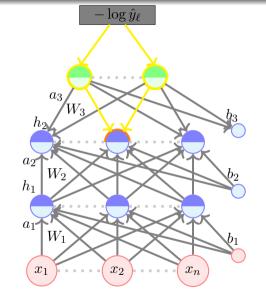
$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{array}{c} a_2 \\ h_1 \\ \end{array}$$



$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

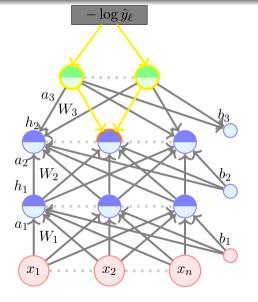
$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ M_{i+1,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad a_2$$



$$a_{i+1} = W_{i+1}h_{ij} + b_{i+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

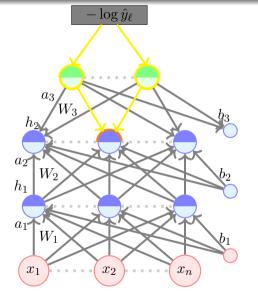
$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad a_2$$



$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{array}{c} a_2 \\ h_1 \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix}$$

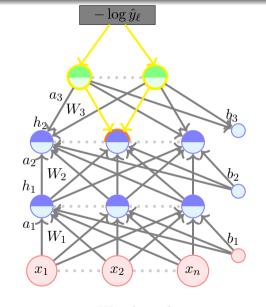


$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad a_2$$

 $W_{i+1,\cdot,j}$ is the j-th column of W_{i+1} ;

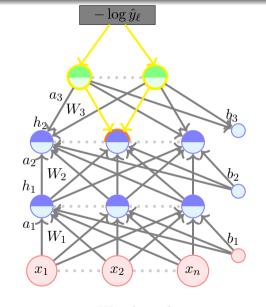


$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad a_{2}$$

 $W_{i+1,\cdot,j}$ is the j-th column of W_{i+1} ; see that,



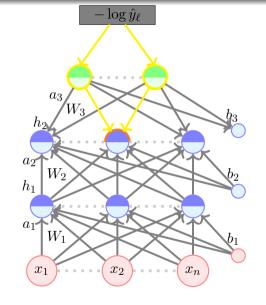
$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix} \qquad a_{2}$$

 $W_{i+1,\cdot,j}$ is the j-th column of W_{i+1} ; see that,

$$(W_{i+1,\cdot,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) =$$



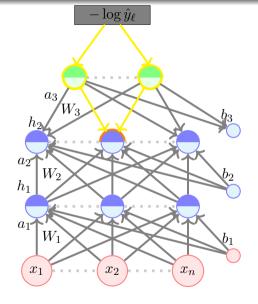
$$a_{i\pm 1} = W_{i\pm 1}h_{ij} \pm b_{i\pm 1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} \frac{\partial a_{i+1,m}}{\partial h_{ij}}$$
$$= \sum_{m=1}^{k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$

$$\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,k}} \end{bmatrix}; W_{i+1,\cdot,j} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{i+1,1,j} \\ \vdots \\ W_{i+1,k,j} \end{bmatrix}$$

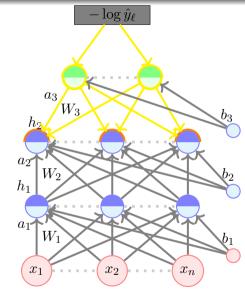
 $W_{i+1, \cdot, j}$ is the j-th column of W_{i+1} ; see that,

$$(W_{i+1,\cdot,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \sum_{m=1}^k \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i+1,m}} W_{i+1,m,j}$$



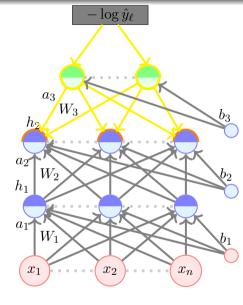
$$a_{i+1} = W_{i+1}h_{ij} + b_{i+1}$$

We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$



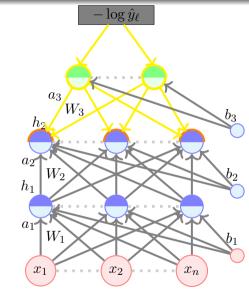
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$$



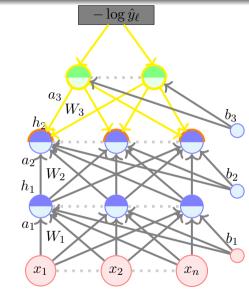
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$abla_{\mathbf{h_i}}\mathscr{L}(heta) = \left[\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \end{array} \right]$$



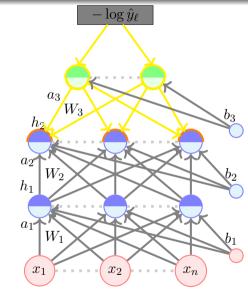
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$abla_{\mathbf{h_i}}\mathscr{L}(heta) = egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial \mathscr{L}(heta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ & = egin{bmatrix} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$



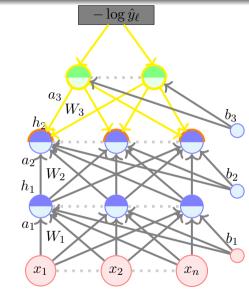
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \end{bmatrix}$$



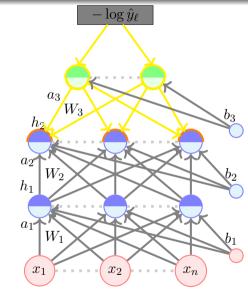
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i2}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \end{bmatrix}$$



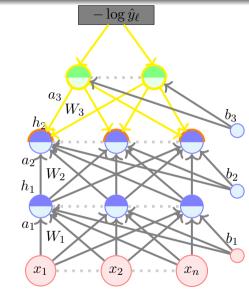
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i2}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$



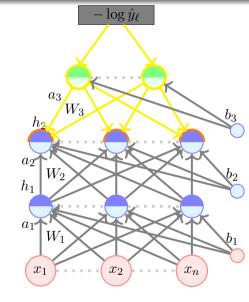
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_2}} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$



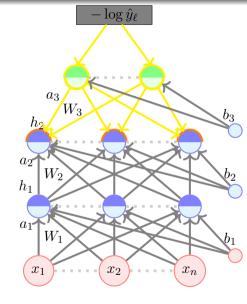
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_{-}}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$



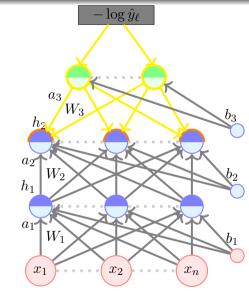
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_n}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,n})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$



We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

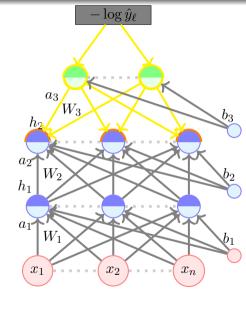
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i_n}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,n})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= (W_{i+1})^T (\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta))$$



We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,.,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{in}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,n})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= (W_{i+1})^T (\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta))$$

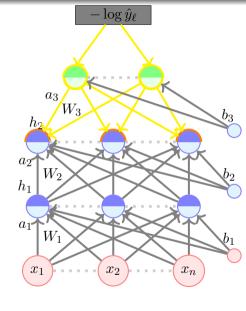
• We are almost done except that we do not know how to calculate $\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$ for i < L-1



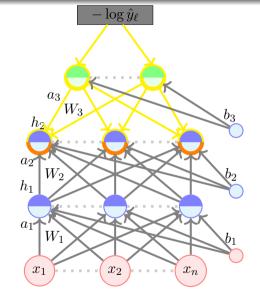
We have,
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} = (W_{i+1,..,j})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{in}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (W_{i+1,\cdot,1})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,2})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \\ \vdots \\ (W_{i+1,\cdot,n})^T \nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= (W_{i+1})^T (\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta))$$

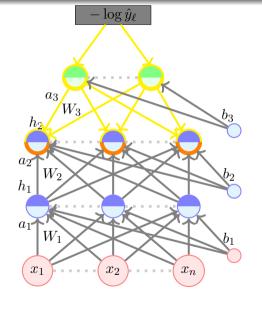
- We are almost done except that we do not know how to calculate $\nabla_{a_{i+1}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$ for i < L-1
- We will see how to compute that



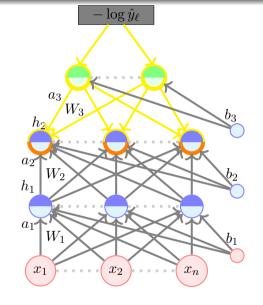
 $\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$



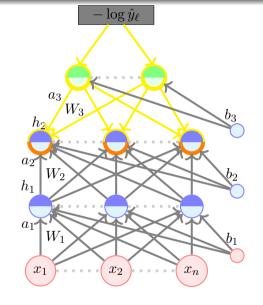
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) =$$



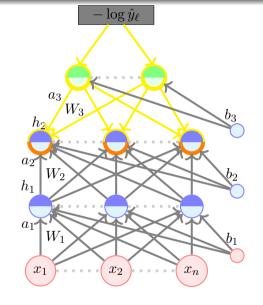
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \end{bmatrix}$$



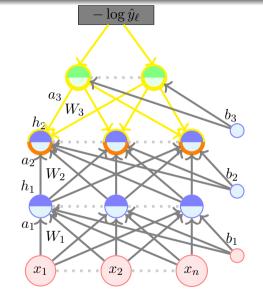
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$



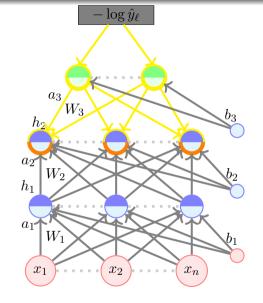
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}}$$



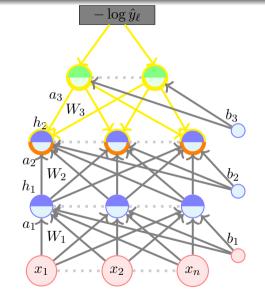
$$\begin{split} \nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}} \end{split}$$



$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

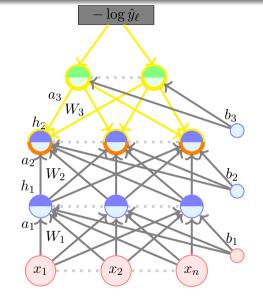


$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a}_{i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

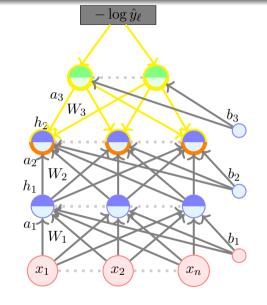
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$$



$$\begin{split} \nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})] \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) &= \begin{bmatrix} \\ \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

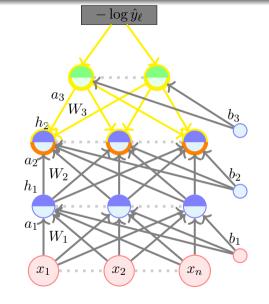


$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} g'(a_{i1}) \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

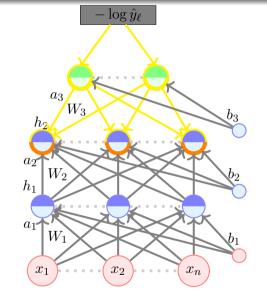


$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} g'(a_{i1}) \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

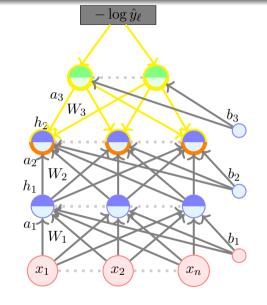


$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} g'(a_{i1}) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{in}} g'(a_{in}) \end{bmatrix}$$



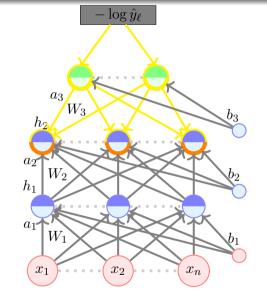
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{i1}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{in}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial a_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{ij}} g'(a_{ij}) \quad [\because h_{ij} = g(a_{ij})]$$

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_i}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{i1}} g'(a_{i1}) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial h_{in}} g'(a_{in}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \nabla_{h_i} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \odot [\dots, g'(a_{ik}), \dots]$$



Module 4.7: Backpropagation: Computing Gradients w.r.t. Parameters

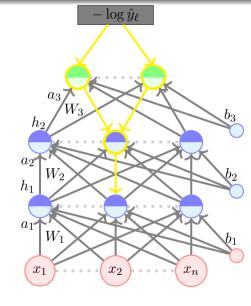
Quantities of interest (roadmap for the remaining part):

- Gradient w.r.t. output units
- Gradient w.r.t. hidden units
- Gradient w.r.t. weights and biases

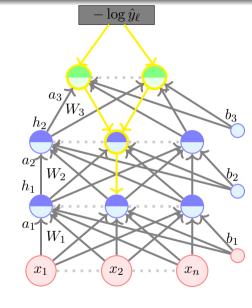
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{111}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3}}_{\text{Talk to the weight directly}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial b_2} \frac{\partial b_2}{\partial a_2}}_{\text{Talk to the output layer previous hidden layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial a_1}}_{\text{Day and now talk to the layer}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial h_1} \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial h_2}}_{\text{talk to the weights}}$$

• Our focus is on *Cross entropy loss* and *Softmax* output.

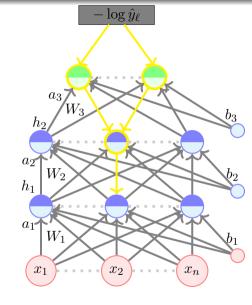
$$\mathbf{a_k} = \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}}$$



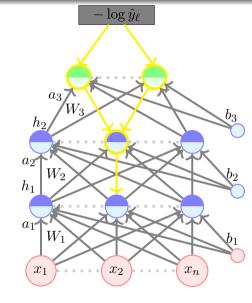
$$\mathbf{a_k} = \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}}$$
$$\frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} = h_{k-1,j}$$



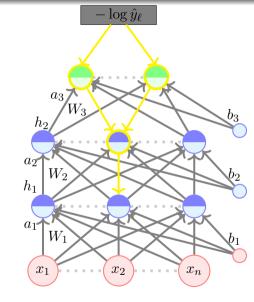
$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a_k} &= \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}} \\ \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} &= h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathbf{a_k} = \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}}$$
$$\frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} = h_{k-1,j}$$
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

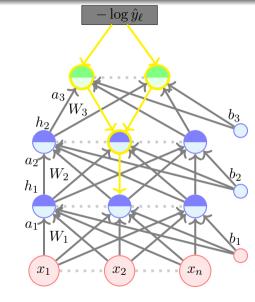


$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a_k} &= \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}} \\ \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} &= h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} h_{k-1,j} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a_k} &= \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}} \\ \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} &= h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} h_{k-1,j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) =$$



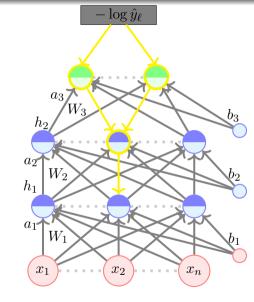
$$\mathbf{a_k} = \mathbf{b_k} + W_k \mathbf{h_{k-1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}} = h_{k-1,j}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} h_{k-1,j}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k1n}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{knn}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} =$$

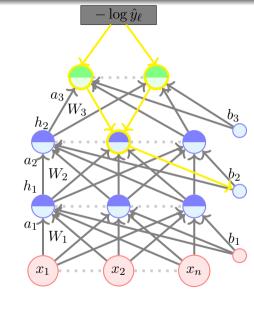
$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} =$$

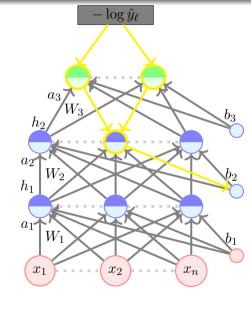
$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k11}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k12}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k13}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k21}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k22}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k23}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k31}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k32}} & \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{k33}} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial W_{kij}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial W_{kij}}$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k1}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k2}} h_{k-1,3} \\ \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,1} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,2} & \frac{\partial \mathscr{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{k3}} h_{k-1,3} \end{bmatrix} = \nabla_{a_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \cdot \mathbf{h_{k-1}}^T$$

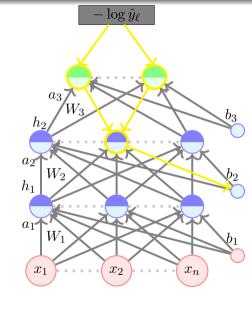
Finally, coming to the biases



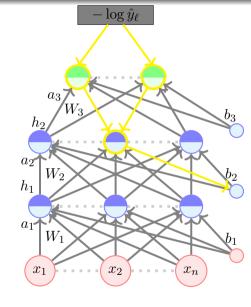
$$a_{ki} = b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j}$$



$$\begin{aligned} a_{ki} &= b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{ki}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial b_{ki}} \end{aligned}$$



$$a_{ki} = b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j}$$
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{ki}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial b_{ki}}$$
$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}}$$

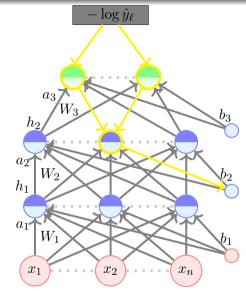


$$a_{ki} = b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{ki}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial b_{ki}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}}$$

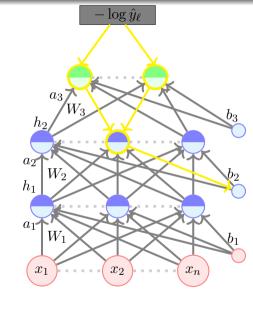
We can now write the gradient w.r.t. the vector b_k



$$\begin{aligned} a_{ki} &= b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{ki}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial b_{ki}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \end{aligned}$$

We can now write the gradient w.r.t. the vector b_k

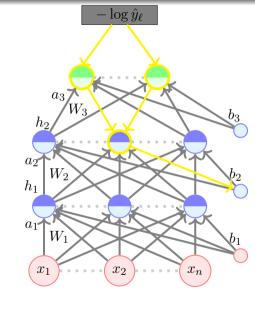
$$\nabla_{\mathbf{b_k}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k1}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{aligned} a_{ki} &= b_{ki} + \sum_{j} W_{kij} h_{k-1,j} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial b_{ki}} &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \frac{\partial a_{ki}}{\partial b_{ki}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{\partial a_{ki}} \end{aligned}$$

We can now write the gradient w.r.t. the vector b_k

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{b_k}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k_1}} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k_2}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\theta)}{a_{k_2}} \end{bmatrix} = \nabla_{\mathbf{a_k}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$



Module 4.8: Backpropagation: Pseudo code

Finally, we have all the pieces of the puzzle

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$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$
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$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta), \nabla_{\mathbf{a_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \quad \text{(gradient w.r.t. hidden layers, } 1 \leq k < L)$$

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$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$$
 (gradient w.r.t. output layer)

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_k}} \mathcal{L}(\theta), \nabla_{\mathbf{a_k}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) \quad \text{(gradient w.r.t. hidden layers, } 1 \leq k < L)$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta), \nabla_{\mathbf{b_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \quad \text{(gradient w.r.t. weights and biases, } 1 \leq k \leq L)$$

Finally, we have all the pieces of the puzzle

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{a_L}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)$$
 (gradient w.r.t. output layer)

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta), \nabla_{\mathbf{a_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \quad \text{(gradient w.r.t. hidden layers, } 1 \leq k < L)$$

$$\nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta), \nabla_{\mathbf{b_k}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \quad \text{(gradient w.r.t. weights and biases, } 1 \leq k \leq L)$$

We can now write the full learning algorithm

Algorithm: gradient_descent()

$$\begin{split} t \leftarrow 0; \\ max_iterations \leftarrow 1000; \\ Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0]; \end{split}$$

```
Algorithm: gradient_descent() t \leftarrow 0; max\_iterations \leftarrow 1000; Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0]; while t + t < max\_iterations do
```

Algorithm: gradient_descent() $t \leftarrow 0;$ $max_iterations \leftarrow 1000;$ $Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0];$ $\mathbf{while} \ t++ < max_iterations \ \mathbf{do}$ $\mid h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, \hat{y} = forward_propagation(\theta_t);$

Algorithm: gradient_descent() $t \leftarrow 0;$ $max_iterations \leftarrow 1000;$ $Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0];$ $\mathbf{while} \ t++ < max_iterations \ \mathbf{do}$ $h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, \hat{y} = forward_propagation(\theta_t);$ $\nabla \theta_t = backward_propagation(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y});$

Algorithm: gradient_descent() $t \leftarrow 0;$ $max_iterations \leftarrow 1000;$ $Initialize \quad \theta_0 = [W_1^0, ..., W_L^0, b_1^0, ..., b_L^0];$ $\mathbf{while} \ t++ < max_iterations \ \mathbf{do}$ $\mid h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, \hat{y} = forward_propagation(\theta_t);$ $\nabla \theta_t = backward_propagation(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y});$ $\theta_{t+1} \leftarrow \theta_t - \eta \nabla \theta_t;$

for k = 1 to L - 1 do

 \mathbf{end}

for
$$k = 1$$
 to $L - 1$ do
$$a_k = b_k + W_k h_{k-1};$$
end

for
$$k = 1$$
 to $L - 1$ do
$$\begin{vmatrix} a_k = b_k + W_k h_{k-1}; \\ h_k = g(a_k); \end{vmatrix}$$
end

for
$$k = 1$$
 to $L - 1$ do

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_k = b_k + W_k h_{k-1}; \\ h_k = g(a_k); \end{vmatrix}$$
end
$$a_L = b_L + W_L h_{L-1};$$

for
$$k = 1$$
 to $L - 1$ do
 $\begin{vmatrix} a_k = b_k + W_k h_{k-1}; \\ h_k = g(a_k); \end{vmatrix}$
end
 $a_L = b_L + W_L h_{L-1};$
 $\hat{y} = O(a_L);$

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

//Compute output gradient ;

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

//Compute output gradient ;

$$\nabla_{a_L} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y}) ;$$

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

```
//Compute output gradient; \nabla_{a_L} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y});
```

for k = L to 1 do

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

```
//Compute output gradient; \nabla_{a_L} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y}) ; for k = L to 1 do  
// Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters;
```

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

```
//Compute output gradient; \nabla_{a_L} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y}) ; for k = L to 1 do // Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters; \nabla_{W_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) h_{k-1}^T ; \nabla_{b_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathcal{L}(\theta) ;
```

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

```
//Compute output gradient :
\nabla_{a_I} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y});
for k = L to 1 do
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters ;
     \nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) h_{k-1}^T;
     \nabla_{b_{\nu}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_{\nu}} \mathcal{L}(\theta);
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below :
```

```
Algorithm: back_propagation(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})
```

```
//Compute output gradient :
\nabla_{a_x} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y});
for k = L to 1 do
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters ;
     \nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) h_{k-1}^T;
     \nabla_{b_{i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_{i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta);
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below;
     \nabla_h, \mathscr{L}(\theta) = W_h^T(\nabla_{\alpha_h} \mathscr{L}(\theta));
```

```
Algorithm: back_propagation(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})
```

```
//Compute output gradient :
\nabla_{a_x} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y});
for k = L to 1 do
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters ;
    \nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) h_{k-1}^T;
     \nabla_{b_{\nu}} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_{\nu}} \mathcal{L}(\theta);
    // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below;
    \nabla_{h_h} \cdot \mathcal{L}(\theta) = W_h^T(\nabla_{a_h} \mathcal{L}(\theta));
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below (pre-activation):
```

Algorithm: back_propagation $(h_1, h_2, ..., h_{L-1}, a_1, a_2, ..., a_L, y, \hat{y})$

```
//Compute output gradient :
\nabla_{a_x} \mathcal{L}(\theta) = -(e(y) - \hat{y});
for k = L to 1 do
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. parameters :
     \nabla_{W_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_k} \mathscr{L}(\theta) h_{k-1}^T;
     \nabla_{b_{i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{a_{i}} \mathscr{L}(\theta);
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below :
     \nabla_{h_{t-1}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = W_{t}^{T}(\nabla_{a_{t}} \mathscr{L}(\theta)):
     // Compute gradients w.r.t. layer below (pre-activation);
     \nabla_{a_{k-1}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) = \nabla_{b_{k-1}} \mathscr{L}(\theta) \odot [\dots, g'(a_{k-1,i}), \dots];
```

Module 4.9: Derivative of the activation function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

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$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$= g(z)(1 - g(z))$$

Logistic function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$= g(z)(1 - g(z))$$

$$g(z) = \tanh(z)$$
$$= \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$$

Logistic function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

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$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$= g(z)(1 - g(z))$$

$$g(z) = \tanh(z)$$

$$= \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = \frac{\left((e^z + e^{-z}) \frac{d}{dz} (e^z - e^{-z}) - (e^z - e^{-z}) \frac{d}{dz} (e^z + e^{-z}) \right)}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

Logistic function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

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$$= \frac{(e^z + e^{-z})^2 - (e^z - e^{-z})^2}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

Logistic function

$$g(z) = \sigma(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$= g(z)(1 - g(z))$$

$$g(z) = \tanh(z)$$

$$= \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$$

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$$= \frac{(e^z + e^{-z})^2 - (e^z - e^{-z})^2}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{(e^z - e^{-z})^2}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

Logistic function

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$$g'(z) = (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \frac{d}{dz} (1 + e^{-z})$$

$$= (-1)\frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \left(\frac{1 + e^{-z} - 1}{1 + e^{-z}}\right)$$

$$= g(z)(1 - g(z))$$

$$g(z) = \tanh(z)$$

$$= \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$$

$$g'(z) = \frac{\left((e^z + e^{-z}) \frac{d}{dz} (e^z - e^{-z}) - (e^z - e^{-z}) \frac{d}{dz} (e^z + e^{-z}) \right)}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= \frac{(e^z + e^{-z})^2 - (e^z - e^{-z})^2}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{(e^z - e^{-z})^2}{(e^z + e^{-z})^2}$$

$$= 1 - (g(z))^2$$