GIT: Advanced Commands

Squash And Merge Activity: Squashing commits during merge at GitHub

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Introduction

Many times we have a pull request that contains a feature that was developed in a local repository. The feature has been completed and through all of the rigor required to be implemented. During the development of the feature, multiple commits were recorded and the history at master would reflect these commits if the pull request is merged with a regular merge.

Depending on the rules of your repository, the size of the commit chain, and a number of personal factors, one option that can be done is to merge the pull request using a "Squash and Merge" operation. If this option is selected, the multiple commit history will be compacted into one commit at merge, with a regular merge message and details that automatically contain the commit messages.

A word about squash and merge, however, before everyone jumps on the 'this is incredibly awesome' bandwagon. First of all, if a squash and merge is completed, then it is very critical that the feature branch is deleted. Failing to do this will result in a commit history mismatch. Depending on the order you've worked through some of the activities, you might have heard me talk about never changing history on a publicly available branch. This is the same thing in reverse, with the caveat that it is entirely possible to continue working on the feature branch at local, and the problem will mostly surface during merge when it looks like many commits need to be merged even though they should already be in master.

In this activity, we'll walk through doing the pull request with a squash and merge, and see what it looks like when we don't delete the branch, and then do it again while also deleting the branch.

Let's gets started!



GFBTF: Git Squash And Merge Activity

Step 1: Make sure you have a working repository that is up to date.

a) Start with any repo, make sure you have the latest in master, and create a feature branch.

First clone the repo if it doesn't exist:

[git clone <link> <folder>]

```
Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder

§ git clone https://github.com/majorguidancesolutions/SimpleActivityRepo.git Git
SquashAndMergeActivity
Cloning into 'GitSquashAndMergeActivity'...
remote: Counting objects: 30, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (20/20), done.
remote: Total 30 (delta 15), reused 23 (delta 8), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (30/30), done.
```

If you didn't clone, make sure master is up to date

[git checkout master]

[git fetch origin]

[git pull origin master]

[git checkout -b SquashAndMergeFeature]

```
$ git checkout master
Already on 'master'
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
 git fetch origin
   an@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (mast
git pull origin master
rom https://github.com/majorguidancesolutions/SimpleActivityRepo
* branch master -> FETCH_HEAD
Nready up-to-date.
  ian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (mast
 git checkout -b SquashAndMergeFeature
ritched to a new branch 'SquashAndMergeFeature'
   an@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (Squa
```

Step 2: Make four commits, push, squash and merge.

a) For this activity, we need to do 3-4 commits on our branch.

[code info.txt] //leave it open after saving [git commit -am "Squash and Merge commit #1"] [make another change in info.txt] [git commit -am "Squash and Merge commit #2"] [make another change in info.txt] [git commit -am "Squash and Merge commit #3"] [make another change in info.txt]

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Notes

[git commit -am "Squash and Merge commit #4"]

```
GW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity
          nAndMergeFeature)
§ git commit -am "Squash And Merge Commit#1"
[SquashAndMergeFeature 7ab5f41] Squash And Merge Commit#1
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)
           rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity
          nAndMergeFeature)

git commit -am "squash And Merge Commit#2"

[SquashAndMergeFeature a0b8ada] Squash And Merge Commit#2

1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
           rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity
          AndMergeFeature)

Sigit commit -am "Squash And Merge Commit#3"

SquashAndMergeFeature c2d0c0d] Squash And Merge Commit#3

I file changed, 2 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
           rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity
          AndMergeFeature)

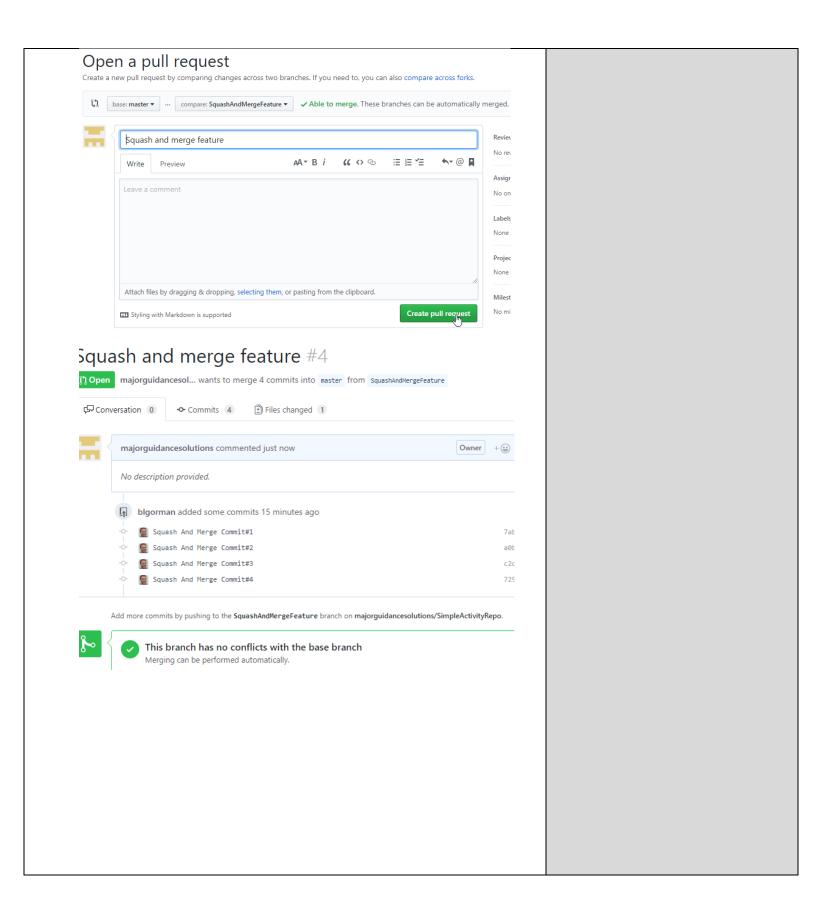
git commit -am "Squash And Merge Commit#4"

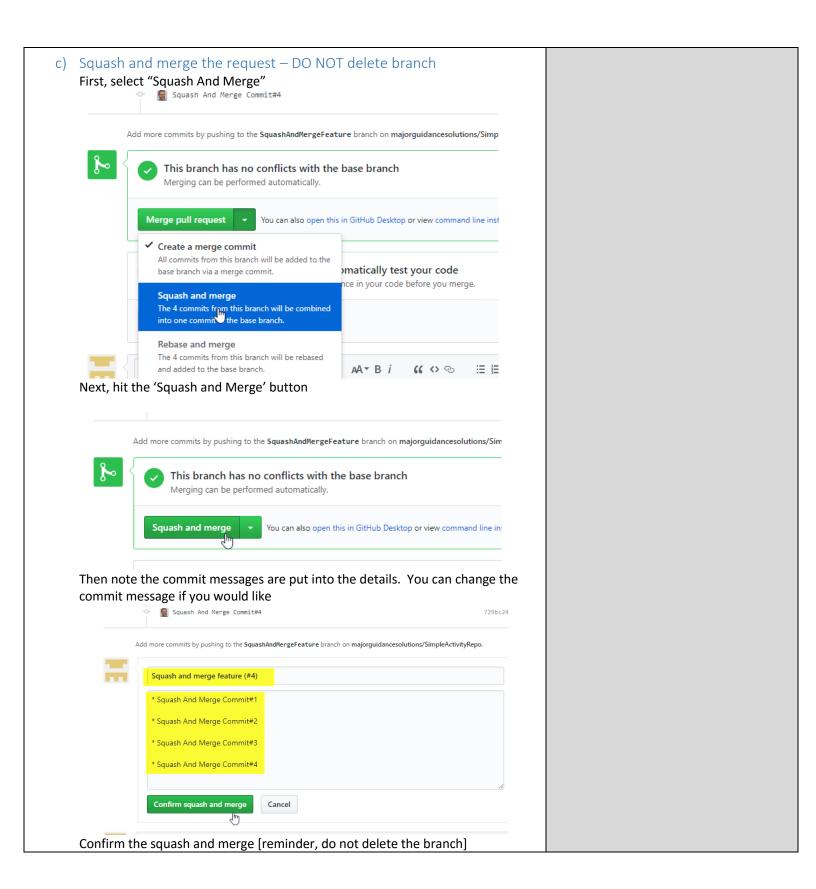
[SquashAndMergeFeature 729bc24] Squash And Merge Commit#4

1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
               SquashAndMergeFeature
                               729bc24
                               c2d0c0d
                               a0b8ada
                               7ab5f41
                                                                                                origin/HEAD
                                                         origin/master
                                                                                                                                   master
                                                                                 1a3444a
b) Push to GitHub, Create a Pull Request
        [git push -u origin SquashAndMergeFeature]
                    SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (Squas
         hAndMergeFeature)

$ git push -u origin SquashAndMergeFeature
Counting objects: 12, done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (12/12), done.
Writing objects: 100% (12/12), done.
Writing objects: 100% (12/12), 1.06 KiB | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 12 (delta 8), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (8/8), completed with 2 local objects.
To https://github.com/majorguidancesolutions/SimpleActivityRepo.git

* [new branch] SquashAndMergeFeature -> SquashAndMergeFeature
Branch SquashAndMergeFeature set up to track remote branch SquashAndMergeFeature
from origin.
           from origin.
```





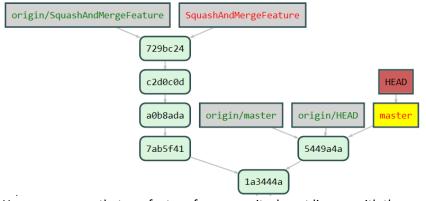


Step 3: Go back to local and get master up to date, then compare with the feature branch.

a) Get LOCAL master up to date

```
[git fetch origin]
[git pull origin master]
```

[git checkout master]



Here we can see that our feature four commits do not line up with the master commit history – this is to be expected, but it poses a problem. If we were to try to do a pull request we end up looking like we have multiple commits.



b) Merge master into feature [git checkout <feature>] [git merge master] . \$ git checkout SquashAndMergeFeature Switched to branch 'SquashAndMergeFeature' Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/SquashAnäMergeFeature'. rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMerg nAndMergeFeature) git merge master ■ MERGE_MSG • Merge branch 'master' into SquashAndMergeFeature # Please enter a commit message to explain why this merge is necessary, # especially if it merges an updated upstream into a topic branch. # Lines starting with '#' will be ignored, and an empty message aborts # the commit. Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFold hAndMergeFeature) \$ git merge master Merge made by the 'recursive' strategy. Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFold hAndMergeFeature) HEAD SquashAndMergeFeature 728f97e origin/SquashAndMergeFeature 729bc24 c2d0c0d origin/master origin/HEAD master a0b8ada

So now our local master has nothing in it that feature doesn't. Also, the original four commits are in master as one commit. Let's add one quick change to the feature.

[code info.txt]

[git commit –am "A single new commit on feature"]

5449a4a



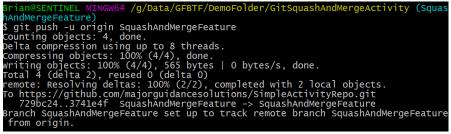
7ab5f41

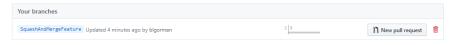


Step 3: Push to GitHub and merge.

a) Now let's do another push and create a pull request at GitHub to see what this looks like...

[git push -u origin <featurebranch>]

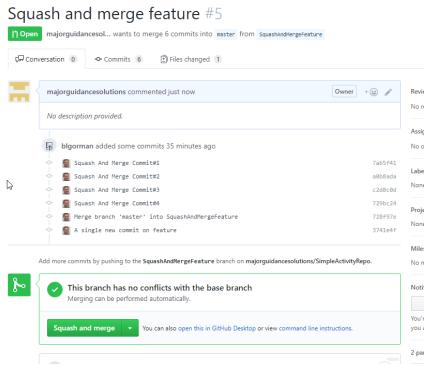




6 commits ahead. Obviously there are only the two we would want (merge master and the new change). This shows why not deleting the branch is an issue. What if this was a major change? Would you 'trust' that your original changes were in master?

Create the pull request. Before merging, look:





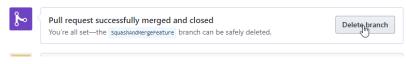
There are my first four commits again, the merge commit, and the new change. 6 commits to get up to date for a simple change.

Notice also that the squash and merge option is still selected. Make sure to change that back if you don't want to squash and merge every time you finish a code review.

Luckily, even with the bad commits showing, the file is still only showing the simple changes that were made:



Go ahead and do a regular merge or a squash and merge if you want just one more commit. This time, delete the branch on completion:





Step 4: Repeat all of the operations from step 2. This time, delete the feature branch after merge.

a) Get our repo up to date

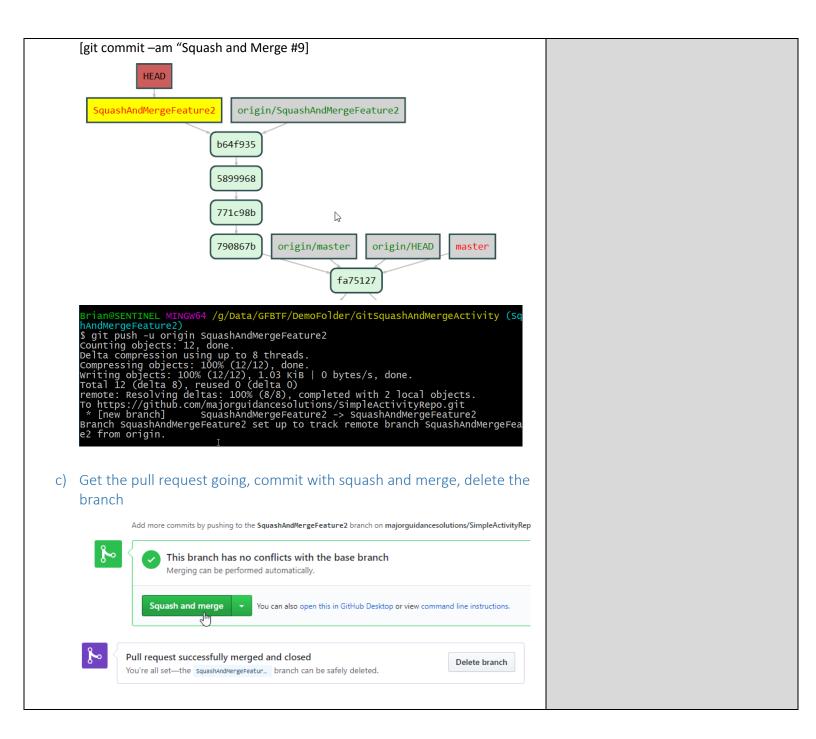
```
[git checkout master]
     [git fetch origin] //includes a prune if set. If not [git fetch origin --prune]
     [git pull origin master]
                     MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (SquashAndMergeActivity (SquashAndMergeActivity)
     And Merge Feature)

§ git checkout master

Switched to branch 'master'

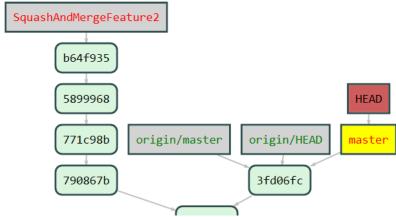
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
      rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (mas
     git fetch origin
remote: Counting objects: 1, done.
remote: Total 1 (delta 0), reused 1 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
unpacking objects: 100% (1/1), done.
rom https://github.com/majorguidancesolutions/SimpleActivityRepo
5449a4a..fa75127 master -> origin/master
       ian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (mas
     file changed, 3 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
     [git branch -d SquashAndMergeFeature]
     [git checkout -b SquashAndMergeFeature2]
      Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashA
       git branch -d SquashAndMergeFeature
     Deleted branch SquashAndMergeFeature (was 3741e4f).
      Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashA
       git checkout -b SquashAndMergeFeature2
vitched to a new branch 'SquashAndMergeFeature2'
                   HEAD
        SquashAndMergeFeature2
                                       origin/master
                                                            origin/HEAD
                                                                              master
                                                  fa75127
b) Perform four commits on the feature, push to GitHub, create PR,
     squash and merge it.
     [code info.txt] //leave it open
     [git commit –am "Squash and Merge #6]
     [make changes]
     [git commit –am "Squash and Merge #7]
     [make changes]
     [git commit -am "Squash and Merge #8]
     [make changes]
```





Step 5: Clean up the local repo, get master up to date.

a) Get master up to date



b) Delete the feature branch

We'll have to force the delete because once again we have four commits that don't line up with the history in master. If we don't use the –D option, git will warn us about unmerged commits:

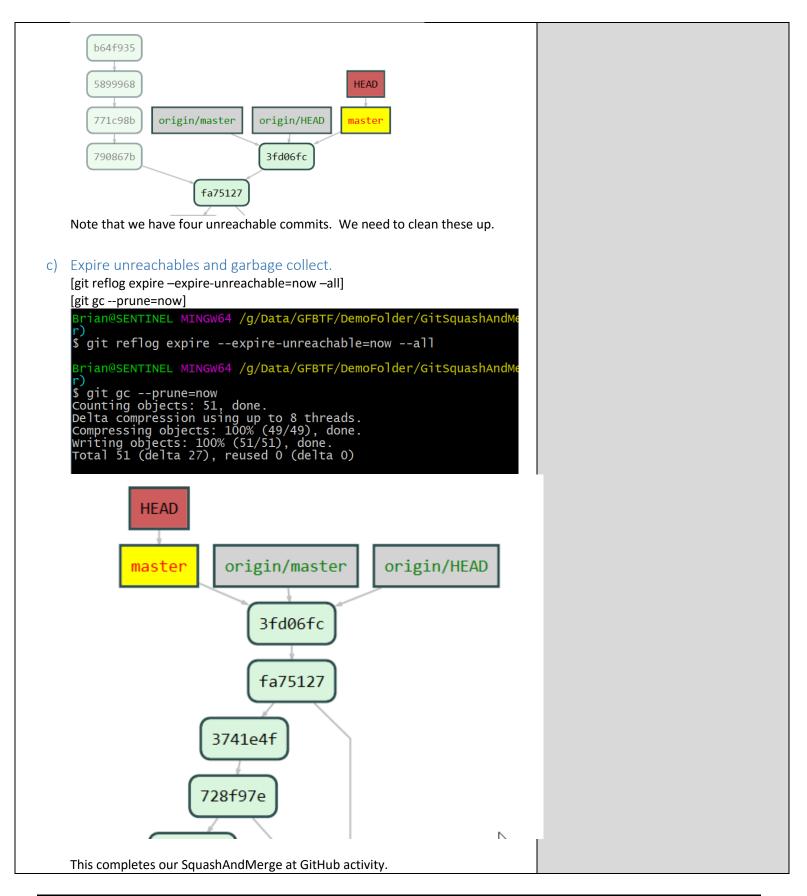
```
Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashAndMergeActivity (master)

§ git branch -d SquashAndMergeFeature2
error: The branch 'SquashAndMergeFeature2' is not fully merged.
If you are sure you want to delete it, run 'git branch -D SquashAndMergeFeature2'.

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/GitSquashr)

§ git branch -D SquashAndMergeFeature2
Deleted branch SquashAndMergeFeature2 (was b64f935).
```







Closing Thoughts

Squashing and merging is an easy way to get a number of commits down to just one for storage into the repo history. Often, this would take place at the completion of a feature branch.	Notes
Since the squash does change history, it's pretty important to delete your local branch after declaring a squash and merge, simply because your repo at local won't line up with the commit history in master.	
In the end we see that when done properly a squash and merge is nice, but the potential ramifications give us reason to make sure we don't keep a squashed branch around.	
This activity squashed at remote. It is also possible to squash at local, although it is much more involved. To do this requires an interactive rebasing operation. For now, we're going to hold off on that.	
Take a few minutes to make some notes about the various commands we've learned about in this activity, and practice using them.	