GIT: Advanced Commands

GIT Commit with Amend Activity: A simple exercise using git commit with amend

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Introduction

Git makes it possible for us to "change" a commit. Sometimes we want to change the commit message. Other times we might want to actually make a small change, perhaps to fix a bug or remove some commented code that we don't want in the repo.

In the case where we want to fix something and rewrite the commit history, we can do so with the git amend command.

Let's gets started!



Step 1: Amend a commit to change the commit message.

a) Make sure you have any repository up to date and are working on any branch.

[clone repo]

Or

[git checkout master]

[git fetch origin]

[git pull origin master]

[git checkout -b GitAmendDemo]

```
Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (master)
$ git checkout master
Already on 'master'
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (master)
$ git fetch origin

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (master)
$ git pull origin master
From https://github.com/majorguidancesolutions/SimpleActivityRepo
* branch master -> FETCH_HEAD
Already up-to-date.

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFold
$ git checkout -b GitAmendDemo
Switched to a new branch 'GitAmendDemo'
```

Make a small change, add and commit.

[code info.txt]

[git status -s]

[git commit -am "This is my commit messag"]

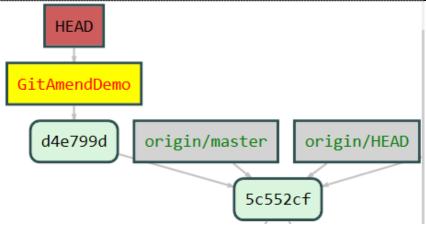
```
Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo $ code info.txt

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo $ git status -s M info.txt

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo $ git commit -am "This is my commit messag" [GitAmendDemo d4e799d] This is my commit messag 1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo
```



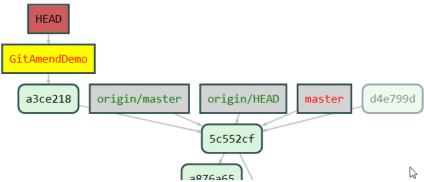
Note the commit id [d4e799d]

b) The message had a typo, let's fix it.

[git commit --amend -m "This is an important change to the code"]

Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (GitAmendDemo)

\$ git commit --amend -m "This is an important change to the code"
[GitAmendDemo a3ce218] This is an important change to the code
Date: Sat Sep 23 21:45:21 2017 -0500
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)



Note that the commit id is different, so we would need to be careful on a public branch if we are using an amend. We can also see the old commit is still showing as unreachable. Therefore we should do a quick cleanup.

Step 2: Clean up the unreachable commits.

a) Use reflog to expire unreachable and then cleanup with the garbage collector

To clean up the commits we just need to make sure we have the reflog set to expire our commits and then run the garbage collector. I have these commands aliased, but in case you don't and you want to run these [or want the commands for later reference], here they are:

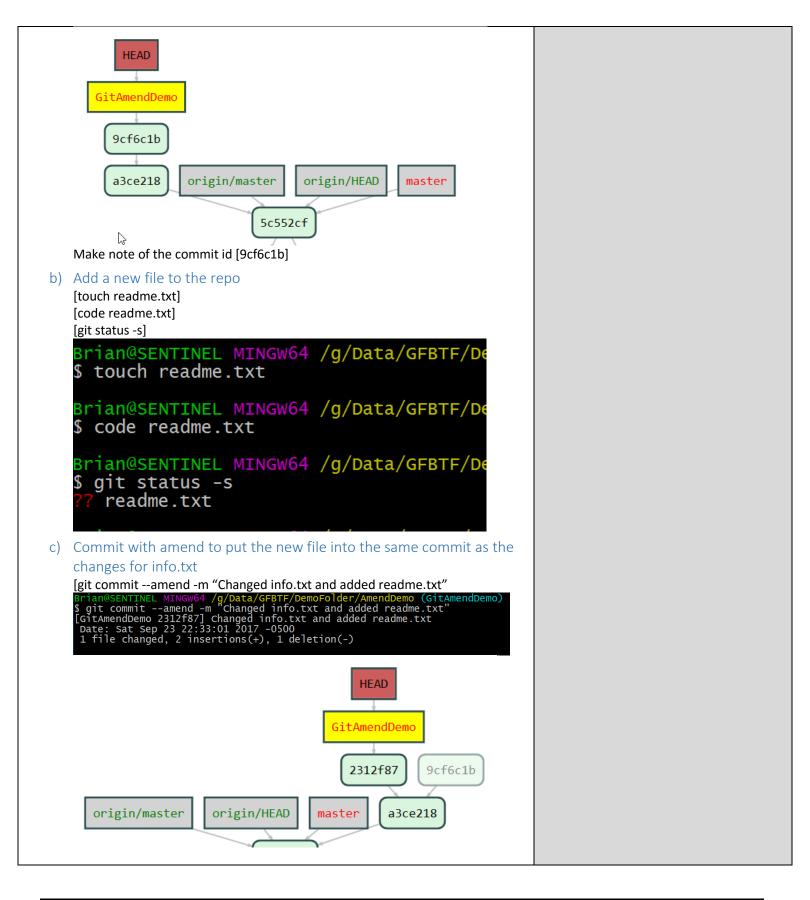
[git reflog expire –expire-unreachable=now –all]
And

[git gc -prune=now]

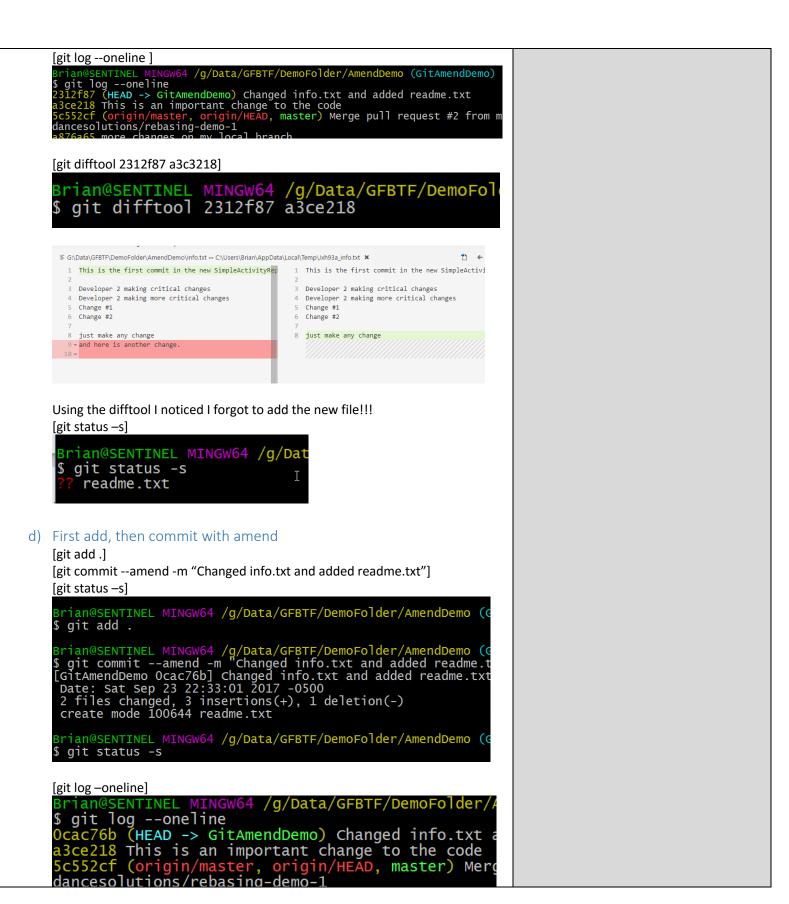


```
And here are my aliases in my global config [check out the aliasing activity for
           more info about aliasing]:
           alias.expireunreachablenow=reflog expire --expire-unreachable=now
alias.gcunreachablenow=gc --prune=now
              ran@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (GitAmendDemo) git expireunreachablenow
           Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (GitAmendDemo) $ git gcunreachablenow Counting objects: 25, done. Delta compression using up to 8 threads. Compressing objects: 100% (13/13), done. writing objects: 100% (25/25), done. Total 25 (delta 13), reused 20 (delta 11)
             rian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (GitAmendDemo)
                      HEAD
               GitAmendDemo
                   a3ce218
                                      origin/master
                                                                   origin/HEAD
                                                                                            master
                                                        5c552cf
Step 3: Amend with some actual changes.
     a) Create some changes to info.txt and commit
           [code info.txt]
           [git status -s]
           [git commit -am "Some changes for the next release"]
            Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (Git
              code info.txt
            Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (Git
           $ git_status -s
                info.txt
            Brian@SENTINEL MINGW64 /g/Data/GFBTF/DemoFolder/AmendDemo (Git
$ git commit -am "Some changes for the next release"
[GitAmendDemo 9cf6c1b] Some changes for the next release
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
```

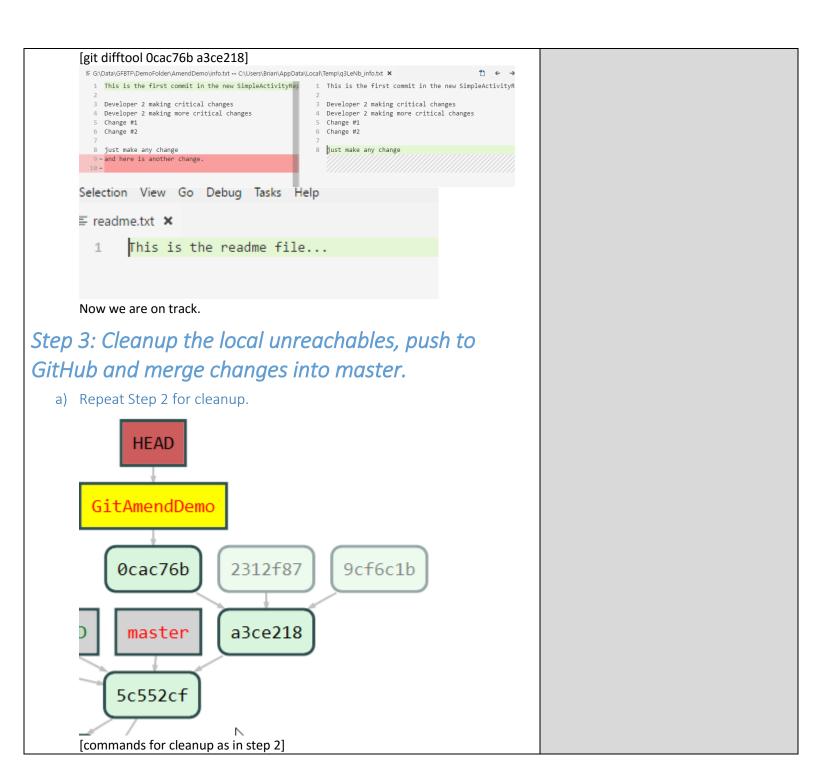








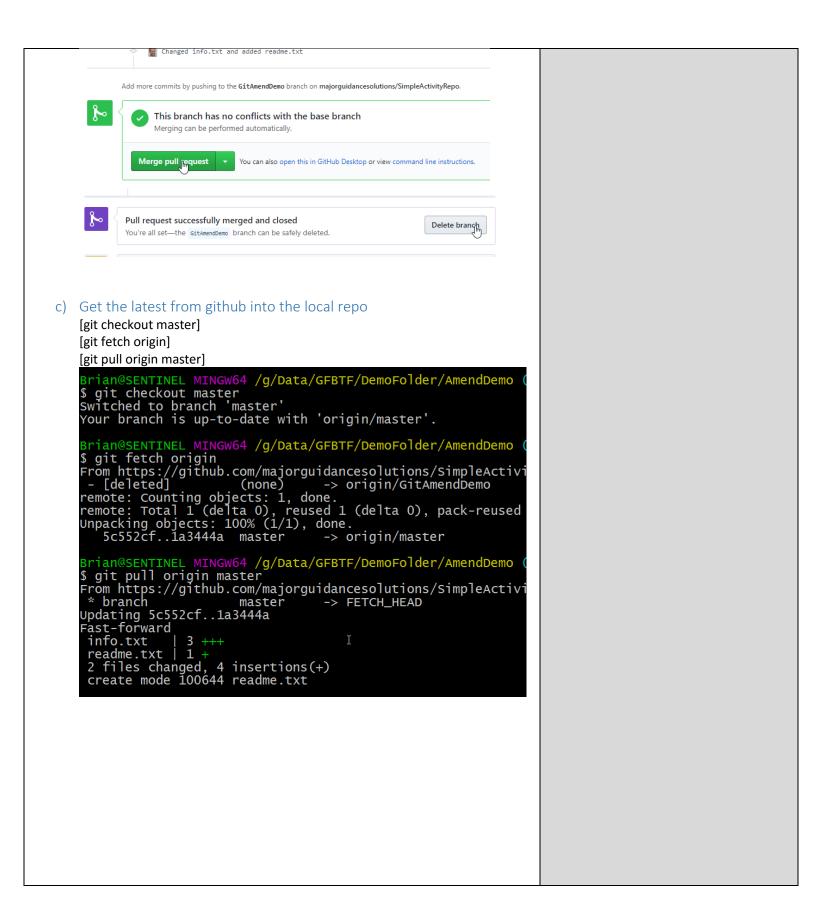




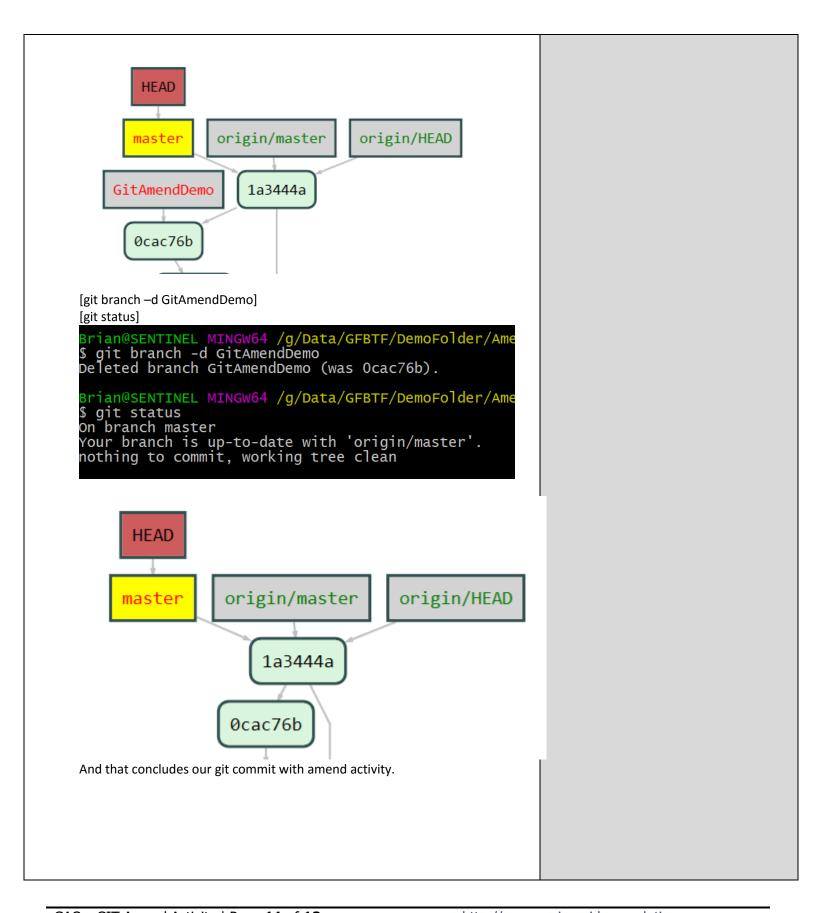














Closing Thoughts

In this activity we saw a couple of scenarios where we were able to change the commit history and amend changes into the most recent commit.	Notes
The first amend was a simple change to the commit message. The second change was a full commit with added files amended into the commit.	
With the amend, we are able to change the most recent commit, but again we want to keep the history in tact if this was a public branch. Since this is a private branch, we were able to do what we wanted.	
The other nice thing about the amend is that all of our changes only made one commit into the repository.	
Take a few minutes to make some notes about the various commands we've learned about in this activity, and practice using them.	

