

Exercices 2:

1. Given a list of numbers, print the largest one.
2. Given a list of numbers, print them separated by a space (e.g. [1, 2, 4] -> 1 2 3).
3. Given a list of words, print how many different words are in that list (hint: use a dictionary or a set)
4. Given a list of words, count the number of times each word appears in the list. Eg. [Jim, Alan, Jim, Joe] -> Jim:2, Alan:1, Joe:1 (hint: use dictionary)
5. Write a script that prints the first 10 lines of a file (or the whole file if it is less than 10 lines long).
6. Write a script that prints the last 10 lines of a file (or the whole file if it is less than 10 lines long).
7. Two taxi companies propose different pricing schemes: "A charges 4.80€ plus 1.15€ by km travelled; B 3.20€ plus 1.20€ by km travelled. Write a script that finds which company is the cheapest as a function of the distance to travel.

8. Computing descriptive statistics from a detection experiment

In a signal detection experiment, a faint stimulus (e.g. a faint sound or a faint visual target) is presented or not at each trial and the participant must indicate whether he has perceived it or not. There are four possible outcomes for each trial:

1. A *hit* is when the participant correctly detects the target.
2. A *miss* is when the target was there but the participant did not detect it.
3. A *false alarm* is when the participant reports the presence of the target when it was not actually there.
4. A *correct rejection* is when the participant correctly reports that the target was not present.

One defines;

- The *hit rate*, equal to $\#hits / (\#hits + \#misses)$
- The *False alarm rate*, equal to $\#false\ alarms / (\#false\ alarms + \#correct\ rejections)$

Let us first suppose that the data from a participant is represented as a string. This string represents a series of trials, each trial being represented by two characters indicating the trial type (1=target present, 0=target absent) and the participant's response (Y=target perceived, N=No target perceived). For example:

```

---
data = "0Y,0N,1Y,1Y,0N,0N,0Y,1Y,1Y"
---
```

Write a function that, given such a string, returns the Hit rate and the False rate (hint: use the function `split()`)

Now, the results from different participants are stored in different files `subj*.dat` (download the files from [PCBS/exercices2/subjdat.zip](https://pypi.org/project/PCBS/exercices2/subjdat.zip))

Write a script that computes the hit rates and false alarms for each subject, and displays the group averages and standard deviations.

Use `matplotlib.pyplot.plot` to display each participant as a dot on a graphics with False alarm rate on the X-axis and Hit Rate on the Y-axis.

Read the section on reading comma separated value (".csv") files from <http://automatetheboringstuff.com/chapter14/>

9. (optional) Write a reverse Polish arithmetic expression evaluator (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reverse_Polish_notation).
E.g. `3 4 * 5 -` evaluate to 7.