

# CSCI-UA.60-1, Fall 2019

Database Design and Implementation - MySQL

## MySQL – Functions and Operators – Notes for Class discussion

Note: These are functions which have been selected for class discussion ... There are many more functions!

For further reference, see: <http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/functions.html>

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<i>Text:</i>	
<i>LENGTH(field)</i>	returns the length of the string
<i>LEFT(field, x)</i>	returns the leftmost x characters of a string
<i>RIGHT(field,x)</i>	returns the rightmost x characters of a string
<i>TRIM(field)</i>	removes both leading and trailing blanks from a string
<i>UPPER(field)</i>	capitalizes a string
<i>LOWER(field)</i>	puts a string into lower-case
<i>SUBSTRING(field,x,y)</i>	returns y characters from the string starting at position x
<i>CONCAT(x,y,z ...)</i>	concatenates strings and characters

<i>Numeric</i>	
	Note: use + – * / and ( ) for standard arithmetic operations
<i>FORMAT(field,x)</i>	returns the field formatted with x decimal places and commas
<i>MOD(x,y)</i>	returns the remainder of dividing x by y (like the “%” in Java)
<i>RAND()</i>	generates a random number between zero and one
<i>ROUND(x,y)</i>	rounds x to y decimal places
<i>SQRT</i>	returns the square root of the field

<i>Date &amp; Time</i>	
<i>CURDATE()</i>	returns the current date
<i>YEAR(date field)</i>	returns the year value of a date
<i>MONTH(date field)</i>	returns the month value of a date
<i>MONTHNAME(date field)</i>	returns the name of the month of a date
<i>DAYOFMONTH(date field)</i>	returns the value of the day
<i>DAYNAME(date field)</i>	returns the name of the day for a date value
<i>NOW()</i>	returns the current date and time
<i>CURTIME()</i>	returns the current time
<i>HOUR(date field)</i>	returns the hour value
<i>MINUTE(date field)</i>	returns the minute value

<i>Functions that group data for aggregate calculations</i>	
<i>MIN(field)</i>	returns the minimum value
<i>MAX(field)</i>	returns the highest value
<i>SUM(field)</i>	returns the total value
<i>COUNT(field)</i>	returns the number of rows; <i>COUNT(DISTINCT field)</i> returns the number of unique rows
<i>AVG(field)</i>	returns the average (mean)
See <a href="http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/group-by-functions.html">http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/group-by-functions.html</a> ( <a href="http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/group-by-functions.html">http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/group-by-functions.html</a> ) for more GROUP-BY functions.	

<i>Operators:</i>	
<i>AND , OR</i>	boolean operators
<i>BETWEEN</i>	for a range: e.g. <i>WHERE start_date BETWEEN '2006-01-01' AND '2007-10-01'</i>
<i>IN</i>	to select among a limited number of options: e.g. <i>WHERE product_cd IN ('CHK','SAV','CD','MM')</i>
<i>LIKE</i>	to find similar strings e.g. <i>WHERE author LIKE 'W%'</i>

<i>Other functions:</i>	
LAST_INSERT_ID()	returns that user's most recent AUTO_INCREMENT result

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