## Fundamentals of Data Engineering

Week 02 - sync session

datascience@berkeley

## Assignment 1

- We will usually do a breakout to share solutions and ask questions, but this week's was pretty straightforward.
- Questions on process?

## Your droplet set up

- repos cloned:
  - course-content
  - assignment-01-<user-name>

#### How to do a PR

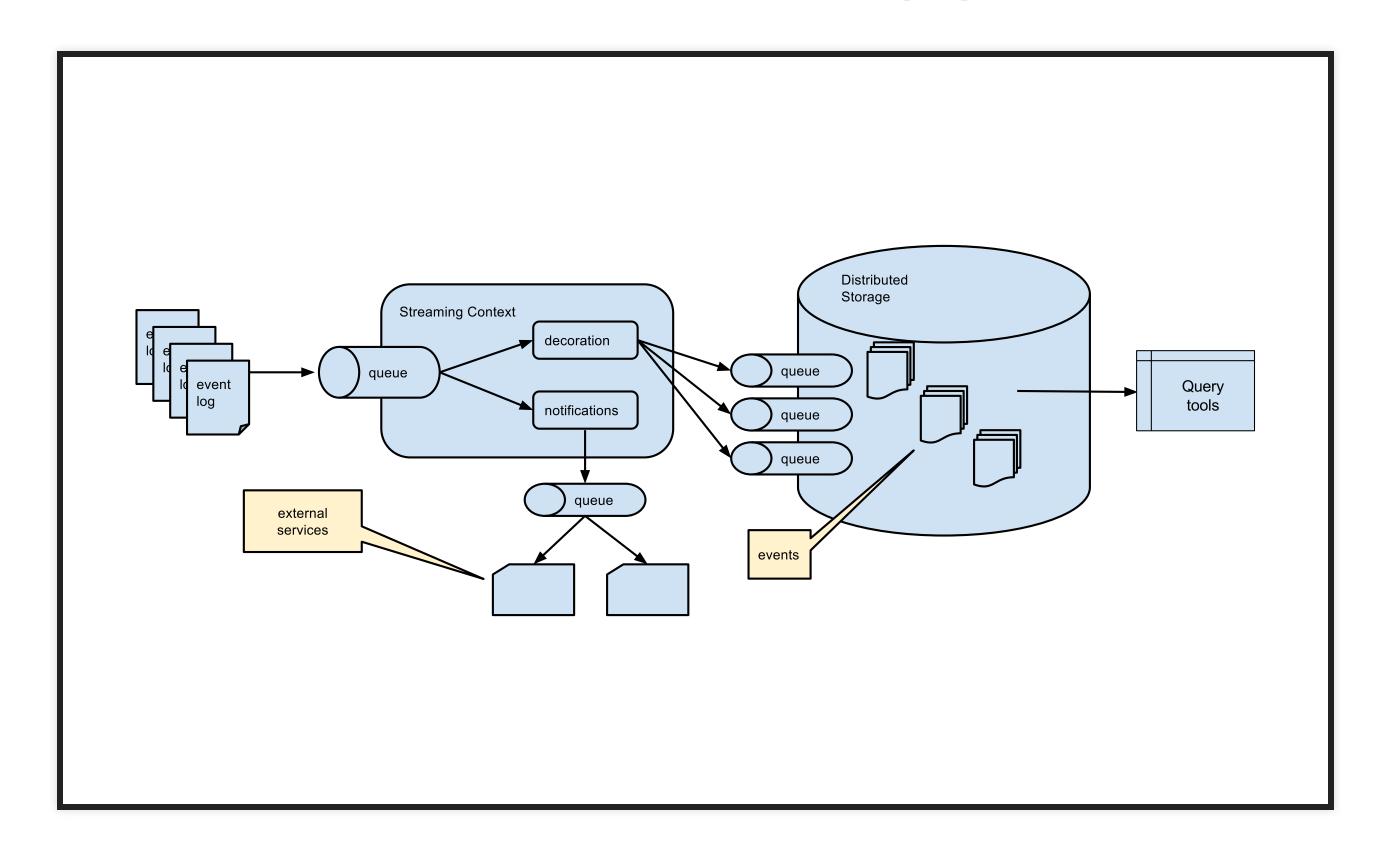
• Review process from gui

## Some things about this class

## Pacing

- What you can do
- What you can understand

## Where are we in the pipeline



## Main thing to pay attention to

- Pipeline is provided for this example
- We're using it to answer business questions

## Big Ideas

#### **Business Decisions**

- All about the business
- Data-Driven Business Decisions ...are queries

#### Translation

- SQL queries are really pretty easy
- How to get to the queries from the questions, sometimes not so much

## Query Project

- In the Query Project, you will get practice with SQL while learning about Google Cloud Platform (GCP) and BiqQuery. You'll answer business-driven questions using public datasets housed in GCP. To give you experience with different ways to use those datasets, you will use the web UI (BiqQuery) and the commandline tools, and work with them in jupyter notebooks.
- We will be using the Bay Area Bike Share Trips Data (https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/public-data/bay-bike-share).

#### Problem Statement

 You're a data scientist at Ford GoBike (https://www.fordgobike.com/), the company running Bay Area Bikeshare. You are trying to increase ridership, and you want to offer deals through the mobile app to do so. What deals do you offer though? Currently, your company has three options: a flat price for a single one-way trip, a day pass that allows unlimited 30-minute rides for 24 hours and an annual membership.

#### Questions

- Through this project, you will answer these questions:
  - What are the 5 most popular trips that you would call "commuter trips"?
  - What are your recommendations for offers (justify based on your findings)?

## Get Going: Google account

- Go to https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/
- Click on "Try it Free"
- It asks for credit card, but you get 300 free and it does not autorenew after the 300 credit is used,

## Working with BQ gui

https://bigquery.cloud.google.com/table/bigquery-public-data:san francisco.bikeshare stations

#### **Tutorial**

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp

Some annoying specific stuff about BQ

## the;

```
SELECT *
FROM Customers;
```

#### VS

```
SELECT *
FROM Customers
```

## Legacy vs Standard SQL

```
SELECT *
FROM [bigquery-public-data:san_francisco.bikeshare_trips]
```

#### VS

```
#standardSQL
SELECT *
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_trips`
```

#### For this class

```
#standardSQL
SELECT *
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_status`
```

- More similar to command line bq
- More like most other SQL implementations

#### **Events**

- What sort of events feed this pipeline?
- How were these events captured?

## Querying Data

How many events are there?

```
#standardSQL
SELECT count(*)
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_status`
```

How many stations are there?

```
#standardSQL
SELECT count(distinct station_id)
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_status`
```

# How long a time period do these data cover?

```
#standardSQL
SELECT min(time), max(time)
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_status`
```

How many bikes does station 90 have?

```
#standardSQL
SELECT station_id,
(docks_available + bikes_available) as total_bikes
FROM `bigquery-public-data.san_francisco.bikeshare_status`
WHERE station_id = 90
```

## Independent Queries

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp

## SecureShell (SSH)

#### remote terminal connections



ssh science@xxx.xxx.xxx

## copying files

#### On your laptop, run

scp some\_file science@xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:

or

scp some\_file science@xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:/tmp/

#### On your laptop, run

scp science@xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:~/w205/a\_file.py .

## Summary

- Business questions
- Answered using empirical data
- By running queries against (raw?) events
- Need a pipeline in place to capture these raw events
- SSH

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