# Lab session 6

Machine Learning for Behavioral Data (CS-421)

March 31, 2021



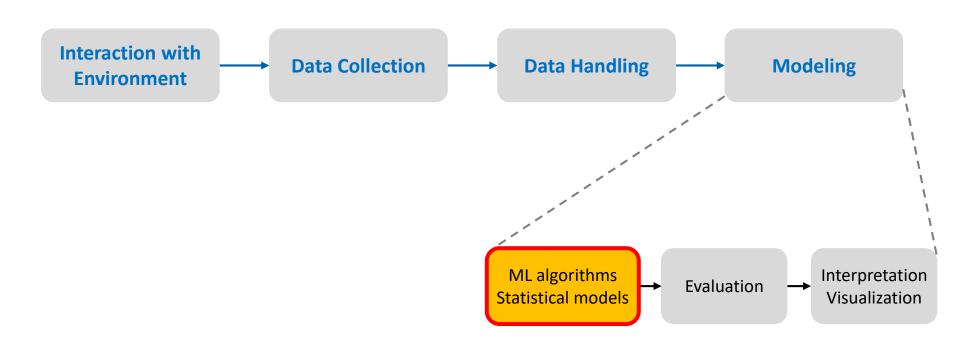
## **Today**

- 08:15-08:50 Tutorial on Additive Factors Model
- **08:50-09:00** SHORT BREAK
- 09:00-09:30 Tutorial on Performance Factor Analysis
- **09:30-10:00** Homeworks and Project
  - Next steps for the project and questions time
  - Solution HW3, introduction HW5 and questions time

#### Where we are

Week	Lecture	Lab Sessions	Project
1	Introduction	Tutorial	
2	Data Handling	Tutorial + Homework	
3	Regression & Classification	Tutorial + Homework	
4	Model Selection & Evaluation	Tutorial + <b>Homework</b>	Presentation of data sets and research questions
5	Latent Variable Models	Tutorial + <b>Homework</b>	M1: Preferences on team members and data sets
6	LatVarMod +Unsupervised Learning	Tutorial + <b>Homework</b> + PO	
7	Spring Break	Spring Break	Spring Break

## **ML for Behavioral Data: Modeling**



#### SpeakUp

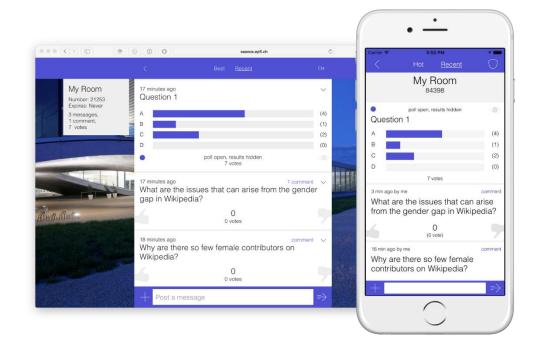
Android / iOS:

http://speakup.info/

Web App:

https://web.speakup.info/

Room number:



#### **AFM**

**SpeakUp**: How do you feel about Additive Factors Models (AFM)?

A: I have never heard of AFM.

B: I am **not confident at all** about using AFM.

C: I am **slightly confident** about using AFM.

D: I am **fairly confident** about using AFM.

E: I am **very confident** about using AFM.

#### **PFA**

**SpeakUp**: How do you feel about Performance Factors Analysis (PFA)?

A: I have never heard of PFA.

B: I am **not confident at all** about using PFA.

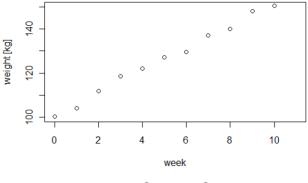
C: I am **slightly confident** about using PFA.

D: I am fairly confident about using PFA.

E: I am **very confident** about using PFA.

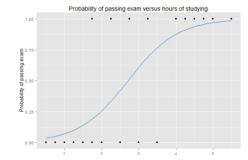
#### **Generalized Linear Models revisited**

Example 1: strength gain by weight training



$$y_n = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{n,1}$$

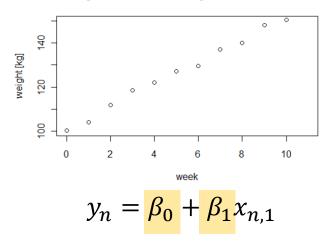
 Example 2: probability of passing exam depending on hours studied



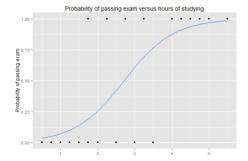
$$\log\left(\frac{y_n}{1 - y_n}\right) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{n,1}$$

#### **Generalized Linear Models revisited**

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 Example 2: probability of passing exam depending on hours studied

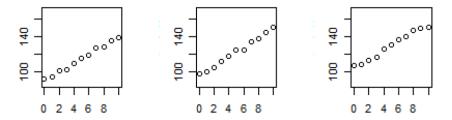


$$\log\left(\frac{y_n}{1-y_n}\right) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{n,1}$$

"Fixed" Effects

#### **Generalized Linear Mixed Effects Model**

- Example 1: strength gain by weight training
  - Each person has individual starting strength



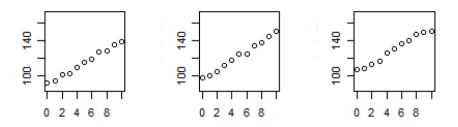
$$y_n = \frac{\beta_0}{\beta_0} + u_n + \frac{\beta_1}{\beta_1} x_{n,1}$$
  $u_n \sim N(0, \sigma_u^2)$ 

"Fixed" Effects

"Random" Effect

#### **Generalized Linear Mixed Effects Model**

- Example 1: strength gain by weight training
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Fitting the parameters:

- Fixed effects only: linear least squares
- Mixed effects: maximum likelihood estimation

"Fixed" Effects

"Random" Effect

"Mixed" Effects

## **Item Response Theory (IRT)**

Goal: explain the relationship between latent traits
 (unobservable characteristic or attribute) and their
 manifestations (i.e. observed outcomes, responses or
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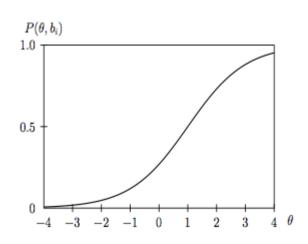
 Ability

Binary answer to an item (task)

#### **Rasch Model**

$$\log\left(\frac{p_{i,n}}{1-p_{i,n}}\right) = \theta_n - b_i$$

Probability that student n will solve item i correctly.





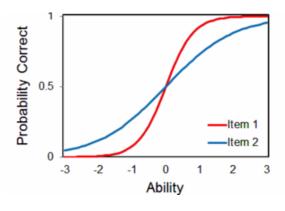
 $\theta_n$ : student ability

 $b_i$ : difficulty of item i

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Student proficiency:

$$\theta_n \sim N(0, \sigma_{\theta}^2)$$

$$p_{n,i} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-\pi_{n,i}}}$$

$$\pi_{n,i} = \frac{\theta_n}{1+e^{-\pi_{n,i}}} + \sum_k q_{i,k} \cdot (\beta_k + \gamma_k \cdot T_{n,k})$$
Student proficiency:
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$$q_{ik} = 1, \text{ if item } i \text{ uses skill } k$$

$$p_{n,i} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\pi_{n,i}}}$$

$$\pi_{n,i} = \theta_n + \sum_k q_{i,k} \cdot (\beta_k + \gamma_k \cdot T_{n,k})$$
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Difficulty of skill  $k$ 

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 Student proficiency: 
$$\theta_n \sim N(0, \sigma_\theta^2)$$
 Difficulty of skill  $k$  Number of practice opportunities student  $n$  had at skill  $k$  Learning rate at skill  $k$ 

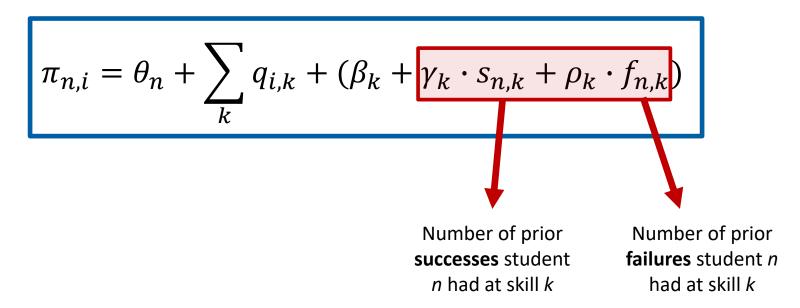
#### **AFM - Assumptions**

- Students may initially know more or less
- Students learn at the same rate
- Some skills are more likely to initially be known
- Some skills are easier to learn than others
- Students learn with each practice opportunity
- Each item belongs to one or more skills

## **Performance Factors Analysis (PFA)**

$$\pi_{n,i} = \theta_n + \sum_k q_{i,k} \cdot (\beta_k + \gamma_k \cdot T_{n,k})$$

#### **Performance Factors Analysis (PFA)**



#### **PFA - Assumptions**

- Students may initially know more or less
- Students learn at the same rate
- Some skills are more likely to initially be known
- Some skills are easier to learn than others
- Students learning rate differs for correct and wrong practice opportunities
- Each item belongs to one or more skills

## **Tutorial 6**

#### **Tutorial 6**

 Task: Pull Tutorial 6 from GitHub. We will then alternate walk-through and independent work phases based on your speed. Use SpeakUp to tell us when you're ready!

#### Virtual environments:

- https://janakiev.com/blog/jupyter-virtual-envs/
- Create virtual environment: python -m venv myenv
- Activate virtual environment: source myenv/bin/activate
- add to Jupyter (deactivate virtual environment first)
   python -m ipykernel install --user --name=myenv

# **Homeworks and Project**