

CS109 Assignment 3

The ppt only provides one possible problem-solving idea, which does not mean that this is the only idea or the best problem-solving idea.

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Q1 - EASY

1. To solve this question, you need to create **6 arrays** and **6 indexes** of each array, which represents:
Room theory, Room lab, Room art, Course theory, Course lab, Course art
2. Input value of the 6 arrays, for example:

```
7
R,theory,100
R,lab,50
C,theory,100
R,lab,60
C,lab,60
R,art,70
C,art,60
```

To split each line, you can use:

```
Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
String line = in.next();
String[] elements = line.split(regex: ",");
```

Room theory

100	0	0	0	0	0	0
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 1

Room lab

50	60	0	0	0	0	0
----	----	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 2

Room art

70	0	0	0	0	0	0
----	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 1

Course theory

100	0	0	0	0	0	0
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 1

Course lab

60	0	0	0	0	0	0
----	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 1

Course art

60	0	0	0	0	0	0
----	---	---	---	---	---	---

Index = 1

Q1-EASY

3. Sort those 6 arrays on descending order in the range of index

Room theory	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 1
Room lab	60	50	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 2
Room art	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 1
Course theory	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 1
Course lab	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 1
Course art	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	Index = 1

4 Compare those three couple:

- (1) Room theory and Course theory
- (2) Room lab and course lab
- (3) Room art and course art

If each value of the room array is larger then or equal to the course array with the same index, it will ture.

Q2 - EASY

1. You can use substring() to split original string. For example:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    String str = "1234567890";  
    int k = 3;  
    System.out.println(str.substring(0, k));  
    System.out.println(str.substring(k, 2 * k));  
    System.out.println(str.substring(2 * k, 3 * k));  
    System.out.println(str.substring(beginIndex: 3 * k));  
}
```

Q2 - EASY

2. Try to reverse each subString.

- In this case, you can use charAt() method.

```
String subString = "123";  
for (int i = 0; i < subString.length(); i++) {  
    System.out.println(subString.charAt(i));  
}
```

- You can also use the reverse() method in StringBuilder

```
String subString = "123";  
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();  
sb.setLength(0); // clear the StringBuilder  
String reverse = sb.reverse().toString();
```

3. Convert String type to Long type.

```
Long num = Long.parseLong("12345");
```

Q3-Hard

1. Create a structure representing the direction. The structure can be:

(The order of direction: Right, Down, Left, Up)

- (1) Array `int[][] DIRECTION = {{0, 1}, {1, 0}, {0, -1}, {1, 0}};`
- (2) Class

```
class Direction{
    int row;
    int col;
    public Direction(int row, int col) {
        this.row = row;
        this.col = col;
    }
}

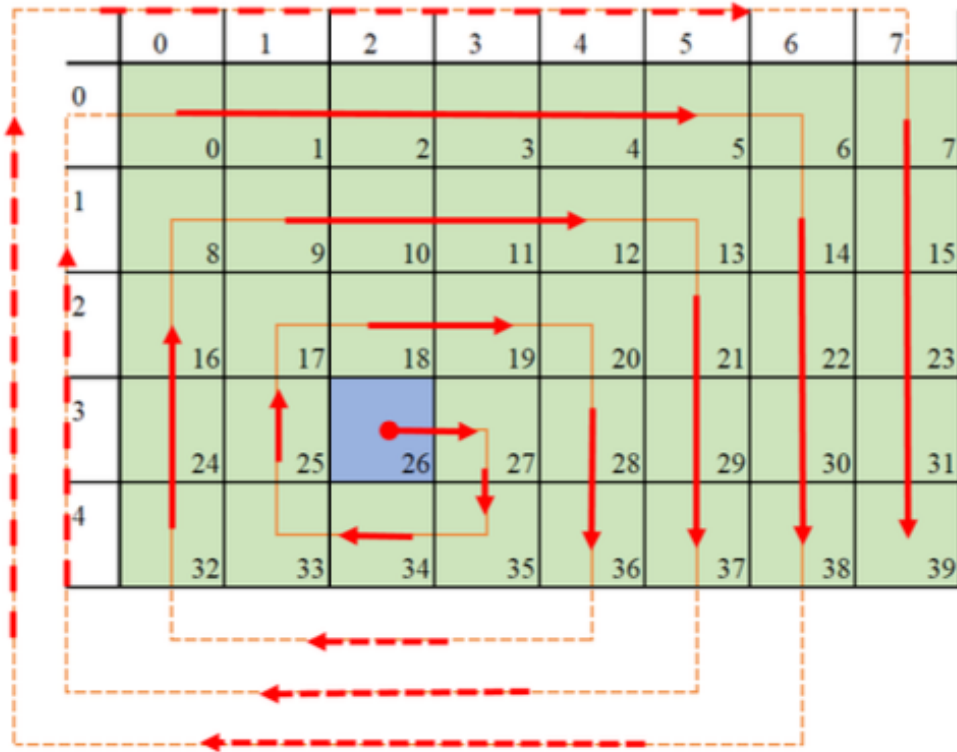
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Direction[] directions = new Direction[4];
    directions[0]= new Direction(0,1);
    .....
```

Q3 - Hard

- (3) Enum

```
enum Direction{  
    RIGHT(0,1), DOWN(1,0), LEFT(0,-1),UP(-1,0);  
    int row;  
    int col;  
    Direction(int row, int col) {  
        this.row = row;  
        this.col = col;  
    }  
}
```

Q3-Hard



1. Find the row and col of the start value 26. row = 3, col = 2
2. How to go? For example go right
 dr = direction[index].row;
 dc = direction[index].col;
 The next position will be:
 row += dr;
 col += dc;
3. Check whether the new row and col is in the matrix.
4. How to change direction?
 - Firstly, it goes Right and Down with only 1 step.
 - Then, it goes Left and Up with 2 steps.
 - Then, it goes Right and Down again with 3 steps.
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