## **Tutorial of Class and Object (Basic)**

Based on the tutorial of "2020S-Java-A" designed by teaching group in SUSTech

Designed by ZHU Yueming

Improved by WANG Wei

Modified (mainly change to markdown file) by ZHU Yueming in 2021. March. 29th

Improved Exercise 1 and add part 2 by ZHU Yueming in 2023. Oct. 22th

### **Experimental Objective**

- Learn how to define a Java class and create its object
- Learn how to define and use instance variables
- Learn how to define and use instance methods
- Learn how to use get and set methods
- Learn passing value by arguments from main method

## **Part1 Class and Object**

#### **Before Exercise**

#### **Attribute and Method**

#### Step 1: How to define a circle on 2 dimensional plane?

A circle has three attributes including the **radius**, the **x** coordinate and the **y** coordinate.

We can define a class named Circle, in which there are three private attributes.

```
public class Circle {
  private double radius;
  private double x;
  private double y;
}
```

#### Step 2: Define the methods of a circle.

Define three public methods for computing the area, perimeter and print position of the circle.

```
public class Circle {
  private double radius;
  private double x;
```

```
private double y;

public double area() {
    return radius*radius*Math.PI;
}

public double perimeter () {
    return 2*Math.PI*radius;
}

public void position() {
    System.out.printf("Position of the cricle is (%.1f,%.1f)\n",x,y);
}
```

#### Step 3: How to use the class Circle?

Create another class named CircleTest in the same package, in which there is a main method to be used.

In the main method, we can create an object of circle by using the statement as follows:

```
Circle cl=new Circle();
```

After that, we want to know the perimeter, area and position about the c1, so we need to invoke the method of c1.

```
public class CircleTest {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Circle cl=new Circle();
    System.out.printf("The area of cl is %.2f\n", cl.area());
    System.out.printf("The perimeter of cl is %.2f\n", cl.perimeter());
    cl.position();
}
```

When we run the program, the result would as follows:

```
The area of c1 is 0.00

The perimeter of c1 is 0.00

Position of the circle is (0.0,0.0)
```

#### **Getter and Setter**

#### Step 4: Set and get the values of the attributes

If we set or get the radius of a circle object in main method directly, it would lead to an error because of its private privilege.

In addition, the radius of a circle should not contain a negative number, how can we set the restriction?

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Circle cl=new Circle();
   System.out.printf("The area of cl is %.2f\n", cl.area());
   System.out.printf("The perimeter of cl is %.2f\n", cl.perimeter());
   cl.position();
   cl.radius=-1;
   System.out.println(cl.radius);
}
```

We can define several public methods in class Circle for getting or setting the class variables, and we can check the validity of input value in the set method.

```
public class Circle {
  private double radius;
  private double x;
  private double y;
  public double area() {
    return radius*radius*Math.PI;
  public double perimeter () {
    return 2*Math.PI*radius;
  public void position() {
    System.out.printf("Position of the cricle is (%.1f,%.1f)\n",x,y);
  public double getRadius() {
   return radius;
  public void setRadius(double radius) {
   if (radius > 0) {
      this.radius = radius;
  }
  public double getX() {
    return x;
  public void setX(double x) {
    this.x = x;
  public double getY() {
   return y;
  public void setY(double y) {
    this.y = y;
  }
}
```

After that, we can access the attributes by the get and set methods.

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Circle cl=new Circle();

   cl.setRadius(5);
   System.out.println(cl.getRadius());

   System.out.printf("The area of cl is %.2f\n", cl.area());
   System.out.printf("The perimeter of cl is %.2f\n", cl.perimeter());
   cl.position();
}
```

Sample output:

```
5.0

The area of c1 is 78.54

The perimeter of c1 is 31.42

Position of the circle is (0.0,0.0)
```

#### **Exercise**

#### Exercise 1: User

Declare a class named **User**. The class contains:

• Private data fields:

String account;

String password;

double money;

• Implement a public method named **introduce()** to print the user account and his account balance.

Output:

```
[account]'s account has a balance of [money] dollar
```

- Implement a public method **expense(double value,Scanner in)**.
  - Check whether suffice the funds.

If money is not enough, output:

```
Plan to expense [value] dollar but no sufficient funds
```

If money is enough, output:

```
Plan to expense [value] dollar
Please input your password:
```

• **Input password**, and check password in three times, if the password is wrong, terminate the program.

For example:

```
password error, there are 2 times left to try
```

• Expense:

output:

```
Expense [value] dollar and balance [updated money] dollar
```

 Implement a public method income(double value). It deposits the money to the user account.

Output:

```
Got [value] as income, balance is [updated money] dollar
```

• Implement the **getter** and **setter** methods for each private field of the class User.

In the same package, we create a class named **UserTest**, which has a main method.

```
User user =new User();
Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
user.setUser("Lucy");
user.setPassword("123456");
user.setMoney(1000);
user.introduce();
user.expense(2000,in);
user.expense(500,in);
user.income(1000);
user.introduce();
in.close();
```

#### Sample Output 1:

```
Lucy's account has a balance of 1000.00 dollar
Plan to expense 2000.00 dollar but no sufficient funds
Plan to expense 500.00 dollar
Please input your password:
12345
password error, there are 2 times left to try
Please input your password:
```

```
password error, there are 1 times left to try
Please input your password:
12345
password error, there are 0 times left to try
password error, expense failed
Got 1000.00 as income, balance is 2000.00 dollar
Lucy's account has a balance of 2000.00 dollar
```

#### Sample Output 2:

```
Lucy's account has a balance of 1000.00 dollar

Plan to expense 2000.00 dollar but no sufficient funds

Plan to expense 500.00 dollar

Please input your password:

123456

Expense 500.00 dollar and balance 500.00 dollar

Got 1000.00 as income, balance is 1500.00 dollar

Lucy's account has a balance of 1500.00 dollar
```

#### **Exercise 2: Food**

Design a class named **Food**. The class contains:

• Private data fields:

int id;

String name;

String **type**;

int size;

double price;

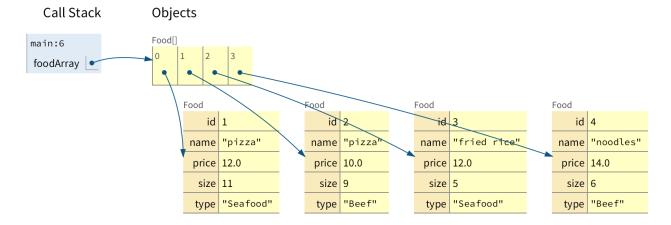
- Implement a public method named **getMenu()** to print all the information of this food object.
- Implement the **getter** and **setter** method for each private field of Food.

In **FoodTest** class, create four objects of Food as follows:

| Object Name | id | name       | type    | size | price |
|-------------|----|------------|---------|------|-------|
| pizza1      | 1  | pizza      | Seafood | 11   | 12    |
| pizza2      | 2  | pizza      | Beef    | 9    | 10    |
| Fried rice  | 3  | fried rice | Seafood | 5    | 12    |
| Noodles     | 4  | noodles    | Beef    | 6    | 14    |

Create an Food[] to add those four Food objects, and then show the information of them as follows by iterating the Food[] we created.

```
Seafood pizza: (11 Inches) 120.00 $
Beef pizza: (9 Inches) 100.00 $
Seafood fried rice: (5 Inches) 40.00 $
Beef noodle: (6 Inches) 35.00 $
```



# Part2 Input value by passing arguments from main method:

#### **Example Exercise:**

According to the cricle class we introduce before, try the following main method:

#### By Intellij IDEA:

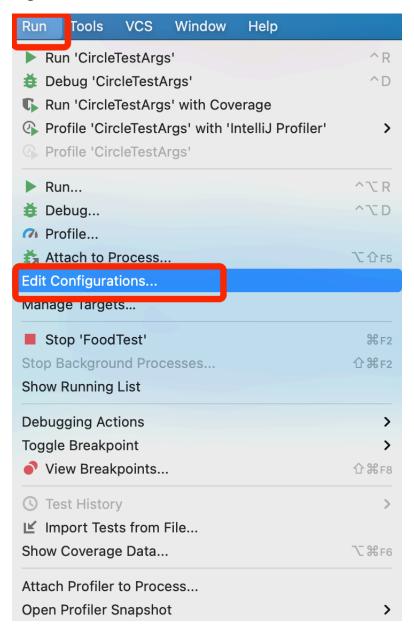
**generate** .class file: If we run the program by Intellij IDEA, a .class file about this main method will be created, but it will return:

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 0
out of bounds for length 0
  at CircleTestArgs.main(CircleTestArgs.java:4)
```

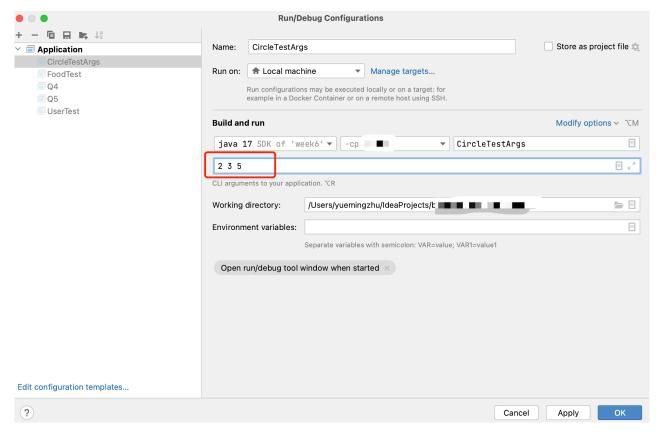
It is before we haven't set the arguments.

#### Set arguments:

Click run -> Edit Configurations



Input arguments:



Then it will return:

```
Circle: [3.0,5.0] area = 12.6 perimeter = 12.6
```

## **By Command Line:**

Open your terminal and then try:

```
(base) yuemingzhu@YUEMINGs-MacBook-Air src % javac CircleTestArgs.java (base) yuemingzhu@YUEMINGs-MacBook-Air src % java CircleTestArgs 2 3 5
```

If will return

```
Circle: [3.0,5.0] area = 12.6 perimeter = 12.6
```