

HW 4.

P 218-233. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\*, 13

14\*, 15, 17, 19, 20, 23.

$$1. \text{证明: } \bar{P}(\bar{A}_x) = \frac{\bar{A}_x}{\bar{a}_x} \stackrel{\delta=0}{=} \frac{1}{\bar{a}_x} = 1 / \int_0^\infty v^t \cdot {}_t p_x dt = 1 / \int_0^\infty {}_t p_x dt = \frac{1}{\bar{e}_x}$$

$$2. \text{证明: 利用 } \frac{d\bar{a}_x}{dx} = (\mu(x) + \delta)\bar{a}_x - 1$$

$$\frac{d\bar{A}_x}{dx} = (\mu(x) + \delta)\bar{A}_x - \mu(x), \quad \bar{P}(\bar{A}_x) = \bar{A}_x / \bar{a}_x$$

$$\text{有: } \left(1 + \frac{d\bar{a}_x}{dx}\right) \bar{P}(\bar{A}_x) = (\mu(x) + \delta) \bar{a}_x \times \frac{\bar{A}_x}{\bar{a}_x} = (\mu(x) + \delta) \bar{A}_x = \frac{d\bar{A}_x}{dx} + \mu(x)$$

$$\text{故以: } \left(1 + \frac{d\bar{a}_x}{dx}\right) \bar{P}(\bar{A}_x) - \frac{d\bar{A}_x}{dx} = \mu(x)$$

3. 解: 记  $T_i(x)$  为第  $i$  个个体的未来生存时间.

$$L_i = 1000 \sqrt{T_i(x)} - 2.5 \bar{A}_{T_i(x)} = 1070 \sqrt{T_i(x)} - 70$$

$$\text{则有 } L_{\text{agg}} = \sum_{i=1}^{100} E(L_i) = 100 \times 1070 \times \bar{A}_x - 100 \times 70 = -580$$

$$\text{Var}(L_{\text{agg}}) = 100 \text{Var}(L_i) = 100 \times 1070^2 (2\bar{A}_x - \bar{A}_x^2) = 45796$$

$$6. \text{解: } A_{25} = 1 - d\ddot{a}_{25} = 0.12872$$

$$P(\bar{A}_{25}) = \frac{\bar{A}_{25}}{\ddot{a}_{25}} = \frac{i}{\delta} \frac{A_{25}}{\ddot{a}_{25}} = 0.00861$$

7. 解: 由  $A'_{x:\overline{2}|} = vq_x + v^2p_x q_{x+1} = 0.2358$

$$\ddot{a}_{x:\overline{2}|} = 1 + vp_x = 1.81$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{年净保费 } P = A'_{x:\overline{2}|} / \ddot{a}_{x:\overline{2}|} \approx 0.1303$$

$$E(L) \approx \Rightarrow E(L^2) = (v-P)^2 q_x + (v^2-P-vP)^2 p_x q_{x+1} + (1+v)^2 P^2 p_x p_{x+1} \approx 0.1603$$

8. 解: 设每年保费为  $P$ , 有  $E(L) = A_x - P\ddot{a}_x = A_x - P \cdot \frac{1-A_x}{d}$

$$\text{由 } \text{Var}(L) = \left(1 + \frac{P}{d}\right)^2 ({}^2A_{\overline{49}|} - (A_{\overline{49}|})^2) = 0.1$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 0.03679 \quad \& \quad E(L) = -0.2545$$

9. 解: 由  ${}_k p_x = \frac{0.90^{k+1}}{9} \quad (k=0, 1, 2, \dots)$

$$\text{得 } {}_k p_x = \sum_{j=k}^{\infty} {}_j p_x = 0.9^k \quad (k=0, 1, 2, \dots)$$

$$\text{所以 } p_{x+k} = e^{-\mu(x+k)} = \frac{{}_{k+1} p_x}{{}_k p_x} = 0.9 \Rightarrow \mu(x+k) = -\ln 0.9$$

$$\text{故对 } \forall t, \mu(x+t) = -\ln 0.9 \Rightarrow A_x = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^{k+1} {}_k p_x = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\ddot{a}_x = \frac{1-A_x}{d} = 6 \Rightarrow P_x = \frac{A_x}{\ddot{a}_x} = \frac{5}{54}$$

$$\text{又在常数死之力假设下, } \bar{P}(A_x) = \mu = -\ln 0.9$$

$$\Rightarrow 1000 (\bar{P}(A_x) - P_x) = 1000 \left( -\ln 0.9 - \frac{5}{54} \right) \approx 12.7674$$

$$10^*. \text{ 解: } (1) E(L) = A_0 - P \ddot{a}_x = A_0 - 0.05 \times \frac{1 - A_0}{d} = -0.23$$

$$\text{var}(L) = 2.05^2 (2A_0 - 1A_0^2) = 0.1681$$

$$(2) E(L_{\text{agg}}) = 135 E(L) + 10 \times 10 E(L) = -54.05$$

$$\text{var}(L_{\text{agg}}) = 135 \text{var}(L) + 10 \times 10^2 \text{var}(L) = 190.7935$$

$$(3) P(L_{\text{agg}} > 45) = P\left(\frac{L_{\text{agg}} - E(L_{\text{agg}})}{\sqrt{\text{var}(L_{\text{agg}})}} > \frac{45 + 54.05}{\sqrt{190.7935}}\right)$$

$$\approx 1 - \Phi(7.17)$$

$$13. \text{ 解: } \begin{cases} A_{45} = A'_{45:\overline{15}|} + A_{45:\overline{15}|} \times A_{60} \\ A'_{45:\overline{15}|} + A_{45:\overline{15}|} = A_{45:\overline{15}|} \end{cases}$$

同除  $\ddot{a}_{45:\overline{15}|}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} {}_{15}p_{45} = p'_{45:\overline{15}|} + p_{45:\overline{15}|} \times A_{60} \\ p'_{45:\overline{15}|} + p_{45:\overline{15}|} = p_{45:\overline{15}|} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow p'_{45:\overline{15}|} = 0.008, \quad p_{45:\overline{15}|} = 0.048.$$

14\*. 解.

$$L = V^{k+1} - \sum_{j=0}^k 1.04^j p_{vj} I_{\{k \neq j\}} = V - p_{\sum_{j=0}^k I_{\{k \neq j\}}}$$

$$E(L) = V - p_{\sum_{j=0}^k p_x} = V - p(1 + \sum_{j=1}^k p_x) = V - p(1 + ex) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{V}{1+ex}$$

15. A.

$$E(L) = A_0 - \tau v \times \frac{1-A_1}{d} = -0.08$$

$$\text{var}(L) = \left(1 + \frac{\tau v}{d}\right)^2 (A_1 + -A_1^2) = 0.0496$$

$$P(L_{agg} > 0) = P\left(\frac{nL + 0.08n}{\sqrt{0.0496n}} > \frac{0.08n}{\sqrt{0.0496n}}\right) = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{0.08n}{\sqrt{0.0496n}}\right) < 0.05$$

$$\Rightarrow n > 20.97 \quad \text{取 } 21.$$

17. B.

$$\delta = \ln(1+i) = \ln(1.04+1) = 0.039, \quad d = \frac{i}{1+i} = \frac{0.04}{1+0.04} = \frac{1}{26}$$

$$\bar{A}'_{x:\overline{n}|} = \bar{A}_{x:\overline{n}|} - n\bar{E}_x = 0.804 - 0.6 = 0.204$$

$$A'_{x:\overline{n}|} = \frac{\delta}{i} \bar{A}'_{x:\overline{n}|} = \frac{0.039}{0.04} \times 0.204 = 2 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$A_{x:\overline{n}|} = \bar{A}_{x:\overline{n}|} - \frac{i-\delta}{\delta} A'_{x:\overline{n}|} = 0.804 - \frac{0.04-0.039}{0.039} \times 2 \times 10^{-3} = 0.8$$

$$\ddot{a}_{x:\overline{n}|} = \frac{1 - A_{x:\overline{n}|}}{d} = \frac{1 - 0.8}{\frac{1}{26}} = 5.2$$

$$1000P(\bar{A}_{x:\overline{n}|}) = 1000 \frac{\bar{A}_{x:\overline{n}|}}{\ddot{a}_{x:\overline{n}|}} = 1000 \frac{0.804}{5.2} = 154.6$$

19. C.

$$d = \frac{i}{1+i} = \frac{0.05}{1.05+1} = \frac{1}{21}, \quad \ddot{a}_{49} = \frac{1 - A_{49}}{d} = \frac{1 - 0.29224}{\frac{1}{21}} = 14.86$$

$$E(L) = A_{49} - \tau \ddot{a}_{49} = 0.29224 - 14.86 \times 0.036 = -0.25$$



20. C.

$$47P_{70} = \frac{677}{620} = 0.508$$

$$48P_{70} = \frac{678}{620} = 0.477$$

$$d = \frac{i}{i+1} = \frac{0.06}{0.06+1} = \frac{3}{53}$$

$$\ddot{a}_{70} = \frac{1 - A_{70}}{d} = 36.8$$

23. B.

$$\pi = \frac{\bar{A}_x}{\bar{a}_x} = \frac{1 - \bar{a}_{x:0.5}}{\bar{a}_x} = \frac{1 - 5 \times 0.08}{5} = 0.12$$

$$\pi^* = 0.12 \times 1.25 = 0.15$$

$$E(L^*) = \bar{A}_x - 1.25\pi\bar{a}_x - 0.25\pi\bar{a}_x = -0.15$$

$$\text{Var}(L^*) = \text{Var}(L) \frac{(1 + \frac{\pi^*}{\delta})^2}{(1 + \frac{\pi}{\delta})^2} = 0.5625 \times \frac{(1 + \frac{0.15}{0.08})^2}{(1 + \frac{0.12}{0.08})^2} = 0.7439$$

$$E(L^*) + \sqrt{\text{Var}(L^*)} = -0.15 + \sqrt{0.7439} = 0.71$$