# Exercise 3 (Chap 3)

Name: 任皓天

每个题目有10分,最多可以尝试3次,以最后一次回答为准,客观题答完后会自动批改,并且给出标准答案。题目类型为Essay的不会自动批改,分数由老师阅后再给

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0	Δ	hit	string	0111	1

**Q.** A bit string, 01111011111101111110, needs to be transmitted at the data link layer. What is the string actually transmitted after bit stuffing?

**A:** 01111011111100111111010

	#2	<b>Points</b>	possible:	10
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**Q.** What is the remainder obtained by dividing  $x^7 + x^5 + 1$  by the generator polynomial  $x^3 + 1$ ? (give your answer as bit string)

**A:** 111

## #3 Points possible: 10

**Q.**A channel has a bit rate of 4 kbps and a propagation delay of 20 msec. For what range of frame sizes does stop-and-wait give an efficiency of at least 50 percent?

**A.**160 bits

## #4 Points possible: 10

**Q.**Consider an error-free 64-kbps satellite channel used to send 512-byte data frames in one direction, with very short acknowledgements coming back the other way. What is the maximum throughput for window sizes of 1, 7, 15? The earth-satellite propagation time is 270 msec. (give your answer as an integer)

**A.**A. for window size=1: 6781
 bps

 **A.**A. for window size=7: 47470
 bps

 **A.**for window size=15: 64000
 bps

## #5 Points possible: 10

**Q.**A 100-km-long cable runs at the T1 data rate. The propagation speed in the cable is 2/3 the speed of light in vacuum. How many bits fit in the cable?

**A.** 772 bits

#### #6 Points possible: 10

A CRC generator polynomial is  $G(X) = X^16 + X^15 + X^2 + I$ . How many bits will the checksum be?

- 014
- 15
- 16

**17** 

Assume the sequence number has 3 bits. What is the maximum number of outstanding sending frames for a go back N protocol?

7

## #8 Points possible: 10

Assume the sequence number has 3 bits. What is the maximum number of outstanding sending frames for a selective repeat protocol?

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## #9 Points possible: 10

Which is not the CSMA / CA rule of 802.11?

- □ If station X received RTS of station A, X must remain silent for a short time
- If station X received RTS, but did not receive CTS, then X may not transmit its data.
- If station X has not received RTS, but received CTS, then X may not transmit its data
- If station X has received both RTS and CTS, then X may not transmit its data

## #10 Points possible: 10

After the sender first sends frames from 0 to 6 and at the end of timeout receives the acknowledgements for frame 1, 3, and 5, the next frame it will re-transmit is frame \_\_\_\_\_\_(assume the protocol is go-back-n)

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- $\bigcirc$  5
- 6