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# Bachelor of Science (B.Sc. I.T.) Semester—IV (C.B.S.) Examination NUMERICAL METHODS

### Paper—VI

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50 Note:—(1) All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

(2) Assume the data wherever necessary.

#### **EITHER**

- 1. (a) Derive false position formula for finding a root of equation.
  - (b) Obtain the root of equation  $\cos x = 3x 1$  by using Newton Raphson method.

## OR

- (c) Derive the formula for second method to obtain real root of equation. 5
- (d) Find the real root of equation  $x^3 x 1 = 0$  by using Bisection method correct up to three decimal places.

#### **EITHER**

2. (a) Solve the following system of equations using Gauss-Jordan method:

$$x + y + z = 9$$
  
 $2x - 3y + 4z = 13$   
 $3x + 4y + 5z = 40$ 

(b) What is ill condition of system? How will you improve it?

#### OR

(c) Solve the following system of equations by using Gauss-Elimination method:

$$5x - 2y + z = 4$$
  
 $7x - y + 5z = 8$   
 $3x - 7y + 4z = 10$ 

(d) What is Pivoting? Distinguish between complete pivoting and partial pivoting.

#### **EITHER**

- 3. (a) Obtain the normal equations for fitting a straight line by the principle of least squares regression.
  - (b) Find the Lagrange interpolation polynomial which agrees with the following data:

X	1.0	1.1	1.2
cos(x)	0.5403	0.4536	0.3624

Use it to estimate cos(1.15).

## OR

(c) The table given below gives square root for integers. Using linear interpolation formula estimate the square root of 4.5:

X	1	2	3	4	5
$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$	1	1.4142	1.7321	2	2.2361

(d) Given the data points

•	i	0	1	2
	X <sub>i</sub>	4	9	16
	$f_i$	2	3	4

Estimate the function value f at x = 7 using cubic splines.

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#### **EITHER**

4. (a) Derive formula for Simpson's 1/3 rule of Numerical Integration.

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(b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{6} \frac{dx}{1+x}$$
 using Trapezoidal Rule taking h = 1.

OR

(c) Given the equation :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$$
, y(0) = 0 and h = 0.2

Estimate y(0.4) using Runge-Kutta fourth order method.

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(d) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin x} \, dx$$
 using Simpson's  $3/8^{th}$  rule.

5. Attempt ALL:

- (a) What is transcendental equation? Explain with examples.
- (b) Explain Matrix inversion method. 2½
- (c) Explain, multiple linear Regression. 2½
- (d) What is composite trapezoidal rule? When do we use it?