Bachelor of Science (Information Technology) Semester-V Examination **GRAPH THEORY**

Paper-6

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

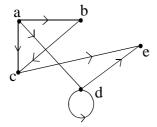
Note:—(1) All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

(2) Draw neat and well labelled diagram wherever necessary.

EITHER

- 1. (A) Define the following:
 - Simple graph
 - (ii) Multi graph
 - (iii) Directed graph
 - (iv) Adjacent graph
 - (v) Isolated node.

(B) What do you mean by adjacency matrix? Give an adjacency matrix to represent the graph shown below:



5

5

OR

(C) Discuss different operations on graph with example.

5

(D) Explain self complementary graph with example.

5

5

EITHER

- 2. (A) Explain path and circuit giving suitable examples. Also, differentiate between them.
 - (B) Prove that a simple graph with 'n' vertices must be connected if it has more than

$$\frac{(n-1)\cdot(n-2)}{2} \text{ edges.}$$

OR

(C) Explain Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm.

5

- (D) Write notes on:
 - Cut-Vertex. (i)
 - (ii) Vertex connectivity.

5

EITHER

- (A) Explain rooted trees and binary trees the with help of proper diagram.
- 5

(B) Prove-A graph with 'n' vertices is a tree if and only if it is circuit free.

5

OR

(C) Prove-A connected graph G with 'n' vertices and n-1 edges is a tree.

5

(D) Explain Kruskal's algorithm with an example.

5

EITHER

4.	(A)	Explain directed trees with an example.	5
	(B)	Discuss isomorphism of digraphs.	5
	OR		
	(C)	Write a note on polish notation.	5
	(D)	What is flow in graph? Explain Maximal flow algorithm.	5
5.	(A)	What is isomorphic graph?	2½
	(B)	Define:	
		(i) walk	
		(ii) trail	
		(iii) tour.	2½
	(C)	Define:	
		(i) Height of tree	
		(ii) Forest.	2½
	(D)	Define arborescence.	21/2