## Bachelor of Science (B.Sc. I.T.) Semester–I (C.B.S.) Examination APPLIED MATHEMATICS–I

## Paper—VI

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50 **N.B.**:— **ALL** questions are compulsory and carry equal marks. **EITHER** 1. (a) Construct the truth table for the formula  $(Q \land (P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow P.$ 5 (b) Given the truth values of P and Q as T and those of R and S as F, find the truth value of:  $(P \land (Q \land R)) \lor \exists ((P \lor Q) \land (R \lor S))$ 5 OR (c) Prove that  $(P \rightarrow Q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg P \lor Q)$ . 5 (d) Prove that if  $H_1$ ,  $H_2$ , ......,  $H_m$  and P imply Q, then  $H_1$ ,  $H_2$ , .....,  $H_m$  imply  $P \to Q$ . 5 **EITHER** 2. (a) Obtain disjunctive normal form of  $\sqcap (P \vee Q) \rightleftharpoons (P \wedge Q).$ 5 (b) Find Conjunctive normal form of  $(O \lor (P \land O)) \land \neg ((P \lor R) \land O).$ 5 OR (c) Obtain the principal disjunctive normal form of  $(P \wedge Q) \vee ( P \wedge R) \vee (Q \wedge R).$ 5 (d) Obtain the Principal conjunctive normal form of  $( P \rightarrow R) \land (Q \rightarrow P).$ 5 **EITHER** 3. (a) Demonstrate that R is valid inference from the premises  $P \to Q$ ,  $Q \to R$ , and P. 5 (b) Show that  $\neg$  (P  $\land$  Q) follows from  $\neg$  P  $\land$   $\neg$  Q. 5

## OR

- (c) Show that S ∨ R is tautologically implied by (P ∨ Q) ∧ (P → R) ∧ (Q → S).
  (d) Show that the following premises are inconsistent:
  (1) If Jack misses many classes through illness, then he fails high school.
  (2) If Jack fails high school, then he is uneducated.
  - (3) If Jack reads a lot of books, then he is not uneducated.
  - (4) Jack misses many classes through illness and reads a lot of books.

## **EITHER**

4. (a) Indicate whether the following variables are free or bound, also show the scope :

$$(x) (P(x) \land R(x)) \rightarrow (x) P(x) \land Q(x).$$

(b) Show that:

$$(x) (P(x) \to Q(x)) \land (x)(Q(x) \to R(x)) \Rightarrow (x)(P(x) \to R(x)).$$

OR

(c) Show that  $(\exists x)$  M(x) follows logically from the premises :

$$(x) (H(x) \rightarrow M(x)) \text{ and } (\exists x) H(x).$$
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(d) Show that:

$$(x) (p(x) \lor Q(x)) \Rightarrow xP(x) \lor (\exists x) Q(x).$$

5. Attempt **all**:

- (a) Construct the truth table for P∧ P.
  (b) What is maxterm?
  2½
- (c) What are the rules of inference? 2½
- (d) Symbolize the statement :
  - "All men are gaints."

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