Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.I.T.) Semester—IV Examination

NUMERICAL METHODS

Paper—VI

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50 **Note:**—(1) All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks. (2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary. (3) Draw neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary. **EITHER** 1. (a) Find a root of equation $x^2 - x - 2 = 0$ using Bisection Method. 5 (b) Find a root of equation $f(x) = x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$ in the vicinity of x = 0 using Newton-Raphson method. 5 OR 5 (c) Derive the false position formula for evaluating a root of a non-linear equation. (d) Use secant method to estimate the root of the equation $x^2 - 4x - 10 = 0$ with the initial estimates of $x_1 = 4$ and $x_2 = 2$. 5 **EITHER** 2. (a) What is pivoting? Distinguish between complete pivoting and partial pivoting. 5 (b) Solve the following system of equations using Gauss-Jordan method: $2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 7$ $4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 4$ $x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 0$ 5 OR (c) What are the possibilities of a solution of a system of linear equations? Explain each by giving an example. 5 (d) Solve the following 3×3 system of equations using Gauss-Elimination Method: $3x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 = 16$ $2x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 = 13$ $x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 9$ 5 **EITHER** 3. (a) Derive the Lagrange's interpolation formula for the set of (n + 1) points. 5 (b) Fit a straight line to the following set of data: 1 2 3 5 y : 5 8 3 4 6 5 OR (c) Fit the curve $y = ae^{bx}$ to the following data: x : 12 3 4 y : 1.65 2.70 4.50 7.35 5 (d) Explain Spline interpolation with example. 5

EITHER

4. (a) What is Numerical Integration? Derive the formula for Trapezoidal rule.

(b) Use Simpson's 1/3 Rule with n = 4 to estimate $\int_{1}^{1} \frac{dx}{1 + x^2}$.

5

OR

(c) Use Trapezoidal Rule to compute

$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} \, dx$$

correct upto three decimal places.

Assume h = 0.2.

(d) Given the equation:

$$y'(x) = \frac{2y}{x} \text{ with } y(1) = 2$$

Estimate y(2) using Milne-Simpson predictor-corrector method.

Assume h = 0.25.

- 5. Attempt **ALL**:
 - (a) Discuss the limitations of Newton-Raphson Method. 2½
 - (b) Explain:
 - (i) System has a unique solution
 - (ii) System has no solution. 2½
 - (c) Derive linear interpolation formula. 2½
 - (d) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \cos x \, dx$ by using Trapezoidal Rule.

Assume h = 0.25