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<b>Completed</b>	Monday, 5 January 2026, 12:53 PM
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<b>Marks</b>	23.00/23.00
<b>Grade</b>	<b>10.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>100%</b> )

### Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Unit tests concentrate on testing a

Select one:

- a. One execution path within particular software component
- b. One full and always customer deliverable software unit
- c. Unique code line
- d. Sw part that performs one or more related functions 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Sw part that performs one or more related functions

### Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What are the most common test levels, to differentiate big/small scope and what outcome of tests mean?

Select one:

- a. Backend tests, API tests and REST tests.
- b. Exploratory testing and cowboy testing.
- c. Unit testing, integration testing, system testing and acceptance testing 
- d. Scrum, Waterfall, Kanban and xp testing.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Unit testing, integration testing, system testing and acceptance testing

**Question 3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Black box testing types are such as

Select one:

- a. debugging code and verifying code behavior.
- b. unit and integration tests.
- c. functional, non-functional and regression. 
- d. logging tested program's internal behavior.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: functional, non-functional and regression.

**Question 4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Equivalence partitioning

Select one:

- a. means that all tests are equal.
- b. means that test parameter distance is always constant.
- c. divides test parameter values in classes, and certain test class is tested only once, resulting in less test cases. 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: divides test parameter values in classes, and certain test class is tested only once, resulting in less test cases.

**Question 5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Integration tests

Select one:

- a. are best for finding bugs in software components
- b. are executed before unit tests
- c. are concentrating on testing the integral part of the software unit
- d. concentrate on interfaces and connections between different parts 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: concentrate on interfaces and connections between different parts

**Question 6**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## White box testing

Select one:

- a. always executes all input parameter combinations.
- b. requires understanding of tested part's internal operation. 
- c. is executed in the end of the project.
- d. can be typically tested by a junior tester.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: requires understanding of tested part's internal operation.

**Question 7**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Integration tests

Select one:

- a. are often executed by scrum master
- b. can be executed by junior testers as this is typically easy black box testing
- c. do not require the concerned software components to have a compatible interface
- d. are often executed by developers due to need for special sw, tooling and fast debug cycle 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: are often executed by developers due to need for special sw, tooling and fast debug cycle

**Question 8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Boundary value analysis

Select one:

- a. is not concentrating on minimizing tests.
- b. shows that the tested part works with all parameter values.
- c. is testing only with values just in the border of equivalence class. 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is testing only with values just in the border of equivalence class.

**Question 9**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## System testing

Select one:

- a. is not necessary if unit tests and integration tests are successful.
- b. is done fully with functional testing aka tests against explicit user requirements.
- c. can consist partially of non-functional testing such as performance or security testing. 
- d. can consist of unit tests and integration tests which are just re-executed.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: can consist partially of non-functional testing such as performance or security testing.

**Question 10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Exploratory testing

Select one:

- a. is performed by someone without prior knowledge of the program.
- b. is combined testing, documenting and learning from the test object. 
- c. is testing freely all kind of fun stuff.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is combined testing, documenting and learning from the test object.

**Question 11**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**Decision table**

Select one:

- a. is a tool documenting tester's decisions.
- b. is a tool to visualize combinations of parameters and test cases. 
- c. is a tool for projects decisions.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is a tool to visualize combinations of parameters and test cases.

**Question 12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**Functional tests are**

Select one:

- a. very often white box.
- b. are not testing against user requirements.
- c. tests against functional requirements. 
- d. tests that are functional, they work.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: tests against functional requirements.

**Question 13**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**System testing**

Select one:

- a. cannot be tested by the developers.
- b. can be done by anyone as it requires no domain knowledge.
- c. is typically done by the testers. 
- d. is typically done by simulating a system.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is typically done by the testers.

**Question 14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**Non-functional tests are**

Select one:

- a. are mostly not black box tests.
- b. are tested mainly in acceptance testing.
- c. tests against non-functional requirements like usability, security, performance or compatibility. 
- d. tests against non-functional (buggy) features of the program.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: tests against non-functional requirements like usability, security, performance or compatibility.

**Question 15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Risk-based testing

Select one:

- a. optimizes time usage when performing full testing of the software.
- b. prioritizes testing of frequently used and important features, where failure would cause big damage. 
- c. is not an agile strategy trying to analyze the probability of bug in certain area based on code, testing and organization statistics.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: prioritizes testing of frequently used and important features, where failure would cause big damage.

**Question 16**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

## Black box testing

Select one:

- a. does not concentrate on program's inputs and outputs.
- b. is testing where program's internal behavior is not the highest priority. 
- c. is typically executed in a sandbox environment.
- d. is executed in an unknown environment.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is testing where program's internal behavior is not the highest priority.

**Question 17**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What should we ideally have in the end of a successful scrum sprint?

Select one:

- a. A lot of bugs.
- b. Functioning software and demo. 
- c. Well polished sprint backlog, documented tickets with user stories
- d. Perfect product backlog.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Functioning software and demo.

**Question 18**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To minimize testing risks, especially in a bigger project

Select one:

- a. no documentation should be done because it takes time from the testing.
- b. tests should always be performed twice to prevent erroneous results.
- c. only risk-based testing should be performed.
- d. tests should be available, testing tools should be documented, and performed tests should be documented. 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: tests should be available, testing tools should be documented, and performed tests should be documented.

**Question 19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Acceptance testing should

Select one:

- a. be performed by project developers as they have the true knowledge
- b. be performed by senior project testers as they have the knowledge.
- c. consists of all tests in the projects being accepted
- d. be performed by customers if available. 

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: be performed by customers if available.

**Question 20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

System testing

Select one:

- a. tests against the requirements. 
- b. is preferably started early in the development with the first prototype
- c. concentrates on how the system behaves towards external world
- d. concentrates on just certain components in the system

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: tests against the requirements.

**Question 21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**Acceptance testing**

Select one:

- a. should be performed in real environment or closest possible. 
- b. should be always done in a simulated environment to save money
- c. should be performed in a local computer environment by devs
- d. means the program, if passes tests, is accepted for testing.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: should be performed in real environment or closest possible.

**Question 22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

**Smoke testing**

Select one:

- a. reduces wasted time from organization by rapidly rejecting bad code or unit. 
- b. takes close to 100% of system performance, so that it could even "smoke".
- c. takes a long time when done thoroughly.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: reduces wasted time from organization by rapidly rejecting bad code or unit.

**Question 23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What happens if there's a major architectural problem found in certain, let's say coding, phase of a pure waterfall model project?

Select one:

- a. Stall or return whole project to previous phases, redo and fix issues until problems can be solved 
- b. Iterate the issue in iterative sprints
- c. Remove the problematic code and proceed onwards with the project
- d. Proceed onwards with completion of other functional features in an agile way

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Stall or return whole project to previous phases, redo and fix issues until problems can be solved