

# SOFTWARE DESIGN AND ARCHITECTURE

Course 2 Capstone Peer Review 2.1 Tutorial

# Course 2 Capstone Peer Review 1 Tutorial

This tutorial walks you through most of the steps involved in updating the starter code base to implement the Command pattern. The steps in this tutorial are:

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You do not necessarily have to go through all these steps manually, you could opt to start this assignment from the Peer Review 1 starter code base.	
If you would like to opt to simply use the peer review 1 starter code base, you must sti visit steps in the tutorial:	II
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There are hints in these steps, so they are definitely worth checking out!

This application allows for items and contacts to be added, edited and deleted. Each of these actions can be thought of as a command and should have a Command class to execute it.

When you implement the Command Pattern for this assignment, the features and functionality of the app should not change. By implementing this design pattern you are simply organizing the code so that actions are conducted through command objects.

# 1. (Optional) Clear the app memory (if you have SharingApp installed)

If you already have a previous version of SharingApp on your emulator it is a good idea to clear the app's data. If we don't clear the previously stored data then the app may crash due to changes made to the model.

After opening Android Studio click the **play button** to run the app.

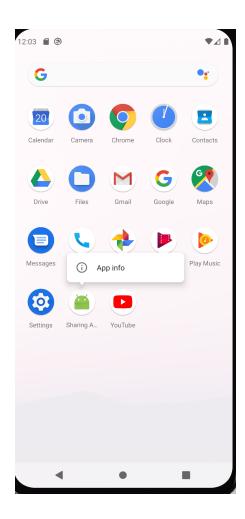


Be patient, the emulator may take a few minutes to load.

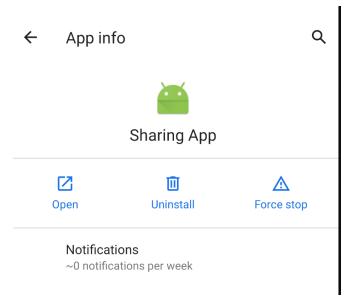
If the app launches and doesn't crash -- great! You are done. Apparently the changes you made to the app did not have an effect on the data being stored. You can now move to **Step 2**.

If it does crash -- don't worry. A message will appear to inform you that the app has crashed. Click **OK**.

Then, swipe up and find the Sharing App. Long click on the icon to see the App info



Click App Info, and then select Uninstall



Now the app is uninstalled and all the previously stored data has been erased.

#### 2. Create and implement the abstract Command class

All concrete Command classes (AddItemCommand, DeleteItemCommand, EditItemCommand, AddContactCommand, DeleteContactCommand, and EditContactCommand) will inherit from an abstract Command class. We need to add this class to the project.

Create a new abstract class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click  $New \rightarrow Java Class$ .



Name the class Command then hit Enter. This creates an empty Command class.



Replace the contents of the **Command** class with:

```
package com.example.sharingapp;

/**

* Superclass of AddContactCommand, EditContactCommand, DeleteContactCommand,

* AddItemCommand, EditItemCommand, DeleteItemCommand

*/

public abstract class Command {

    private boolean is_executed;

    public Command() {
        is_executed = false;
    }

    public abstract void execute();

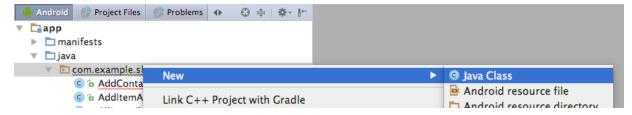
    public boolean isExecuted() {
        return is_executed;
    }

    public void setIsExecuted(boolean is_executed) {
```

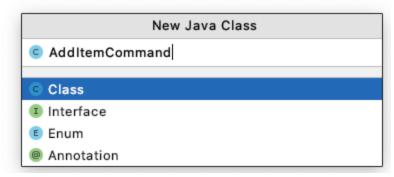
```
this.is_executed = is_executed;
}
```

# 3. Create and implement the AddItemCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click  $New \rightarrow Java\ Class$ 



Name the class **AddItemCommand**. Hit **Enter**. This creates an empty **AddItemCommand** class.



Replace the contents of the **AddItemCommand** class with:

```
package com.example.sharingapp;
import android.content.Context;

/**
   * Command to add item
   */
public class AddItemCommand extends Command{

   private ItemList item_list;
   private Item item;
   private Context context;

   public AddItemCommand(ItemList item_list, Item item, Context context) {
        this.item_list = item_list;
        this.item = item;
        this.context = context;
   }

   public void execute(){
```

```
item_list.addItem(item);
    setIsExecuted(item_list.saveItems(context));
}
```

Notice that item\_list.saveltems(context); is underlined in **red**.

```
public void execute(){
   item_list.addItem(item);
   setIsExecuted(item_list.saveItems(context));
}
```

This is because the **ItemList** class does not have a method called **saveItems()** that matches that signature, i.e, **setIsExecuted()** is expecting that **item\_list**.saveItems(**context**) will return a boolean, but instead it returns void.

Let's take a look at **ItemList** to sort this out.

# 4. Update the ItemList class

Double click on the **ItemList** class to open it. Navigate to the **saveItems()** method. Replace the current **saveItems()** method with:

```
public boolean saveItems(Context context) {
    try {
        FileOutputStream fos = context.openFileOutput(FILENAME, 0);
        OutputStreamWriter osw = new OutputStreamWriter(fos);
        Gson gson = new Gson();
        gson.toJson(items, osw);
        osw.flush();
        fos.close();
} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        return false;
} catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        return false;
}
return true;
}
```

# 5. Create and implement the DeleteItemCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click **New** → **Java Class**.

Name the class **DeleteItemCommand**. Hit **Enter**. This creates an empty **DeleteItemCommand** class.

Replace the contents of **DeleteItemCommand** with:

```
package com.example.sharingapp;
import android.content.Context;
/**
* Command to delete an item
public class DeleteItemCommand extends Command {
   private ItemList item_list;
   private Item item;
   private Context context;
   public DeleteItemCommand(ItemList item_list, Item item, Context context) {
       this.item_list = item_list;
       this.item = item;
       this.context = context;
   }
   public void execute() {
       item_list.deleteItem(item);
       setIsExecuted(item_list.saveItems(context));
   }
```

# 6. Create and implement the EditItemCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click **New** → **Java Class** 

Name the class **EditItemCommand**. Click **OK**. This creates an empty **EditItemCommand** class. Replace the contents of **EditItemCommand** with:

```
package com.example.sharingapp;
import android.content.Context;

/**
   * Command to edit a pre-existing item
   */
public class EditItemCommand extends Command {
    private ItemList item_list;
    private Item old_item;
    private Item new_item;
    private Context context;

   public EditItemCommand(ItemList item_list, Item old_item, Item new_item,
Context context) {
```

```
this.item_list = item_list;
    this.old_item = old_item;
    this.new_item = new_item;
    this.context = context;
}

public void execute() {
    item_list.deleteItem(old_item);
    item_list.addItem(new_item);
    setIsExecuted(item_list.saveItems(context));
}
```

Now that we have created all the Commands related to the **ItemList** class (**AddItemCommand**, **DeleteItemCommand**, and **EditItemCommand**) it is time to update our Activities to use these Commands instead of directly interacting with the **ItemList** model.

# 7. Update AddItemActivity to use AddItemCommand

Double click on **AddItemActivity** to edit it.

Locate the **saveItem()** method. Locate the following lines within the **saveItem()** method:

```
item_list.addItem(item);
item_list.saveItems(context);
```

**Replace** these (above) two lines with:

```
// Add item
AddItemCommand add_item_command = new AddItemCommand(item_list, item,
context);
add_item_command.execute();
boolean success = add_item_command.isExecuted();
if (!success){
   return;
}
```

# 8. Update EditItemActivity to use DeleteItemCommand and EditItemCommand

Double click on **EditItemActivity** to edit it.

Locate the saveltem() method. Locate the following lines within the saveltem() method:

```
item_list.deleteItem(item);
item_list.addItem(item);
item_list.saveItems(context);
```

**Replace** these (above) three lines with:

```
// Edit item
EditItemCommand edit_item_command = new EditItemCommand(item_list, item,
updated_item, context);
edit_item_command.execute();

boolean success = edit_item_command.isExecuted();
if (!success){
    return;
}
```

Next, locate the **deleteltem()** method. Locate the following lines within the **deleteltem()** method:

```
item_list.deleteItem(item);
item_list.saveItems(context);

Replace these (above) two lines with:

// Delete item

DeleteItemCommand delete_item_command = new DeleteItemCommand(item_list, item, context);
delete_item_command.execute();

boolean success = delete_item_command.isExecuted();
if (!success){
    return;
}
```

Now that we have implemented all the **ItemList** related commands, it is your turn to implement the **ContactList** related commands: **AddContactCommand**, **DeleteContactCommand**, and **EditContactCommand**. You will find that these commands are essentially analogous to **AddItemCommand**, **DeleteItemCommand**, and **EditItemCommand**, respectfully. Additionally ,the process involved in updating the application to accommodate these new commands is also completely analogous.

# 9. Create and implement the AddContactCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click **New** → **Java Class**.

Name the class **AddContactCommand**. Hit **Enter**. This creates an empty **AddContactCommand** class.

Implement the AddContactCommand class. Hint: this step is analogous to Step 3.

#### 10. Update the ContactList class

Double click on the **ContactList** class to open it. Navigate to the **saveContacts()** method.

Update the current saveContacts() method. Hint: this step is analogous to Step 4

#### 11. Create and implement the DeleteContactCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click  $New \rightarrow Java\ Class$ .

Name the class **DeleteContactCommand**. Hit **Enter**. This creates an empty **DeleteContactCommand** class.

Implement the **DeleteContactCommand** class. **Hint**: this step is analogous to **Step 5**.

#### 12. Create and implement the EditContactCommand class

Create a new class by right-clicking on the **com.example.sharingapp** folder, then click **New** → **Java Class**.

Name the class **EditContactCommand**. Hit **Enter**. This creates an empty **EditContactCommand** class.

Implement the EditContactCommand class. Hint: this step is analogous to Step 6.

Now that we have created all the Commands related to the **ContactList** class (**AddContactCommand**, **DeleteContactCommand**, and **EditContactCommand**) it is time to update our Activities to use these Commands instead of directly interacting with the **ContactList** model.

#### 13. Update AddContactActivity to use AddContactCommand

Double click on AddContactActivity to edit it. Locate the saveContact() method.

Update the **saveContact()** method. **Hint**: this step is analogous to **Step 7**.

# 14. Update EditContactActivity to use DeleteContactCommand and EditContactCommand

Double click on **EditContactActivity** to edit it.

Locate the saveContact() and method. Update the saveContact() method.

Locate the **deleteContact()** and method. Update the **deleteContact()** method.

Hint: this step is analogous to Step 8.

# 15. Run the app

Assuming you have correctly implemented the Command Design Pattern then at this point you should be able to run the app by clicking the **play** button.



Be patient! It may take a few minutes to open and launch SharingApp.