#### **Comparative Genomics Analyses**

- Brucella
- Mycobacterium
  - Helicobacter
- Corynebacterium
  - Staphylococcus

### **Bioinformatic Pipelines and Tools**

- Protein Family Sorter
- Comparative Pathway Viewer
  - RASTtk
  - Protein families
  - Antimicrobial resistance identification

# Pathosystems Resource Integration Center

#### PATRIC

Supported by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases since 2004

## **NIAID Priority Pathogens**

#### Category A

- · Bacillus anthracis (anthrax)
- Clostridium botulinum toxin (botulism)
- · Yersinia pestis (plague)
- · Variola major (smallpox) and other related pox viruses
- · Francisella tularensis (tularemia)
- · Viral hemorrhagic fevers
- Arenaviruses
  - O LCM, Junin virus, Machupo virus, Guanarito virus
  - o Lassa Fever
- Bunvaviruses
  - o Hantaviruses
  - o Rift Valley Fever
- Flaviruses
  - o Dengue
- Filoviruses
  - o Ebola
  - Marburg

#### Category B

- · Burkholderia pseudomallei
- · Coxiella burnetii (Q fever)
- · Brucella species (brucellosis)
- · Burkholderia mallei (glanders)
- · Chlamydia psittaci (Psittacosis)
- Ricin toxin (from Ricinus communis)
- · Epsilon toxin of Clostridium perfringens
- · Staphylococcus enterotoxin B
- Typhus fever (Rickettsia prowazekii)
- Food- and Waterborne Pathogens
  - Bacteria
    - Diarrheagenic E.coli
    - Pathogenic Vibrios
    - Shigella species
    - Salmonella
    - Listeria monocytogenes
    - Campylobacter jejuni
    - Yersinia enterocolitica)

#### Category C

Emerging infectious disease threats such as Nipah virus and additional hantaviruses.

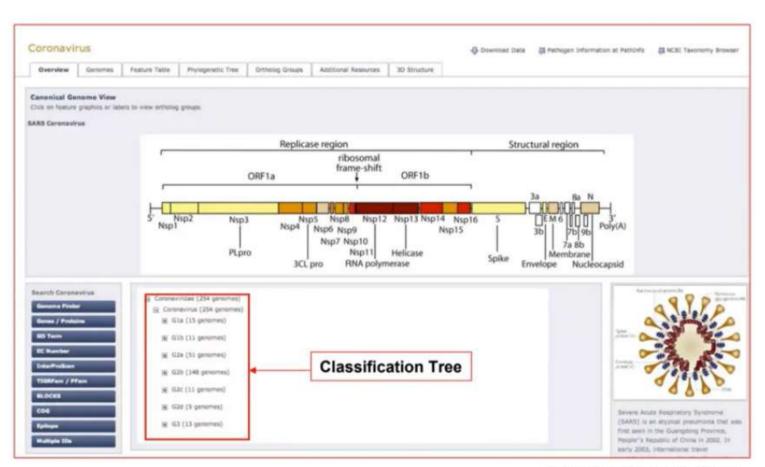
NIAID priority areas:

- · Tickborne hemorrhagic fever viruses
  - O Crimean-Congo Hemorrhagic fever virus
- · Tickborne encephalitis viruses
- · Yellow fever
- Multi-drug resistant TB
- Influenza
- Other Rickettsias
- Rabies
- · Prions
- · Chikungunya virus
- Severe acute respiratory syndrome associated coronavirus (SARS-CoV)
- Antimicrobial resistance, excluding research on sexually transmitted organisms\*



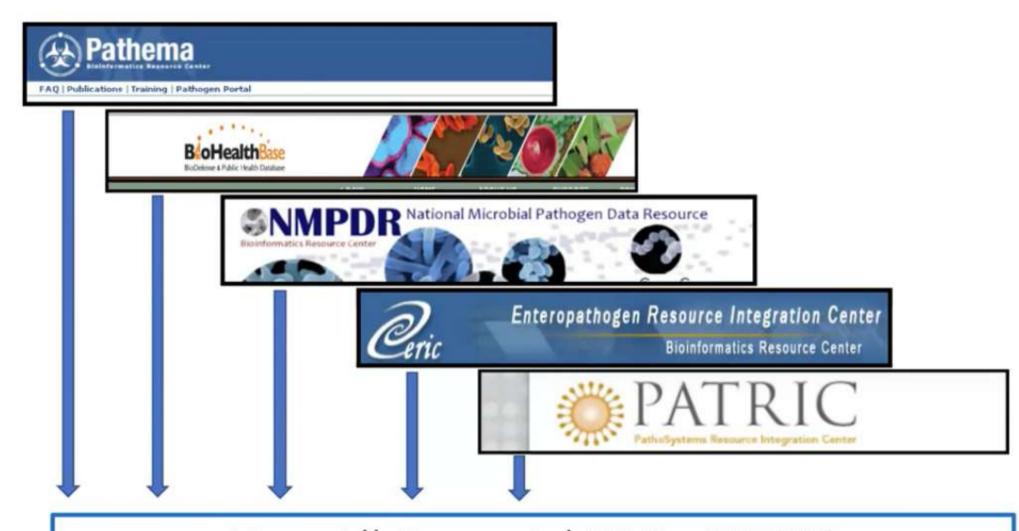
## PATRIC 1 (2004-2009)

- Bacteria
  - Brucella
  - Coxiella
  - Rickettsia
- Viruses
  - Caliciviridae
  - Coronavirus
  - Hepatitis A Virus
  - Hepatitis E Virus
  - Lyssavirus



**Organism Overview Page** 

## PATRIC 2 Data Merge



New All-Bacterial BRC: **PATRIC**Includes Pathogenic Bacteria and Relatives

# PATRIC 2-3 (2009 – 2019)



<u>Viruses</u>: IRD/ViPR UTSW, Northrop



<u>Viruses</u>: IRD/ViPR Northrop, JCVI



<u>Bacteria</u>: PATRIC VT, UChicago



Bacteria: PATRIC UChicago, VT



Eukaryotes: EuPathDB UPenn, UGA





Eukaryotes: EuPathDB UPenn, UGA



Vectors: Notre Dame EBI/EMBL

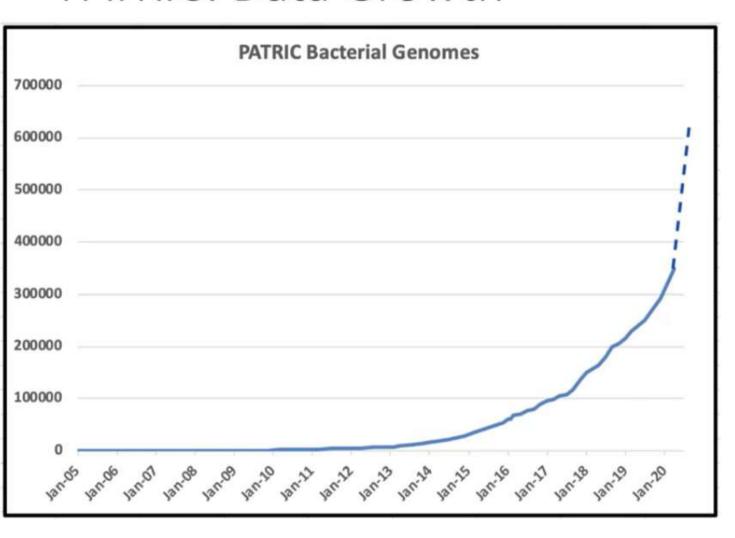




Vectors: Notre Dame EBI/EMBL

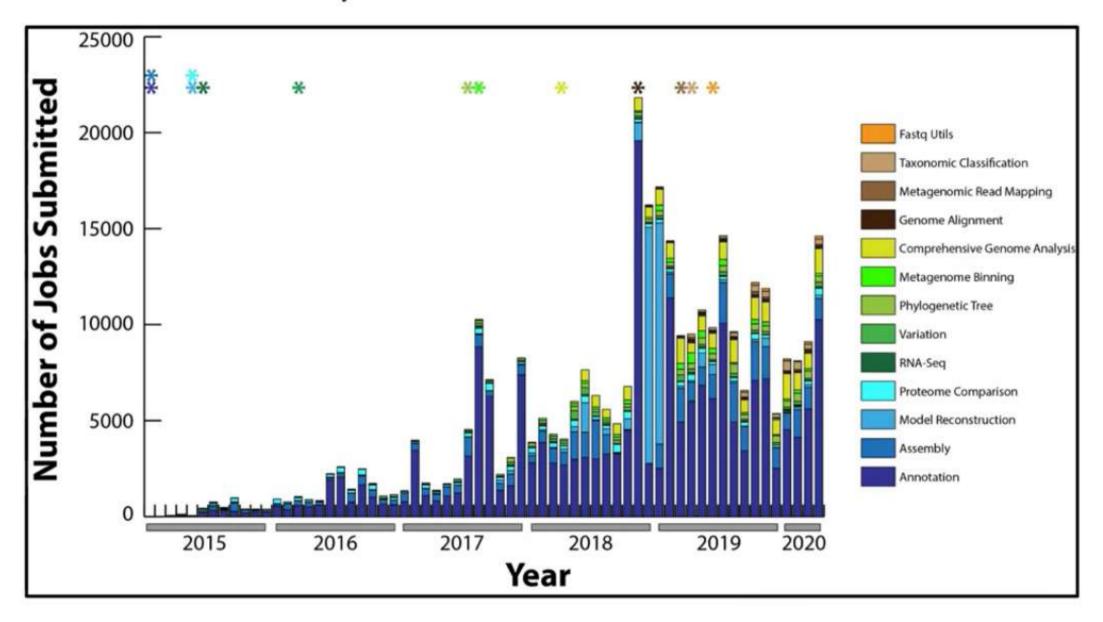


## PATRIC: Data Growth



- Started with ~15 bacterial genomes in 2004
- Doubling every 2 years
- Will add about 250K viral genomes soon

## PATRIC: Analysis Service Growth



## Bacterial and Viral BRC (2019-2024)





#### Viruses:

IRD/ViPR Northrop, JCVI



#### Bacteria and Viruses:

**BV-BRC** UChicago, JCVI, UVA



#### Bacteria:

PATRIC UChicago, VT





#### Eukaryotes:

EuPathDB UPenn, UGA





#### Vectors:

Notre Dame EBI/EMBL



#### **Eukaryotes and Vectors:**

**VEuPathDB** UPenn, UGA Notre Dame, EBI/EMBL



# patricbrc.org

#### Genomics

Assembly W

Annotation

Comprehensive Genome

Analysis

BLAST

Similar Genome Finder

Variation Analysis

Tn-Seq Analysis

Phylogenetic Tree

Genome Alignment

#### Metagenomics

Metagenomic Read Mapping

Taxonomic Classification

Metagenomic Binning

#### **Transcriptomics**

Expression Import

RNA-Seq Analysis

#### **Protein Tools**

Protein Family Sorter

Proteome Comparison

#### Metabolomics

Comparative Pathway

Model Reconstruction

#### Data

ID Mapper

Fastq Utilities

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