Introduction

Lectures

Supplementary materials

Assessment

Quiz: Enzymes, Enzyme
Discovery and Engineering
11 questions

Enzymes, Enzyme Discovery and Engineering

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Enzymes, Enzyme Discovery and Engineering **TOTAL POINTS 11** 1 point Which of the following statements is true? Some cells in your body do not contain any enzymes Enzymes are generally DNA molecules The primary purpose of all enzymes is digestion The primary purpose of all enzymes is metabolism Enzymes are generally protein molecules 2. How 1 point might an enzyme speed up a certain chemical reaction? By binding to the substrate(s) in the active site in an optimal orientation By creating an environment suitable for catalysis (e.g. acidic / basic residues) By stabilising the highest energy part of the reaction (transition state) By expelling water/unwanted reatants from the active site All of the above 3. Which 1 point of the following definitions is wrong? Enzymology is the study of enzyme structure, function and catalytic mechanism Ocenzymes are protein components which assist some enzymes in catalysis The active site is the area of an enzyme where substrate binding and catalysis occur Activation energy is the minimum energy required for a specific reaction to proceed Quantum tunnelling is a phenomenon by which small reactants become product without possessing the classical activation energy 1 point terms of molecular evolution, which statement is true? Sequence motifs important for function are likely to vary over time Sequence motifs important for function are never present in homologous enzymes Sequence motifs important for function are unlikely to be present in related sequences Sequence motifs important for function are likely to occur randomly / by coincidence in unrelated sequences Sequence motifs important for function are likely to remain conserved overtime 5. Which 1 point of the following definitions is wrong? Molecular evolution is the process by which sequences change over evolutionary time Bioinformatics is the use of computational approaches to analyse biological data Homologues are sequences descended from a common ancestor Phylogenetics is the study of evolutionary relationships A metagenome is the entire complement of DNA in an organism 6. Which 1 point of the following parameters is a measure of the affinity of the enzyme for its substrate in kinetic analysis? Vmax 1/2 Vmax Substrate Concentration KM Reaction Rate

7. Which of the following is not a method for determining the structure of an enzyme?

8. In which of the following situations might it be desirable to produce an enzyme in laboratory strain bacteria, rather than

Cryo-Electron Microscopy

X-ray Crystallography

the original host organism

ΔII of the above

When the original host is a plant with slow growth rate

When the original host only

When the enzyme needs to be tagged and purified for study

produces low levels of the enzyme

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

High Pressure Liquid Chromatography

Electron Paramagnetic Resonance

1 point