

## TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES

- **Reciprocal identities**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin u &= \frac{1}{\csc u} & \cos u &= \frac{1}{\sec u} \\ \tan u &= \frac{1}{\cot u} & \cot u &= \frac{1}{\tan u} \\ \csc u &= \frac{1}{\sin u} & \sec u &= \frac{1}{\cos u}\end{aligned}$$

- **Pythagorean Identities**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 u + \cos^2 u &= 1 \\ 1 + \tan^2 u &= \sec^2 u \\ 1 + \cot^2 u &= \csc^2 u\end{aligned}$$

- **Quotient Identities**

$$\tan u = \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} \quad \cot u = \frac{\cos u}{\sin u}$$

- **Co-Function Identities**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \cos u & \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \sin u \\ \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \cot u & \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \tan u \\ \csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \sec u & \sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) &= \csc u\end{aligned}$$

- **Parity Identities (Even & Odd)**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(-u) &= -\sin u & \cos(-u) &= \cos u \\ \tan(-u) &= -\tan u & \cot(-u) &= -\cot u \\ \csc(-u) &= -\csc u & \sec(-u) &= \sec u\end{aligned}$$

- **Sum & Difference Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(u \pm v) &= \sin u \cos v \pm \cos u \sin v \\ \cos(u \pm v) &= \cos u \cos v \mp \sin u \sin v \\ \tan(u \pm v) &= \frac{\tan u \pm \tan v}{1 \mp \tan u \tan v}\end{aligned}$$

- **Double Angle Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(2u) &= 2 \sin u \cos u \\ \cos(2u) &= \cos^2 u - \sin^2 u \\ &= 2 \cos^2 u - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 u \\ \tan(2u) &= \frac{2 \tan u}{1 - \tan^2 u}\end{aligned}$$

- **Power-Reducing/Half Angle Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 u &= \frac{1 - \cos(2u)}{2} \\ \cos^2 u &= \frac{1 + \cos(2u)}{2} \\ \tan^2 u &= \frac{1 - \cos(2u)}{1 + \cos(2u)}\end{aligned}$$

- **Sum-to-Product Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin u + \sin v &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right) \\ \sin u - \sin v &= 2 \cos\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right) \\ \cos u + \cos v &= 2 \cos\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right) \\ \cos u - \cos v &= -2 \sin\left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{u-v}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

- **Product-to-Sum Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin u \sin v &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(u-v) - \cos(u+v)] \\ \cos u \cos v &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(u-v) + \cos(u+v)] \\ \sin u \cos v &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(u+v) + \sin(u-v)] \\ \cos u \sin v &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(u+v) - \sin(u-v)]\end{aligned}$$