



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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EXPERIMENT

Title

SUM OF NUMBERS AT PRIME FACTORS

Description

Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.

Given an array `arr` of `n` integers and a positive integer `num`.

Let's suppose prime factorization of `num` is: $p^a \times q^b \times r^c \times \dots \times z^f$, where `p,q,r...z` are prime numbers.

Sum of numbers in array `arr` at indices of prime factors of number `num` is: `a x arr[p] + b x arr[q] + c x arr[r] + + f x arr[z]`.

You are given an array `arr` of size `n` and a positive integer `num`. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in `arr` as mentioned above, and print the same.

Note:

- If `arr` is empty, print -1.
- If prime factor of `num` not found as indices, print 0.

Input Format:

The input consists of three lines:

- The first line contains an integer, i.e. `n`.
- The second line contains an array `arr` of length of `n`.
- The third line contains an integer `num`

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.

Output Format:

Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.

Example:

Input:

6

11 21 32 45 1 23

6

Output:

77

Explanation:

$6 = 2^1 \times 3^1$

$\text{sum} = 1 \times \text{arr}[2] + 1 \times \text{arr}[3] = 1 \times 32 + 1 \times 45 = 77$

Source Code:

```
from collections import defaultdict
def prime_factors(num):
    factors=defaultdict(int)
    while num%2==0:
        factors[2]+=1
        num//=2
    for i in range(3,int(num**0.5)+1,2):
        while num%i==0:
            factors[i]+=1
            num//=i
    if num>2:
        factors[num]+=1
    return factors
def calculate(arr,num):
    if not arr:
        return -1
    factors=prime_factors(num)
    total_sum=0
    valid=False
    for prime,power in factors.items():
        if prime
```

RESULT

4 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 80 %