

# Phased Consistency Models

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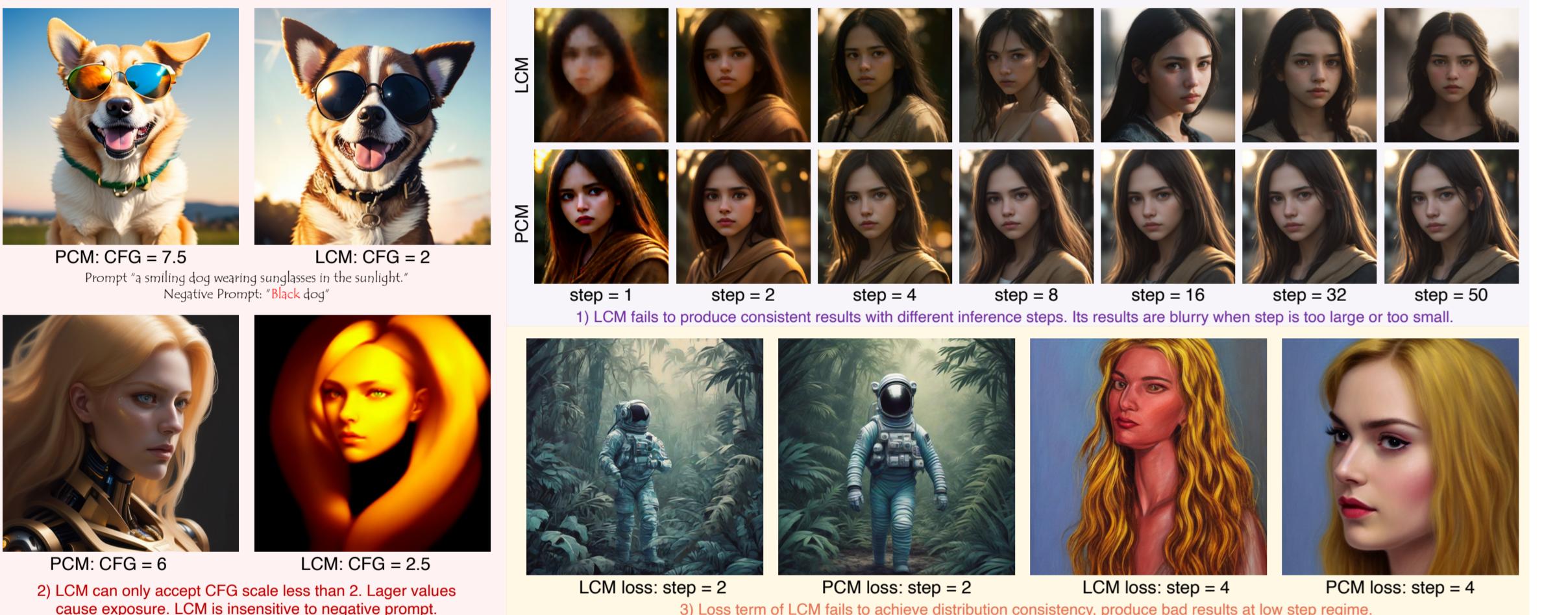
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## Background & Motivation

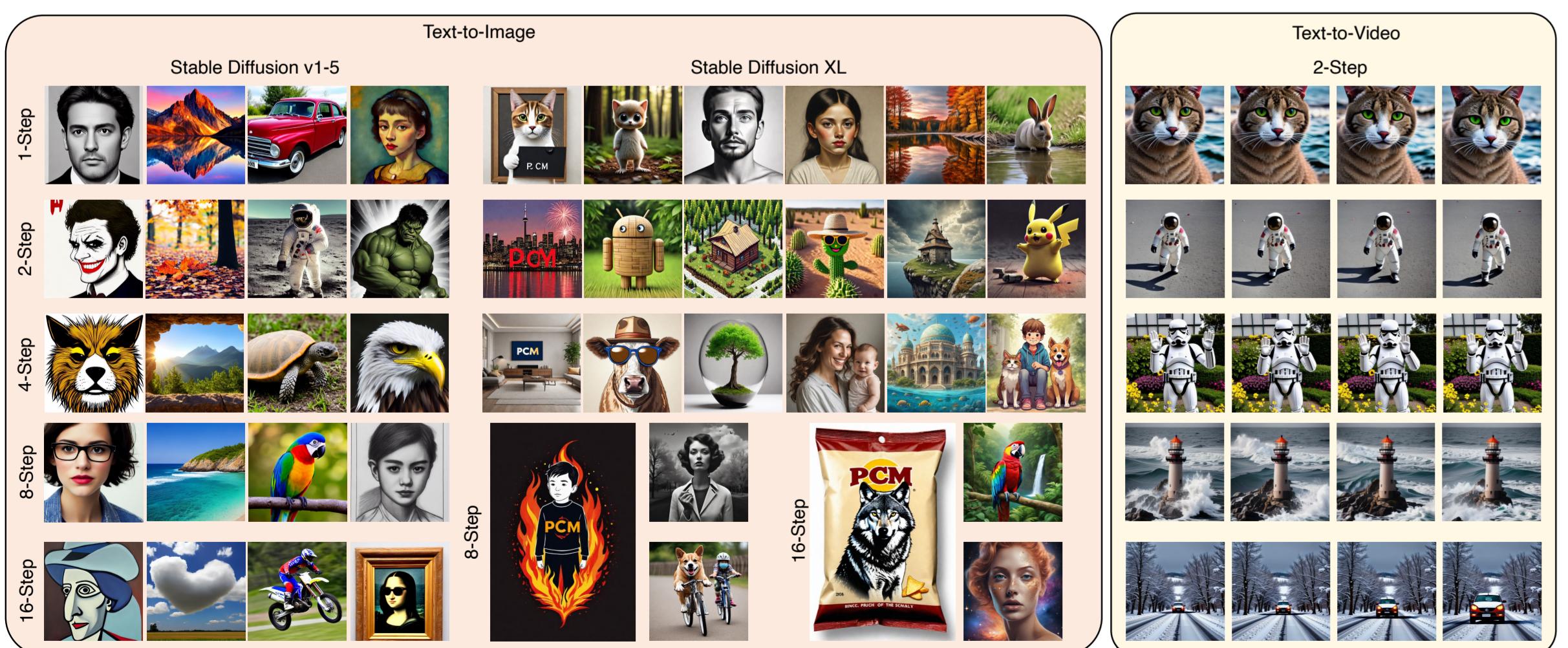
- Consistency Models (CMs) have made significant progress, capable of generating diverse high-fidelity samples in one step.
- Latent Consistency Models (LCMs) extend the scope of CMs to the high-resolution text-to-image generation. Yet the generation quality of LCMs is not satisfactory.

## Limitations of Latent Consistency Models

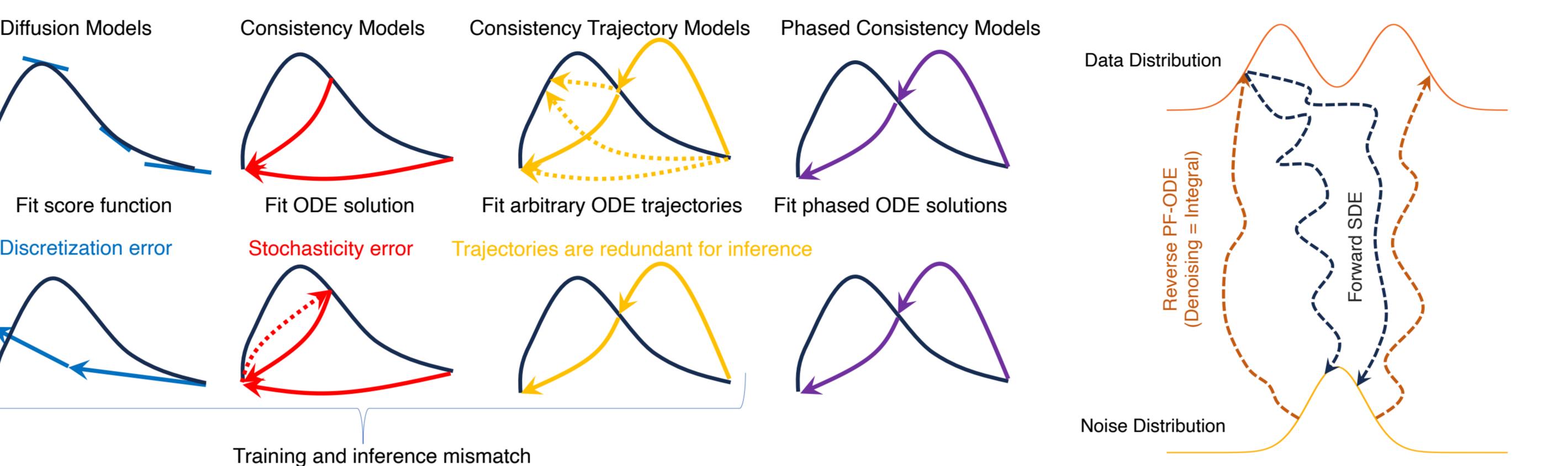


LCMs face drawbacks in **controllability**, **consistency**, and **efficiency**. PCMs identify these limitations, generalize the design space, and tackle these limitations.

## Text-to-Image and Text-to-Video in One Step



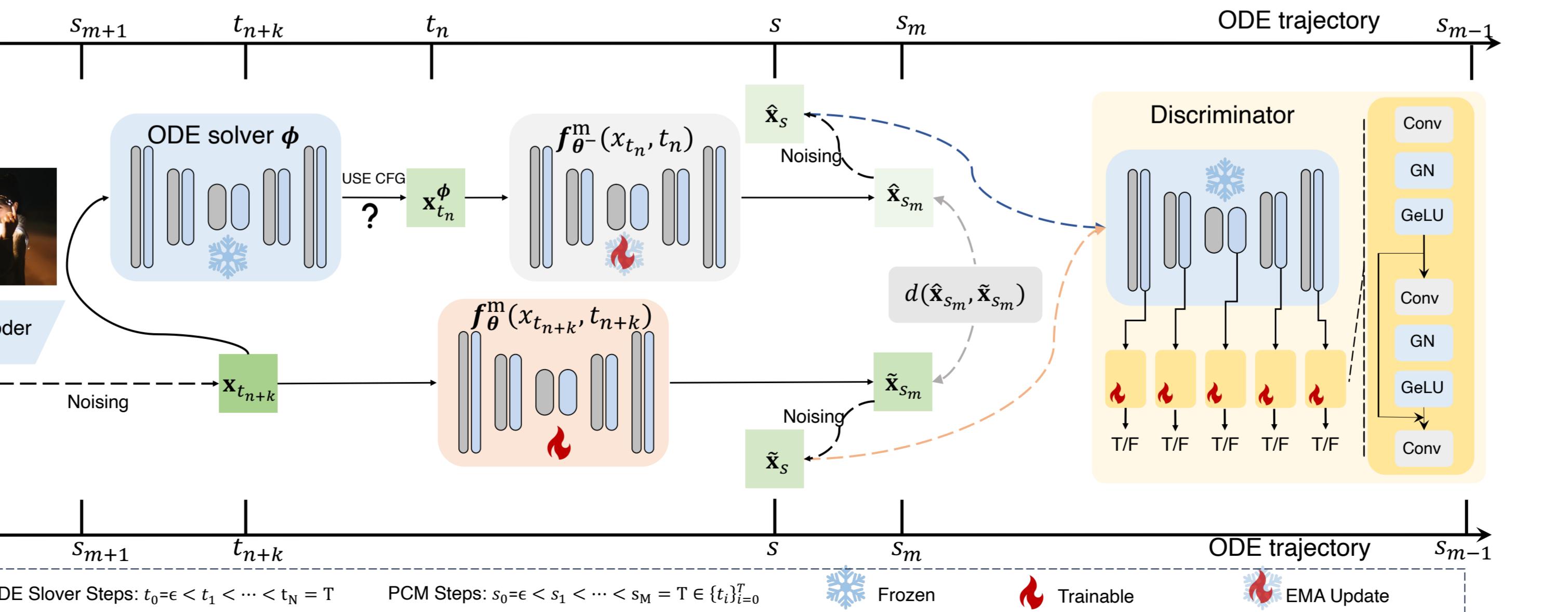
## Illustrative Comparison



- (1) Diffusion models learn the gradient of PF-ODE, but face inevitable discretization errors in few-step settings.
- (2) Consistency models learn the solution point of PF-ODE but face stochasticity error in multistep sampling.
- (3) Consistency trajectory models learn arbitrary trajectories but is challenging to train.
- (4) Phased consistency models learn the deterministic multistep sampling and is easy to train.

## Training Pipeline

- A VAE to encode the images into latents for efficient training.
- Denoising  $\mathbf{x}_{t_{n+k}}$  with pretrained ODE solver  $\phi$  to obtain  $\mathbf{x}_{t_n}^\phi$ .
- Penalizing the prediction distance between  $\hat{\mathbf{x}}_{s_m} = \mathbf{f}_\theta^m(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_{t_n}, t_n)$  and  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{s_m} = \mathbf{f}_\theta^m(\hat{\mathbf{x}}_{t_{n+k}}, t_{n+k})$  to enforce self-consistency property.
- Adding noise to the latents to obtain  $\mathbf{x}_{t_{n+k}}$ .
- Latent adversarial consistency loss with a discriminator initialized with the pretrained diffusion models.



## More Generation Results

