

## Lab Exercise 8– Creating Service in Kubernetes

Below is a lab exercise that will help you understand and practice creating a service in Kubernetes:

### Task 1: Start Kubernetes in Docker-Desktop

- Start Kubernetes service in Docker-Desktop

### Kubernetes

v1.28.2

☒ Enable Kubernetes

Start a Kubernetes single-node cluster when starting Docker Desktop.

☐ Show system containers (advanced)

Show Kubernetes internal containers when using Docker commands.

Reset Kubernetes Cluster

All stacks and Kubernetes resources will be deleted.

### Task 2: Creating a Service

Create a service to expose the deployed application within the Kubernetes cluster. You can use the following sample YAML manifest as a reference:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: my-service
```

```
spec:

  selector:

    app: lbnginx

  ports:

  - protocol: TCP

    port: 80

    nodePort: 30001

type: NodePort
```

```
> ! service.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: my-service
spec:
  selector:
    app: lbnginx
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 80
    nodePort: 30001
  type: NodePort
```

- Apply the service using the following command:

```
kubectl apply -f service.yaml
```

```
rt"
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8> kubectl apply -f service.yaml
service/my-service created
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8> █
```

- Verify that the service is created by running the following command:

```
kubectl get services
```

```

service/my-service created
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8> kubectl get services
NAME          TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP  PORT(S)          AGE
kubernetes    ClusterIP   10.96.0.1     <none>       443/TCP          15h
my-service    NodePort    10.96.255.176 <none>       80:30001/TCP     2m21s
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8>

```

#### Task 4: Accessing the Service

- Access the service using port forwarding. Run the following command:

Access the Nginx server running in the service by opening a web browser and navigating to

```
http://localhost:30001
```

#### Task 5: Deleting the Service

Delete the service using the following command:

```
kubectl delete service my-service
```

```

PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8> kubectl delete service my-service
service "my-service" deleted
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8>

```

Verify that the service has been deleted by running the kubectl get services command.

#### Task 6: Cleanup

Delete any remaining deployments, services, and resources created during the exercise using the appropriate kubectl delete commands.

```

service my-service deleted
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8> kubectl get service
NAME          TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP  PORT(S)          AGE
kubernetes    ClusterIP   10.96.0.1     <none>       443/TCP          16h
PS C:\Users\manya\OneDrive\Desktop\ACO\exp8>

```

#### Task 7: Documentation and Best Practices

Document your findings and the best practices for creating and managing services in Kubernetes.

Through this exercise, you'll gain a better understanding of how to create and manage services to expose applications within a Kubernetes cluster. Adjust the exercise based on your specific use case and requirements.