LCEL Chain

LCEL (LangChain Expression Language)

It is a declarative way to compose chains in LangChain. It
enables pipelining (using | syntax) and efficient streaming of LLM calls,
retrievers, and tools.



Instead of explicitly detailing every step of execution, you declare what you want to happen, and LangChain's LCEL engine optimizes how it happens.

Key Features of LCEL

- 1. **Pipelining with** | Chain components sequentially.
- 2. Automatic Async Support Built-in parallel execution.
- 3. **Streaming** Real-time token output.
- 4. **Batch Processing** Run multiple inputs at once.
- 5. **Retries & Fallbacks** Handle API failures gracefully.

Basic LCEL Syntax

1. Simple Prompt → LLM Chain

pip install langchain_core

from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate from langchain_groq import ChatGroq

```
prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_template("Tell me a joke about {topic}")
model=ChatGroq(model="Gemma2-9b-It")

# Pipe operator (|) chains components
chain = prompt | model

response = chain.invoke({"topic": "programming"})
print(response.content)
```

```
Why do programmers prefer dark mode?

Because light attracts bugs! 

E

Because light attracts bugs!
```

2. Adding an Output Parser

```
from langchain_core.output_parsers import StrOutputParser

chain = prompt | model | StrOutputParser() # Converts to clean text

response = chain.invoke({"topic": "AI"})

print(response)
```

```
Why did the AI cross the road?

Because it was programmed to! ♣ ᇦ ⊜

Let me know if you'd like to hear another one! ⊜
```

Translation Model

Human Message v System Message

- Human Message → Message provides by the user
- **System Message** → Instruction to the model

from langchain_core.messages import HumanMessage,SystemMessage

```
from langchain_core.messages import HumanMessage,SystemMessage

messages=[
    SystemMessage(content="Translate the following from English to Hindi"),
    HumanMessage(content="Hello How are you?")
]

result=model.invoke(messages)

result
```

```
AIMessage(content='नमस्ते, आप कैसे हैं? (Namaste, aap kaise hain?) \n', additional_kwargs={}, respo
```

Use Parser

from langchain_core.output_parsers import StrOutputParser parser=StrOutputParser() parser.invoke(result)

```
'नमस्ते, आप कैसे हैं? (Namaste, aap kaise hain?) \n'
```



Note: Here, we invoke the prev generated result.

Use LCEL

We can chain the components using LCEL

```
### Using LCEL- chain the components
chain= model|parser
chain.invoke(messages)
```

```
'नमस्ते, आप कैसे हैं? (Namaste, aap kaise hain?) \n'
```

Prompt Templates

```
from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate

generic_template = "Translate the following in {language}."

prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages(
        [("system", generic_template),
        ("user"," {text}")
        ]
)
```

```
result=prompt.invoke({"language":"Hindi","text":"Hello"})
result
```

Output:

ChatPromptValue(messages=[SystemMessage(content='Translate the following in Hindi.', additional_kwargs={}, response_metadata={}), HumanMessage(content='Hello', additional_kwargs={}, response_metadata={})])



Here, you don't pass the system & human message separately.

result.to_messages()

[SystemMessage(content='Translate the following in Hindi.', additional_kwargs={}, response_metadata={}), HumanMessage(content=' Hello', additional_kwargs={}, response_metadata={})]



It's not translating because we haven't yet passed the model.

##Chaining together components with LCEL chain=prompt|model|parser chain.invoke({"language":"Hindi","text":"Hello"})

'नमस्ते (Namaste) \n'