Group by (In Detail)

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1JZwTCZp2kbiTACzcuXmWq_FL-GRNo9ym?usp=sharing#scrollTo=_NNmeC7kALcE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LPBjF4_gZnl

- In groupby, we form groups on basis of a column
- There are 2 types of columns
 - Numerical
 - Categorical
- groupby is applied on Categorical Column.
- We have 2 dataset Movies & IPL

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
movies = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Jeevan\Downloads\imdb-top-1000 - imdb-topmovies.head()



• We applied sum() function on the df.

```
genres= movies.groupby('Genre')
genres.sum()
```



- It summed up all the numerical columns.
- You can apply min(), max() as they work on strings
- But mean() won't work

Solution:

genres= movies.groupby('Genre')
numeric_columns = ['Runtime', 'IMDB_Rating', 'No_of_Votes', 'Gross', 'Metascore
movies[numeric_columns].dtypes

```
Runtime int64
IMDB_Rating float64
No_of_Votes int64
Gross int64
Metascore float64
dtype: object
```

• We select the numeric columns & find out their type

```
genre_means = genres[numeric_columns].mean()
genre_means
```

	Runtime	IMDB_Rating	No_of_Votes	Gross	Metascore
Genre					
Action	129.046512	7.949419	420246.581395	1.897224e+08	73.419580
Adventure	134.111111	7.937500	313557.819444	1.319017e+08	78.437500
Animation	99.585366	7.930488	268032.073171	1.784326e+08	81.093333
Biography	136.022727	7.938636	272805.045455	9.404952e+07	76.240506
Comedy	112.129032	7.901290	178195.658065	1.010572e+08	78.720000
Crime	126.392523	8.016822	313398.271028	7.899656e+07	77.080460
Drama	124.737024	7.957439	212343.612457	1.225259e+08	79.701245
Family	107.500000	7.800000	275610.500000	2.195553e+08	79.000000
Fantasy	85.000000	8.000000	73111.000000	3.913633e+08	NaN
Film-Noir	104.000000	7.966667	122405.000000	4.197018e+07	95.666667
Horror	102.090909	7.909091	340232.363636	9.405902e+07	80.000000
Mystery	119.083333	7.975000	350250.333333	1.047014e+08	79.125000
Thriller	108.000000	7.800000	27733.000000	1.755074e+07	81.000000
Western	148.250000	8.350000	322416.250000	1.455538e+07	78.250000

· We find out their mean.

QUESTION

Q. find the top 3 genres by total earning

- We will apply sum()
 - We had already run genres= movies.groupby('Genre')

genres.sum()

• And single out the "Gross" column

genres.sum()['Gross']



• now, we'll sort this → sort_values(ascending=False)

genres.sum()['Gross'].sort_values(ascending=False)

Genre			
Drama	35409974041		
Action	32632261314		
Comedy	15663868165		
Animation	14631473048		
Adventure	9496922464		
Crime	8452631908		
Biography	8276357606		
Mystery	1256417015		
Horror	1034649238		
Fantasy	782726696		
Family	439110554		
Film-Noir	125910543		
Western	58221508		
Thriller	17550741		
Name: Gross,	dtype: int64		

Alternative way:

movies.groupby('Genre')['Gross'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False).head(3)

Genre
Drama 35409974041
Action 32632261314
Comedy 15663868165
Name: Gross, dtype: int64

• Here, we first we separate the "Gross" column & apply sum() function to a single column.

• The 2nd (Alternative way) is faster cuz in this, you're applying sum to only 1 column.

Sort by **Mean**

```
genres= movies.groupby('Genre')
numeric_columns = ['Runtime', 'IMDB_Rating', 'No_of_Votes', 'Gross', 'Metascore
mean_values= genres[numeric_columns].mean()
mean_values['Gross']
```

1.897224e+08		
1.319017e+08		
1.784326e+08		
9.404952e+07		
1.010572e+08		
7.899656e+07		
1.225259e+08		
2.195553e+08		
3.913633e+08		
4.197018e+07		
9.405902e+07		
1.047014e+08		
1.755074e+07		
1.455538e+07		
dtype: float64		

Q. find the genre with highest avg IMDB rating

```
genres = movies.groupby('Genre')
genres['IMDB_Rating'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Genre	
Western	8.350000
Crime	8.016822
Fantasy	8.000000
Mystery	7.975000
Film-Noir	7.966667
Drama	7.957439
Action	7.949419
Biography	7.938636
Adventure	7.937500
Animation	7.930488

Q. find director with most popularity

movies.groupby('Director')['No_of_Votes'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False).h

Output:

Director

Christopher Nolan 11578345 Name: No_of_Votes, dtype: int64

- Here, we sort with "Director"
- Took No of votes column to determine popularity
- Applied sum fn as we have to calculate total number of votes
- Q. find number of movies done by each actor
 - Apply value count on column "Star1"

movies['Star1'].value_counts()



This will tell you which actor did how many movies

Alternative Method:

We will use groupby

movies.groupby('Star1')['Series_Title'].count().sort_values(ascending=False)

- count() will enter into each group and count the number of rows.
- We can take any column instead of Series_Title

Alt Method:

star_movie_count = movies.groupby('Star1').size().sort_values(ascending=False)
star_movie_count

- .size(): Counts the total number of rows (movies) for each group (actor), which gives the number of movies each actor (Starl) has been in.
 - The size() function in **Pandas** is used to count the **number of rows** in each group when you apply groupby() to a DataFrame
 - Counts all rows in each group, regardless of whether any of the column values are missing (null).
- Q. find total number of groups formed

len function

len (movies.groupby('Genre'))

Output: 14

There are 14 groups on basis of genre.

Alt way: nunique()

unique= movies['Genre'].nunique()

unique

Output: 14

find the highest rated movie of each genre

movies.groupby('Genre')[["Series_Title", 'IMDB_Rating']].max().sort_values(by ='IMDB_Rating', ascending=False).reset_index()



Find out Rows in every group

movies.groupby('Genre').size()

```
Genre
Action
             172
Adventure
              72
Animation
              82
Biography
              88
Comedy
             155
Crime
             107
Drama
             289
Family
Fantasy
               2
Film-Noir
Horror
              11
Mystery
              12
               1
Thriller
Western
dtype: int64
```

Sorted on basis of index

Alt method:

```
movies['Genre'].value_counts()
```

Sorted by values

First movie of a group

```
genres= movies.groupby('Genre')
genres.first()
```

	Series_Title	Released_Year	Runtime	IMDB_Rating	Director	Star1	No_of_Votes	Gross	Metascore
Genre									
Action	The Dark Knight	2008	152	9.0	Christopher Nolan	Christian Bale	2303232	534858444	84.0
Adventure	Interstellar	2014	169	8.6	Christopher Nolan	Matthew McConaughey	1512360	188020017	74.0
Animation	Sen to Chihiro no kamikakushi	2001	125	8.6	Hayao Miyazaki	Daveigh Chase	651376	10055859	96.0
Biography	Schindler's List	1993	195	8.9	Steven Spielberg	Liam Neeson	1213505	96898818	94.0
Comedy	Gisaengchung	2019	132	8.6	Bong Joon Ho	Kang-ho Song	552778	53367844	96.0
Crime	The Godfather	1972	175	9.2	Francis Ford Coppola	Marlon Brando	1620367	134966411	100.0
Drama	The Shawshank Redemption	1994	142	9.3	Frank Darabont	Tim Robbins	2343110	28341469	80.0
Family	E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial	1982	115	7.8	Steven Spielberg	Henry Thomas	372490	435110554	91.0

7th movie in a group

genres.nth(6)

	Series_Title	Released_Year	Runtime	Genre	IMDB_Rating	Director	Star1	No_of_Votes	Gross	Metascore
28	The Silence of the Lambs	1991	118	Crime	8.6	Jonathan Demme	Jodie Foster	1270197	130742922	85.0
29	Star Wars	1977	121	Action	8.6	George Lucas	Mark Hamill	1231473	322740140	90.0
34	Whiplash	2014	106	Drama	8.5	Damien Chazelle	Miles Teller	717585	13092000	88.0
70	Mononoke-hime	1997	134	Animation	8.4	Hayao Miyazaki	Yôji Matsuda	343171	2375308	76.0
95	Amélie	2001	122	Comedy	8.3	Jean-Pierre Jeunet	Audrey Tautou	703810	33225499	69.0
107	Amadeus	1984	160	Biography	8.3	Milos Forman	F. Murray Abraham	369007	51973029	88.0
137	Queen	2013	146	Adventure	8.2	Vikas Bahl	Kangana Ranaut	60701	1429534	NaN
714	The Lady Vanishes	1938	96	Mystery	7.8	Alfred Hitchcock	Margaret Lockwood	47400	474203697	98.0



We gave 6 because index starts from 0.

get_group

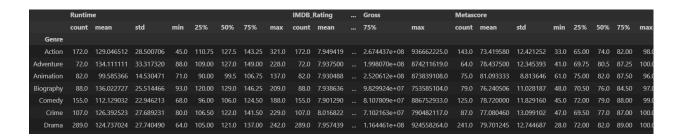
• Shows all the movies in a particular group.

genres.get_group('Horror')



All details

genres.describe()



1 Random Movie from group

genres.sample()

genres.sample(2)

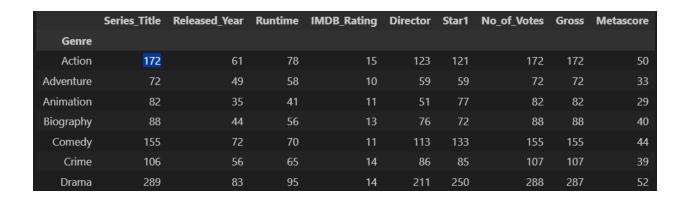
• Will give 2 movies

genres.sample(2, replace=True)

If a genre has only 1 movie, replace=True will duplicate that movie.

Unique Movies in a group

genres.nunique()



- There are 72 unique movies in action
- In action, there are 61 unique year values, so on.

AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

- sum, min, ,max, etc.
- You can apply multiple fns at one time.
- You write agg and pass a dictionary.

	Runtime	IMDB_Rating	No_of_Votes	Gross	Metascore
Genre					
Action	129.046512	7.949419	72282412	32632261314	33.0
Adventure	134.111111	7.937500	22576163	9496922464	41.0
Animation	99.585366	7.930488	21978630	14631473048	61.0
Biography	136.022727	7.938636	24006844	8276357606	48.0
Comedy	112.129032	7.901290	27620327	15663868165	45.0
Crime	126.392523	8.016822	33533615	8452631908	47.0
Drama	124.737024	7.957439	61367304	35409974041	28.0
Family	107.500000	7.800000	551221	439110554	67.0
Fantasy	85.000000	8.000000	146222	782726696	NaN
E11	40400000	7,000007	0.57045	405040540	2.0

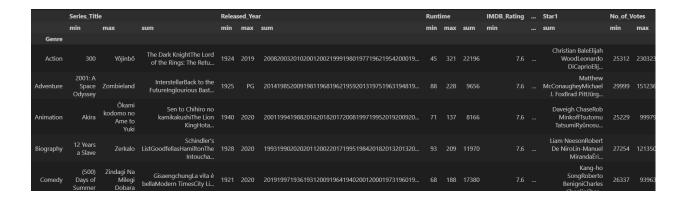
Agg + Rename

Total_Runtime	Max_Votes
22196	2303232
9656	1512360
8166	999790
11970	1213505
17380	939631
13524	1826188
36049	2343110
215	372490
	22196 9656 8166 11970 17380 13524 36049

Multiple function on a same column

You will pass a list

genres.agg(['min','max','sum'])



· It will calculate these 3 for all columns.

Merge the above 2 syntaxes

	Runt	ime	IMDB_Rating	No_of_Vot	es	Gross	Metascore
	min	mean	mean	sum	max	sum	min
Genre							
Action	45	129.046512	7.949419	72282412	2303232	32632261314	33.0
Adventure	88	134.111111	7.937500	22576163	1512360	9496922464	41.0
Animation	71	99.585366	7.930488	21978630	999790	14631473048	61.0
Biography	93	136.022727	7.938636	24006844	1213505	8276357606	48.0
Comedy	68	112.129032	7.901290	27620327	939631	15663868165	45.0
Crime	80	126.392523	8.016822	33533615	1826188	8452631908	47.0
Drama	64	124.737024	7.957439	61367304	2343110	35409974041	28.0
Family	100	107.500000	7.800000	551221	372490	439110554	67.0
Fantasy	76	85.000000	8.000000	146222	88794	782726696	NaN
Film-Noir	100	104.000000	7.966667	367215	158731	125910543	94.0
Horror	71	102.090909	7.909091	3742556	787806	1034649238	46.0
Mystery	96	119 083333	7 975000	4203004	1129894	1256417015	52.0

Loop

• We get 2 things:

Group: 'str'

Data: 'Dataframe'

for group,data in genres:
 print (type(group), type(data))

```
<class 'str'> <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
<class 'str'> <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
<class 'str'> <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
<class 'str'> <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

for group,data in genres: print(group)

Action
Adventure
Animation
Biography
Comedy
Crime
Drama
Family
Fantasy
Film-Noir
Horror
Mystery
Thriller
Western

for group,data in genres: print (data)

```
Series Title Released Year
                                                                        Runtime
                                        The Dark Knight
         The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King
                                                                 2003
                                                                            201
                                                                 2010
                                                                            148
                                              Inception
     The Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring
10
                                                                 2001
                                                                            178
13
                 The Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers
                                                                 2002
                                                                            179
968
                                           Falling Down
                                                                 1993
                                                                           113
979
                                          Lethal Weapon
                                                                 1987
                                                                            109
                                                                             96
982
                                              Mad Max 2
                                                                 1981
983
                                           The Warriors
                                                                 1979
                                                                             92
985
                                   Escape from Alcatraz
                                                                 1979
                                                                            112
      Genre IMDB_Rating
                                   Director
                                                          Star1 No_of_Votes
     Action
                    9.0 Christopher Nolan
                                                 Christian Bale
                                                                     2303232
     Action
                     8.9
                              Peter Jackson
                                                    Elijah Wood
                                                                      1642758
8
                     8.8 Christopher Nolan Leonardo DiCaprio
                                                                      2067042
     Action
10
     Action
                                                    Elijah Wood
                     8.8
                              Peter Jackson
                                                                      1661481
     Action
                                                                      1485555
13
                     8.7
                              Peter Jackson
                                                    Elijah Wood
                            Joel Schumacher
                                                Michael Douglas
968
    Action
                     7.6
                                                                      171640
979
    Action
                     7.6
                             Richard Donner
                                                     Mel Gibson
                                                                      236894
                                                     Mel Gibson
982
     Action
                     7.6
                              George Miller
                                                                       166588
983
     Action
                     7.6
                                Walter Hill
                                                   Michael Beck
                                                                       93878
    Action
                     7.6
                                 Don Siegel
                                                 Clint Eastwood
                                                                      121731
```

DF1= Action, DF2= Adenture...so on

Highest rated movie in each genre

- We will run a loop on a group
- · We will get a df
- You can apply max() fn to IMDB rating to that df

```
for group,data in genres:
    print(group)
    print (data['IMDB_Rating'].max())
```

```
Action
9.0
Adventure
8.6
Animation
8.6
Biography
8.9
Comedy
8.6
Crime
9.2
Drama
9.3
```

```
for group,data in genres:
    print(group)
    print(data[data['IMDB_Rating']==data['IMDB_Rating'].max()])
```

```
Action
     Series_Title Released_Year
                                 Runtime
                                           Genre
                                                  IMDB_Rating \
2 The Dark Knight
                           2008
                                     152
                                          Action
                                                          9.0
                              Star1 No_of_Votes
           Director
                                                      Gross Metascore
2 Christopher Nolan Christian Bale
                                         2303232
                                                  534858444
                                                                 84.0
Adventure
   Series_Title Released_Year
                               Runtime
                                            Genre IMDB Rating \
21 Interstellar
                         2014
                                   169 Adventure
                                                           8.6
            Director
                                           No_of_Votes
                                    Star1
                                                           Gross Metascore
21 Christopher Nolan Matthew McConaughey
                                               1512360
                                                                       74.0
                                                       188020017
Animation
                    Series Title Released Year Runtime
                                                            Genre \
23 Sen to Chihiro no kamikakushi
                                          2001
                                                    125 Animation
    IMDB Rating
                      Director
                                        Star1 No of Votes
                                                              Gross
           8.6 Hayao Miyazaki Daveigh Chase
23
                                                    651376 10055859
   Metascore
        96.0
23
```

- This will give movie name as well
- data[data['IMDB_Rating'] == data['IMDB_Rating'].max()] filters the rows where the IMDB_Rating equals the maximum rating in that genre.
 - data['IMDB_Rating'] is just the column of ratings for that group.
- data[data['IMDB_Rating']
 - first data is the entire group
 - second data is the filtering operation

If we remove 1 data:

print(data['IMDB_Rating']==data['IMDB_Rating'].max())

```
Action
       True
5
      False
      False
10
      False
13
      False
968
     False
     False
979
982 False
      False
983
985
      False
Name: IMDB_Rating, Length: 172, dtype: bool
Adventure
21
       True
47
      False
93
      False
```

Apply (Split-Apply-Combine)

genres.apply(min)



Working same as a normal min fn → genres.min()

Warning:



- In the future version of Pandas, min() will behave differently. Instead of internally using np.minimum.reduce, Pandas will directly apply the min function as you provided.
- To keep the current behavior and avoid this warning, you can explicitly use np.minimum.reduce in your code.

import numpy as np
genres.apply(np.minimum.reduce)

- You're using apply() on a groupby object (genres in this case). The warning tells you that, currently, when you apply a function like min(), the grouping columns (in your case, "Genre") are included in the operation.
- However, in future versions of Pandas, the grouping columns will not be included by default. If you want to exclude them, you'll need to explicitly pass include_groups=False or select the grouping columns yourself.

Pass include_groups=False explicitly to exclude the grouping columns from the operation:

genres.apply(min, include_groups=False)

AVOID BOTH WARNINGS

import numpy as np
genres.apply(np.minimum.reduce, include_groups=False)

- The beauty of the apply function is that you can insert your custom logic in it.
- Q. Find out the number of movies starting with letter A.

```
def mova (group):
    print(group)
    return group
genres.apply(mova)
```

- apply() is used on the genres groupby object. It applies the mova function to each group (i.e., each genre).
- For each genre, the mova function is called, it prints the genre's data, and then it returns the same data back.



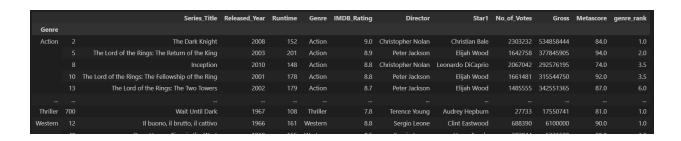
The function receives only the DataFrame of that group, not the group name.

```
def foo(group):
 return group['Series_Title'].str.startswith('A').sum()
genres.apply(foo)
Output:
Genre
Action
         10
Adventure 2
Animation
           2
Biography 9
Comedy 14
Crime
          4
Drama
          21
Family
          0
Fantasy
          0
Film-Noir
           0
Horror
          1
Mystery
           0
```

```
Thriller 0
Western 0
dtype: int64
```

Rank movies on basis of IMDB Rating

```
def rank(group):
    group ['genre_rank'] = group['IMDB_Rating'].rank(ascending=False)
    return group
    genres.apply(rank)
```



```
group ['genre_rank'] → We added a new column "genre_rank"

group['IMDB_Rating'].rank(ascending=False) → We ranked the IMDB rating in descending order

return group → will return the entire group
```

Print only specific columns:

```
def rank(group):
    group ['genre_rank'] = group['IMDB_Rating'].rank(ascending=False)
    return group[['genre_rank', 'Series_Title', 'IMDB_Rating']]
    genres.apply(rank)
```

		genre_rank	Series_Title	IMDB_Rating
Genre				
Action	2	1.0	The Dark Knight	9.0
	5	2.0	The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King	8.9
	8	3.5	Inception	8.8
	10	3.5	The Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring	8.8
	13	6.0	The Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers	8.7
•••				
Thriller	700	1.0	Wait Until Dark	7.8
Western	12	1.0	Il buono, il brutto, il cattivo	8.8
	48	2.0	Once Upon a Time in the West	8.5
	115	3.0	Per qualche dollaro in più	8.3
	691	4.0	The Outlaw Josey Wales	7.8

Q. find normalized IMDB rating group wise

normalization formula: a + (((x - xminimum) * (b - a)) / range of x)

Normalization Formula

$$\mathbf{X}_{\text{new}} = \frac{\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}_{\text{min}}}{\mathbf{X}_{\text{max}} - \mathbf{X}_{\text{min}}}$$

def normal (group):
group['norm_rating']= (group['IMDB_Rating'] - group['IMDB_Rating'].min()) / (q

return group genres.apply(normal)



Groupby on Multiple Columns

```
duo = movies.groupby(['Director','Star1'])
duo
duo.size()
```

Director	Star1	
Aamir Khan	Amole Gupte	1
Aaron Sorkin	Eddie Redmayne	1
Abdellatif Kechiche	Léa Seydoux	1
Abhishek Chaubey	Shahid Kapoor	1
Abhishek Kapoor	Amit Sadh	1
Zaza Urushadze	Lembit Ulfsak	1
Zoya Akhtar	Hrithik Roshan	1
	Vijay Varma	1
Çagan Irmak	Çetin Tekindor	1
Ömer Faruk Sorak	Cem Yilmaz	1
Length: 898, dtype:	int64	

Know the movie

duo.get_group(('Aamir Khan','Amole Gupte'))



Q. find the most earning actor > director combo

duo['Gross'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False).head(1)

Director Star1 Akira Kurosawa Toshirô Mifune 2999876948 Name: Gross, dtype: int64

Q. Find the best(in-terms of metascore(avg)) actor → genre combo

movies.groupby(['Star1','Genre'])['Metascore'].mean().reset_index()

	Star1	Genre	Metascore
0	Aamir Khan	Action	NaN
1	Aamir Khan	Adventure	84.0
2	Aamir Khan	Comedy	67.0
3	Aaron Taylor-Johnson	Action	66.0
4	Abhay Deol	Drama	NaN
824	Zbigniew Zamachowski	Comedy	88.0
825	Zooey Deschanel	Comedy	76.0
826	Çetin Tekindor	Drama	NaN
827	Éric Toledano	Biography	57.0

• When you reset index, series is converted into df.

movies.groupby(['Star1','Genre'])['Metascore'].mean().reset_index().sort_values(

	Star1	Genre	Metascore
230	Ellar Coltrane	Drama	100.0

Apply aggregate

duo.agg(['min','max'])

		Series_Title		Release	ed_Year	Runt	ime	Genre	
		min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
Director	Star1								
Aamir Khan	Amole Gupte	Taare Zameen Par	Taare Zameen Par	2007	2007	165	165	Drama	Drama
Aaron Sorkin	Eddie Redmayne	The Trial of the Chicago 7	The Trial of the Chicago 7	2020	2020	129	129	Drama	Drama
Abdellatif Kechiche	Léa Seydoux	La vie d'Adèle	La vie d'Adèle	2013	2013	180	180	Drama	Drama
Abhishek Chaubey	Shahid Kapoor	Udta Punjab	Udta Punjab	2016	2016	148	148	Action	Action
Abhishek Kapoor	Amit Sadh	Kai po che!	Kai po che!	2013	2013	130	130	Drama	Drama

IPL DATASET

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
ipl = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Jeevan\Downloads\deliveries.csv")
ipl.shape
ipl.head()
```

shape =(179078, 21)



• It's a ball by ball data in IPL

Q. find the top 10 batsman in terms of runs scored

- Group by batsman
- Apply sum fn to batsman_runs

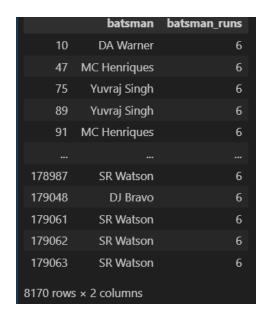
 $ipl.group by ('batsman') ['batsman_runs']. sum (). sort_values (ascending=False). hea$

batsman				
V Kohli	5434			
SK Raina	5415			
RG Sharma	4914			
DA Warner 4741				
S Dhawan	4632			
CH Gayle	4560			
MS Dhoni	4477			
RV Uthappa 4446				
AB de Villiers	4428			
G Gambhir	4223			
Name: batsman_runs, dtype: int64				

Q. find the batsman with max no of sixes

You will filter out the balls which were hit six

ipl[ipl['batsman_runs']==6][['batsman','batsman_runs']]



[['batsman','batsman_runs']] → Gives us only these 2 columns

We will store this in a new variable six

```
six= ipl[ipl['batsman_runs']==6][['batsman','batsman_runs']]
six.groupby('batsman')['batsman'].count().sort_values(ascending=False).head(1)
```

Output:

batsman

CH Gayle 327

Name: batsman, dtype: int64

This can also be done with valuecount

```
six= ipl[ipl['batsman_runs']==6][['batsman','batsman_runs']]
six.groupby('batsman').value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False).head(1)
```

index[0] will print the batsman name

```
six= ipl[ipl['batsman_runs']==6][['batsman','batsman_runs']]
six.groupby('batsman').value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False).head().inde
Output:('CH Gayle', 6)
```

Q. find batsman with most number of 4's and 6's in last 5 overs

• Filter the data with over 16-20

```
temp_df= ipl[ipl['over']>15]
```

Now we will filter batsman_runs 4 & 6

```
temp_df= temp_df[(temp_df['batsman_runs']==4) | (temp_df['batsman_runs']==6
```

• Now group temp_df with batsman.

```
temp_df = ipl[ipl['over'] > 15]
temp_df = temp_df[(temp_df['batsman_runs'] == 4) | (temp_df['batsman_runs'] =
temp_df.groupby('batsman')['batsman'].count().sort_values(ascending=False).he
```

```
batsman
MS Dhoni 340
AB de Villiers 208
RG Sharma 208
KA Pollard 206
V Kohli 160
Name: batsman, dtype: int64
```

Q. find V Kohli's record against all teams

- We have to find out how many runs he scored against each team.
- We will filter with batsman kohli

```
temp_df = ipl[ipl['batsman'] == 'V Kohli']
```

• We will do groupby on top of bowling_team

```
temp_df = ipl[ipl['batsman'] == 'V Kohli']
temp_df.groupby('bowling_team')['batsman_runs'].sum().reset_index()
```

	bowling_team	batsman_runs
0	Chennai Super Kings	749
1	Deccan Chargers	306
2	Delhi Capitals	66
3	Delhi Daredevils	763
4	Gujarat Lions	283
5	Kings XI Punjab	636
6	Kochi Tuskers Kerala	50
7	Kolkata Knight Riders	675
8	Mumbai Indians	628
9	Pune Warriors	128
10	Rajasthan Royals	370
11	Rising Pune Supergiant	83
12	Rising Pune Supergiants	188
13	Sunrisers Hyderabad	509

Q. Create a function that can return the highest score of any batsman

• Yo will input a name and it will tell his highest score.

• We will create a fn and paste the above code in it

```
def highest(batsman):
  temp_df = ipl[ipl['batsman'] == batsman]
  return temp_df.groupby('match_id')['batsman_runs'].sum().sort_values(ascending)
highest('DA Warner')
Output: 126
```

Q. Virat Most no. of 6s

```
temp_df = ipl[(ipl['batsman'] == 'V Kohli') & (ipl['batsman_runs'] == 6)]
temp_df.groupby('bowling_team')['batsman_runs'].count().reset_index()
```

	bowling_team	batsman_runs
0	Chennai Super Kings	30
1	Deccan Chargers	14
2	Delhi Capitals	3
3	Delhi Daredevils	22
4	Gujarat Lions	11
5	Kings XI Punjab	18
6	Kolkata Knight Riders	22
7	Mumbai Indians	24
8	Pune Warriors	5
9	Rajasthan Royals	10
10	Rising Pune Supergiant	2
11	Rising Pune Supergiants	9
12	Sunrisers Hyderabad	21