

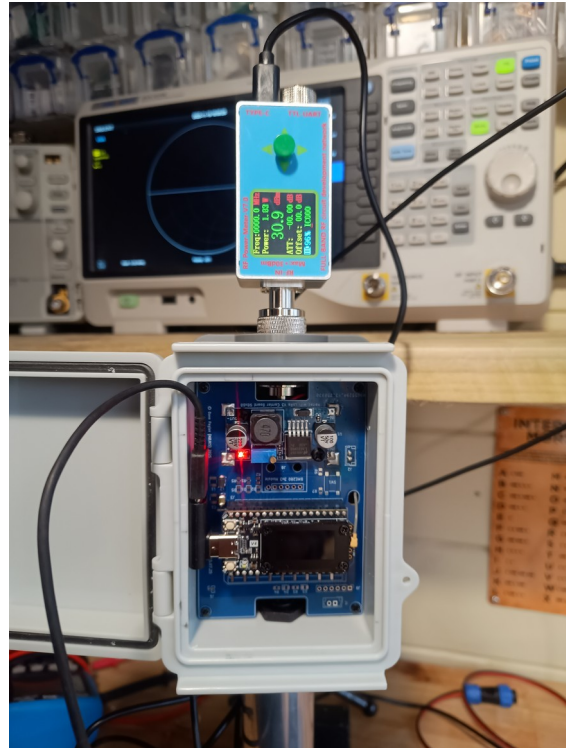
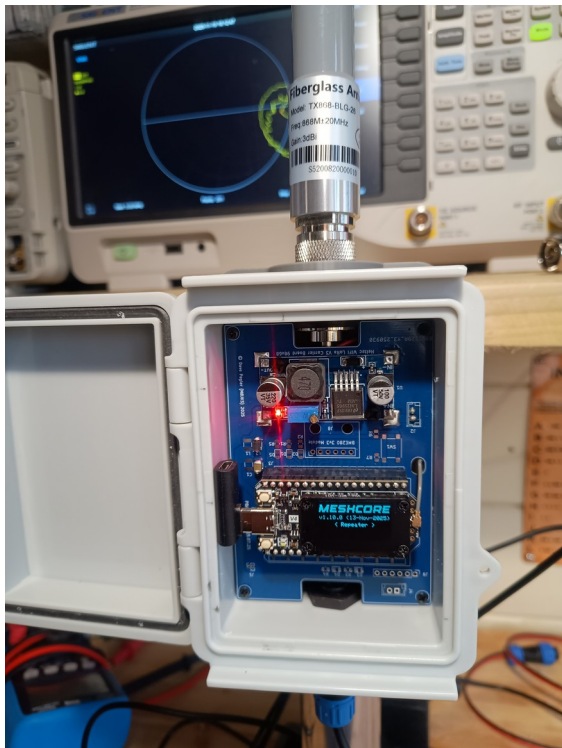
# Outdoor LoRa 433/868/915MHz IP67 +12V DC MeshCORE / Meshtastic repeater and APRS iGate/Digipeater



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Thank you for purchasing the Outdoor +12V MeshCORE/Meshtastic repeater (EU868 / US915) or APRS (EU433) iGate/Digipeater. Below is a short user guide to help you get started.



To get the latest version of this guide, please scan the the QR code in the top left corner using your phone's camera.

The Outdoor 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater uses a LoRa Wi-Fi 32 V4 (+28dBm) or V3 (+21dBm) Single Board Computer (SBC) from Chinese company Heltec Automation – EU433/EU868/US915 (Meshtastic/MeshCORE) or EU433 (APRS). At the heart of the Wi-Fi LoRa 32 (V3 or V4) SBC is a 32bit ESP32 microprocessor with integrated Bluetooth and Wi-Fi; and Semtech SX1262 LoRa modem.



Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi 32 (V3)



Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi 32 (V4)

To learn more about the Wi-Fi LoRa 32 (V3 or V4) SBC from Heltec, please scan the the QR code above using your phone's camera.

## 12V DC Outdoor Repeater/iGate/Digipeater Hardware Overview

Like all PCBs, the LoRa Wi-Fi 32 (V4 or V3) SBC inside your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater is not designed for outdoor use; and so in order for it to operate in harsh conditions it is housed in a waterproof IP67 outdoor case.

With all things radio, height, type of antenna, and minimising cables losses are key to getting good range – both for transmit and receive. Although LoRa is great for **Long Range** (which is where the name **LoRa** comes from) and low power communications (it uses something called Spread Spectrum to achieve this), even it is useless if the antenna is poor, the equipment being used is at ground level (where there are lots of things like buildings in the way to attenuate the signal), or if a substantial proportion of the RF signal is lost between the equipment generating the signal (e.g. the Heltec LoRa board RF front-end) and the antenna. This is particularly true at the UHF frequencies that Meshtastic/MeshCORE and APRS uses (866MHz, 915MHz and 433MHz).

The best way to overcome these losses and hence maximise range, is to mount the electronics generating (and receiving) the RF signal as close to the antenna as possible (so that losses in any RF cables are as small as possible), use an antenna with some gain, and mount the complete assembly as high as possible. For this reason the 12V outdoor repeater/iGate/Digipeater you have purchased has been designed so that the electronics generating (and receiving) the RF signal are co-located with a +5.5dBi or +3.0dBi gain antenna, in the same IP67 enclosure. The electronics are contained inside the IP67 enclosure, and the antenna is mounted on the outside, with a short length of coaxial cable (10cm) between them. This way the RF feeder losses are kept to an absolute minimum, and the gain of the antenna extends the range. The complete unit (IP67 case, electronics and +5.5dBi/+3.0dBi gain antenna) can then be mounted in an elevated location using the external 1.5" (38mm) mounting brackets – typically to standard aluminium masts or satellite mounting brackets. The aluminium mast or satellite mounting brackets are not supplied with your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater, but are readily available from many online retailers. Just make sure the diameter of the pole that you want to mount your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater on is 38mm in diameter, such as this one from CPC in the UK:

[Blake SAT7 Elbow Mount 1.5"](#)

Obviously once you have mounted your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater in an elevated location, it will need some power; and this is why the unit is shipped with a ten meter +12V power cable as shown below:



The ten meter 12V cable supplied with your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater comes with a SP13 connector on one end, and a 2.1mm x 5.5mm socket on the other. The SP13 connector is waterproof (IP68) and should be plugged into your 12V outdoor Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater or APRS iGate/Digipeater (remember to tighten up the blue plastic nut or it will pull out). At the other end of the +12V power cable is a 2.1mm x 5.5mm DC jack socket which is not waterproof (i.e. it should only be used indoors) and should be plugged into a standard main (230V/110v to 12V DC adapter).

You will probably have such an adapter lying around at home, in a draw or cupboard (I certainly do), but if not, one can be sourced cheaply from many online retailers, such as Amazon, CPC, Pi-hut etc. Please ensure it has a 5.5mm x 2.1mm connector (Jack) on the end, has 12V DC out (**not** 5V, 9V or 24V), and is capable of sourcing over 1.5A. Something like this is ideal:

#### Mains 100-250V to DC 12V 2A Main power supply

If you purchased the 12V “Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater” 868MHz version. it will come pre-installed with the latest version of Meshtastic (version 2.6.11 – as of 21/10/25); but it is also compatible with MeshCORE (see details below). If you purchased the 12V “APRS iGate/Digipeater” version (433MHz), it will come with latest version of APRS iGate/Digipeater software from Richard Gunzman (CA2RXU).

### **Installing MeshCORE v1.9.0 (868MHz/915MHz)**











As mentioned above, the 868MHz version (aka as the “HF” version) of the Heltec Wi-Fi LoRa (V3 or V4) board installed inside your 12V Meshtastic/MeshCORE repeater is supported by both Meshtastic and MeshCORE. Meshtastic comes installed by default (unless you requested otherwise during purchase) but you can easily upgrade it to MeshCORE (v1.10.0 – as of 21/10/25) if you so wish. Please refer to the MeshCORE documentation for full details on how to do this, using the MeshCORE web flash utility - which you can find here:

#### [MeshCORE firmware web flasher](#)

In summary, to flash MeshCORE, you will first need to remove the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board from the IP67 case and plug it into a Windows or Linux PC using a USB-A to USB-C cable. I recommend taking a photograph of it before you do this, so you can consult the photograph when it is time to put it back – so you don’t get it the wrong way around!

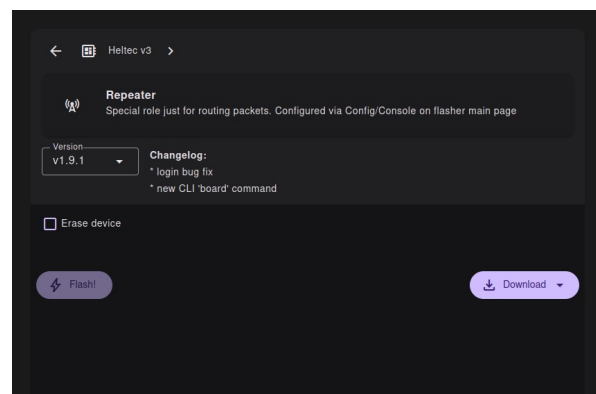
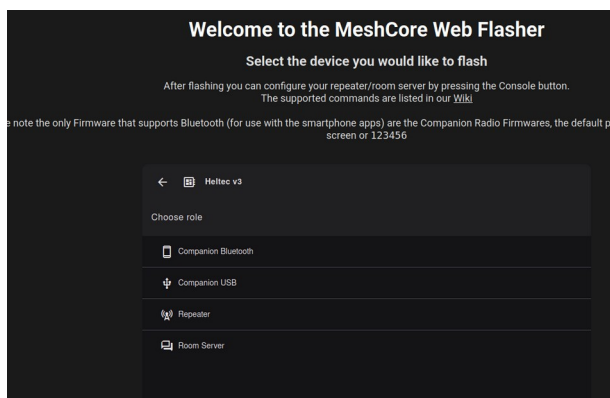
*Warning: Under no circumstances should you attempt to connect your Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board up to your computer (via USB-C) when it is mounted on the PCB; and particularly when it is also being powered via the 12V (SP13). Doing so will result in irreversible damage to the main +5v to+ 3v3 LDO regulator on the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board. Remove the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board from the carrier PCB first before attempting any upgrade or configuration over USB.*

With the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board plugged in your Windows or Linux PC, it should power up running Meshtastic. Next go to the MeshCORE firmware web flasher link above and select “Heltec v3” or “Heltec v4” (depending on which version you have) as shown below:

	Heltec T114	
	Heltec v2	
	Heltec v3	
	Heltec v4	
	Heltec Vision Master E213	

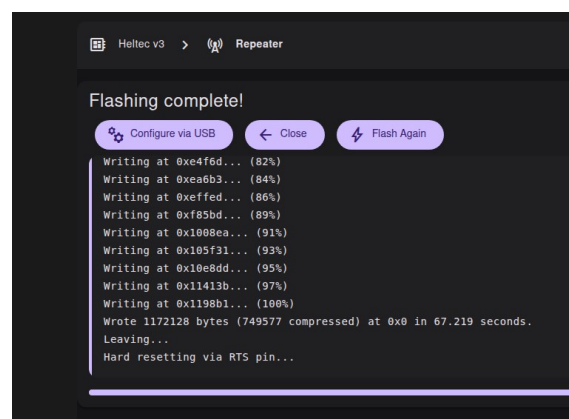
You next need to decide what “role” or mode you want it to operate in. At this stage I recommend reading the MeshCORE documentation to understand what the various “roles” are.

The options are as show below (left):



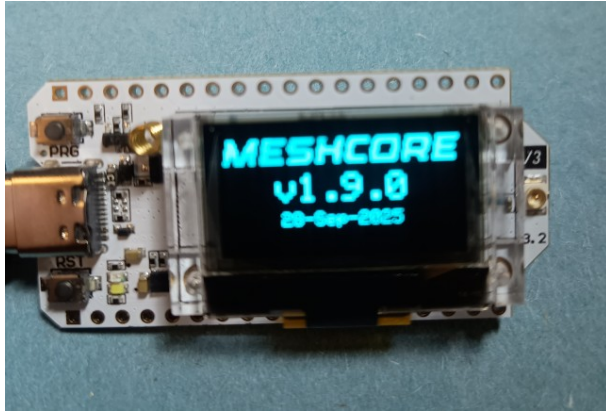
Next you should be presented with a page which looks similar to the one above (right). It will recommend the latest firmware (v1.10.1 – as of 19/11/25) and then invite you to “Flash!” the firmware. Before you do this I recommend selecting “Erase device” to ensure that Meshtastic is erased completely before it attempts to install MeshCORE. If you don’t do this, “Loading ...” will be display on the OLED forever.

When you click “Flash!” (remember “Erase device” selected) the MeshCORE web flash utility will ask what “serial” port it should be using to communicate with the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board. Just select the one that has “CP2102 UART to USB bridge” written next to it, and then click “Connect”. It should then start flashing MeshCORE on to your Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board like so:

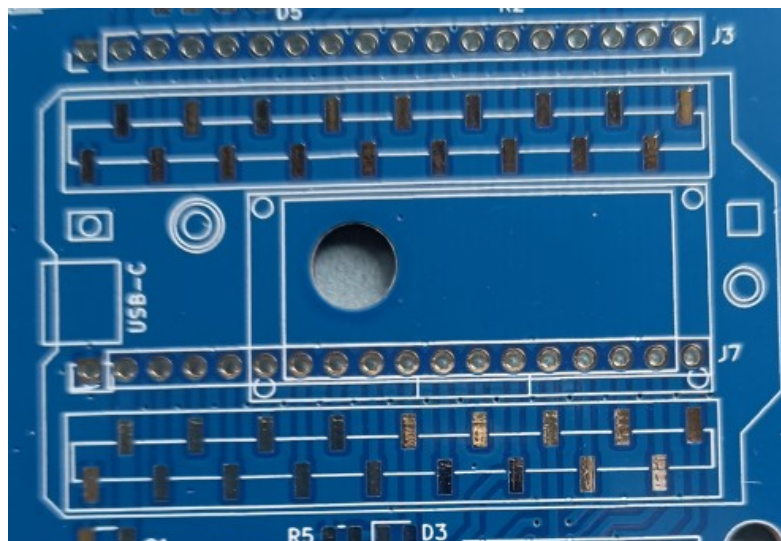




You will know when the flashing process is complete, when you see “Hard resetting via RTS pin” displayed in the terminal window. Also, depending on what “role” you selected, you will see information being displayed on the OLED display. For example, in the “Companion Bluetooth” or “Companion USB” roles, when the flashing process is complete you should see “MESHCORE v1.10.0” (or whatever is the latest) pop up on the OLED display, followed by a Pin number.



Flashing the firmware is now complete, so you can now re-install the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board into the carrier PCB in the IP67 case. Here is a picture of the unpopulated PCB showing the silk-screen of the Heltec board before components were fitted:



Observe that in this version (PBA0073 v1.2), on one side (left here) there is a USB-C symbol etched on to the PCB silk-screen layer. Use the USB-C symbol to orientate the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board when re-installing it, and make sure all 18 upper, and all 18 lower pins are inserted and aligned correctly. On some other versions of the board (e.g. PBA0068 v1.1), the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board was the other way around (USB-C to the right) so use the photograph you took before removing it to make sure you put it back correctly. Use the white “USB-C” symbol on the PCB to guide you.

If you have any concerns about re-inserting the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board, before powering up please e-mail me.

At this stage you now need to download the MeshCORE app from the following link:

[MeshCORE Apple iOS and Android Apps](#)

I recommend reading the instructions on the MeshCORE Wiki on how to use it properly before proceeding:

[MeshCORE Wiki](#)

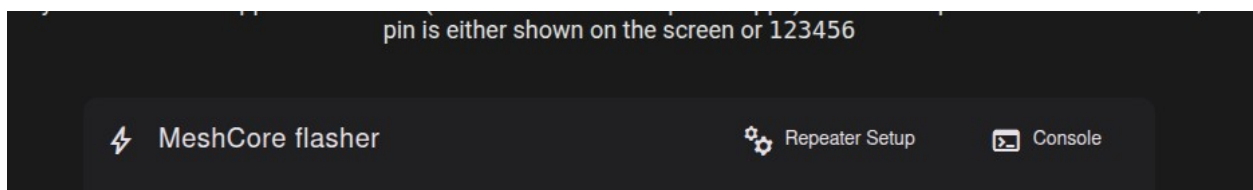
Once you've read through the MeshCORE Wiki, you next need to tell the MeshCORE app how to communicate (over Bluetooth or USB) with the MeshCORE software now running on the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board.

If you selected “**Companion Bluetooth**” mode/role during flashing, you next need to go into your phone settings, enable search for Bluetooth devices, and then select the MeshCORE device it discovers. You will then be prompted to enter the Pin (that is display on the OLED display of the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board) when prompted to do so. You should now be able to use the MeshCORE app to manage your MeshCORE node.

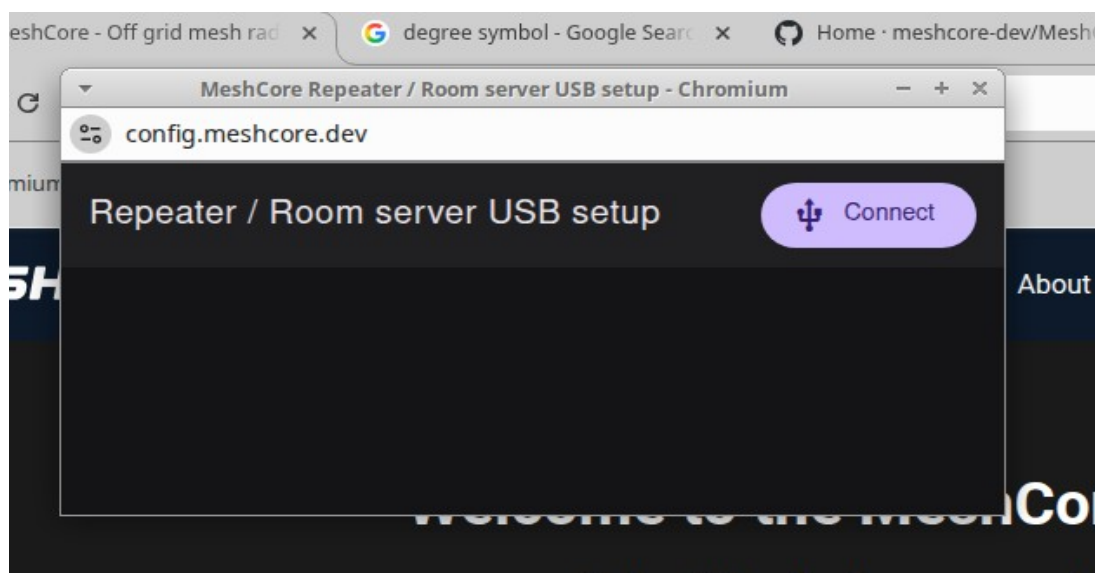
If you installed “**Repeater**” mode, the final stage is to configure your MeshCORE node to act as a repeater. To begin go to the MeshCORE firmware flash utility:

[MeshCORE firmware web flasher](#)

and at the top you will see a “Repeater Setup” button like so:

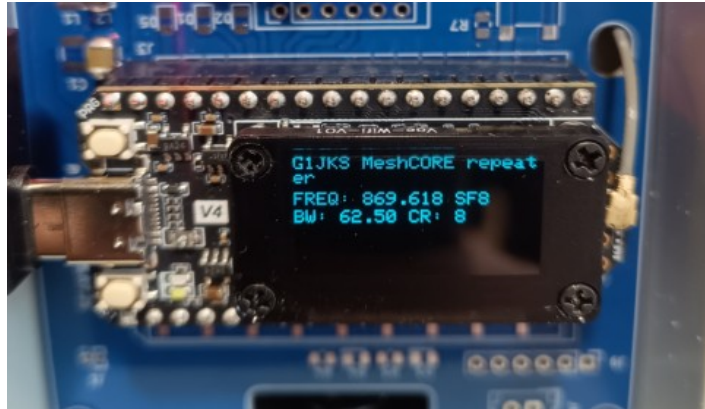


When you select this, the following window will pop up:



At this stage I recommend disconnecting the USB-C cable from the Heltec Wi-Fi LoRa (V3 or V4) board and then re-inserting it to force a complete reboot. The first time it boots it will display the message “Please wait .....” on the OLED display, as it generates a new public/private key pair.

Please be patient and wait for this to complete before proceeding.



When the “Please wait ...” message is replaced with “Heltec Repeater” as shown above, click the “Connect” button on the pop up browser Configuration window and you will then be asked what “serial” port it should be using to communicate with the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board. Just select the one that has “CP2102 UART to USB bridge” written next to it, and then click “Connect”.

You should then be presented with the “Repeater / Room server USB setup page” as shown below:

MeshCore Repeater / Room server USB setup - Chromium

config.meshcore.dev

Send Advert Start OTA Reboot Factory reset

Name & Location

Name  
G1JKS Peak District Repeater

Latitude  
53.13714

Longitude  
-1.64933

Access

Guest password New Admin password

Radio settings

Preset  
EU/UK (Narrow)

Frequency(MHz)  
869.618

Bandwidth(kHz)  
62.5

Spreading factor  
8

Coding rate  
8

TX Power(dBm)  
10

Airtime factor  
1

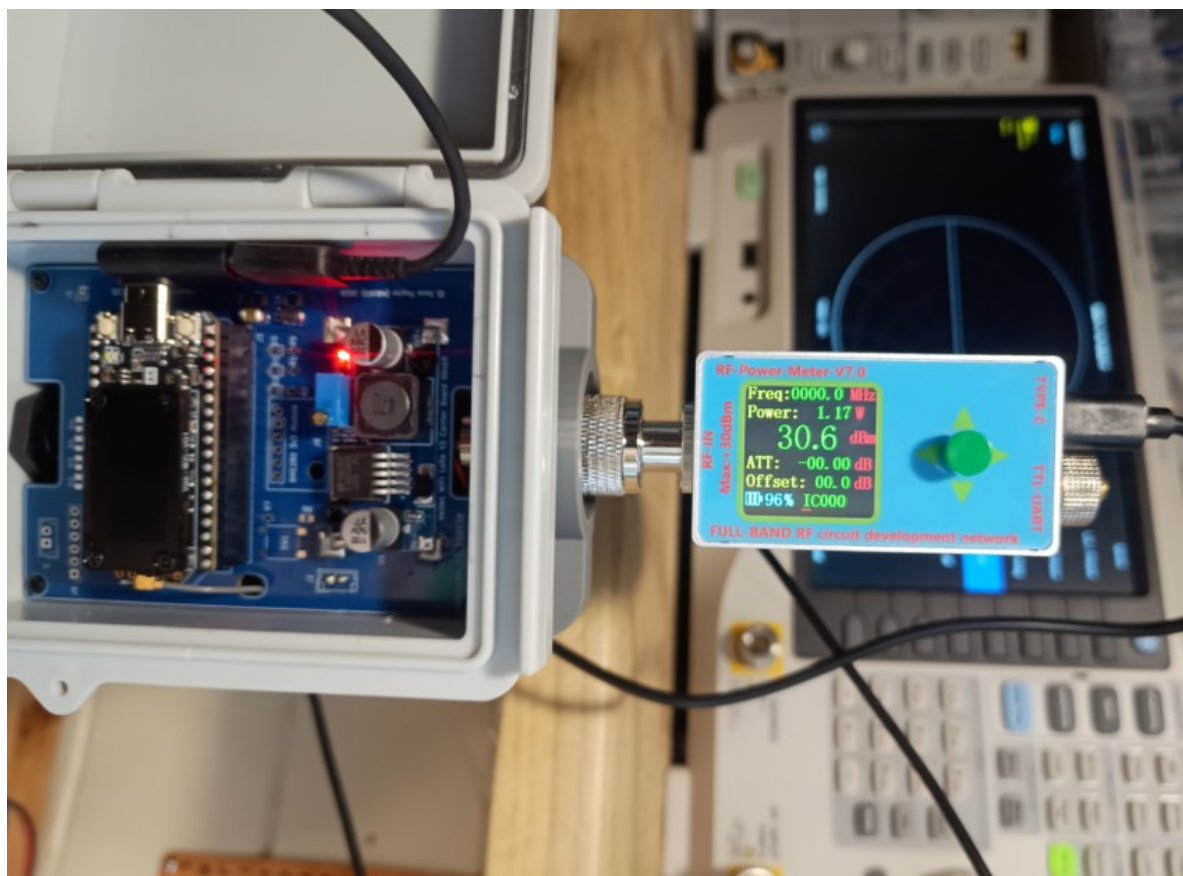
Save settings

This is the utility that is used to configure your MeshCORE repeater. There's lots to choose from here, but the main options to change are the “Name”, which is the name of your MeshCORE

repeater, the location (Latitude and Longitude) of your MeshCORE repeater and the Radio Settings; the latter being the most important. For the EU/UK the current recommend settings are EU/UK (Narrow) which configures the SX1262 LoRa modem inside your Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board to frequency 869.618MHz, 62.5MHz bandwidth, Spreading Factor (SF) 8, Coding Rate (CR) 8 and TX power level of +10dBm (10mW). If you are not in the UK or EU it will probably be different, so please check. For more information on what all this mean (Spreading Factor, Coding Rate etc.), and in particular an explanation of the modulation scheme used by LoRa (called Chirp Spread Spectrum) I recommend reading the second paragraph on page 4 of the following document from the RSGB:

[https://github.com/G1JKS/GB1HAB/blob/main/RSGB LoRA ARPS Balloon Tracker 1.8.pdf](https://github.com/G1JKS/GB1HAB/blob/main/RSGB%20LoRA%20ARPS%20Balloon%20Tracker%201.8.pdf)

For the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3) board the TX Power level (in dBm) can be set to anything up to +21dBm (125mW); and for the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V4) board anything up to +28dBm (630mW). However, my understanding is that both the V3 and V4 board, the maximum value you can set in the “TX Power (dBm) box” is 22. On the V3 board this results in +22dBm output power (approximately 125mW) and on the V4 this results in +28dBm output power (approximately 630mW). However, when I tested the V4 board in my lab (MeshCORE v1.10.1), the power level was actually slightly over +30dBm (1000mW or 1W). See below:



I do however urge caution when setting the power level here, as you need to check what is legal for your country. For example, Ofcom (the UK Spectrum regulator) document IR2030 specifies the maximum output power in the License Exempt Short Range Device (SRDs) 868MHz band for the UK, is 500mW (EIRP). It may be different in your own country, please check.

EIRP (Effective Isotropic Radiated Power) is the combined output power of the transmitter, minus any cable insertion loss, plus the gain of the antenna. If you purchased a 12V MeshCORE or



Meshtastic repeater, with the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi V4 board inside, when setting the TX Power level in the configuration utility, it is important to include the +5.5dBi antenna gain in the calculation for the EIRP. If you set the power level to +28dBm, by entering 22 in the TX Power (dBm) box, if one assumes the 10cm internal IPEX to N-Type cable has negligible insertion loss, the additional +5.5dBi gain of the antenna will result in an EIRP of +33.5dBm, which is approximately 2200mW (2.2W). This clearly exceeds what is allowed in the UK, Europe and probably in your country; so please check. For more details on what is, and what is not permitted in the 868MHz band in the UK, please see the following link for more details.

<https://tinyurl.com/bdfcwp7b>

The spectrum regulator for your country will also have such a document, so please check it.

Finally, for more information on how to configure a MeshCORE repeater, please take a look at this video on YouTube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DhgY0K-iA60>

## **Installing Meshtastic v2.6.11 (beta) or v2.7.11 (alpha) (868MHz/915MHz)**

If after doing all the above, you decide you really wanted Meshtastic after all, it too comes with a firmware web flasher utility. You can find it here:

[Meshtastic firmware web flasher Utility](#)

It uses the same “esptool.js” JavaScript tool to install firmware as MeshCORE, so the instructions for Meshtastic are almost identical for those above for MeshCORE. The only difference is Meshtastic does not have different firmware for different “roles”. There is only one version of firmware and the role/mode (e.g. client, router) is configured from the Meshtastic app.

*Warning: Under no circumstances should you attempt to connect your Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board up to your computer (via USB-C) when it is mounted on the PCB; and particularly when it is also being powered via the 12V (SP13). Doing so will result in irreversible damage to the main +5v to+ 3v3 LDO regulator on the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board. Remove the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board from the carrier PCB first before attempting any upgrade or configuration over USB.*

## **Installing CA2RXU’s APRS iGate/Digipeater (433MHz)**

If you purchased the 12V “APRS” iGate/Digipeater version (433MHz) it will come with latest version of APRS iGate/Digipeater software from Richard Gunzman (CA2RXU). This also has a firmware web flasher utility, which you can find here:

[Richard Gunzman \(CA2RXU\) APRS iGate firmware web flasher utility](#)

*Warning: Under no circumstances should you attempt to connect your Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi (V3 or V4) board up to your computer (via USB-C) when it is mounted on the PCB; and particularly when it is also being powered via the 12V (SP13). Doing so will result in irreversible damage to the main +5v to+ 3v3 LDO regulator on the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board. Remove the Heltec LoRa Wi-Fi board from the carrier PCB first before attempting any upgrade or configuration over USB.*

Details of how to configure an APRS iGate or Digipeater can be download from the following link:

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1-jafzOWis\\_qOaNuI4WGVcFKjh\\_uCJtB6/view](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1-jafzOWis_qOaNuI4WGVcFKjh_uCJtB6/view)

Best of luck, and any issue get in touch; my e-mail address is at the top of the page. However, before you do, please take the time to read the various online documentation which you can find here:

[Meshtastic](#)

[MeshCORE](#)

[CA2RXU APRS iGate Firmware](#)

73 Dave (G1JKS / M0JKS)