Exam 29 December

Due Dec 29 at 11am **Points** 30 **Questions** 30

Available Dec 29 at 10am - Dec 29 at 11:05am about 1 hour Time Limit 50 Minutes

Instructions

Notation: _ denotes the blank symbol in questions on configurations

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	50 minutes	22 out of 30

! Correct answers are hidden.

Score for this quiz: **22** out of 30 Submitted Dec 29 at 10:50am This attempt took 50 minutes.

Question 1	1 / 1 pts
$f(n)=9n^4+5n \ g(n)=2^{n-2}$ Which one of the following statements holds? 1st statement: $f(n)=O(g(n))$. 2nd statement: $g(n)=O(f(n))$.	
Only the 1st statement holds.	
Only the 2nd statement holds.	
Both statements hold.	
None of the two statements holds.	

Question 2	1 / 1 pts
$f(n)=n^4+2n\ g(n)=(2/3)^n$ Which one of the following statements holds? 1st statement: $f(n)=\Omega(g(n))$. 2nd statement: $g(n)=\Omega(f(n))$.	
Only the 1st statement holds.	
Only the 2nd statement holds.	
Both statements hold.	
None of the two statements holds.	

Question 3	1 / 1 pts
Let M = (Q, Σ , Γ , δ , q_0 , q_a , q_r) be a 2-tape Turing machine. Which of starting configuration for input word abb?	one is the
\bigcirc (q ₀ , λ ,abb, λ ,_)	
(q ₀ ,abb,_)	
\bigcirc (q ₀ , λ , abb, λ , λ)	
(q ₀ ,abb, λ)	

Question 4 1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following two words can be a configuration of one-tape Turing machine $M = (\{q_0,q_1,q_2\}, \{a,b\}, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, q_a, q_r)$?			
q ₁ aab or aabq ₁ ?			
• q ₁ aab only			
○ aabq ₁ only			
both of the two words			
onone of the two words			

Question 5 0 / 1 pts

Let M = (Q, Σ , Γ , δ , q_0 , q_a , q_r) be a 2-tape Turing machine and let _ denote the blank symbol.

Which one of the following statements holds?

1st statement: $(q_0,\lambda,\lambda,\lambda,\lambda)$ is the starting configuration for input λ .

2nd statement: $(q_r, \lambda, _, \lambda, _)$ is a rejecting configuration.

- Only the 1st statement holds.
- Only the 2nd statement holds.
- Both statements hold.
- None of the two statements holds.

Incorrect

Question 6 0 / 1 pts

Let $M = (\{q_0, q_a, q_r\}, \{a, c\}, \{a, b, c, _\}, \delta, q_0, q_a, q_r\})$, where the transitions are $\delta(q_0, a) = (q_a, b, S)$, $\delta(q_0, b) = (q_a, b, S)$, $\delta(q_0, c) = (q_r, _, L)$, $\delta(q_0, _) = (q_a, _, L)$. Is it true, that $b \in L(M)$? Is it true, that $c \in L(M)$? $b \in L(M) \text{ only}$ $both b \in L(M) \text{ and } c \in L(M) \text{ holds}$ $none \text{ of } b \in L(M) \text{ and } c \in L(M) \text{ holds}$

Question 7	1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements can be stated as being TRUE?

1st statement: Let M be an n^3 time bounded nondeterministic Turing machine. Then there exist a deterministic $O(n^7)$ time bounded deterministic Turing machine equivalent with M.

2nd statement: Let M be an n^3 time bounded deterministic 2-tape Turing machine. Then there exist a deterministic $O(n^7)$ time bounded 1-tape deterministic Turing machine equivalent with M.

	Only	the	1st	statement	holds.
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- Only the 2nd statement holds.
- Both statements hold.
- None of the two statements holds.

Question 8 0 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements can not be stated as being TRUE?

For every deterministic Turing machine there exist an equivalent nondeterministic one.

For every nondeterministic Turing machine there exist an equivalent deterministic one.

For every deterministic 3-tape Turing machine of polynomial time complexity there exists an equivalent deterministic 2-tape Turing machine of polynomial time complexity.

For every nondeterministic Turing machine of polynomial time complexity there exists an equivalent deterministic Turing machine of polynomial time complexity.

Incorrect

Question 9 0 / 1 pts

Let L be a language and M be a nondeterministic Turing machine, such that L(M)=L holds.

Which one of the following statements follows from this assumption?

1st statement: L ∈ RE

2nd statement: L ∈ R

Only the 1st statement follows.

Only the 2nd statement follows.
Both statements follow.
None of the two statements follows.

Question 10 0 / 1 pts

Which one of the following sequences is NOT a code of 3-state (q_0,q_r,q_a) 1-tape deterministic Turing machine according to the coding given on the lecture? [Before assigning a specific macine for non-codes.]

- 0101000100010001101001000100010001101000100010001
- 0101010101101001010101101000101010

Question 11 1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements holds?

1st statement: The cardinality of $\{L \mid L \subseteq \{0,1\}^*\}\$ is countably infinite.

2nd statement: The cardinality of RE\R is countably infinite.

- Only the 1st statement.
- Only the 2nd statement.
- Both statements.

None of the two statements.

Question 12	1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following statements holds?	
1st statement: L _h can be reduced to a decidable language.	
2nd statement: The complement language of L_h is in RE.	
Only the 1st statement holds.	
Only the 2nd statement holds.	
Both statements hold.	
None of the two statements holds.	

Question 13	1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following statements holds?	
1st statement: TSP can be reduced to a decidable language.	
2nd statement: The complement language of TSP is in RE.	
Only the 1st statement holds.	
Only the 2nd statement holds.	
Both statements hold.	
None of the two statements holds.	

Question 14	0 / 1	pts

Which one of the following statements holds (using the concepts of Rice's theorem)?

1st statement: $\{L \mid L \subseteq \{0,1\}^* \text{ and } L \text{ is finite } \}$ is a non-trivial property of the recursively enumerable languages.

2nd statement: Ø is a trivial property of the recursively enumerable languages.

Only	the	1et	stateme	nt l	holds
OHILL	นเธ	ıσι	Stateme	71 IL I	iiuius.

 Only the 2nd statement ho 		Only	the	2nd	statement	holds
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Both statements hold.

None	of the	two	statements	holds
INOLIC		LVVO	Statements	HUIU5.

Question 15 1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements can be stated being TRUE?

1st statement: The language of unsatisfiable formulas of propositional logic is in P.

2nd statement: The language of valid formulas of first order logic is undecidable.

Only the	1st s	tatement.
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- Only the 2nd statement.
- Both statements.
- None of the two statements.

Question 16	1 / 1 pts
Consider a first order logic including a predicate symbol p and a fu symbol f, both of arity 2.	nction
Which one of of the following is a string representation of a first ord formula? (x and y are variables)	der
1. ∀xf(x,y)	
2. $p(x,y) \lor p(f(y,y),x)$	
only the 1st one	
only the 2nd one	
Oboth	
onone of them	

Question 17 1 / 1 pts

Let $D=\{(u,v),(w,x)\}$ $(u,v,w,x\in\Sigma^+)$ be an instance of the Post Correspondence Problem. (There are 3 dominos, the first one has u at the top and v at the bottom, the second one has w at the top and x at the bottom.)

Which one of the following statements holds?

- 1. All solutions of D is a sequence of at most 2 dominos.
- 2. If |u| > |v| and |w| > |x| then D has no solution
 - Only the 1st statement holds.
 - Only the 2nd statement holds.
 - Both statements hold.

None of the 2 statement holds.

Question 18	1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following statements holds?	
1st statement: For every nondeterministic Turing machine M there grammar generating L(M).	exists a
2nd statement: For every grammar G there exists a nondeterminismachine recognizing L(G).	stic Turing
Only the 1st statement holds.	
Only the 2nd statement holds.	
Both statements hold.	
None of the two statements holds.	

Question 19	1 / 1 pts
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Which one of the following statements holds?

1st statement: For every nondeterministic Turing machine M there exists a context sensitive grammar generating L(M).

2nd statement: For every context sensitive grammar G there exists a nondeterministic Turing machine recognizing L(G).

Only the 1st statement.

Only the 2nd statement.
Both statements.
None of the two statements.

Question 20	0 / 1 pts
Which one of the following languages can be a language not in P?	
O PERFECT MATCHING	
REACHABILITY	
GRAPH ISOMORPHISM	
② 2SAT	

Question 21	1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following languages is not in NP?	
GRAPH ISOMORPHISM	
SUBGRAPH ISOMORPHISM	
UNSATPRED	
SAT	

Question 22	1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following two propositional formulas is a Horn for 1. (¬x ∨ y) ∧ (¬x ∨ ¬z) ∧ y 2. (¬x ∨ y ∨ ¬z) ∧ (¬x ∨ ¬z ∨ ¬w) (x,y,z,w are atomic variables)	ormula?
Only the 1st one	
only the 2nd one	
both of them	
onone of them	

Question 23	1 / 1 pts
Complete the sentence to make it true. If then P=NP.	
REACHABILITY is in NP	
there is an NP-complete problem in NP	
there are no NP-intermediete problems in NP	
every problem in NP is reducible to an NP-complete problem	

Question 24 1 / 1 pts

Let G be a simple undirected graph of 20 vertices.

Which one of the following statements holds?
1st statement: If G is 4-colorable, then G is 5-colorable.
2nd statement: If G has a vertex cover of size 7, then G has a vertex cover of size 8.
Only the 1st statement holds.
Only the 2nd statement holds.
Both statements hold.
None of the two statements holds.

Question 25 Let L and L' be languages and assume that L is in NP. Then the following proves NP-completeness of L. L≤L' and L' is NP-complete L'≤pL' and L' is NP-complete L'≤L and L' is NP-complete

Question 26 1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements holds?

1st statement: If P=NP is FALSE, then there exists a non-NP-complete language in NP\P.

2nd statement: If P=NP, then PRIME FACTORIZATION is not NP-intermediete.
Only the 1st statement holds.
Only the 2nd statement holds.
Both statements hold.
None of the two statements holds.

Which one of the following statements holds? 1st statement: Space complexity class coNL is the complement of space complexity class NL. 2nd statement: NL⊆ coNL. Only the 1st statement holds. Only the 2nd statement holds. Both statements hold. None of the two statements holds.

Question 28 1 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements can be stated being TRUE?

1st statement: TIME(n²)⊆NSPACE(n²)

2nd statement: SPACE(n²)⊆NTIME(n²)	
	Only the 1st statement.
	Only the 2nd statement.
	O Both statements.
	None of the two statements.

Which one of the following statements holds? 1st statement: There is a language which can be decided by nondeterministic offline Turing machine of O(nlog n) space complexity, but can not be decided by a deterministic offline Turing machine of polynomial space complexity. 2nd statement: There is a language in NP which can not be decided by a deterministic offline Turing machine of polynomial space complexity. Only the 1st statement holds. Only the 2nd statement holds. Both statements hold. None of the two statements holds.

Incorrect

Question 30 0 / 1 pts

Which one of the following statements can be stated being TRUE?

1st statement: Every PSPACE-complete language is in NPSPACE.

2nd statement: 3SAT is PSPACE-complete.

Quiz Score: 22 out of 30