Practice

Due Dec 21, 2020 at 1pm Points 60 Questions 1

Available Dec 21, 2020 at 10:45am - Dec 21, 2020 at 1:15pm about 3 hours

Time Limit 130 Minutes

This guiz is no longer available as the course has been concluded.

Attempt History

| | Attempt | Time | Score |
|--------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| LATEST | Attempt 1 | 119 minutes | 27 out of 60 |

Score for this quiz: **27** out of 60 Submitted Dec 21, 2020 at 12:48pm This attempt took 119 minutes.

Question 1

Not yet graded / 60 pts

Eötvös Loránd University – Department of Programming Languages and Compilers

Concurrent Programming Lab – Exam 1 Exercise (60 points)

Please keep in mind that the answers will be checked through a plagiarism checker. In case of copied solutions, you will receive one grade, divided by the number of people involved.

To be evaluated, your solution MUST COMPILE correctly (no compilation errors).

The exam tepmlate is (here)

Consider the following situation. A thread pool needs to be implemented for a small real-time system with particular scheduling features and a time-based execution policy. The thread pool has a fixed size and takes tasks in a FIFO order from its queue. It should execute each task it has been assigned in a time that is harmonic to a given time tick value. Time here is expressed in milliseconds.

You are asked to model this situation by defining the appropriate classes, in particular:

- **(35 points)** A class, which has the following properties: HarmonicThreadPool
 - A private final attribute called . int size
 - Two private final attributes called and .long base_tick max_time
 - A private attribute called . long time
 - Its constructor takes an that defines the size of the thread pool and two values to initialize and . The attribute is initialized to the double of . This constructor creates and starts the thread pool (as standard). int n long base_tick max_time time base_tick
 - A public method , which takes a value and uses it to update the attribute by the following policy: if the received value is greater than , then the **error** is printed out and the thread pool is shut down. Else, if the duration of a task is greater than the current property of the thread pool, it is used to compute a new value for that is harmonic to the value (should be the multiple of that is immediately greater than). On top of that, to keep the thread pool balanced, after every calls of , the attribute should be reset to the double of .void update(long nTime) long time max_time "Max time exceeded! Shutting down the thread pool" time time base_tick base_tick nTime base_tick update(...) time base_tick

A public method which should safely shut down the thread pool
 (safety as defined during the lectures). The statement is printed for
 every terminated thread, right after its termination. Of course, an
 actual shutdown should happen only once, no matter how many
 times the method is called. The statement is printed after all threads
 have successfully terminated. void shutdown() "<thread_name> has
 stopped" "Thread pool <i> has shut down"

- (15 points) A private inner class that extends and has the following properties: Worker Thread
 - After executing a task, threads update the thread pool through the duration of each task. Worker
 - Each thread then sleeps until the end of the time slot defined by (an amount of time such that). Worker time <task_duration> +
 <sleeping_time> = time
 - The threads should "pretty-print" themselves, the same way threads belonging to thread pools usually do (). "pool-<i>-thread-<j>"
- (10 points) A class that implements. The behaviour for tasks that are instances of this class is simply sleeping for a random amount of time

such that .Task Runnable (sleeping_time) > 0

IMPORTANT:

The basic structures needed for the implementation of a thread pool are omitted from this specification and **defined in the exam template file**.

It is recommended to use to perform the time calculations. System.currentTimeMillis()

Method signatures **must be kept as in the specification**, but you are free to define additional helper structures or methods as you wish.

It is not specified which methods should be synchronized and which not. You should implement synchronization as required to make the whole program thread safe.

<u>Exam_1.java (https://canvas.elte.hu/files/858028/download)</u>

Quiz Score: 27 out of 60

This quiz score has been manually adjusted by +27.0 points.