# **Capsule Deployment — New Site Playbook**

This guide covers moving Capsule to a **new site/domain** (e.g., different org, region, or environment) with minimal friction and zero credential leaks.

#### 1) Decide your topology

- New Vercel project per site (recommended)
- **Supabase**: choose one
- A. New Supabase project per site (clean isolation)
- B. Reuse existing project with separate schemas (faster, less isolation)

Tip: For vendors/clients, use **A**. For a second region within the same org, **B** is fine if RLS is strict.

#### 2) New domain + DNS

- Point your custom domain to Vercel.
- Verify HTTPS (Vercel auto TLS) and HSTS enabled.

### 3) Environment variables (per site)

 $\textbf{Create .env.production} \text{ (Vercel} \rightarrow \textbf{Project} \rightarrow \textbf{Settings} \rightarrow \textbf{Environment Variables):}$ 

NEXT\_PUBLIC\_SUPABASE\_URL=
NEXT\_PUBLIC\_SUPABASE\_ANON\_KEY=
SUPABASE\_SERVICE\_ROLE\_KEY=
APP\_BASE\_URL=https://new.example.com
OPENAI\_API\_KEY=

## 4) Google OAuth

In **Google Cloud Console** → **Credentials** for the new site:

- Add Authorized redirect URI:
- https://new.example.com/auth/callback
- (keep http://localhost:3000/auth/callback for local)
- In Supabase → Authentication → Providers → Google:

• Ensure the same Client ID/Secret or create a new pair if required by org policy.

If using a **new Supabase project**, re-enable the Google provider there.

## 5) Supabase setup for the new site

#### If new project:

- Create tables: meetings, transcripts, actions (or run your schema migration pack)
- Run FTS migration: supabase/migrations/\*\_add\_fts\_indexes.sql
- Create Storage bucket recordings/ (private)
- Verify RLS policies (see Security section)

#### If reusing project:

- Option 1: separate **schema** (e.g., capsule\_site2.\*)
- Option 2: add a tenant\_id column to all tables and **enforce RLS** per tenant.

### 6) App configuration

- Set APP\_BASE\_URL to the new domain.
- Update any hardcoded links in emails/Slack messages.
- Confirm CORS: Supabase → **Auth** and **API** settings allow your new origin.

## 7) Build & deploy

- Create a **new Vercel project** from the same GitHub repo or a fork.
- Select the correct branch (main or release).
- Add env vars (Section 3).
- Deploy. Confirm 200 at / and OAuth redirect.

## 8) Post-deploy smoke tests

- Login: Sign in with Google on the new domain.
- Upload: Upload a small audio file; confirm it appears in Storage.
- **Transcribe**: Verify Whisper → transcript row created.
- Summarize: Check notes + actions are generated.
- Search: Try global search for a known keyword.
- Integrations: Send a test Email + Slack message.

#### 9) RLS quick checklist (Supabase)

For each table: meetings, transcripts, actions

- Add owner\_id (UUID) or tenant\_id (UUID/text).
- Enable RLS.
- · Policies:
- select: only members of the tenant/team or record owner
- insert/update/delete : owner or service role
- Storage: bucket recordings **private**, signed URLs only; expiry 60–120 mins

#### 10) Content routing & branding

- Update logo/wordmark if the new site needs white-labeling.
- Change email From name/domain (SPF/DKIM records for deliverability).
- Optional: new Slack channel default.

#### 11) Monitoring & alerts

- Vercel: enable logs, set up alerts on 5xx spikes
- Supabase: database logs + auth events
- Optional: Sentry for frontend & API route error tracking

## 12) Rollback plan

- Keep previous Vercel deployment as a ready rollback target.
- Database: snapshot before schema changes.
- Storage: ensure lifecycle rules retain objects for N days.

## 13) Migration checklist (copy-paste)

Appendix A — Staging vs Production

Recommended split:

- staging.example.com → staging Supabase project + OpenAI key (lower quota)
- example.com → production Supabase + OpenAI key

## Appendix B — Supabase schema snippet

Example multi-tenant column and policy stub:

```
alter table meetings add column if not exists tenant_id uuid;
create policy tenant_read on meetings for select using (
  auth.uid() is not null and tenant_id = auth.jwt() ->> 'tenant_id'
);
```

Replace policy with your auth strategy (e.g., map Google domain to tenant).