Step 1: Document Declaration

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

- Declares this as an **HTML5 document**.
- lang="en" specifies the language as English for accessibility and SEO.

Step 2: Head Section

```
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<title>Admin Login</title>
link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='style.css') }}">
</head>
```

- 1. <meta charset="utf-8"> \rightarrow ensures support for all characters and symbols.
- 2. $\langle \text{title} \rangle \rightarrow \text{sets the browser tab title as Admin Login}$.
- 3. k rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='style.css') }}">
 - Links the CSS file for styling.
 - {{ url_for('static', filename='style.css') }} → Flask template function that generates the correct URL to style.css.

Step 3: Body Section

```
<body class="bg">
```

<div class="auth-container">

- <body> contains all visible content.
- class="bg" → applies background styling from CSS.
- <div class="auth-container"> → container for the login form (centered box styling in CSS).

Step 4: Header

<h2>Admin Sign In</h2>

- Displays the heading for the page.
- Clearly indicates it's an **Admin login form**.

Step 5: Flash Messages (Flask)

```
{% with messages = get_flashed_messages(with_categories=true) %}
{% if messages %}
   {% for cat,msg in messages %}
        <div class="flash {{ cat }}">{{ msg }}</div>
        {% endfor %}
        {% endif %}

{% endwith %}
```

- Flask feature to display temporary messages (success/error).
- get_flashed_messages(with_categories=true) → fetches messages stored on the server.
- Loops through each message and displays it in a <div> with a class for styling (e.g., flash error, flash success).

Step 6: Login Form

```
<form method="post">
  <input name="username" placeholder="Admin username" required>
  <input name="password" type="password" placeholder="Admin password" required>
  <button type="submit">Login</button>
  </form>
```

1. <form method="post"> → submits form data securely to the Flask server.

2. Username Input:

- o <input name="username" placeholder="Admin username" required>
- o Placeholder gives a hint, and required ensures field isn't empty.

3. Password Input:

- <input name="password" type="password" placeholder="Admin password" required>
- type="password" hides the entered text.

4. Submit Button:

 \circ <button type="submit">Login</button> \rightarrow submits the form.

Step 7: Closing Tags

</body>

</html>

• Closes the container, body, and HTML document.

✓ Summary of Flow

- 1. Admin opens the login page \rightarrow sees a **centered login form**.
- 2. Admin enters username and password.
- 3. Admin clicks $Login \rightarrow$ form sends a **POST request** to the Flask server.
- 4. Flask server validates credentials:
 - \circ If valid \rightarrow logs in admin.
 - \circ If invalid \rightarrow sends a **flash message**, displayed above the form.