Getting Started with EF Core on ASP.NET Core with a New database

🗊 04/07/2017 • 🕒 4 minutes to read • Contributors 🏶 🎒 👰 🚯 🔘 all

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In this walkthrough, you will build an ASP.NET Core MVC application that performs basic data access using Entity Framework Core. You will use migrations to create the database from your EF Core model. See <u>Additional Resources</u> for more Entity Framework Core tutorials.

This tutorial requires:

- Visual Studio 2017 15.3 with these workloads:
 - ASP.NET and web development (under Web & Cloud)
 - .NET Core cross-platform development (under Other Toolsets)
- .NET Core 2.0 SDK.

∏ Tip

You can view this article's <u>sample</u> on GitHub.

Create a new project in Visual Studio 2017

- File > New > Project
- From the left menu select **Installed > Templates > Visual C# > .NET Core**.
- Select ASP.NET Core Web Application.
- Enter EFGetStarted.AspNetCore.NewDb for the name and click OK.

- In the New ASP.NET Core Web Application dialog:
 - Ensure the options .NET Core and ASP.NET Core 2.0 are selected in the drop down lists
 - Select the Web Application (Model-View-Controller) project template
 - Ensure that Authentication is set to No Authentication
 - Click OK

Warning: If you use **Individual User Accounts** instead of **None** for **Authentication** then an Entity Framework Core model will be added to your project in <code>Models\IdentityModel.cs</code>. Using the techniques you will learn in this walkthrough, you can choose to add a second model, or extend this existing model to contain your entity classes.

Install Entity Framework Core

Install the package for the EF Core database provider(s) you want to target. This walkthrough uses SQL Server. For a list of available providers see <u>Database Providers</u>.

- Tools > NuGet Package Manager > Package Manager Console
- Run Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer

We will be using some Entity Framework Core Tools to create a database from your EF Core model. So we will install the tools package as well:

• Run Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools

We will be using some ASP.NET Core Scaffolding tools to create controllers and views later on. So we will install this design package as well:

• Run Install-Package Microsoft.VisualStudio.Web.CodeGeneration.Design

Create the model

Define a context and entity classes that make up the model:

- Right-click on the Models folder and select Add > Class.
- Enter **Model.cs** as the name and click **OK**.
- Replace the contents of the file with the following code:

```
Copy
C#
                                                                            using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using System.Collections.Generic;
namespace EFGetStarted.AspNetCore.NewDb.Models
   public class BloggingContext : DbContext
   {
        public BloggingContext(DbContextOptions<BloggingContext> options)
            : base(options)
        { }
        public DbSet<Blog> Blogs { get; set; }
        public DbSet<Post> Posts { get; set; }
    }
   public class Blog
        public int BlogId { get; set; }
        public string Url { get; set; }
        public List<Post> Posts { get; set; }
    }
   public class Post
        public int PostId { get; set; }
        public string Title { get; set; }
        public string Content { get; set; }
        public int BlogId { get; set; }
        public Blog Blog { get; set; }
}
```

Note: In a real app you would typically put each class from your model in a separate file. For the sake of simplicity, we are putting all the classes in one file for this tutorial.

Register your context with dependency injection

Services (such as BloggingContext) are registered with <u>dependency injection</u> during application startup. Components that require these services (such as your MVC controllers) are then provided these services via constructor parameters or properties.

In order for our MVC controllers to make use of BloggingContext we will register it as a service.

- Open Startup.cs
- Add the following using statements:

```
Using EFGetStarted.AspNetCore.NewDb.Models;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
```

Add the AddDbContext method to register it as a service:

• Add the following code to the ConfigureServices method:

```
// This method gets called by the runtime. Use this method to add services to the
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
{
    services.AddMvc();

    var connection = @"Server=(localdb)\mssqllocaldb;Database=EFGetStarted.AspNetC
    services.AddDbContext<BloggingContext>(options => options.UseSqlServer(connect
}
```

Note: A real app would generally put the connection string in a configuration file. For the sake of simplicity, we are defining it in code. See <u>Connection Strings</u> for more information.

Create your database

Once you have a model, you can use migrations to create a database.

Open the PMC:

Tools -> NuGet Package Manager -> Package Manager Console

- Run Add-Migration InitialCreate to scaffold a migration to create the initial set of tables for your model. If you receive an error stating
 The term 'add-migration' is not recognized as the name of a cmdlet, close and reopen Visual Studio.
- Run Update-Database to apply the new migration to the database. This command creates the database before applying migrations.

Create a controller

Enable scaffolding in the project:

- Right-click on the Controllers folder in Solution Explorer and select Add > Controller.
- Select Minimal Dependencies and click Add.
- You can ignore or delete the *ScaffoldingReadMe.txt* file.

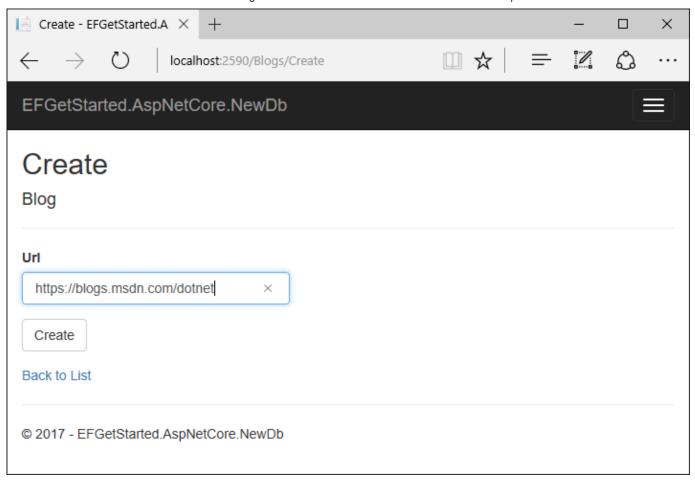
Now that scaffolding is enabled, we can scaffold a controller for the Blog entity.

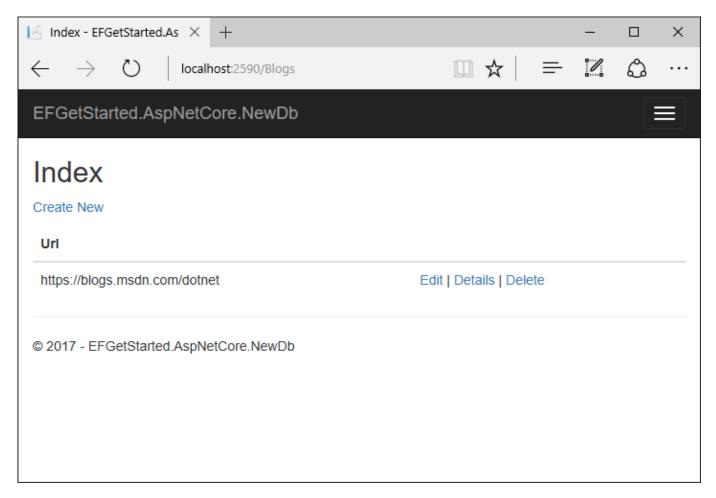
- Right-click on the **Controllers** folder in **Solution Explorer** and select **Add > Controller**.
- Select MVC Controller with views, using Entity Framework and click Ok.
- Set Model class to Blog and Data context class to BloggingContext.
- Click Add.

Run the application

Press F5 to run and test the app.

- Navigate to /Blogs
- Use the create link to create some blog entries. Test the details and delete links.





Additional Resources

- EF New database with SQLite a cross-platform console EF tutorial.
- Introduction to ASP.NET Core MVC on Mac or Linux
- Introduction to ASP.NET Core MVC with Visual Studio
- Getting started with ASP.NET Core and Entity Framework Core using Visual Studio

(i) Note

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