

Object Oriented Design Cheat Sheet

by David Harris (david) via cheatography.com/387/cs/179/

SOLID

Single Responsibility Principle

A class changes for only one reason

Open/Closed Principle

A class should be open for extension, closed for editing

Liskov's Substitution Principle

Derived types should cleanly and easily replace base types

Interface Segregation Principle

Favor multiple single-purpose interfaces over composite

Dependency Inversion Principle

Concrete classes depend on abstractions, not vice-versa

Other Principles

Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY)

Duplication should be abstracted

Law of Demeter

Only talk to related classes

Hollywood Principle

"Don't call us, we'll call you"

You Ain't Gonna Need It

Only code what you need now

Keep It Simple, Stupid

Favor clarity over cleverness

Convention Over Configuration

Defaults cover 90% of uses

Encapsulation

What happens in Vegas...

Other Principles (cont)

Design By Contract

And then write tests

Avoid Fragile Base Class

Treat Base like a public API

Common Closure Principle

Classes that change together, stay together

Common Refactorings

Encapsulate Field

Generalize Type

Type-Checking ⇒ State/Strategy

Conditional ⇒ Polymorphism

Extract Method

Extract Class

Move/Rename Method or Field

Move to Superclass/Subclass

http://martinfowler.com/refactoring/catalog

Class Associations: Association



Two objects have some sort of relationship to each other.

Example: Car uses Highway

Class Associations: Aggregation



An association where one object has-a (owns a) different object.

Example: Car has a Driver

Class Associations: Composition

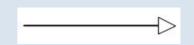


An aggregation with dependency - objects are mutually destroyed/created.

Example: Car has an Engine

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Class Associations: Generalization



"Is-A" relationship (inheritance).

Example: Porsche is a Car

Class Associations: Realization



One class implements behavior that is abstractly defined in another class.

Example: An Animal may Move(), but a Duck would move by waddling

Class Associations: Dependency



One class weakly depends on another.

Example: Car uses Highway

Access Modifiers

Only inside the same class Private instance

Inside same or derived class Protected

instances

Public All other classes linking/referencing the class

Internal Only other classes in the same

assembly

Protected All classes in same assembly, or Internal derived classes in other assembly

Static Accessible on the class itself (can combine with other accessors)



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Design Patterns (GoF)	
Abstract Factory	Creational
Builder	Creational
Factory Method	Creational
Prototype	Creational
Singleton	Creational
Adapter	Structural
Bridge	Structural
Composite	Structural
Decorator	Structural
Facade	Structural
Flyweight	Structural
Proxy	Structural
Chain of Responsibility	Behavioral
Command	Behavioral
Interpreter	Behavioral
Iterator	Behavioral
Mediator	Behavioral
Memento	Behavioral
Observer	Behavioral
State	Behavioral
Strategy	Behavioral
Template Method	Behavioral
Visitor	Behavioral



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