

## **PART 01:**

1. Create a new class called 'Item' with two protected instance variables (private variables), an integer variable called 'location', and a String variable called 'description'.

```
public class Item {  
    protected int location;  
    protected String description;  
  
    public Item(int location, String description) {  
        this.location = location;  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
    public int getLocation() {  
        return location;  
    }  
  
    public void setLocation(int location) {  
        this.location = location;  
    }  
  
    public String getDescription() {  
        return description;  
    }  
  
    public void setDescription(String description) {  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
}
```

2. Add a constructor method for the Item class that takes an integer and a String as arguments (in that order).

```
public class Item {  
  
    protected int location;  
  
    protected String description;  
  
  
    public Item(int location, String description) {  
  
        this.location = location;  
  
        this.description = description;  
  
    }  
  
  
    public int getLocation() {  
  
        return location;  
  
    }  
  
  
    public void setLocation(int location) {  
  
        this.location = location;  
  
    }  
  
  
    public String getDescription() {
```

```
return description;
```

```
}
```

```
public void setDescription(String description) {
```

```
    this.description = description;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

3. The constructor should assign the value of these parameters to the corresponding instance variables.

```
public class Item {
```

```
    protected int location;
```

```
    protected String description;
```

```
    public Item(int location, String description) {
```

```
        this.location = location;
```

```
        this.description = description;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public int getLocation() {
```

```
        return location;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void setLocation(int location) {
```

```
        this.location = location;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public String getDescription() {  
        return description;  
    }  
  
    public void setDescription(String description) {  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
}
```

4. Add getter and setter methods for the location and description variables.

```
public class Item {  
    protected int location;  
    protected String description;  
  
    public Item(int location, String description) {  
        this.location = location;  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
    public int getLocation() {  
        return location;  
    }  
  
    public void setLocation(int location) {  
        this.location = location;  
    }  
}
```

```

    public String getDescription() {
        return description;
    }

    public void setDescription(String description) {
        this.description = description;
    }
}

```

5. Add another class called Monster and make the Monster class a sub-class of the Item class.

```

public class Item {
    protected int location;
    protected String description;

    public Item(int location, String description) {
        this.location = location;
        this.description = description;
    }

    public int getLocation() {
        return location;
    }

    public void setLocation(int location) {
        this.location = location;
    }

    public String getDescription() {
        return description;
    }

    public void setDescription(String description) {
        this.description = description;
    }
}

public class Monster extends Item {
    public Monster(int location, String description) {
        super(location, description);
    }
}

```

```
}  
}
```

6. Add a constructor method to the Monster class that takes an integer and a String argument just like the Item class constructor.

```
public class Item {  
    protected int location;  
    protected String description;  
  
    public Item(int location, String description) {  
        this.location = location;  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
    public int getLocation() {  
        return location;  
    }  
  
    public void setLocation(int location) {  
        this.location = location;  
    }  
  
    public String getDescription() {  
        return description;  
    }  
  
    public void setDescription(String description) {  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
}
```

```
public class Monster extends Item {  
    public Monster(int location, String description) {  
        super(location, description);  
    }  
}
```

7. Use these arguments to call the Item super class constructor from within the Monster class constructor so that the instance variables in the superclass are instantiated correctly.

```
public class Item {  
    protected int location;  
    protected String description;  
  
    public Item(int location, String description) {  
        this.location = location;  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
  
    public int getLocation() {  
        return location;  
    }  
  
    public void setLocation(int location) {  
        this.location = location;  
    }  
  
    public String getDescription() {  
        return description;  
    }  
  
    public void setDescription(String description) {  
        this.description = description;  
    }  
}
```

```

public class Monster extends Item {
    public Monster(int location, String description) {
        super(location, description);
    }
}

```

## PART 02

- Which of these keywords is used to refer to member of base class from a sub class?  
a) upper      **b) super**      c) this      d) None of the mentioned
- The modifier which specifies that the member can only be accessed in its own class is  
a) public      **b) private**      c) protected      d) none
- Which of these is a mechanism for naming and visibility control of a class and its content?  
a) Object      **b) Packages**  
c) Interfaces      d) None of the Mentioned.
- Which of the following is correct way of importing an entire package 'pkg'?  
a) import pkg.      b) Import pkg.  
**c) import pkg.\***      d) Import pkg.\*
- Which of these method of class String is used to extract a single character from a String object?  
a) CHARAT()      b) charat()  
**c) charAt()**      d) CharAt()
- Which of these method of class String is used to obtain length of String object?  
a) get()      b) Sizeof()  
c) lengthof()      **d) length()**

## PART 03: Fill in the blanks using appropriate term.



1. Real-world objects contain **state** and **behavior**.
2. A software object's state is stored in **fields**.
3. A software object's behavior is exposed through **methods**.
4. Hiding internal data from the outside world, and accessing it only through publicly exposed methods is known as data **encapsulation**.
5. A blueprint for a software object is called a **class**.
6. Common behavior can be defined in a **superclass** and inherited into a **subclass** using the **extends** keyword.
7. A collection of methods with no implementation is called an **interface**.
8. A namespace that organizes classes and interfaces by functionality is called a **package**.
9. The term API stands for **Application Programming Interface**.