

# Arduino Workshop

Arduino and embedded system  
introduction

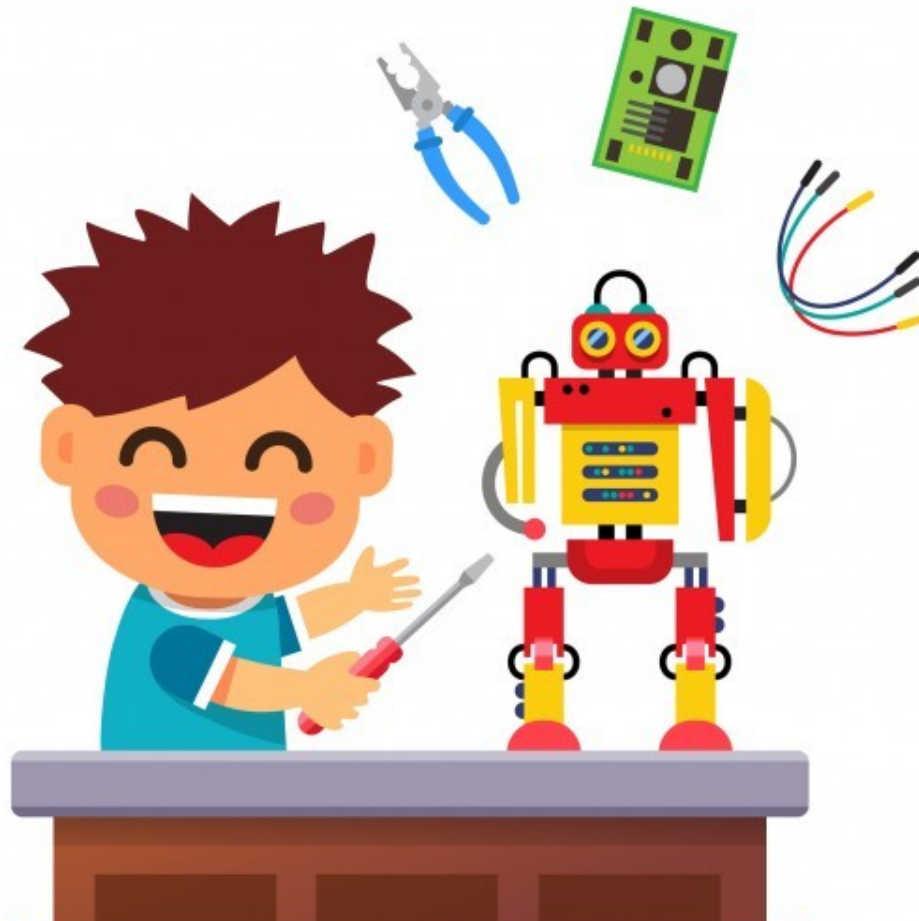


# Some Cool stuff

Arduino Projects

OpenClass

# DIY (Do it yourself )





# What is an embedded system ?

- An embedded system is that system which has computer hardware with software embedded in it.
- An embedded system product is controlled by an internal microprocessor or microcontroller instead of some external control unit.

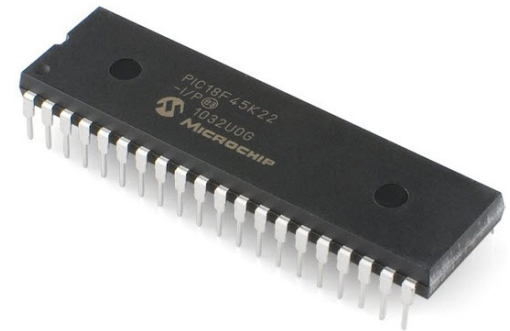
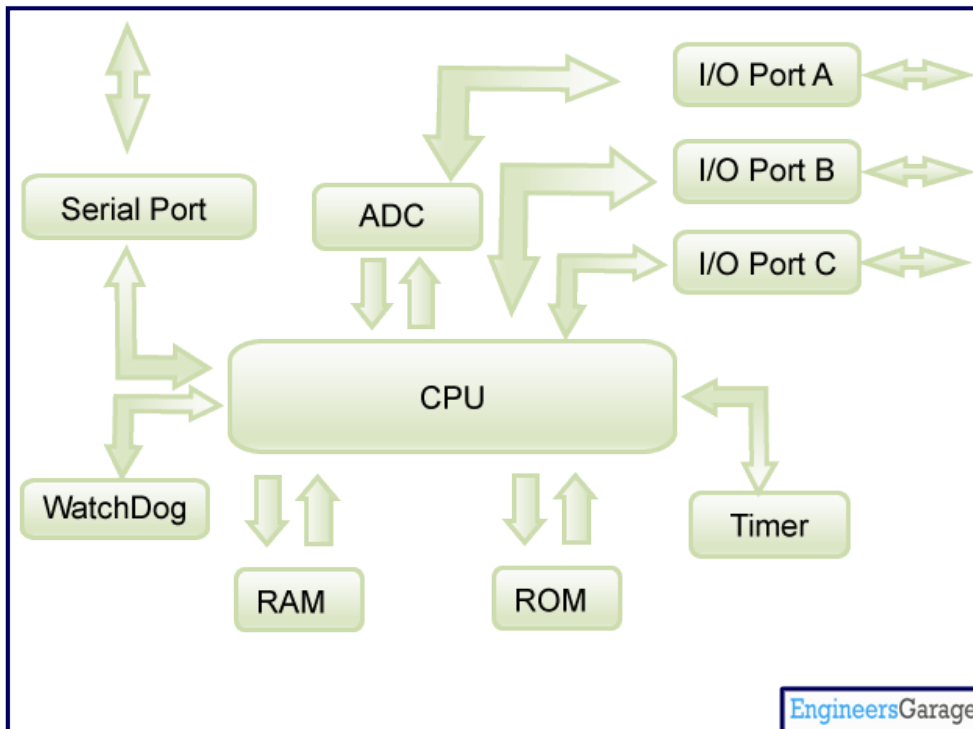
# Embedded systems

- Some examples in our daily life :

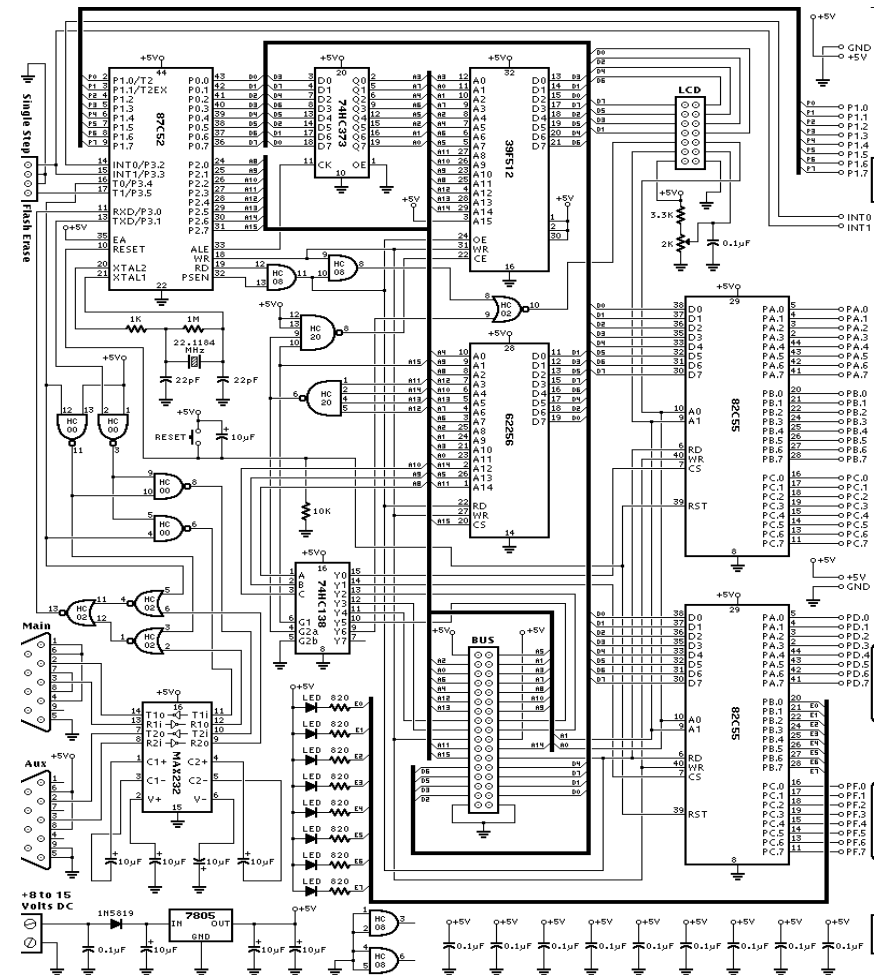


# MicroController

- A microcontroller (or MCU for microcontroller unit) is a small computer on a single integrated circuit.



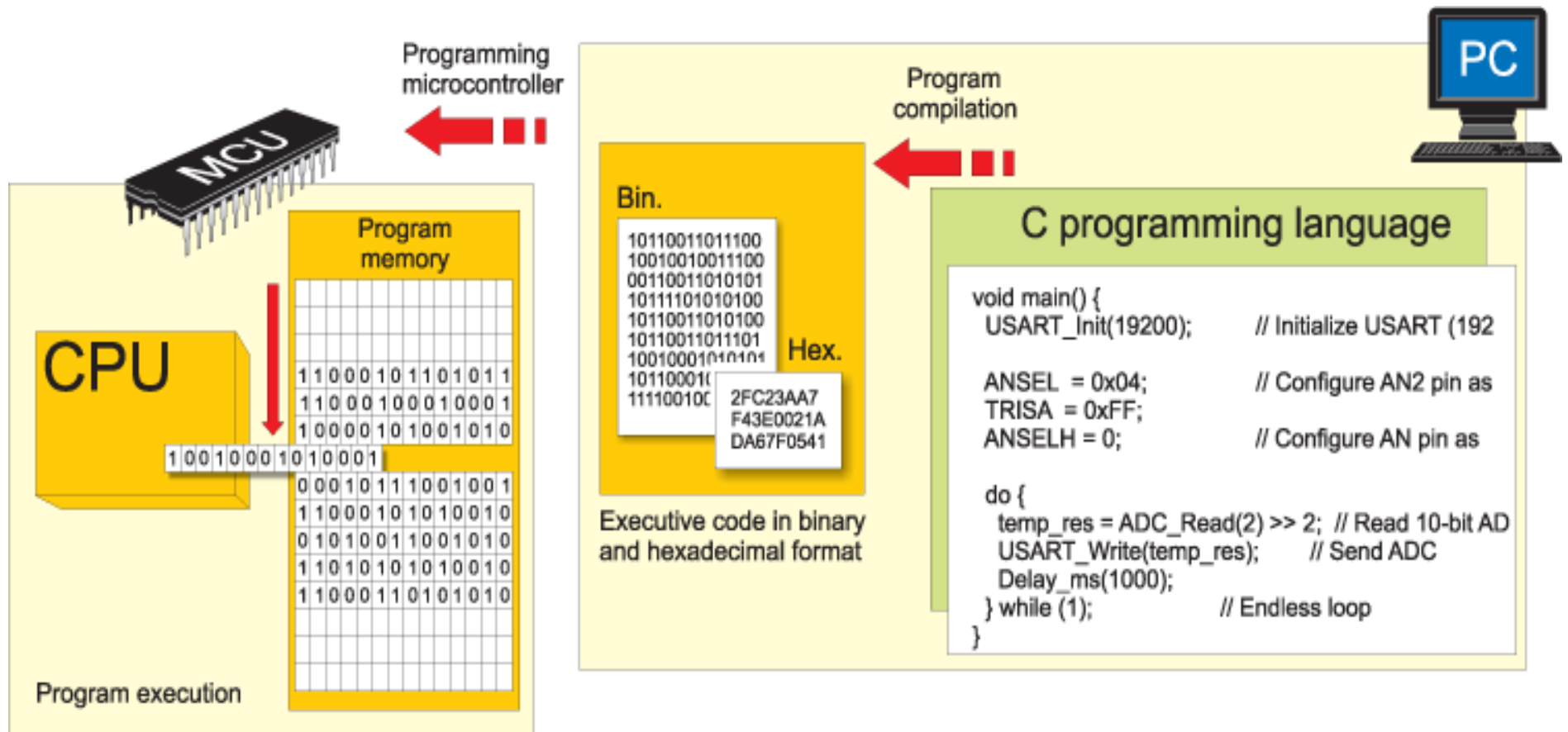
- What makes embedded development difficult?
- Build tools
- Software internals
- Non standard hardware





# MicroController

- To program it .





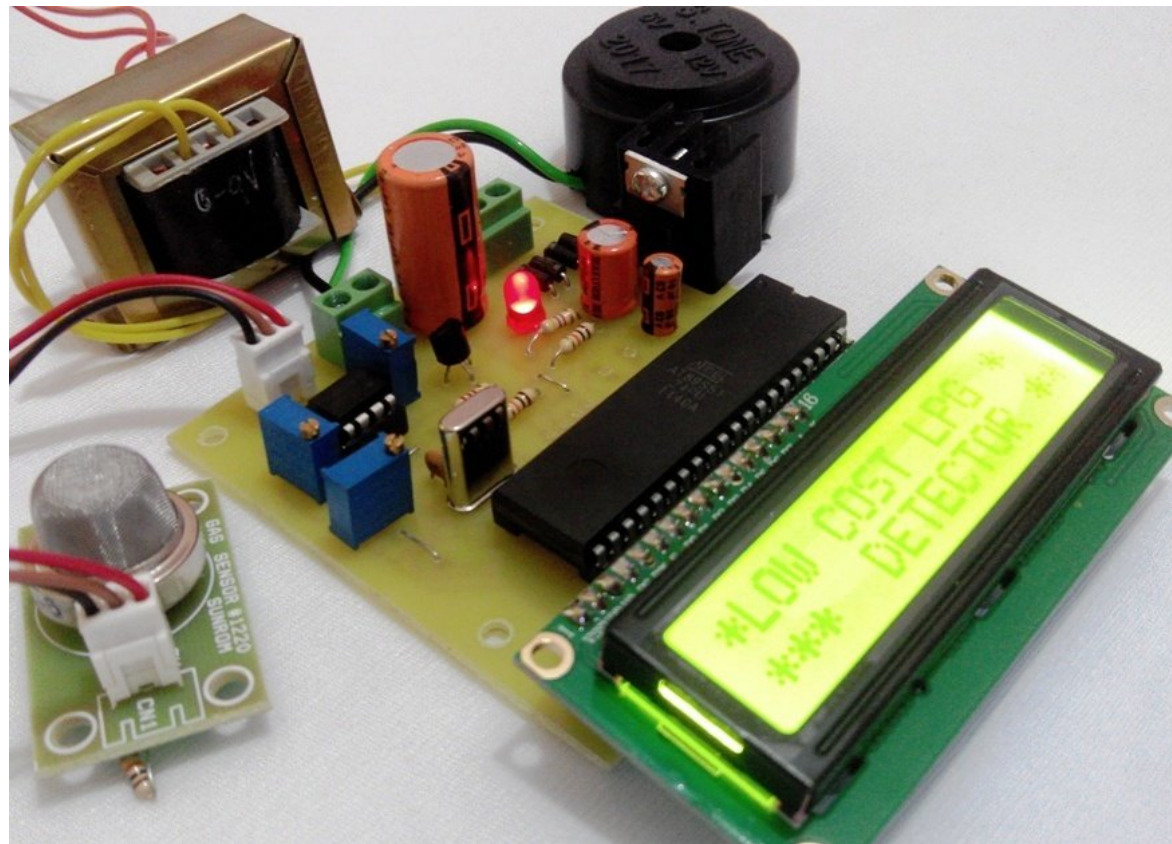
# MicroController

- You will need this



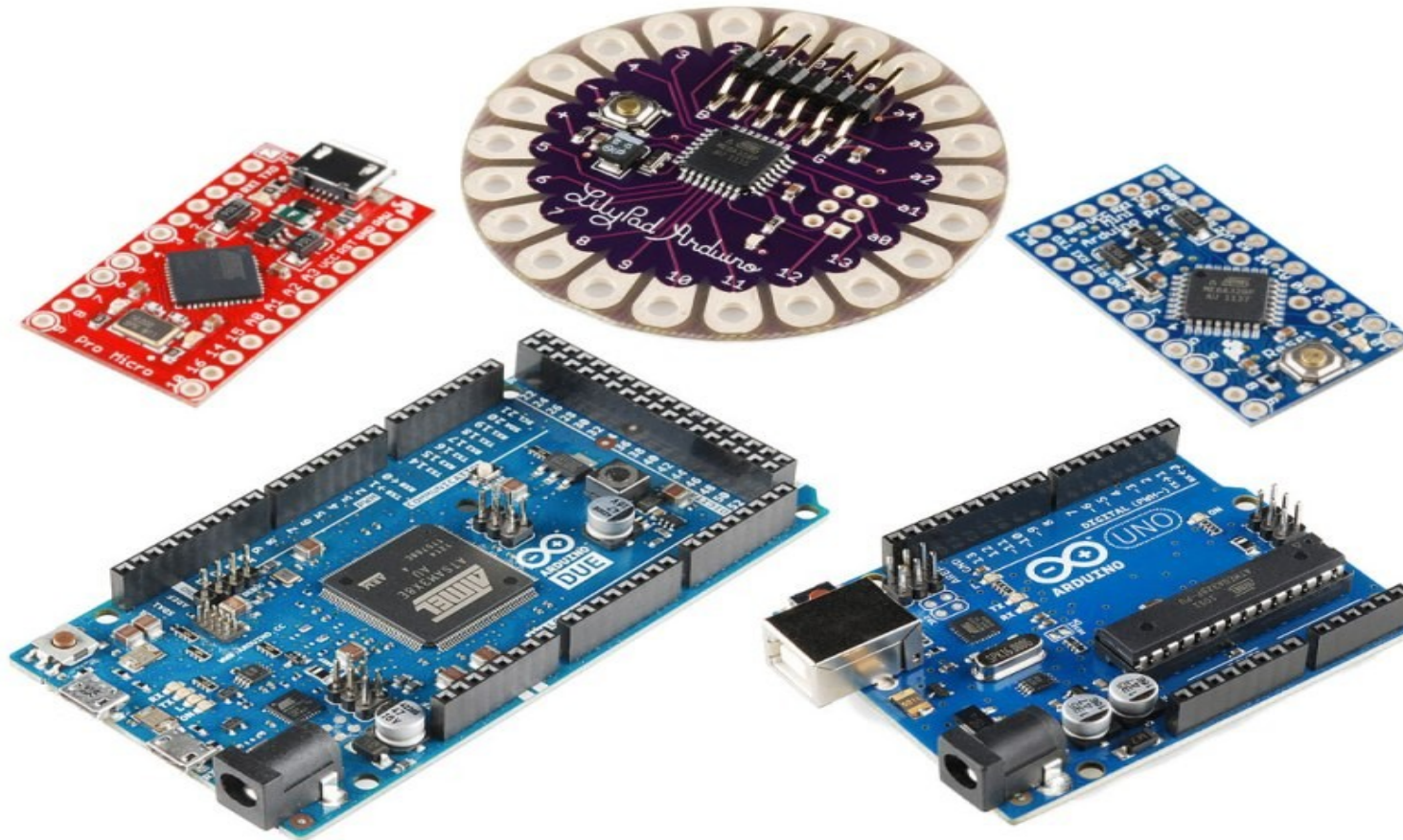
# MicroController

- You will need a PCB and you will need to soldering you parts too



# What is arduino ?

- Arduino is just a microcontroller on a circuit board which makes it easy to receive inputs and drive outputs .



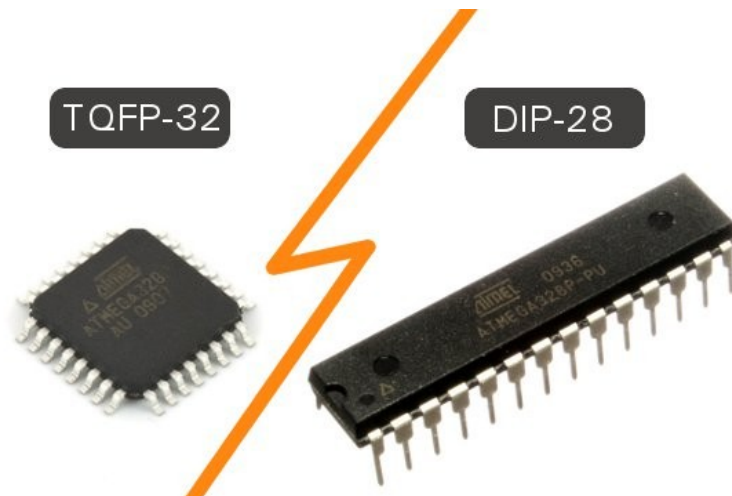


# So why arduino ?

- It is flexible
- It is easy to use
- It is inexpensive
- It is an open-source project
- Arduino is backed up by a growing online community .

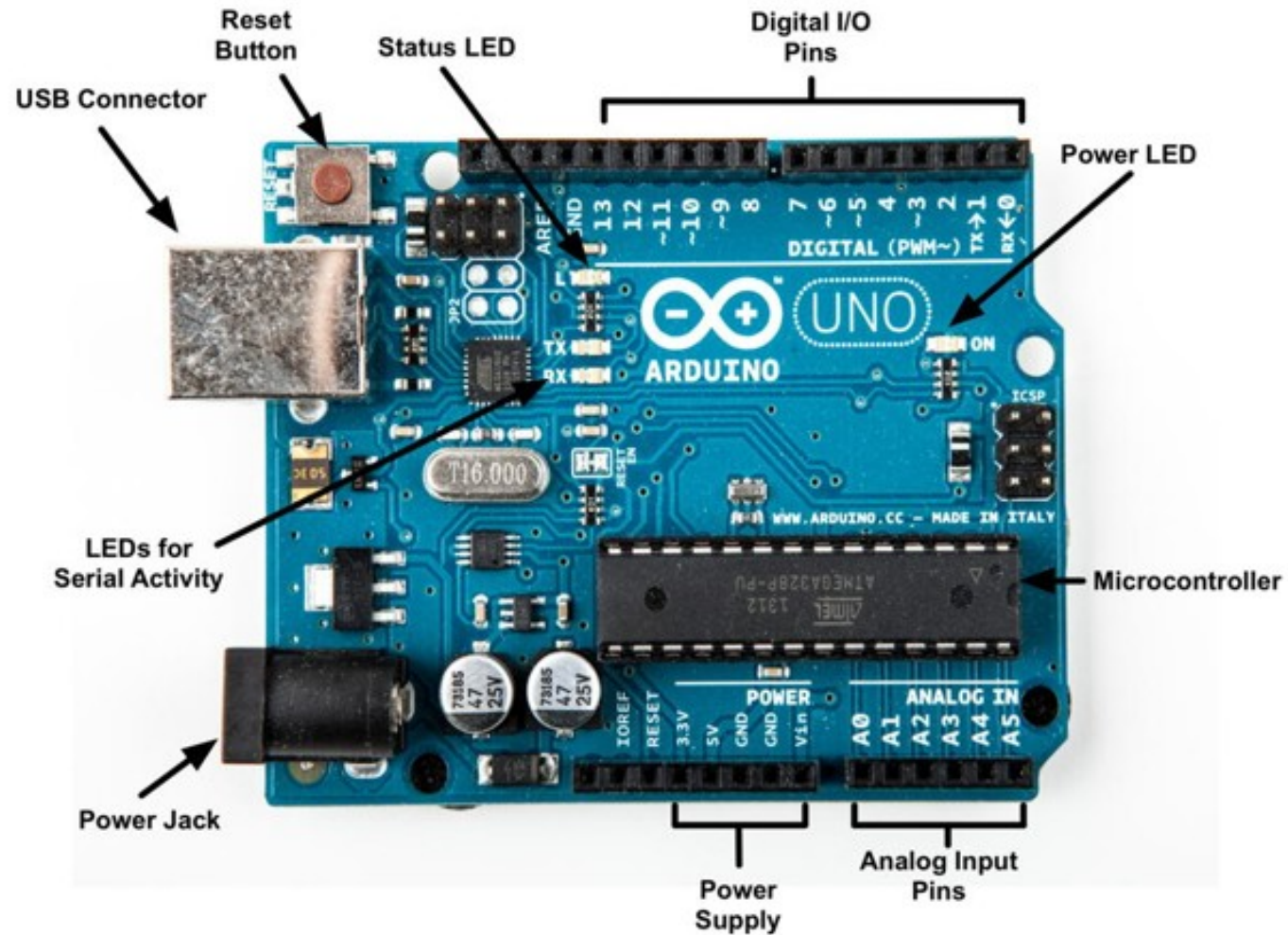
# Arduino Hardware

- “The Arduino board includes a microcontroller”
- For exemple Arduino Uno R3 contain Atmega328 :
  - Flash memory: 32KB nonvolatile memory.
  - SRAM memory: 2KB volatile memory.
  - EEPROM memory: 1KB nonvolatile memory.

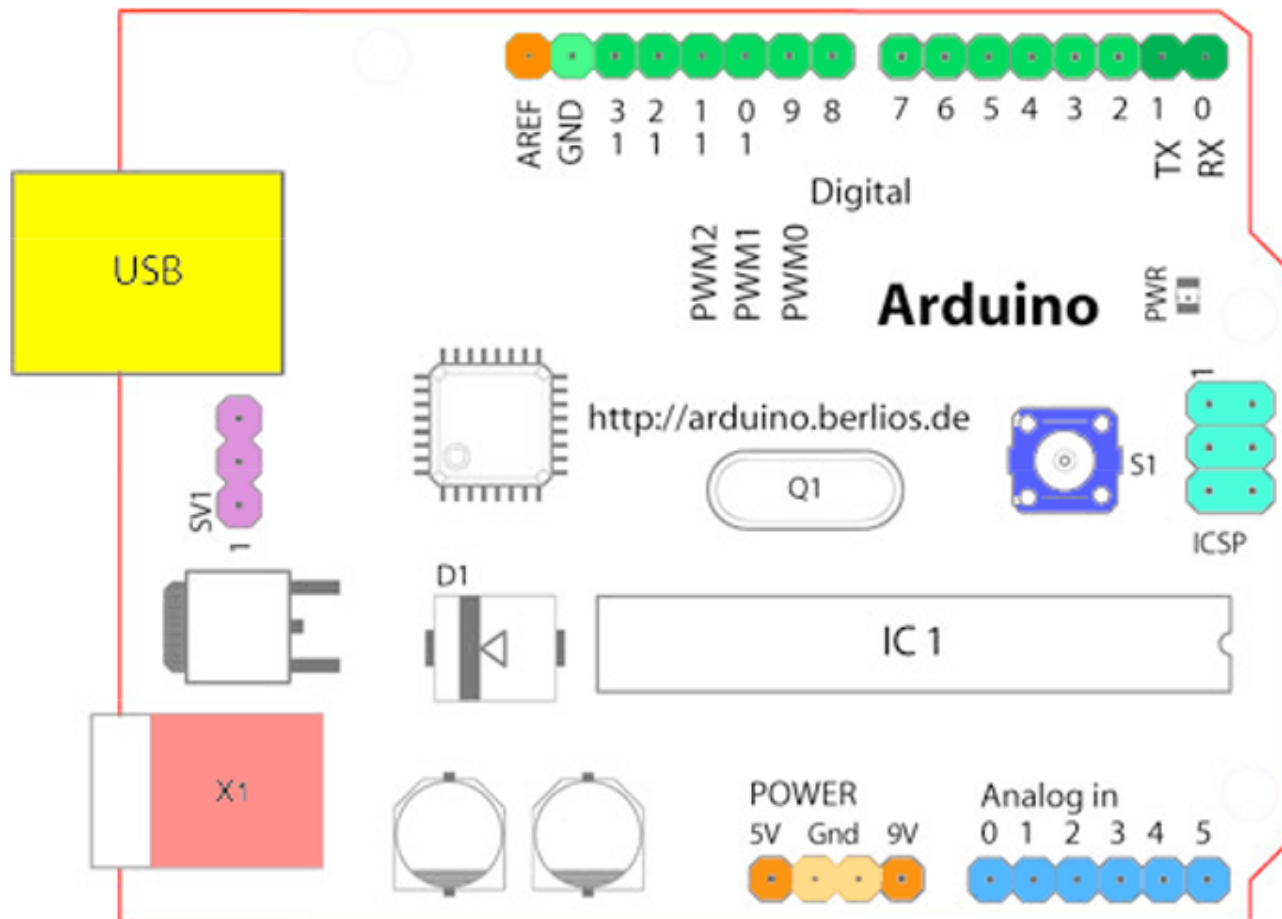




# Arduino Hardware



# Arduino hardware



- Analog Reference pin (orange)
- Digital Ground (light green)
- Digital Pins 2-13 (green)
- Digital Pins 0-1/Serial In/Out TX/RX (dark green)
- Reset Button - S1 (dark blue)
- In-circuit Serial Programmer (blue-green)
- Analog In Pins 0-5 (light blue)
- Power and Ground Pins (power: orange, grounds: light orange)
- External Power Supply In (9-12VDC) - X1 (pink)
- Toggles External Power and USB Power - SV1 (purple)
- USB (yellow)



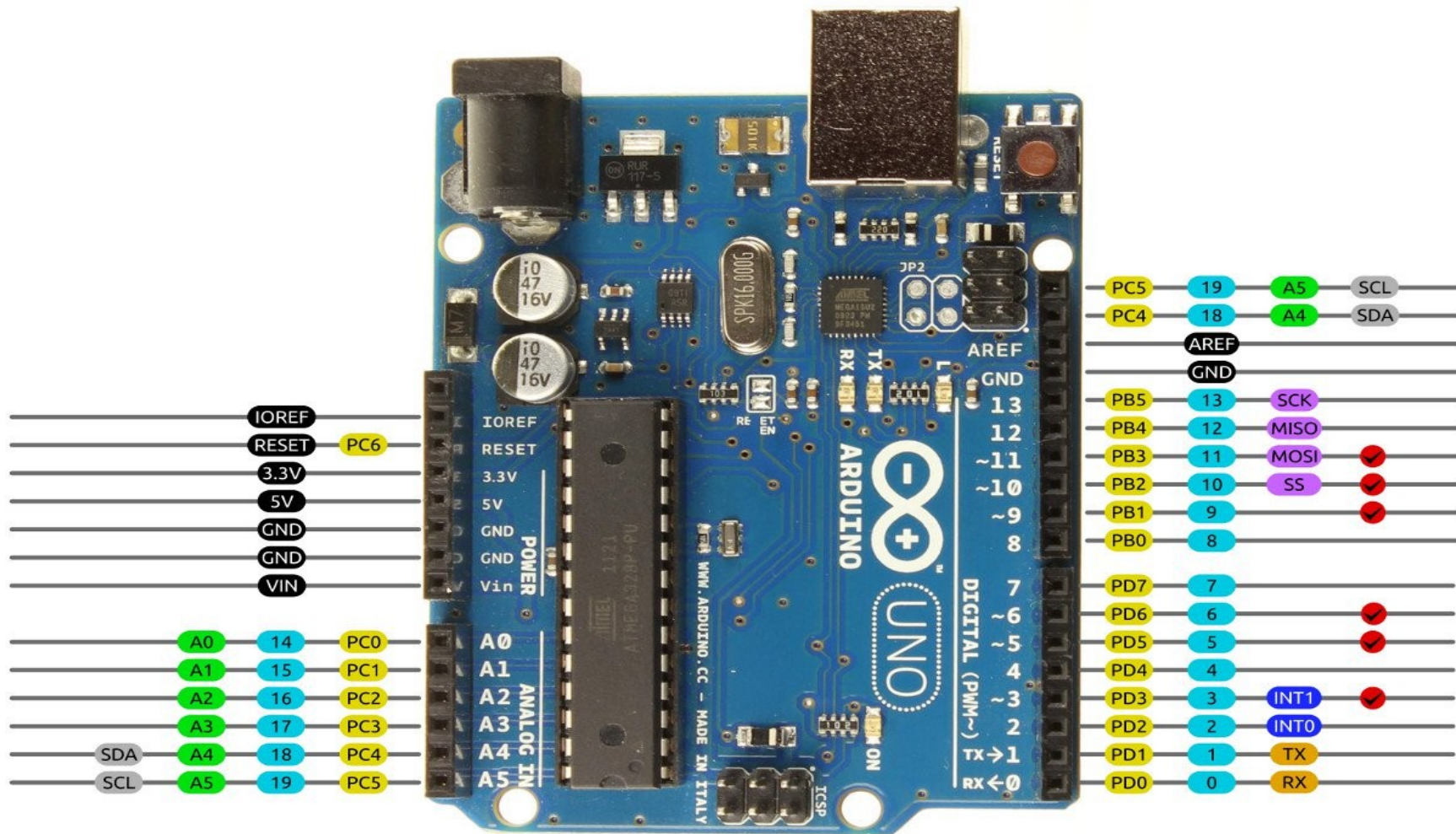
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## ATmega328 Pin Mapping

Arduino function								Arduino function
reset	<b>WHITE</b>	(PCINT14/RESET)	PC6	1	26	PC5 (ADC5/SCL/PCINT13)		analog input 5
digital pin 0 (RX)	<b>ORANGE</b>	(PCINT16/RXD)	PD0	2	27	PC4 (ADC4/SDA/PCINT12)		analog input 4
digital pin 1 (TX)	<b>YELLOW</b>	(PCINT17/TXD)	PD1	3	26	PC3 (ADC3/PCINT11)		analog input 3
digital pin 2		(PCINT18/INT0)	PD2	4	25	PC2 (ADC2/PCINT10)		analog input 2
digital pin 3 (PWM)		(PCINT19/OC2B/INT1)	PD3	5	24	PC1 (ADC1/PCINT9)		analog input 1
digital pin 4		(PCINT20/XCK/T0)	PD4	6	23	PC0 (ADC0/PCINT8)		analog input 0
VCC	<b>RED</b>	VCC		7	22	GND		GND
GND	<b>BLACK</b>	GND		8	21	AREF		analog reference
crystal		(PCINT6/XTAL1/TOSC1)	PB6	9	20	AVCC		VCC
crystal		(PCINT7/XTAL2/TOSC2)	PB7	10	19	PB5 (SCK/PCINT5)		digital pin 13
digital pin 5 (PWM)		(PCINT21/OC0B/T1)	PD5	11	18	PB4 (MISO/PCINT4)		digital pin 12
digital pin 6 (PWM)		(PCINT22/OC0A/AIN0)	PD6	12	17	PB3 (MOSI/OC2A/PCINT3)		digital pin 11 (PWM)
digital pin 7		(PCINT23/AIN1)	PD7	13	16	PB2 (SS/OC1B/PCINT2)		digital pin 10 (PWM)
digital pin 8		(PCINT0/CLKO/CP1)	PB0	14	15	PB1 (OC1A/PCINT1)		digital pin 9 (PWM)

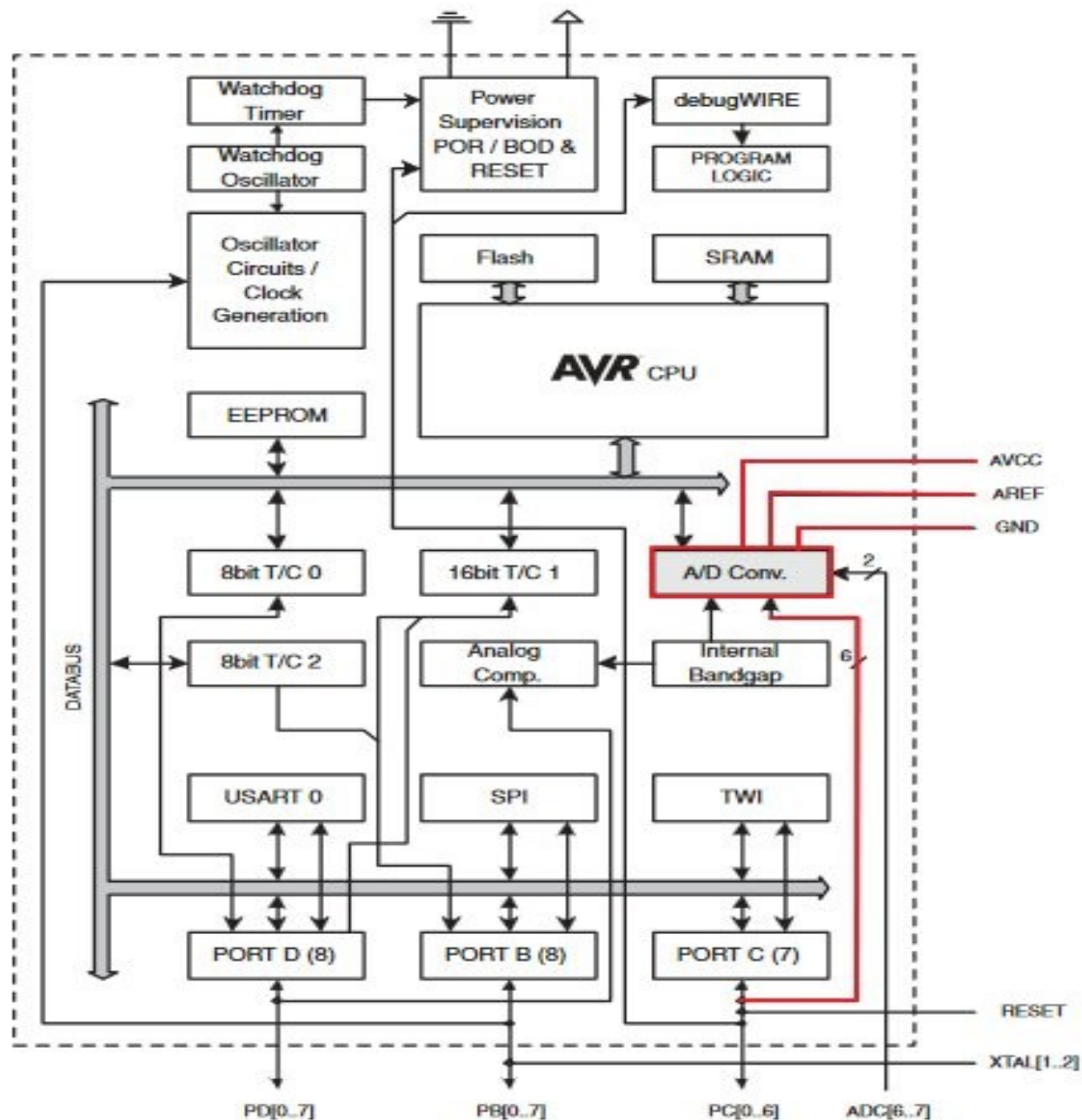
Digital Pins 11, 12 & 13 are used by the ICSP header for MISO, MOSI, SCK connections (Atmega 168 pins 17, 18 & 19). Avoid low-impedance loads on these pins when using the ICSP header.

# Arduino Uno R3 Pinout



AVR DIGITAL ANALOG POWER SERIAL SPI I2C PWM INTERRUPT

# Arduino Hardware : ADC Inputs



AVCC: The power pin for the A/D unit.

AREF: The input pin used optionally if you want to use an external voltage reference for ADC rather than the internal Vref.



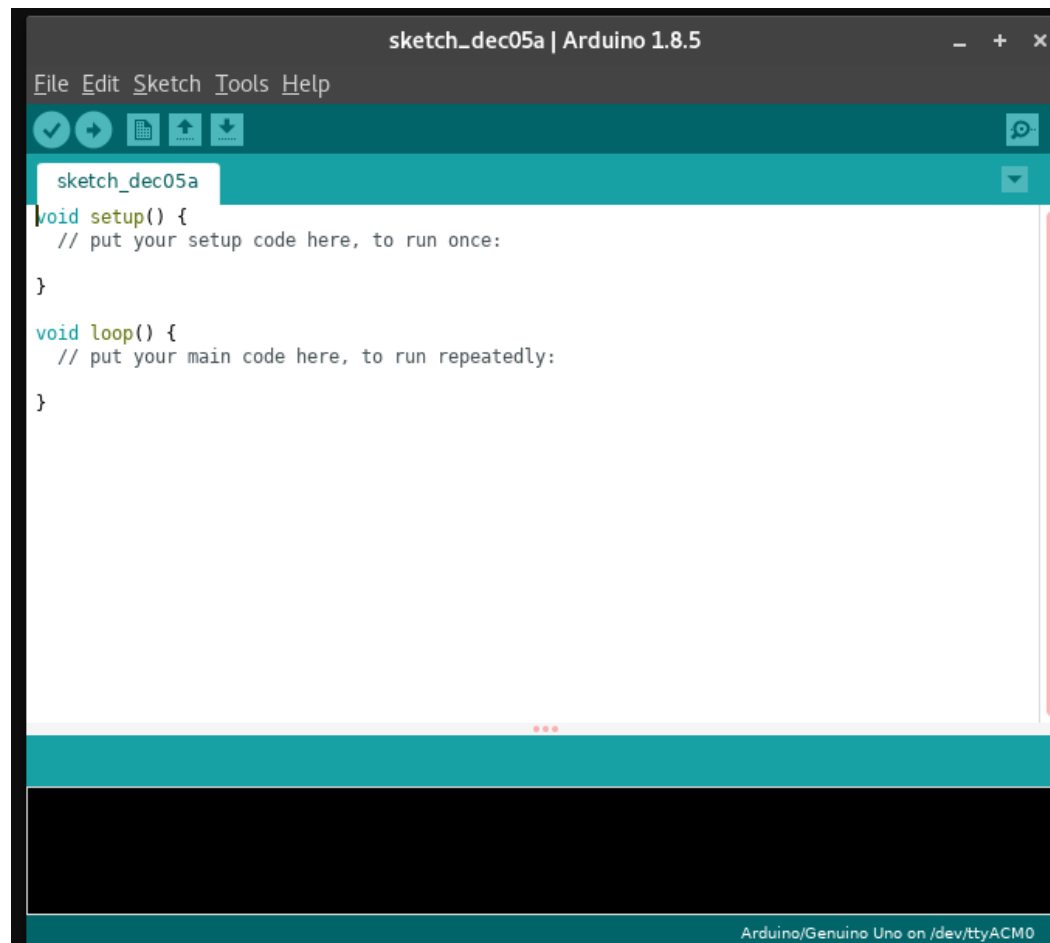
# Arduino Hardware

- UART : (Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter) is a serial interface .
- SPI : (Serial Peripheral Interface) is another serial interface.
- TWI : I2C or Two Wire Interface .
- ICSP (In-Circuit Serial Programming) Header .
- USB-to-UART Bridge .



# Software

- Arduino IDE (Download and install ):  
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software>



# Arduino Programming

- Using arduino IDE C/C++
- Every sketch has these functions:
  - void **setup()**
    - Runs once at the very beginning
    - Set up your variables, peripherals
  - void **loop()**
    - Runs forever
    - Code that does actual work goes here

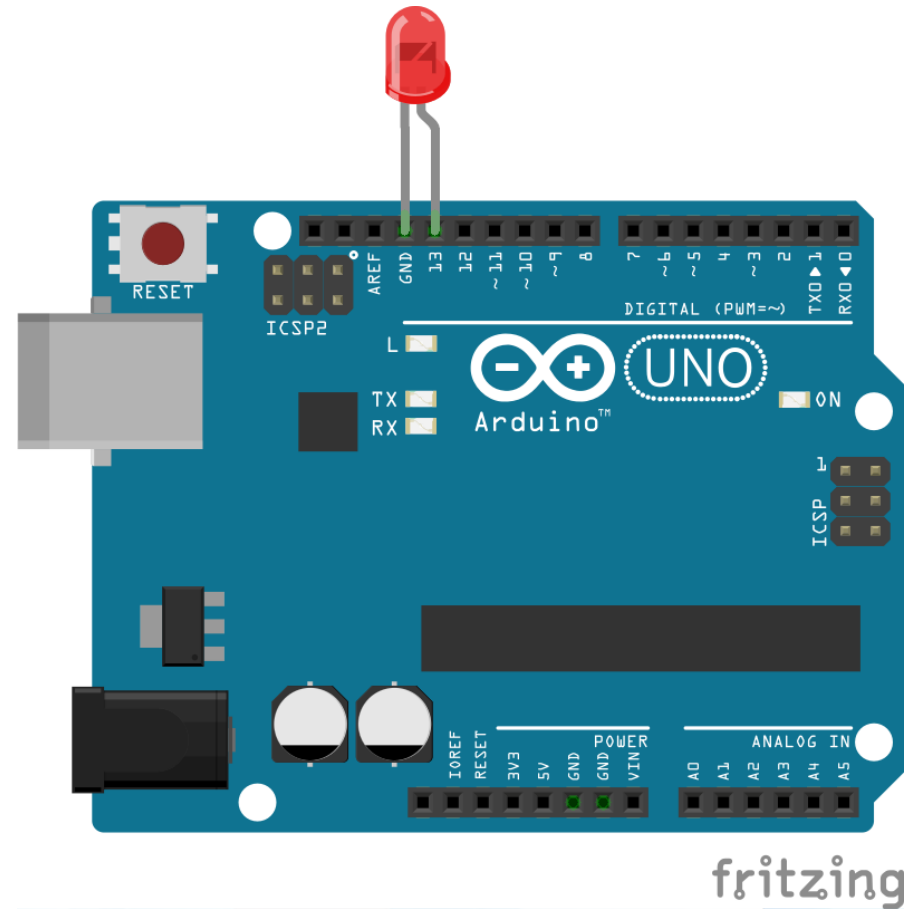
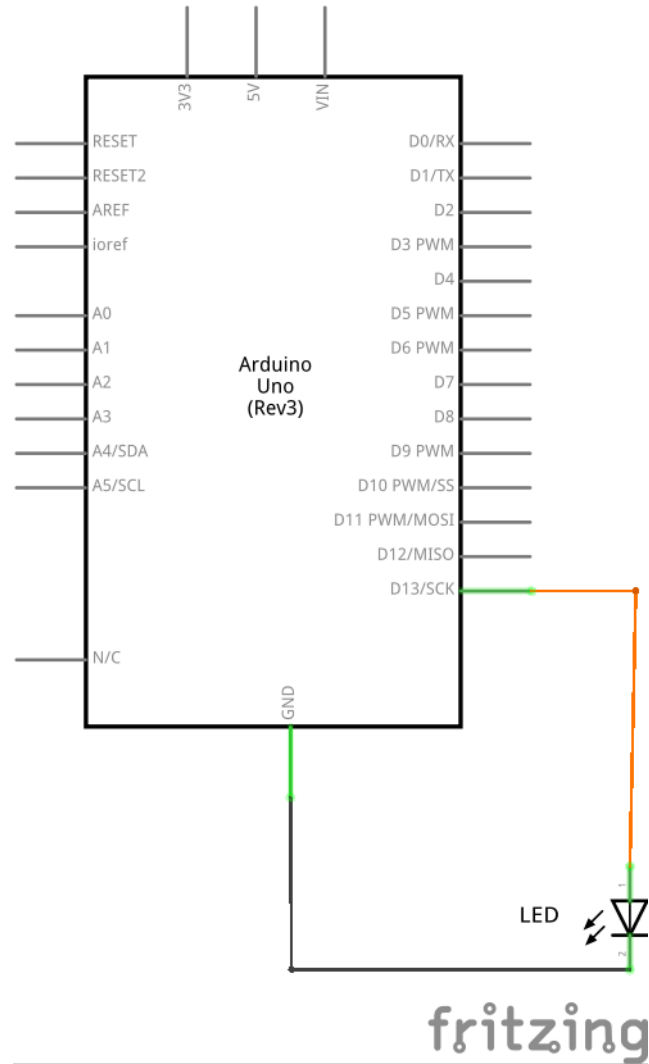


# Arduino Programming

- Functions :
  - **pinMode**(pin, INPUT/OUTPUT)
  - **digitalWrite**(pin, HIGH/LOW)
  - **delay**(time in msec)

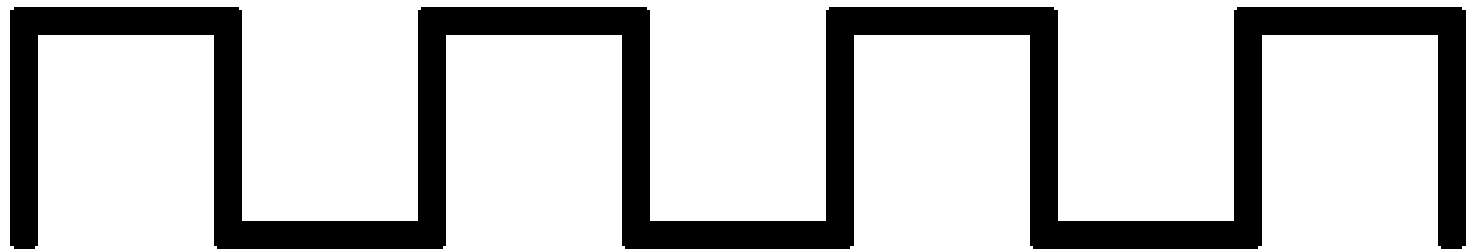


# Lab 1 : Blinking LED



# Analog vs Digital

Digital



Analog



# PWM (Pulse Width Modulation)

- Method to generate analog voltages from digital voltages .

50% duty cycle



75% duty cycle

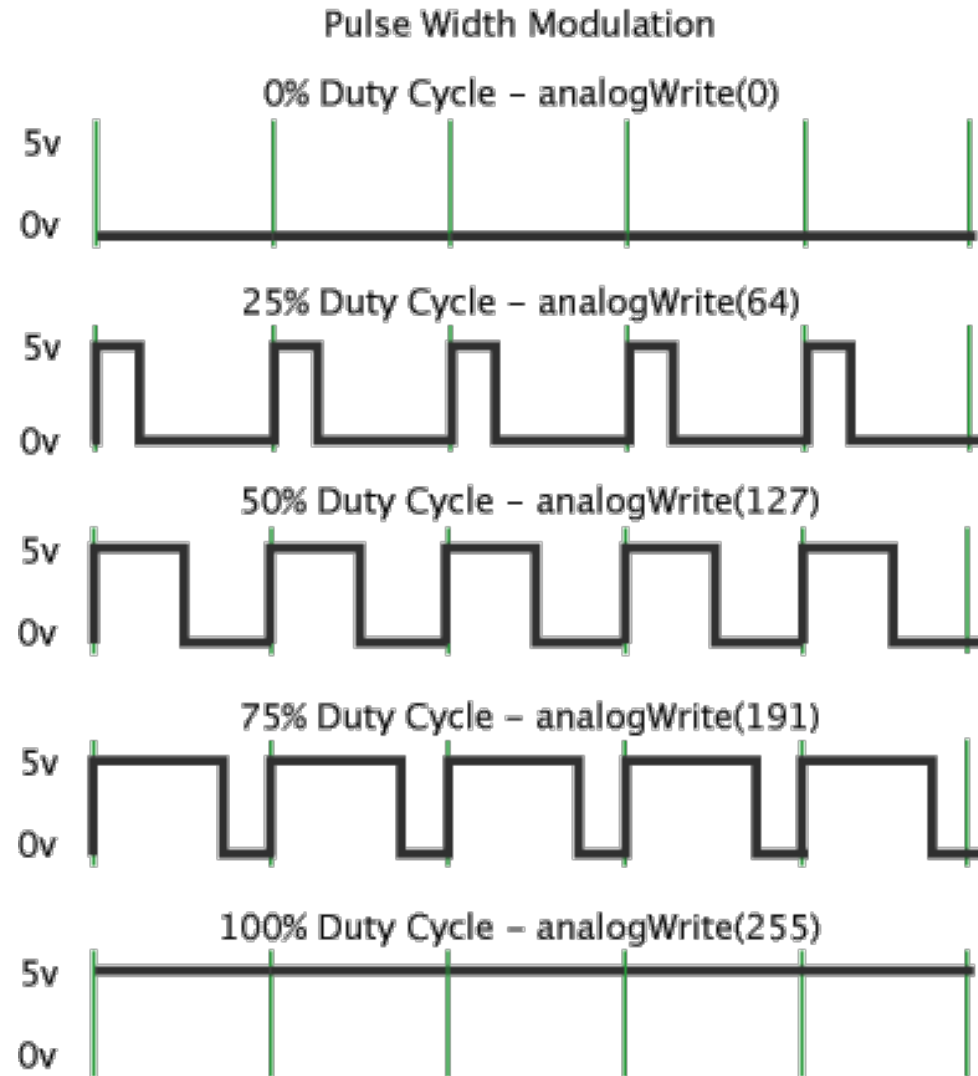


25% duty cycle

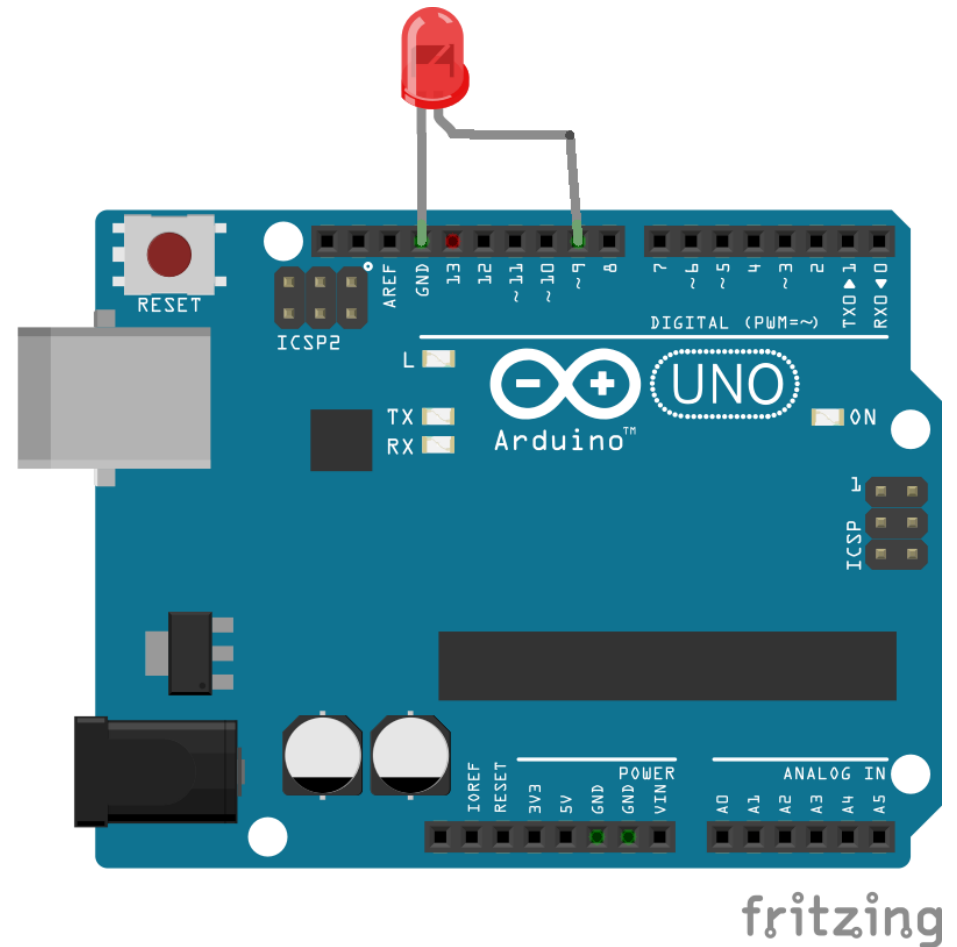
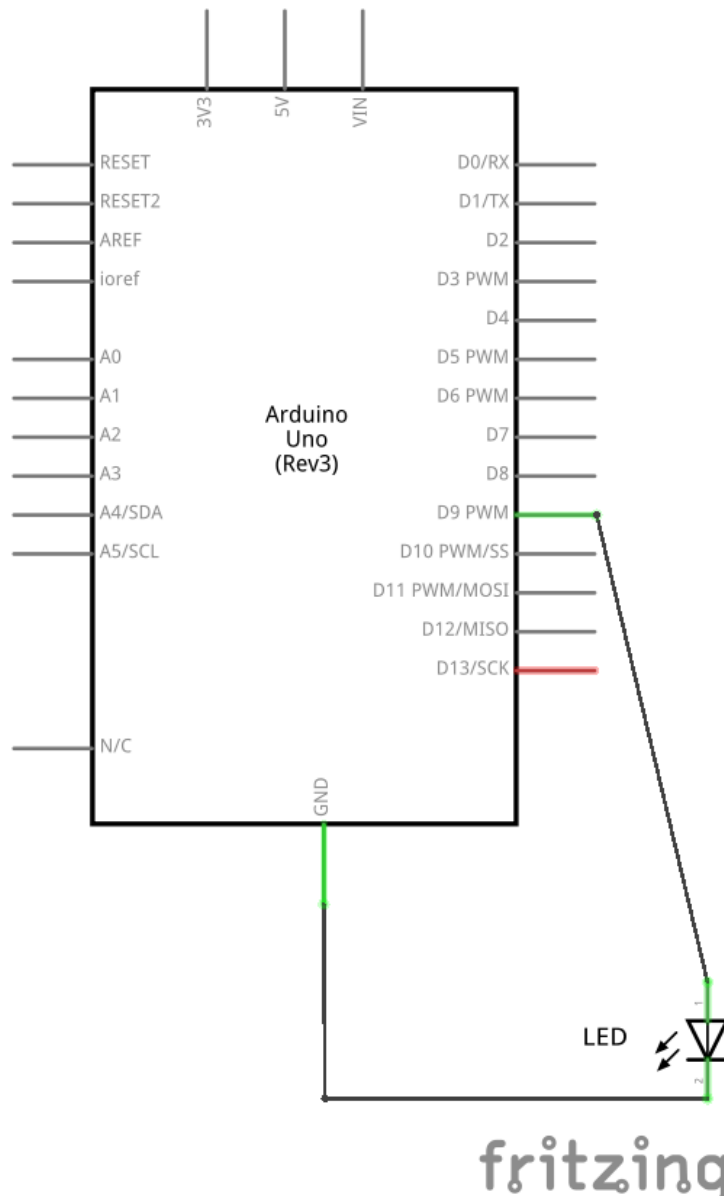


# Arduino Programming

- Functions :
- **analogWrite**(pin, val)  
val = 0 to 255
- $A_v = (\text{ontime}/T) * 5v$



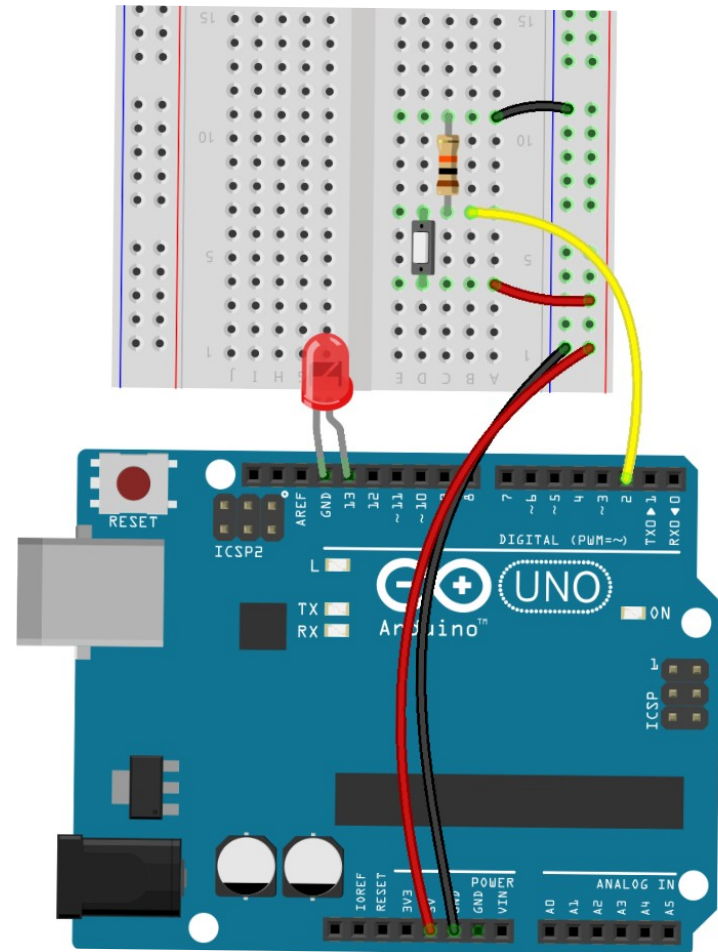
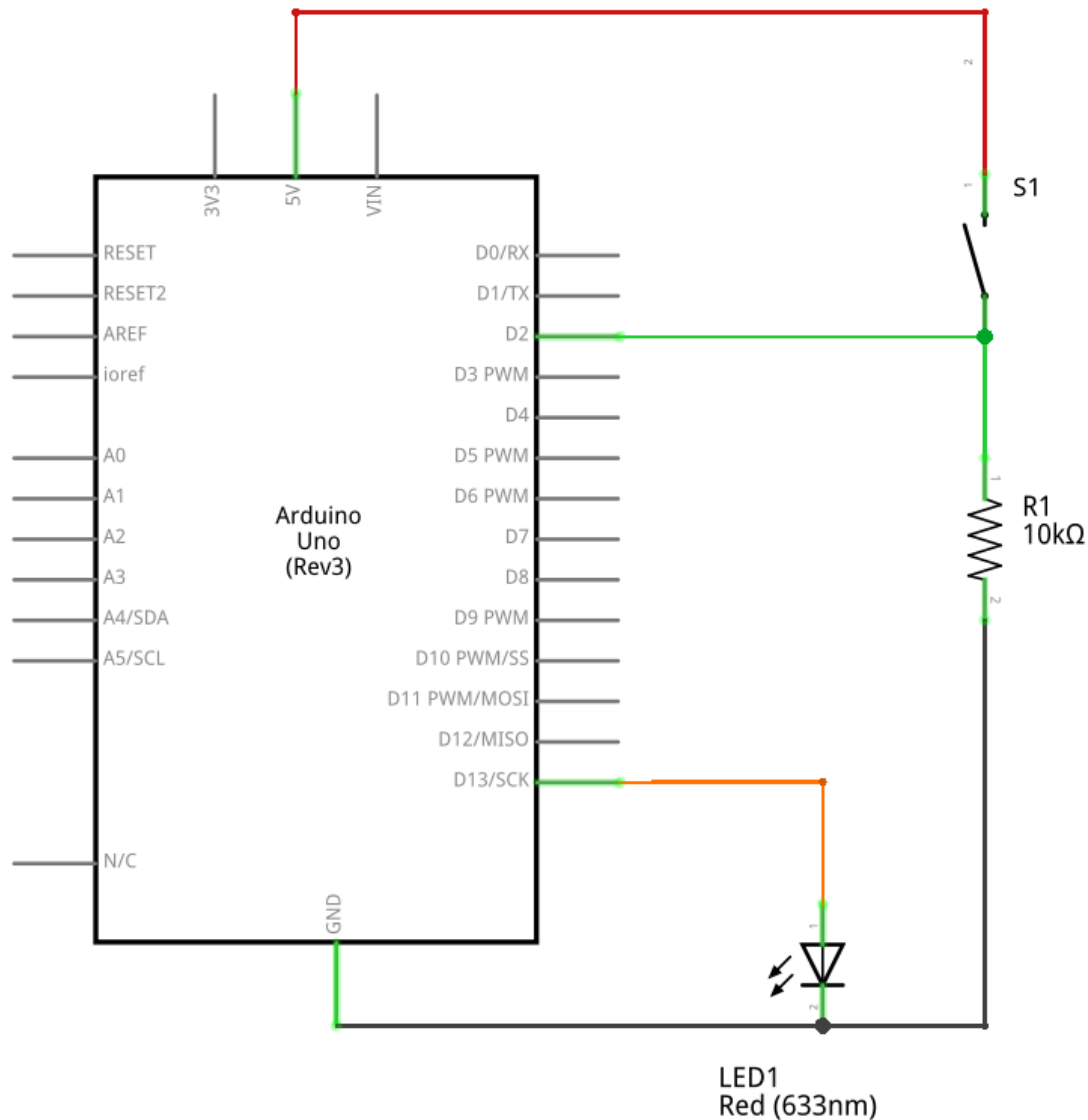
# Lab 2 : Fade an LED in and out



# Arduino Programming

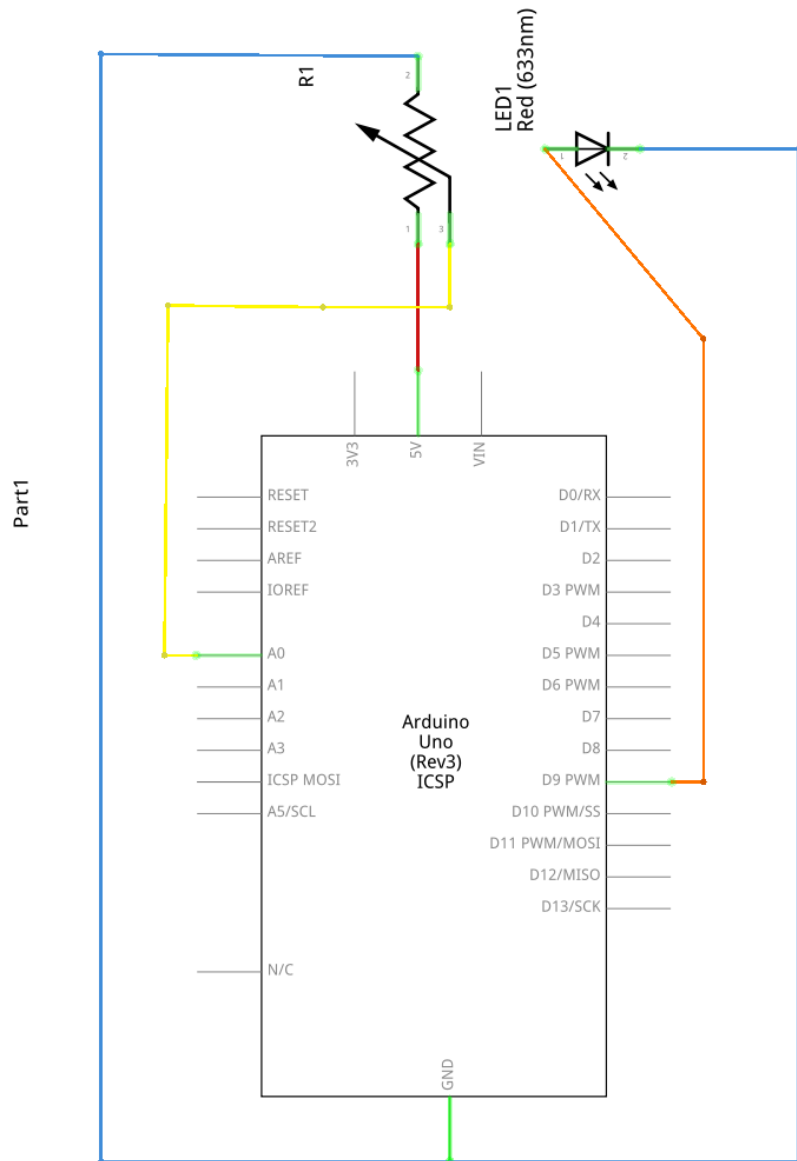
- Functions :
  - **digitalRead**(pin) : return a val 0 or 1
  - **analogRead**(pin) : return a val between 0 and 1023
    - ADC :  $v = (\text{val} / 1023) * V_{\text{ref}}(\text{default} : 5\text{v})$

# Lab 3 : Turn a LED ON/OFF using button

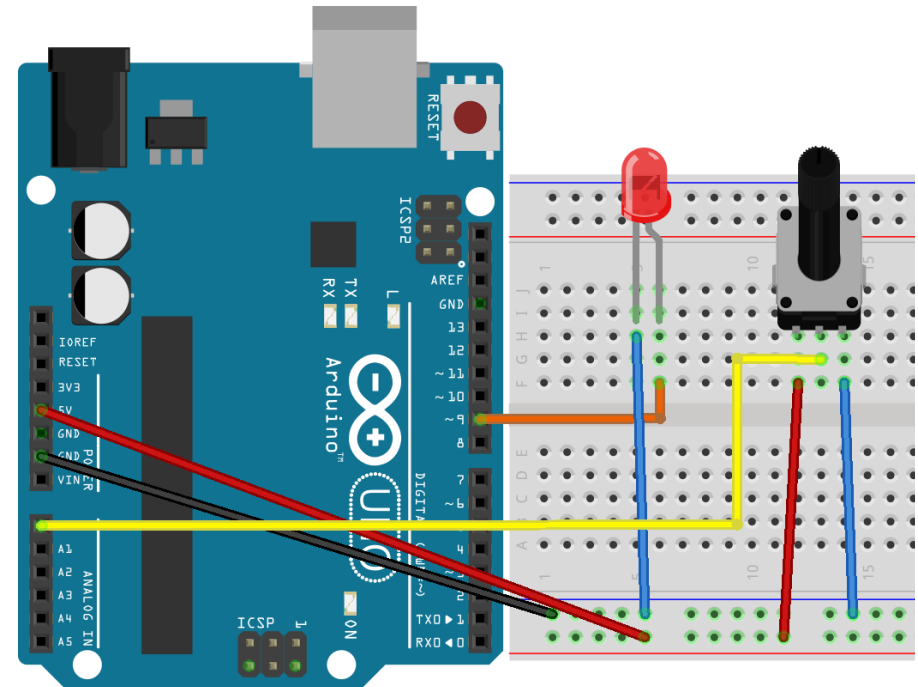




# Lab 4 : Blink LED at a rate specified by the value of the analogue input



fritzing



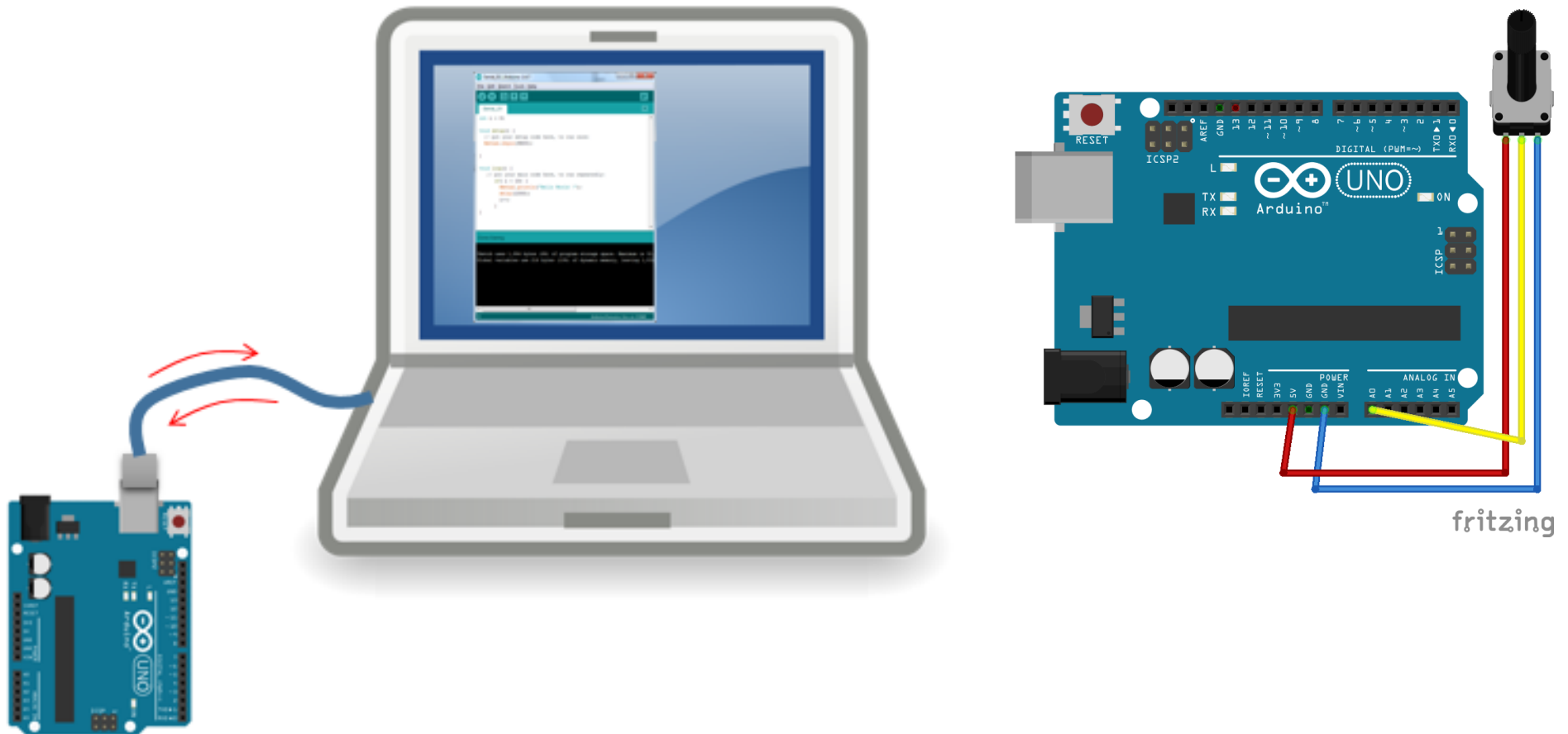


# Arduino Programming

- Serial Communication
  - Functions :
    - **Serial.begin**(speed(bps))
    - **Serial.available**()
    - **Serial.print**(val)
    - **Serial.println**(val,format)
      - Format : DEC,HEX ...
    - **Serial.read**()



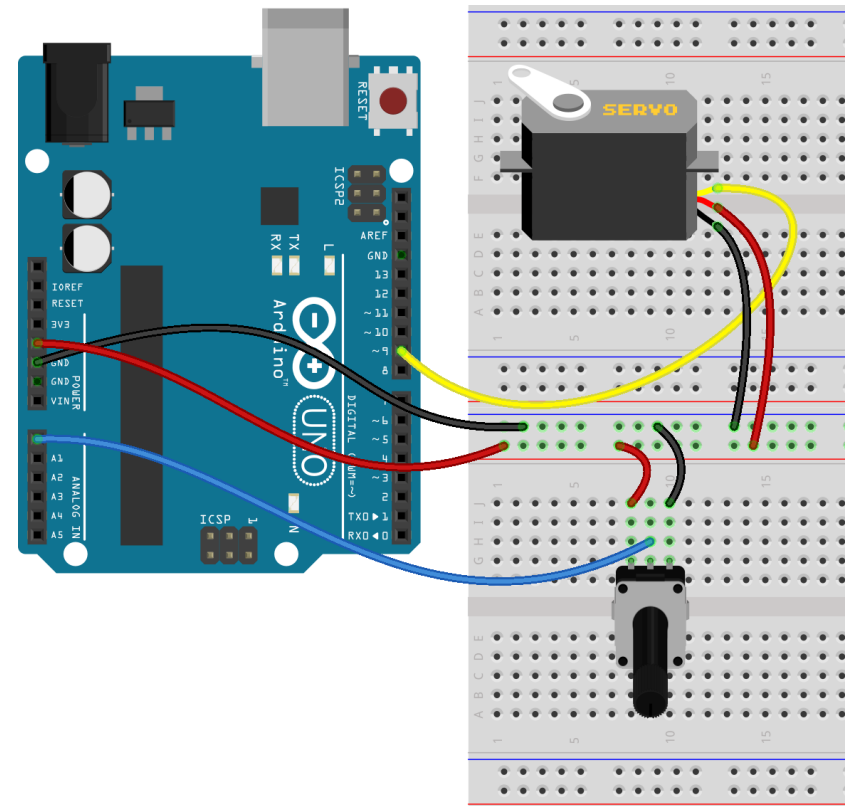
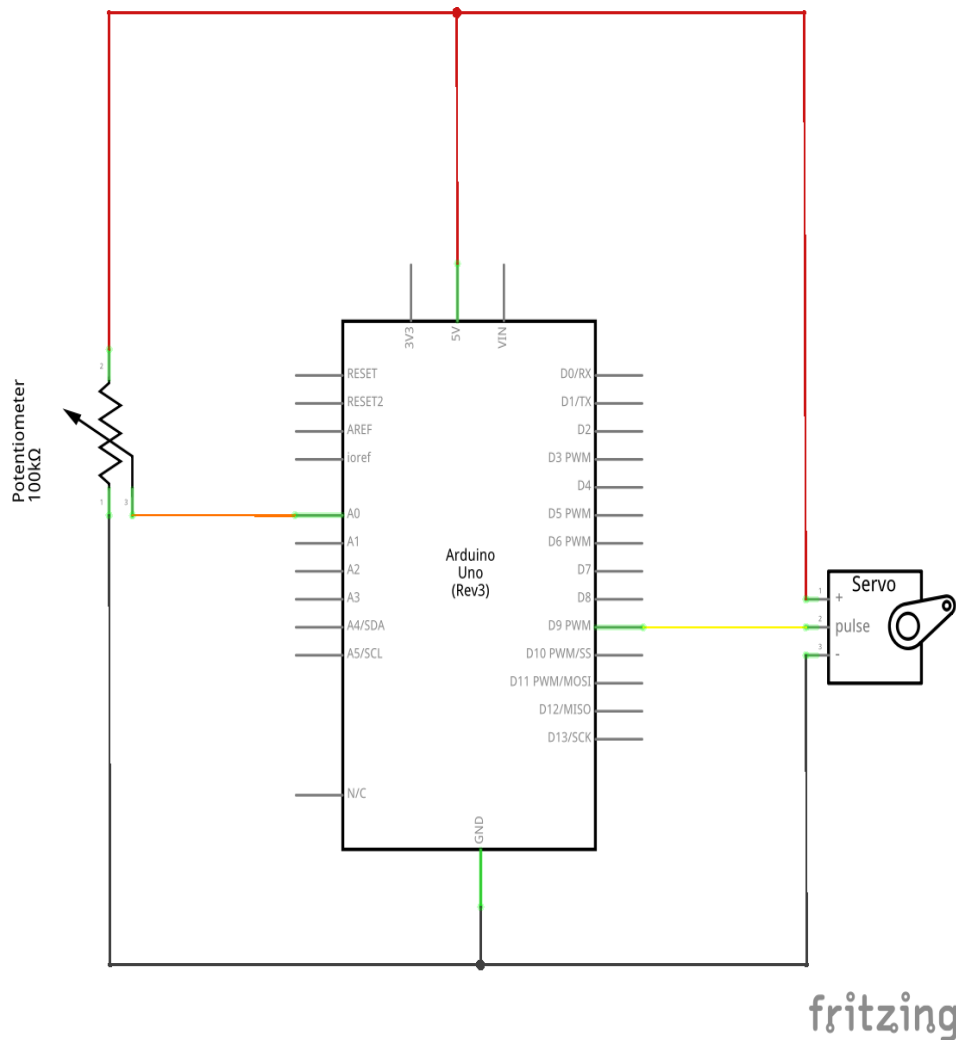
# Lab 7 : reading an analog value and prints the result to the Serial Monitor



# Arduino Programming

- Using libraries :
  - #include <libraryname.h>
  - For exemple :
    - #include <Ultrasonic.h>
    - #include <Servo.h>

# Lab 8 : Controll a Servo Motor



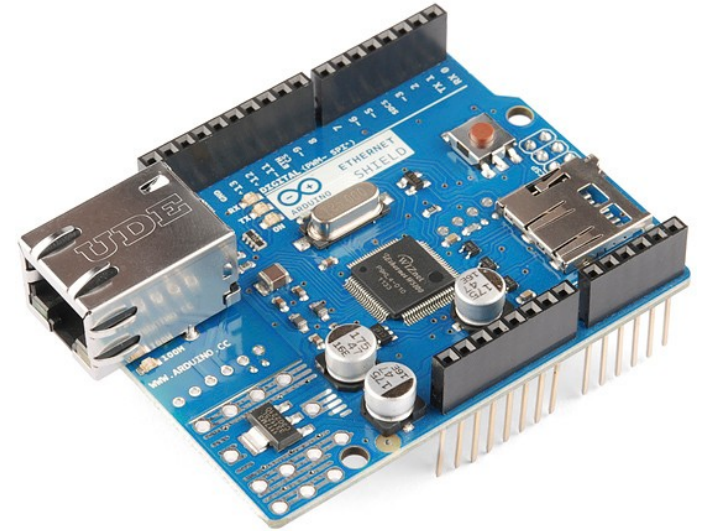
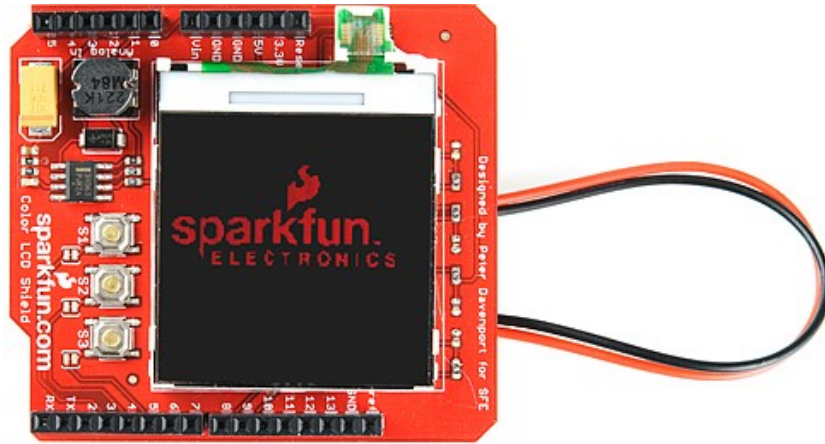


# Arduino shields



# Arduino shields

- Some examples :



# Ressources and Sources

- <https://playground.arduino.cc/>
- <https://www.arduino.cc/>
- Arduino Workshop A Hands On Introduction with 65 Projects Book
- Getting started with arduino v2 book
- <https://www.allaboutcircuits.com>
- <http://google.com/> (\*\_\*)



# **The Practical Workshop**



Thank You