

A Minimal Book Example

John Doe

2022-08-09

Acta de revisión

título del capítulo en blanco...

Los subtítulos de segundo nivel sin numeración en el índice

Según Rob Knell en Introductory Markdown, el control del tamaño normal, le sigue **texto grande**, luego normal, **más grande** y luego, **grandísimo** y de nuevo normal.

Según Rob Knell en Introductory Markdown, el control del tamaño normal, `\Large` le sigue **texto grande**, `\normalsize` luego normal, `\LARGE` más grande y luego, `\Huge` grandísimo `\normalsize` y de nuevo normal.

Carta de Sesión de Derechos

Aquí va la carta.

Dedicatoria

Generalmente una página con la dedicatoria

Agradecimientos

Todo el rollo de agradecimiento a personas e instituciones, incluyendo al comité. <https://community.rstudio.com/t/bookdown-adding-abstract-before-the-table-of-contents/47149/5>
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/56637936/how-to-add-list-of-figures-and-list-of-tables-to-the-table-of-content-with-r-mar>

Índice de contenido

	Página
Acta de revisión	iii
Carta de Sesión de Derechos	v
Dedicatoria	vii
Agradecimientos	ix
Lista de figuras	xiii
Lista de tablas	xv
Glosario	xvii
Resumen	xix
Abstract	xxi
Introducción (aka. About)	1
0.1 Usage	1
0.2 Render book	1
0.3 Preview book	2
Hello bookdown	5
0.4 A section	5
An unnumbered section	5
0.5 R Markdown	5
Cross-references	7

0.6 Chapters and sub-chapters	7
0.7 Captioned figures and tables	7
Parts	11
Footnotes and citations	13
0.8 Footnotes	13
0.9 Citations	13
Blocks	15
0.10 Equations	15
0.11 Theorems and proofs	15
0.12 Callout blocks	15
Sharing your book	17
0.13 Publishing	17
0.14 404 pages	17
0.15 Metadata for sharing	17
Bibliografía	19
Índice alfabético	20

Lista de figuras

	Página
1 Here is a nice figure!	8

Lista de tablas

	Página
1 Here is a nice table!	9

Glosario

faltaría introducir el orden de Lista de Figuras y lista de tablas

Resumen

uufff aquí va el resumen. No olvidar las palabras clave

Abstract

at the end!!! Don't forget the keywords

Introducción (aka. About)

This is a *sample* book written in **Markdown**. You can use anything that Pandoc's Markdown supports; for example, a math equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ según Eddelbuettel & Balamuta (2017).

Este primer capítulo numerado (00-realcap1.Rmd) después de sacarlo del index.Rmd. Se agregan los archivos complementarios del frontmatter que se numerarían en romanos y en el índice ver si aparecen...

0.1 Usage

Each **bookdown** chapter is an .Rmd file, and each .Rmd file can contain one (and only one) chapter. A chapter *must* start with a first-level heading: # A good chapter, and can contain one (and only one) first-level heading.

Use second-level and higher headings within chapters like: ## A short section or ### An even shorter section.

The index.Rmd file is required, and is also your first book chapter. It will be the homepage when you render the book .

0.2 Render book

You can render the HTML version of this example book without changing anything:

1. Find the **Build** pane in the RStudio IDE, and
2. Click on **Build Book**, then select your output format, or select "All formats" if you'd like to use multiple formats from the same book source files.

Or build the book from the R console:

```
bookdown::render_book()
```

To render this example to PDF as a `bookdown::pdf_book`, you'll need to install XeLaTeX. You are recommended to install TinyTeX (which includes XeLaTeX): <https://yihui.org/tinytex/>.

0.3 Preview book

As you work, you may start a local server to live preview this HTML book. This preview will update as you edit the book when you save individual .Rmd files. You can start the server in a work session by using the RStudio add-in “Preview book”, or from the R console:

```
bookdown::serve_book()
```

Esta es la prueba en modo visual para insertar directo una referencia solo con la arroba Wickham (2019) y los demás (Xie, 2015; Wickham, 2019). En realidad no funciona; sin embargo, en el modo visual, el atajo Ctrl+Shift+F8 abre el manejador de citas y permite seleccionar la(s) deseada(s) para insertar la bibkey (R Core Team, 2022).

La primera prueba es con la base generada directo por Zotero (Export selected as BibTeX, Saldierna-Calapiz (2018)).

Ahmad *et al.* (2016) establece que Anscombe (1973) está totalmente equivocado al insertar directo desde Zotero y agregarla al archivo de bibliografía (Bravo *et al.*, 2016).

Lo que sigue se supone que es **Markdown extended**:

Por ejemplo, la definición de términos

hábrase visto: expresión choyera de asombro!

relación: solo para acompletar el punto; ponemos mucho texto para ver como maneja el párrafo.

As you work, you may start a local server to live preview this HTML book. This preview will update as you edit the book when you save individual .Rmd files. You can start the server in a work session by using the RStudio add-in “Preview book”, or from the R console

También hay una lista de pendientes, parecido a la lista ordenada o no

- ☐ Write the press release
- ☐ Update the website
- ☐ Contact the media

Así como el resalte de ==lo más importante en el texto== y ver si funciona. Este marcador extendido para resaltar no es interpretado en **PDF** (por lo menos).

La referencia la ponemos a pie de página forzada ¹. El formato para insertarlo es ^{^[texto del pie de página]}; RMarkdown lo interpreta y lo deja numerado y estandarizado -como aparece en el *Rmd*-.

¹<https://www.markdownguide.org/cheat-sheet>

Hello bookdown

All chapters start with a first-level heading followed by your chapter title, like the line above. There should be only one first-level heading (#) per .Rmd file.

0.4 A section

All chapter sections start with a second-level (##) or higher heading followed by your section title, like the sections above and below here. You can have as many as you want within a chapter.

An unnumbered section

Chapters and sections are numbered by default. To un-number a heading, add a {.unnumbered} or the shorter {-} at the end of the heading, like in this section.

0.5 R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document $p \approx 0.07$. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
# summary(cars)
print(Pvalue(0.07))
```

```
## p  $\approx$  0.07
```

Verificación de los caracteres de 'escape':

Al asignar nombres a los objetos en R, se deben evitar los nombres que ya representan definiciones y funciones a lo largo del lenguaje. Estos incluyen, por ejemplo, TRUE, FALSE, NULL, NA, NaN e Inf. Además, no podemos tener nombres:

- que comiencen con un número
- que contengan espacios, dos puntos (:), coma (,) y punto y coma (;)
- que contengan operadores (por ejemplo, *, +, -, ^, /, =, <, >, ==, etc.),
- que contengan símbolos importantes para R (por ejemplo, @, #, ?, !, %, &, |).
- que contengan marcas diacríticas tales como á, é, í, ó, ú, ä, ö, ü, à, è, ì, ò, ù, ñ, õ, etc.

Un estilo más, usado con cierta frecuencia por autores de paquetes sobresalientes en el universo de R, usan el “estilo subrayado” o de “serpiente” (*underscore style* o *snake style*), en el que cada parte del nombre compuesto está ligado por un guión bajo (_), de tal manera que el nombre del objeto podría quedar como `nombre_muy_largo_para_variable`. `get_all_vars()`, `collapse_rows()`, `divide_by_int()`, entre otras funciones, son ejemplos de este estilo.

Cross-references

Cross-references make it easier for your readers to find and link to elements in your book.

0.6 Chapters and sub-chapters

There are two steps to cross-reference any heading:

1. Label the heading: `# Hello world {#nice-label}`.
 - Leave the label off if you like the automated heading generated based on your heading title: for example, `# Hello world = # Hello world {#hello-world}`.
 - To label an un-numbered heading, use: `# Hello world {-#nice-label}` or `{# Hello world .unnumbered}`.
2. Next, reference the labeled heading anywhere in the text using `\@ref(nice-label)`; for example, please see Chapter [0.5](#).
 - If you prefer text as the link instead of a numbered reference use: [any text you want can go here](#).

0.7 Captioned figures and tables

Figures and tables *with captions* can also be cross-referenced from elsewhere in your book using `\@ref(fig:chunk-label)` and `\@ref(tab:chunk-label)`, respectively.

See Figure [1](#).

```
par(mar = c(4, 4, .1, .1))
plot(pressure, type = 'b', pch = 19)
```

Don't miss Table [1](#).

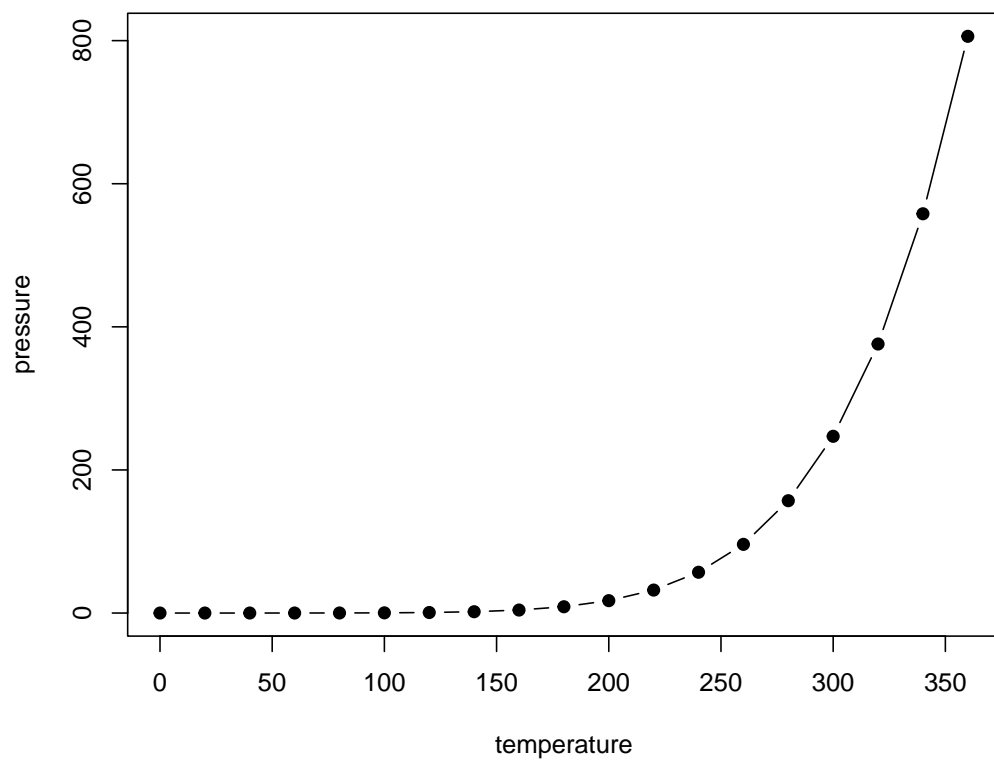


Figura 1: Here is a nice figure!

Tabla 1: Here is a nice table!

temperature	pressure
0	0.0002
20	0.0012
40	0.0060
60	0.0300
80	0.0900
100	0.2700
120	0.7500
140	1.8500
160	4.2000
180	8.8000

```
knitr::kable(  
  head(pressure, 10), caption = 'Here is a nice table!',  
  booktabs = TRUE  
)
```


Parts

You can add parts to organize one or more book chapters together. Parts can be inserted at the top of an .Rmd file, before the first-level chapter heading in that same file.

Add a numbered part: `# (PART) Act one {-}` (followed by `# A chapter`)

Add an unnumbered part: `# (PART*) Act one {-}` (followed by `# A chapter`)

Add an appendix as a special kind of un-numbered part: `# (APPENDIX) Other stuff {-}` (followed by `# A chapter`). Chapters in an appendix are prepended with letters instead of numbers.

Footnotes and citations

0.8 Footnotes

Footnotes are put inside the square brackets after a caret `^[]`. Like this one ².

0.9 Citations

Reference items in your bibliography file(s) using `@key`.

For example, we are using the **bookdown** package (Xie, 2022) (check out the last code chunk in `index.Rmd` to see how this citation key was added) in this sample book, which was built on top of R Markdown and **knitr** (Xie, 2015) (this citation was added manually in an external file `book.bib`). Note that the `.bib` files need to be listed in the `index.Rmd` with the YAML `bibliography` key.

The RStudio Visual Markdown Editor can also make it easier to insert citations: <https://rstudio.github.io/visual-markdown-editing/#/citations>

²This is a footnote.

Blocks

0.10 Equations

Here is an equation.

$$f(k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k} \quad (1)$$

You may refer to using `\@ref{eq:binom}`, like see Equation (1).

0.11 Theorems and proofs

Labeled theorems can be referenced in text using `\@ref{thm:tri}`, for example, check out this smart theorem 0.1.

Teorema 0.1. *For a right triangle, if c denotes the length of the hypotenuse and a and b denote the lengths of the **other** two sides, we have*

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Read more here <https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown/markdown-extensions-by-bookdown.html>.

0.12 Callout blocks

The R Markdown Cookbook provides more help on how to use custom blocks to design your own callouts: <https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/custom-blocks.html>

Sharing your book

0.13 Publishing

HTML books can be published online , see: <https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown/publishing.html>

0.14 404 pages

By default, users will be directed to a 404 page if they try to access a webpage that cannot be found. If you'd like to customize your 404 page instead of using the default, you may add either a `_404.Rmd` or `_404.md` file to your project root and use code and/or Markdown syntax.

0.15 Metadata for sharing

Bookdown HTML books will provide HTML metadata for social sharing on platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and LinkedIn, using information you provide in the `index.Rmd` YAML. To setup, set the `url` for your book and the path to your `cover-image` file. Your book's title and description are also used.

This `gitbook` uses the same social sharing data across all chapters in your book- all links shared will look the same.

Specify your book's source repository on GitHub using the `edit` key under the configuration options in the `_output.yml` file, which allows users to suggest an edit by linking to a chapter's source file.

Read more about the features of this output format here:

<https://pkgs.rstudio.com/bookdown/reference/gitbook.html>

Or use:

```
?bookdown::gitbook
```


Bibliografía

Ohhh ma, llegamos a las referencias y aparecen en el índice y bien encabezadas en su propio capítulo

- Ahmad, N. et al. 2016. Using Fisher information to track stability in multivariate systems. *Royal Society Open Science*, 3: 160582. ISSN: 2054-5703, 2054-5703 Available at: <https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/10.1098/rsos.160582>.
- Anscombe, F.J. 1973. Graphs in Statistical Analysis. *The American Statistician*, 27: 17–21. ISSN: 0003-1305 Available at: <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/00031305.1973.10478966>.
- Bravo, A. et al. 2016. Teaching for higher levels of thinking: developing quantitative and analytical skills in environmental science courses. *Ecosphere*, 7: e01290. ISSN: 2150-8925 Available at: <https://esajournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/ecs2.1290>.
- Eddelbuettel, D. & J.J. Balamuta. 2017. *Extending R with C++: A Brief Introduction to Rcpp*. PeerJ Preprints. Available at: <https://peerj.com/preprints/3188>.
- R Core Team. 2022. *R: A language and environment for statistical computing*. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. Available at: <https://www.R-project.org/>.
- Saldierna-Calapiz, D. 2018. *Efecto de la red de zonas de refugio pesquero San Cosme a Punta Coyote, B.C.S., México, en la comunidad de peces*. Tesis de Maestría. Centro Interdisciplinario de Ciencias Marinas del IPN, La Paz, Baja California Sur. 98 pp.
- Wickham, H. 2019. *Advanced R*. 2nd Edition. Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, FL. 604 pp. ISBN: 978-0-8153-8457-1
- Xie, Y. 2022. *Bookdown: Authoring books and technical documents with r markdown*. Available at: <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=bookdown>.
- Xie, Y. 2015. *Dynamic documents with R and knitr*. 2nd ed. Chapman; Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, Florida. Available at: <http://yihui.org/knitr/>.

Índice alfabético

apéndices, [11](#)

bibliografía, [13](#)

bloque personal, [15](#)

bloques de contenido, [15](#)

bookdown, [1](#)

capítulo, [1](#)

ecuación, [1](#)

figuras, [7](#)

formato 'github', [17](#)

insertar, [2](#)

libro, [1](#)

libro en línea, [17](#)

markdown, [1](#)

modo visual, [13](#)

obligatorio, [1](#)

partes o secciones, [11](#)

PDF, [2](#)

pie de página, [13](#)

referencia cruzada, [7](#)

snake style, [6](#)

tablas, [7](#)

TinyTeX, [2](#)

vista previa, [2](#)

Zotero, [2](#)