

Introduction to Federated Identity Management

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eduGAIN Training Team GÉANT GN5-2

eduGAIN training for ngREN April 2025

Learning Objectives



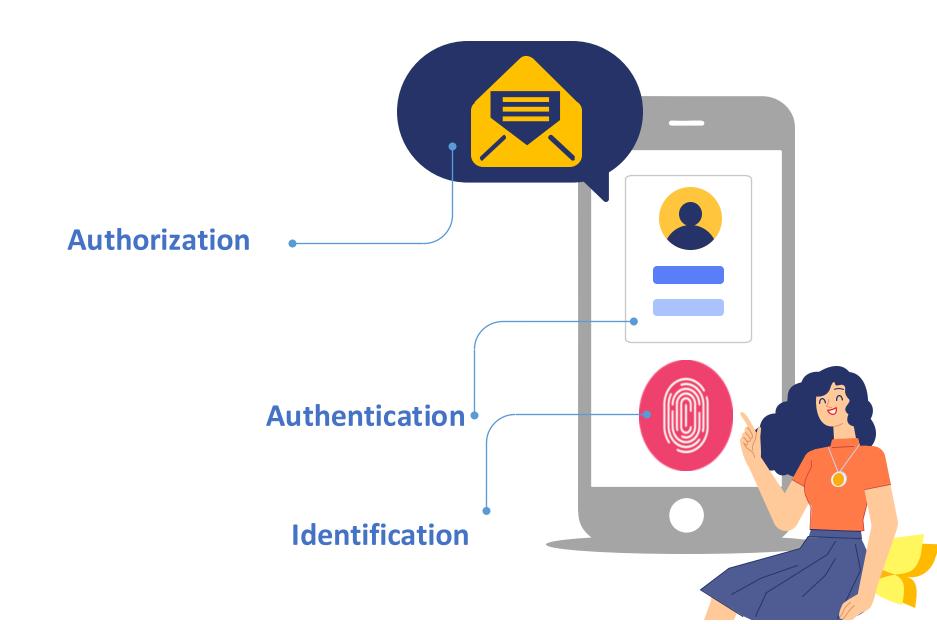
Identification

Authentication

Authorization



Example

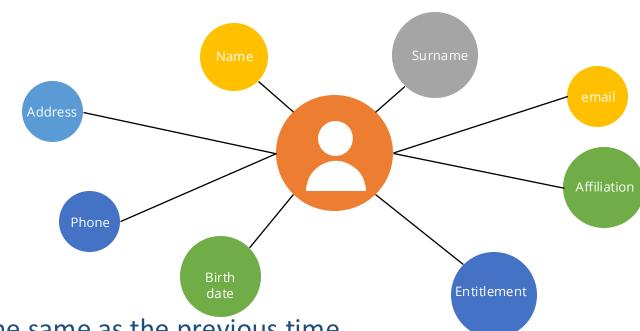


Digital Identity

Set of Attributes

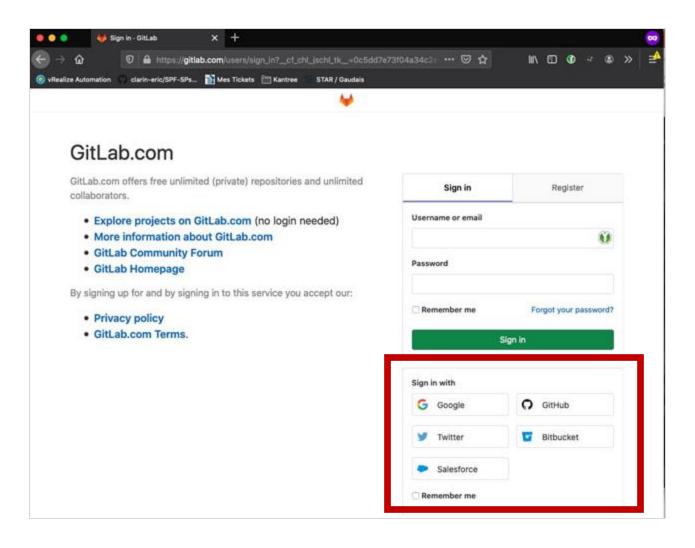


- Identification: Prove that subject is the same as the previous time
- Authorization: Access decision based on attribute values, Identity or Role based access control
- Profile data: Personalization, identification "for humans", name, email address, etc.



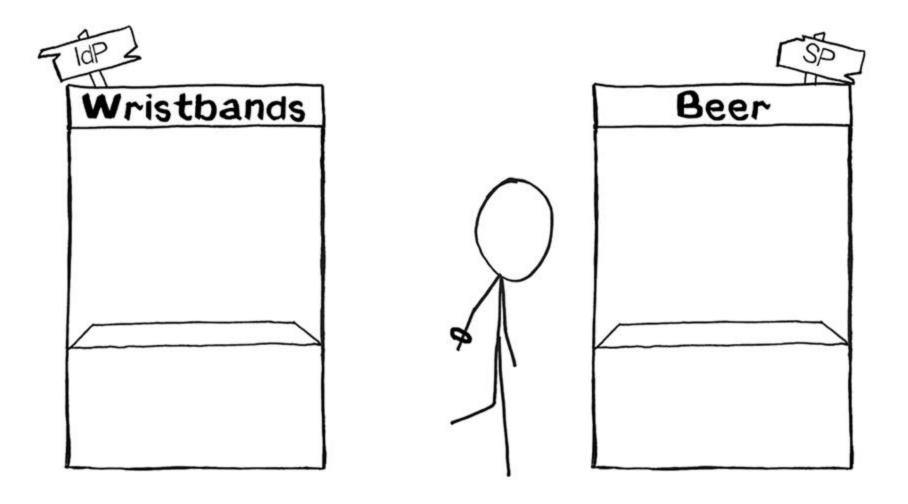
Delegation of authentication



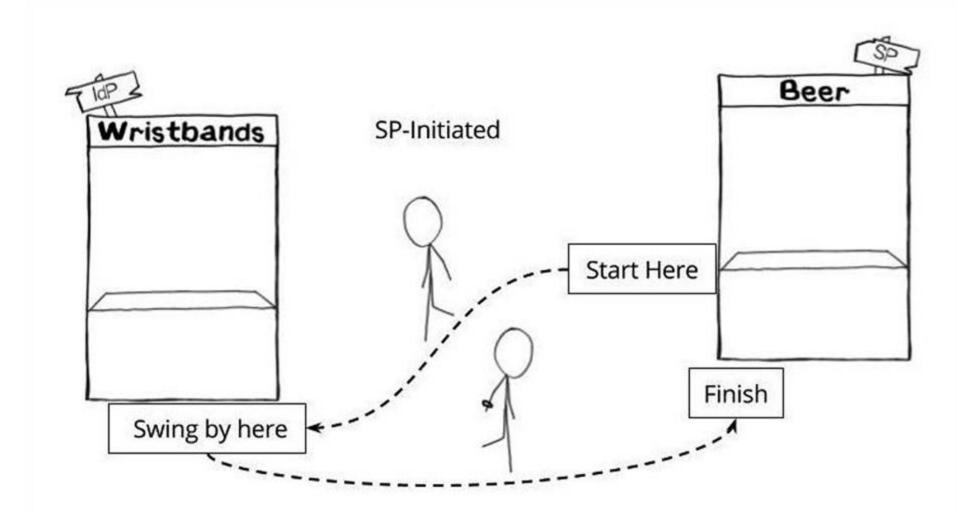


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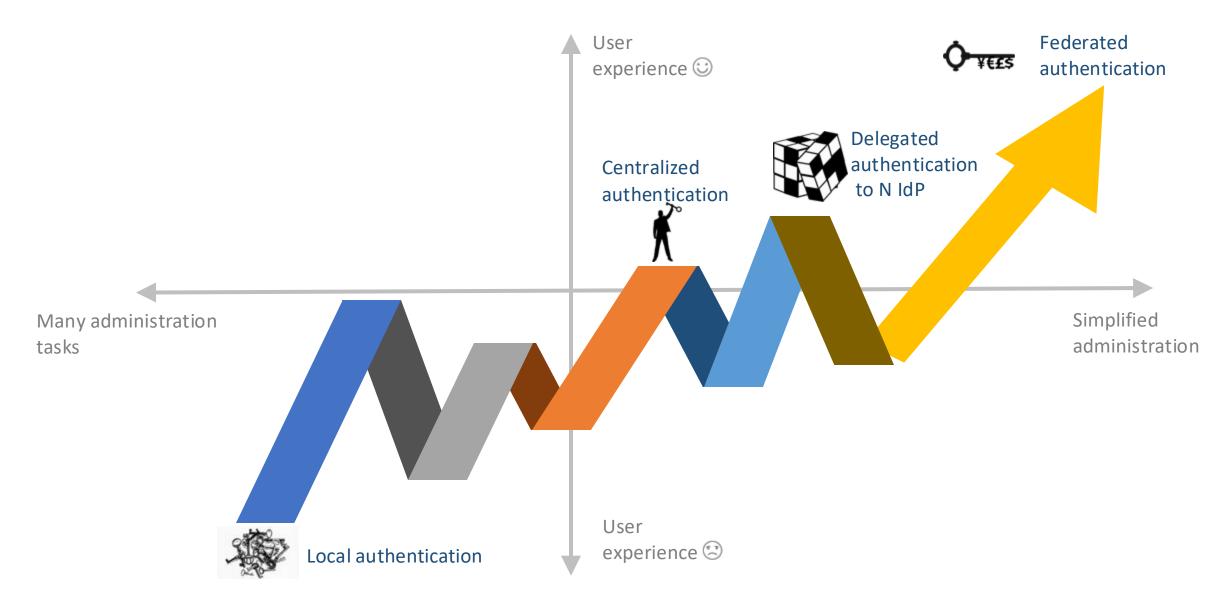
Example in real life: Beer as a Service



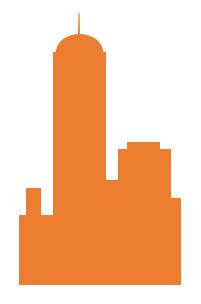
Example in real life: Beer as a Service



Different levels of Identity Management



Identity Federations are made of entities





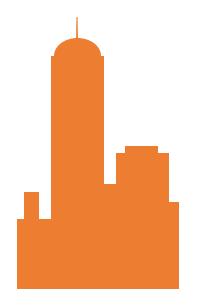
Identity Provider (IdP) ~ Home organization (HO)

Service Provider (SP) ~ Relying Party (RP)

Discovery Service (DS)

Identity Providers and Service Providers are collectively called **entities**

Identity Federations are built on trust

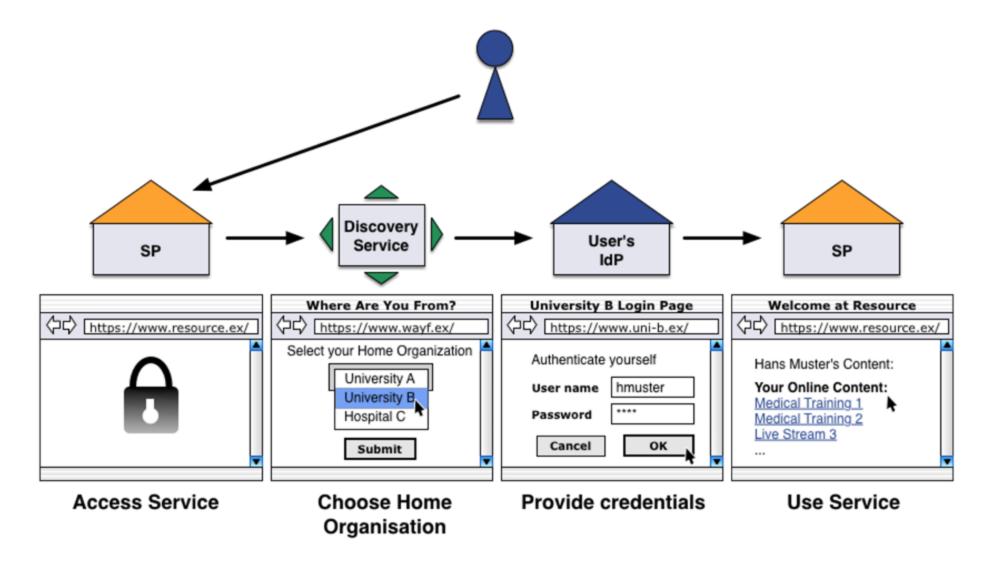






- Use of a protocol (SAML, OIDC, CAS, etc.)
- Trust can be built in several ways:
 - Via agreement between SP/IdP administrators (bilateral relationship)
 - Via a trusted third party (federation)

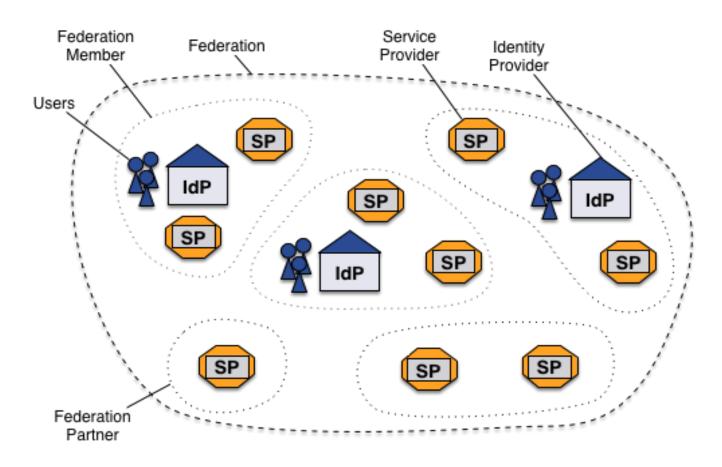
A simple authentication flow



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What is an Identity Federation?

An Identity Federation is a collection of organizations that agree to interoperate under a certain rule set.



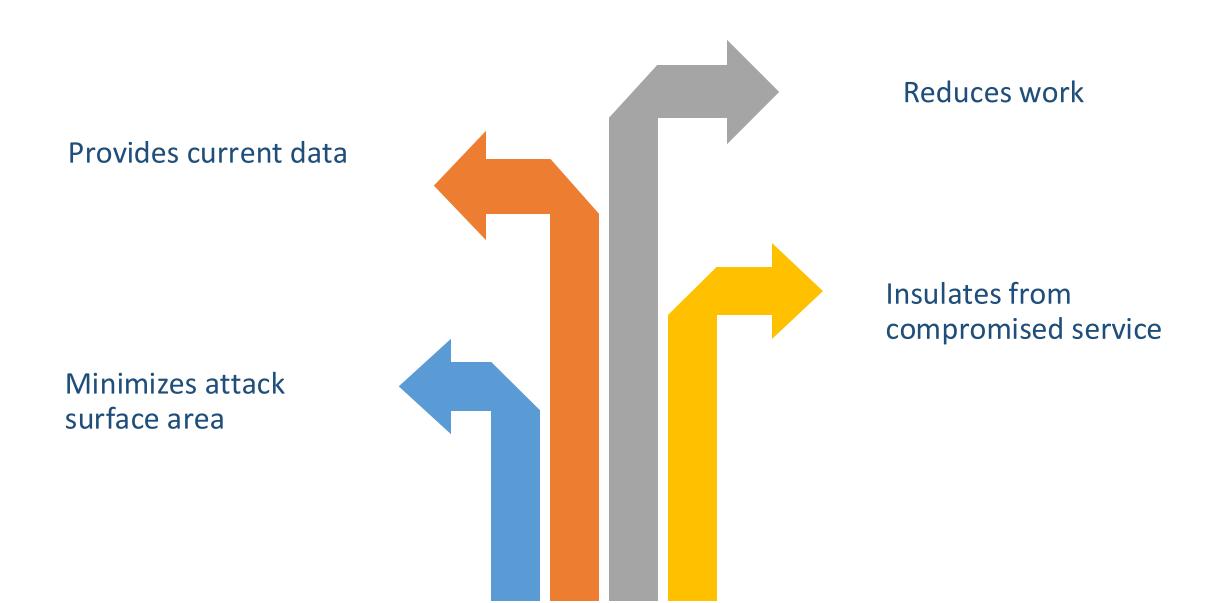
What do Identity Federations do?

- Maintain the list of entities
- Define policies, rules and legal frameworks
- Operate a central Discovery Service and test infrastructure
- Provide self-service Registry
- Provide hosted entities
- Provide tools for guest access
- Developing custom tools for the community
- Guidelines and deployment instructions to operate services in the federation
- Helpdesk to assist with deploying services and debugging issues
- Workshops and Trainings

A Federation Operator is an organization that operates an identity federation.



Benefits that the Federated Identity Management brings



Interoperability

Technical

- Supported protocols
- User authentication mechanisms
- User attribute specifications
- Accepted X.509 server certificates

Legal

- Membership agreement or contract
- Federation operation policies
- Requirements on identity management practices

Others

Common/best operational practices





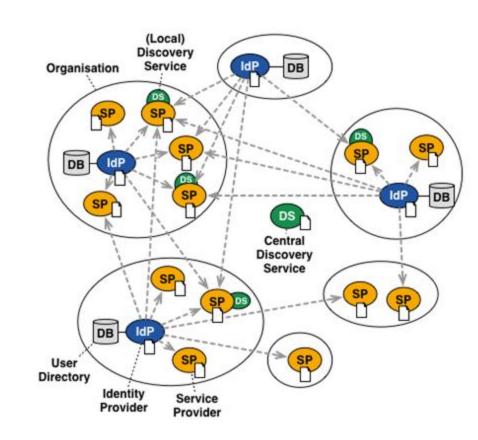


Common Identity Federation Architectures

- Full mesh federations
- Hub & Spoke with distributed login
- Hub & Spoke with central login

Full Mesh Identity Federation

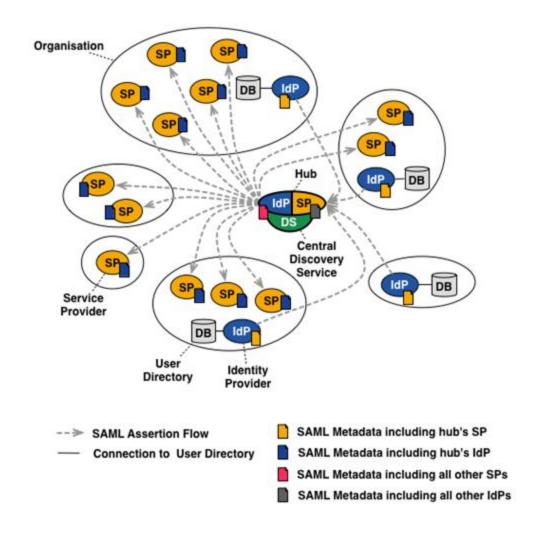
- Entities are distributed
- There is no need for a central component



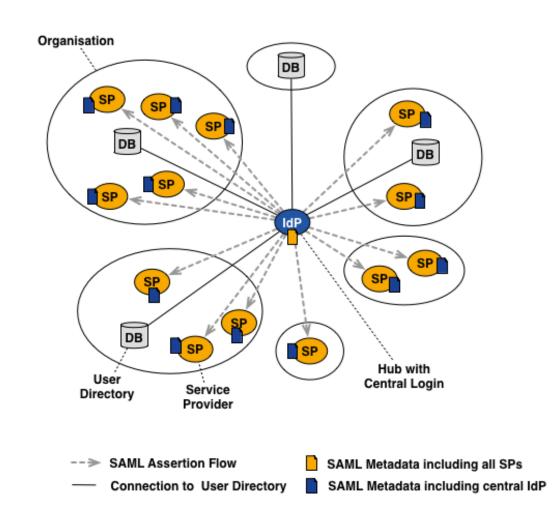
- --> SAML Assertion Flow
- Connection to User Directory
- SAML Metadata including all SPs and IdPs

Hub-and-Spoke Identity Federation with distributed login

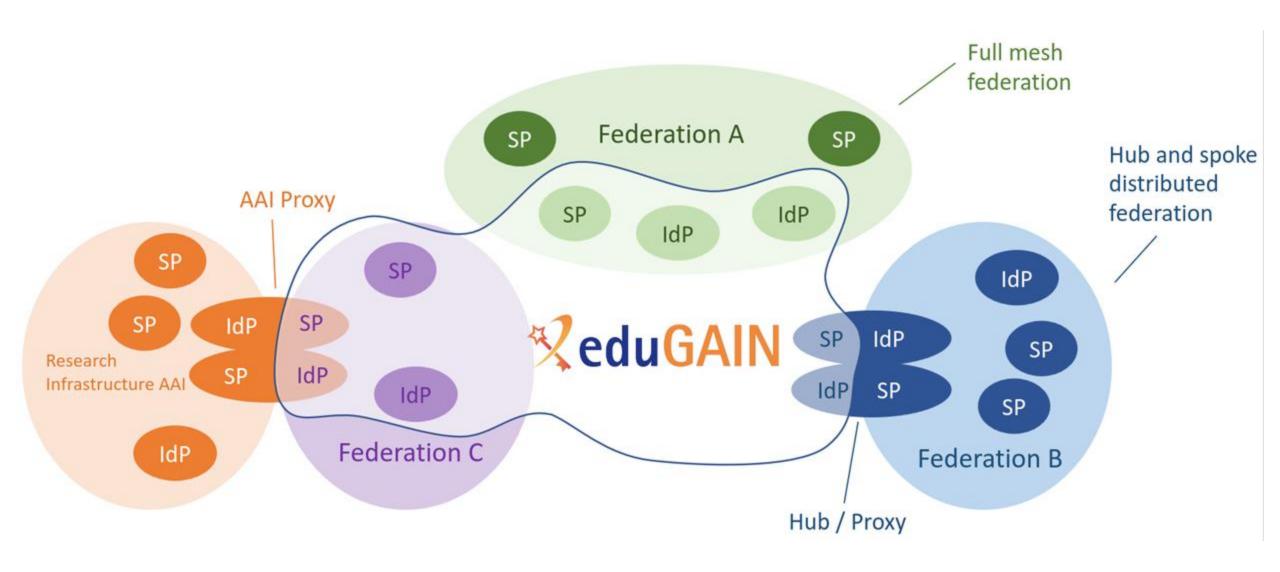
- Central hub: an SP for IdPs, an IdP for SPs
- Each organization still operates their own Identity Provider
- Central hub = Central Discovery Service



 A special case in the sense as there is only one single Identity Provider in the federation



eduGAIN is interfederation





Thank You

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