GeoDaSpace: advanced spatial econometrics made easy

Eureka Seminar Dept. Spatial Economics (VU)

Dani Arribas-Bel

GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation (ASU)

August 2011

Outline

- GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation

- - Team
 - Motivation
 - Models & Methods
 - Performance
 - GUI
 - Timeline
 - Get in touch



Outline

- GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation
- The GeoDa family
- - Team
 - Motivation
 - Models & Methods
 - Performance
 - GUI
 - Timeline
 - Get in touch



Outline

- GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation
- The GeoDa family

GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation

- PySAL
- - Team
 - Motivation
 - Models & Methods
 - Performance
 - GUI
 - Timeline
 - Get in touch

Outline

- GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation
- 2 The GeoDa family
- 3 PySAL
- GeoDaSpace
 - Team
 - Motivation
 - Models & Methods
 - Performance
 - GUI
 - Timeline
 - Get in touch

GeoDa Center for Geospatial Analysis and Computation

People

- Five core faculty (Luc Anselin, Sergio Rey, Alan Murray, Elizabeth Wentz, Julia Koschinsky)
- Post-docs, graduate students and visitors
- Multi-disciplinary: geographers, economists, urban planners, computer scientists

About

- Methods development
- Implementation through software tools
- Policy relevant research
- Dissemination through training and support



PvSAL

The *GeoDa* family

All GeoDa Center software is freeware... ... some is also open source.

http://geodacenter.asu.edu/software

Freeware

- No cost to use, easy to distribute
- Black box

Open Source

- Source code is released as well
- User can study, modify and run it freely

The *GeoDa* family

Legacy GeoDa - OpenGeoDa

Interactive ESDA and (a bit of) regression

STARS

Interactive Exploratory Space-Time Analysis

GeoDaSpace

Advanced spatial regression

GeoDaNet

Point patterns on networks

PySAL

Core Python library



One library to rule them all

- Flexible and modular software library that powers multiple front-ends (command line, GUIs, web, etc.)
- Rapid development cycle
- State of the art methods in spatial analysis

Functionality

- I/O & weights
- ESDA
- Spatial dynamics

- Inequality
- Regions
- Spatial Regression

Release Schedule

Currently 1.2 (6 months)

pysal.org



- Pedro Amaral
- Luc Anselin
- Dani Arribas-Bel
- David Folch
- Nancy Lozano-Gracia

- Nicholas Malizia
- Serge Rey
- Charles Schmidt
- Ran Wei
- Jing Yao



GeoDaSpace

- Front-end GUI for regression modules in PySAL:
 - I/O: csv, dbf, shp
 - weights: creation, manipulation
 - spreg: state-of-the-art spatial econometrics
- Speed and scalability (sparse matrices)
- Intuitive and easy to use:
 - "Point and click"
 - Save model specification and load them later
 - Save results
- Cross-platform: Windows, Mac, (Linux)

GeoDaSpace - Models and Methods

Models	Methods	Refs.
Non spatial	OLS	
	2SLS	
Spatial Lag	S2SLS	
Spatial Error	GMM	KP98-99
	GMM-Het	Arraiz et al. 2010
	GMM-Hom	Drukker et al. 2010
	sHAC	KP2007
Endogenous regressors + Error	2SLS + GMM	KP98/99
	2SLS + GMM-Het	Arraiz et al. 2010
	2SLS + GMM-Hom	Drukker et al. 2010
	2SLS + sHAC	KP2007
Combo (Lag+Error)	S2SLS + GMM	KP98/99
	S2SLS + GMM-Het	KP98/99 + Arraiz et al. 2010
	S2SLS + GMM-Hom	KP98/99 + Drukker et al. 2010
	S2SLS + sHAC	KP98/99 + KP2007
Combo (Lag+Error) + Endogenous Regressors	S2SLS + GMM	KP98/99
	S2SLS + GMM-Het	KP98/99 + Arraiz et al. 2010
	S2SLS + GMM-Hom	KP98/99 + Drukker et al. 2010
	S2SLS + sHAC	KP98/99 + KP2007

Models and Methods - Non spatial

Non spatial

OLS 2SLS

Model

Traditional basic model

•
$$y = \beta X + \epsilon$$

Non spatial endogenous regressors

•
$$y = \beta X + \gamma Y + \epsilon$$

- OLS
- Two stages least squares

Models and Methods - Spatial lag

Spatial Lag

S2SLS

Model

The dependent variable is spatially lagged

•
$$y = \rho Wy + \beta X + \epsilon$$

Method

Spatial Two Stages Least Squares

Models and Methods - Spatial error

Spatial Error

GMM GMM-Het GMM-Hom sHAC KP98-99 Arraiz et al. 2010 Drukker et al. 2010 KP2007

Model

$$y = \beta X + u$$
$$u = \lambda W u + \epsilon$$

- OLS + Basic GM (λ as point estimate)
- OLS + GM allowing for heteroskedasticity in the residuals
- OLS + GM assuming homoskedasticity in the residuals
- OLS + Spatial Heteroscedasticity and Autocorrelation Consistent (spatial HAC) of the residuals - Does not assume error structure

Models and Methods - Endogenous reg. + sp. error

Endogenous regressors + Error

2SLS + GMM 2SLS + GMM-Het 2SLS + GMM-Hom 2SLS + sHAC

The GeoDa family

KP98/99 Arraiz et al. 2010 Drukker et al. 2010 KP2007

Model

$$y = \beta X + \gamma Y + u$$
$$u = \lambda W u + \epsilon$$

- 2SLS + Basic GM (λ as point estimate)
- 2SLS + GM allowing for heteroskedasticity in the residuals
- 2SLS + GM assuming homoskedasticity in the residuals
- 2SLS + Spatial Heteroscedasticity and Autocorrelation Consistent (spatial HAC) of the residuals - Does not assume error structure

The GeoDa family

Models and Methods - Combo

KP98/99 KP98/99 + Arraiz et al. 2010 KP98/99 + Drukker et al. 2010 KP98/99 + KP2007

Model

$$y = \rho Wy + \beta X + u$$
$$u = \lambda Wu + \epsilon$$

- S2SLS + Basic GM (λ as point estimate)
- S2SLS + GM allowing for heteroskedasticity in the residuals
- S2SLS + GM assuming homoskedasticity in the residuals
- S2SLS + Spatial Heteroscedasticity and Autocorrelation Consistent (spatial HAC) of the residuals - Does not assume error structure

Combo (Lag+Error) + Endogenous Regressors

S2SLS + GMM S2SLS + GMM-Het S2SLS + GMM-Hom

S2SLS + sHAC

The GeoDa family

KP98/99 KP98/99 + Arraiz et al. 2010 KP98/99 + Drukker et al. 2010 KP98/99 + KP2007

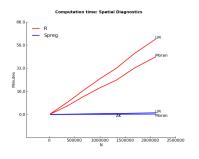
PvSAL

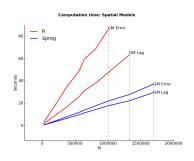
Model

$$y = \rho Wy + \beta X + \gamma Y + u$$
$$u = \lambda Wu + \epsilon$$

- 2SLS + Basic GM (λ as point estimate)
- 2SLS + GM allowing for heteroskedasticity in the residuals
- 2SLS + GM assuming homoskedasticity in the residuals
- 2SLS + Spatial Heteroscedasticity and Autocorrelation Consistent (spatial HAC) of the residuals - Does not assume error structure

GeoDaSpace - Performance





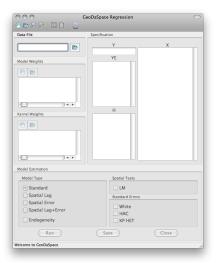
- i) All simulations run on a 4 core (3GHz) Mac Pro with 16Gb RAM. Software:
- R (2.12.0), spdep (0.5-29) - Python (2.6.5), PySAL (1.1), numpy (1.4), scipy (0.8.0b1)
- ii) Geography setup: square lattice regions (\sqrt{N} by \sqrt{N}) and queen contiguity matrices
- iii) N = 22,500; 90,000; 202,500; 360,000; 562,500; 640,000; 722,500; 810,000; 1,000,000; 1,322,500; 1,690,000;
- 2.102.500: 2.560.000
- iv) Regressions: 5 independent random variables, N(0, 1) against one dependent random variable



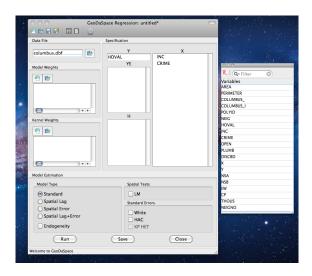




GeoDaSpace - GUI

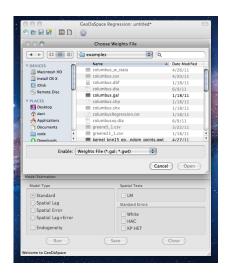


GeoDaSpace - GUI

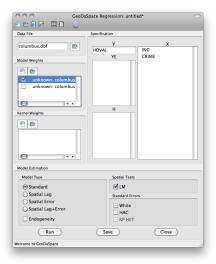


GeoDaSpace - GUI - Weights

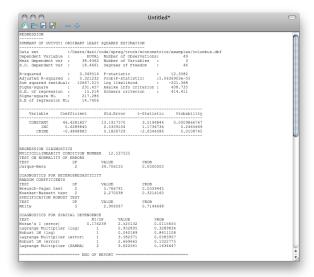




GeoDaSpace - GUI - Run model



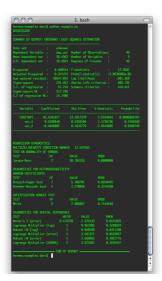
GeoDaSpace - GUI - Report



GeoDaSpace - Command line

```
example.py (~/code/spreg/trunk/econometrics/examples) - VIM
  2 import numpy as np
 3 import pysal as ps
 5
db = ps.open('columbus.dbf')
6 y = np.array([db.by_col('HOVAL')]).T
7 x = np.array([db.by_col('INC'), db.by_col('CRIME')]).T
8 w = ps.queen_from_shapefile('columbus.shp')
10 model = ps.spreg.0LS(y, x, w)
11 print(model.summary)
                                                                                           11.20
```

GeoDaSpace - Command line



Timeline

Current

- OLS (PySAL)
- Diagnostics (PySAL)

Imminent future

- GUI release (soon!!!)
- All models and methods as part of PySAL (Jan. 2012)

Medium run

- Maximum likelihood
- Spatial regimes

Get in touch!



http://geodacenter.asu.edu



http://groups.google.com/group/openspace-list



@geodacenter



https://www.facebook.com/geodacenter