

# bnclassify

*Bojan Mihaljevic, Concha Bielza, Pedro Larranaga*

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## Predicting

### 0 probabilities

If for some instance there is 0 probability for each class, then a uniform distribution over the classes is returned (not the class prior).

```
library(bnclassify)
data(car)
nb <- nb('class', car)
nb <- lp(nb, car[c(1, 700), ], smooth=0)
predict(object=nb, newdata=car[1000:1001, ], prob = TRUE)
#>      unacc  acc good vgood
#> [1,]  0.25 0.25 0.25  0.25
#> [2,]  0.25 0.25 0.25  0.25
```

## Speed

It is much faster than gRain and identical to bnlearn.

```
nb <- nb('class', car)
nb <- lp(nb, car, smooth=0)
gr <- to_grain(nb)
microbenchmark::microbenchmark(predict(object=nb, newdata=car, prob = TRUE))
#> Unit: milliseconds
```

```

#>                                     expr      min      lq
#> predict(object = nb, newdata = car, prob = TRUE) 5.205843 5.250795
#>      mean  median      uq      max neval
#> 6.790047 5.345216 6.660531 109.8166   100
microbenchmark::microbenchmark(gRain::predict.grain(gr, 'class', newdata=car),
                                times=1)

#> Unit: seconds
#>                                     expr      min      lq
#> gRain::predict.grain(gr, "class", newdata = car) 2.797697 2.797697
#>      mean  median      uq      max neval
#> 2.797697 2.797697 2.797697 2.797697    1

```

Note that when predicting on a data set with incomplete cases, gRain is used underneath and it will be slow

## Feature selection

Some algorithms perform implicit feature selection. E.g., ... For more, use the mlr or feature selector package. See below.

## mlr package

It's easy to use bnclassify with the mlr package. If you have mlr installed, you just need to call `as_mlr()` to use mlr functions: select features, resample, etc.

```

library(mlr)
#> Loading required package: BBmisc
#> Loading required package: ggplot2
#> Loading required package: ParamHelpers
ctrl = makeFeatSelControlSequential(alpha = 0, method = "sfs")
rdesc = makeResampleDesc(method = "Holdout")
ct <- mlr::makeClassifTask(id = "compare", data = car, target = 'class',
                           fixup.data = "no", check.data = FALSE)
nf <- lp(nb('class', car), car, 1)
bnl <- as_mlr(nf, dag = TRUE)
sfeats = selectFeatures(learner = bnl, task = ct, resampling = rdesc,
                        control = ctrl, show.info = FALSE)

sfeats$x
#> [1] "buying"
detach('package:mlr')

```

## Vignette docs

Vignettes are long form documentation commonly included in packages. Because they are part of the distribution of the package, they need to be as compact as possible. The `html_vignette` output

type provides a custom style sheet (and tweaks some options) to ensure that the resulting html is as small as possible. The `html_vignette` format:

- Never uses retina figures
- Has a smaller default figure size
- Uses a custom CSS stylesheet instead of the default Twitter Bootstrap style

## Vignette Info

Note the various macros within the `vignette` section of the metadata block above. These are required in order to instruct R how to build the vignette. Note that you should change the `title` field and the `\VignetteIndexEntry` to match the title of your vignette.

## Styles

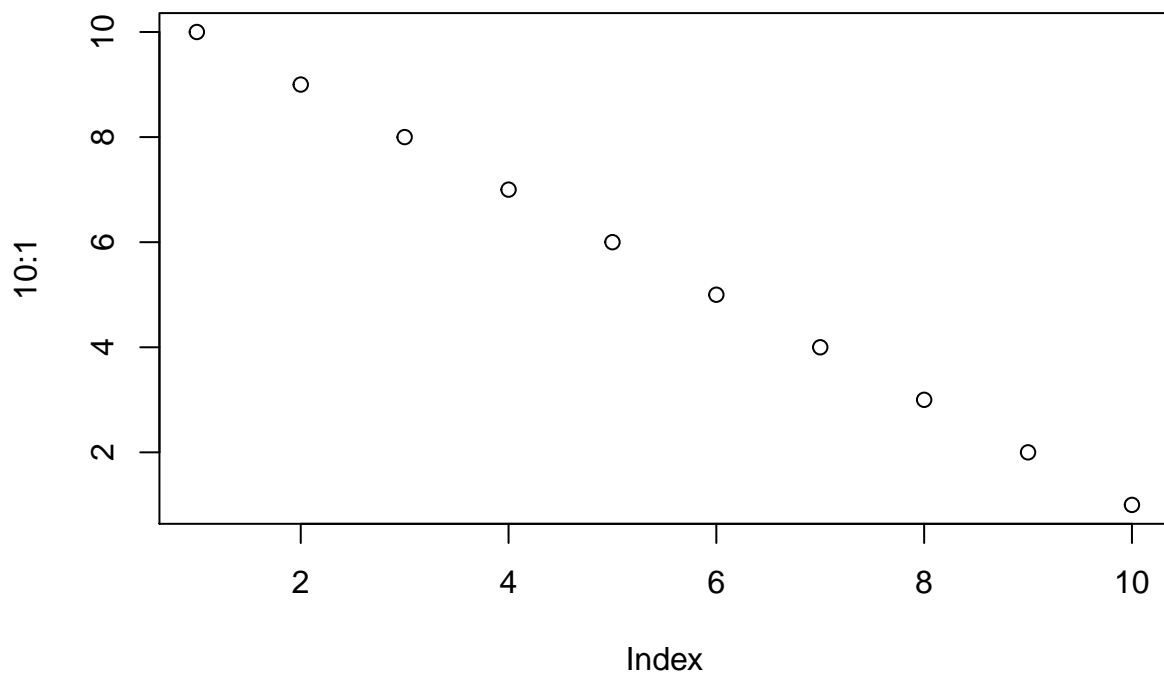
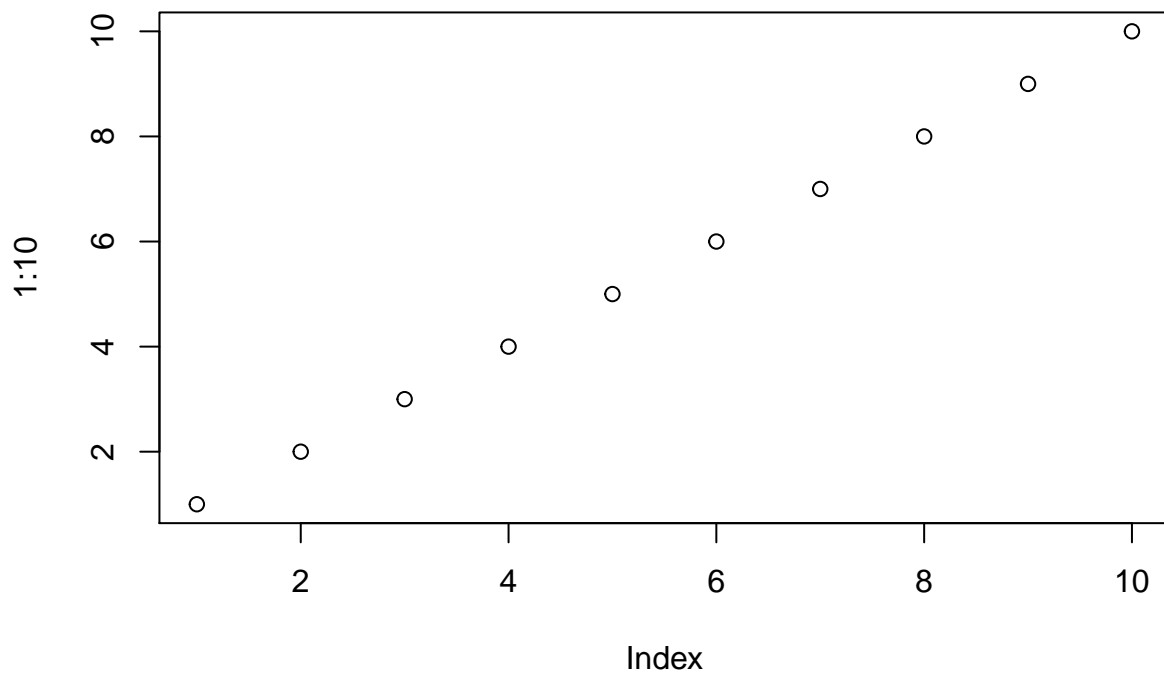
The `html_vignette` template includes a basic CSS theme. To override this theme you can specify your own CSS in the document metadata as follows:

```
output:
  rmarkdown::html_vignette:
    css: mystyles.css
```

## Figures

The figure sizes have been customised so that you can easily put two images side-by-side.

```
plot(1:10)
plot(10:1)
```



You can enable figure captions by `fig_caption: yes` in YAML:

output:

```
rmarkdown::html_vignette:
  fig_caption: yes
```

Then you can use the chunk option `fig.cap = "Your figure caption."` in **knitr**.

## More Examples

You can write math expressions, e.g.  $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$ , footnotes<sup>1</sup>, and tables, e.g. using `knitr::kable()`.

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108.0	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258.0	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360.0	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225.0	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1
Duster 360	14.3	8	360.0	245	3.21	3.570	15.84	0	0	3	4
Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.190	20.00	1	0	4	2
Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.150	22.90	1	0	4	2
Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.440	18.30	1	0	4	4

Also a quote using `>`:

“He who gives up [code] safety for [code] speed deserves neither.” ([via](#))

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<sup>1</sup>A footnote here.