

GCSE Grade 8/9

Maths
Booklet 2

Paper 2H
Calculator

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1 Martin did this question.

Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{14}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$

Here is how he answered the question.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{14}{2 + \sqrt{3}} &= \frac{14 \times (2 - \sqrt{3})}{(2 + \sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{3})} \\ &= \frac{28 - 14\sqrt{3}}{4 + 2\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3} + 3} \\ &= \frac{28 - 14\sqrt{3}}{7} \\ &= 4 - 2\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

Martin's answer is wrong.

(a) Find Martin's mistake.

(1)

Sian did this question.

Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{5}{\sqrt{12}}$

Here is how she answered the question.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{5}{\sqrt{12}} &= \frac{5\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{12} \times \sqrt{12}} \\ &= \frac{5 \times 3\sqrt{2}}{12} \\ &= \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{4}\end{aligned}$$

Sian's answer is wrong.

(b) Find Sian's mistake.

(1)

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)



- 2 Jackson is trying to find the density, in g/cm^3 , of a block of wood.
The block of wood is in the shape of a cuboid.

He measures

the length as 13.2 cm, correct to the nearest mm

the width as 16.0 cm, correct to the nearest mm

the height as 21.7 cm, correct to the nearest mm

He measures the mass as 1970 g, correct to the nearest 5 g.

By considering bounds, work out the density of the wood.

Give your answer to a suitable degree of accuracy.

You must show all your working and give a reason for your final answer.

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)



- 3 There are some small cubes and some large cubes in a bag.
The cubes are red or the cubes are yellow.

The ratio of the number of small cubes to the number of large cubes is 4:7

The ratio of the number of red cubes to the number of yellow cubes is 3:5

- (a) Explain why the least possible number of cubes in the bag is 88

(1)

All the small cubes are yellow.

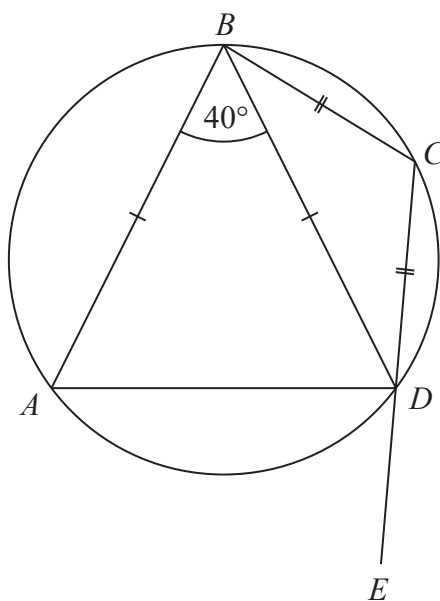
- (b) Work out the least possible number of large yellow cubes in the bag.

(3)

(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)



- 4 The points A , B , C and D lie on a circle.
 CDE is a straight line.



$$BA = BD$$

$$CB = CD$$

$$\text{Angle } ABD = 40^\circ$$

Work out the size of angle ADE .

You must give a reason for each stage of your working.

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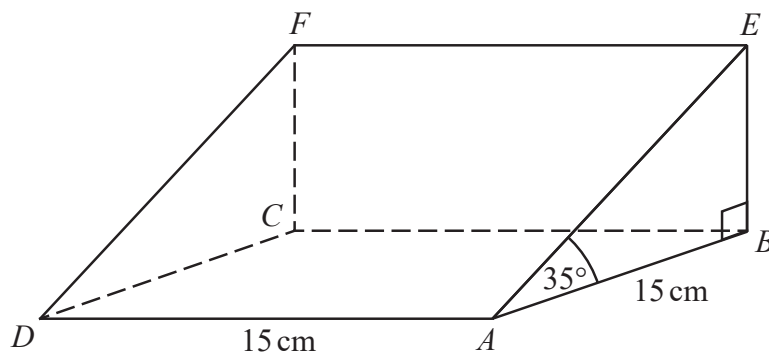
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(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)



- 5 The diagram shows a triangular prism.



The base, $ABCD$, of the prism is a square of side length 15 cm.

Angle ABE and angle CBE are right angles.

Angle $EAB = 35^\circ$

M is the point on DA such that

$$DM:MA = 2:3$$

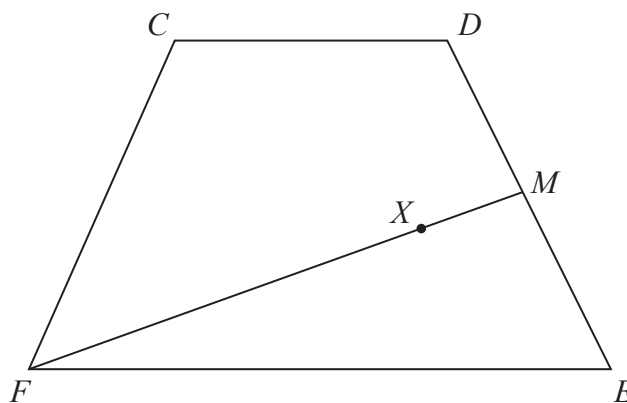
Calculate the size of the angle between EM and the base of the prism.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)



6 $CDEF$ is a quadrilateral.



$$\vec{CD} = \mathbf{a}, \vec{DE} = \mathbf{b} \text{ and } \vec{FC} = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}.$$

- (a) Express \vec{FE} in terms of \mathbf{a} and/or \mathbf{b} .
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....
(2)

M is the midpoint of DE .

X is the point on FM such that $FX:XM = n:1$

CXE is a straight line.

- (b) Work out the value of n .

$n =$
(4)

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)



7 A triangle has vertices P , Q and R .

The coordinates of P are $(-3, -6)$

The coordinates of Q are $(1, 4)$

The coordinates of R are $(5, -2)$

M is the midpoint of PQ .

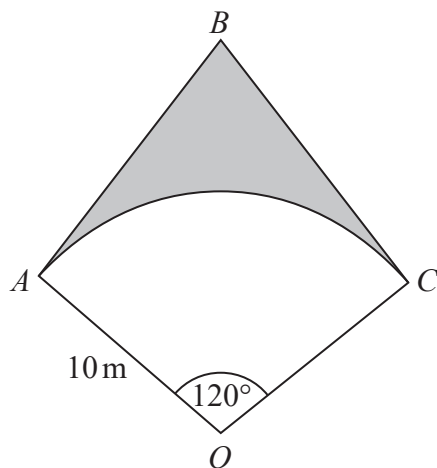
N is the midpoint of QR .

Prove that MN is parallel to PR .

You must show each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)





OAC is a sector of a circle, centre O , radius 10 m.

BA is the tangent to the circle at point A .

BC is the tangent to the circle at point C .

Angle $AOC = 120^\circ$

Calculate the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....m²

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)



- 9 There are 12 counters in a bag.
There is an equal number of red counters, blue counters and yellow counters in the bag.
There are no other counters in the bag.

3 counters are taken at random from the bag.

- (a) Work out the probability of taking 3 red counters.

(2)

The 3 counters are put back into the bag.

Some more counters are now put into the bag.

There is still an equal number of red counters, blue counters and yellow counters in the bag.
There are no counters of any other colour in the bag.

3 counters are taken at random from the bag.

- (b) Is it now less likely or equally likely or more likely that the 3 counters will be red?
You must show how you get your answer.

(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

