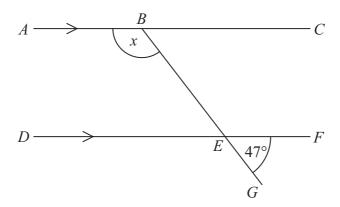


*PRS* and *TWY* are parallel straight lines. *QRWZ* is a straight line.

Work out the value of *x*. Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

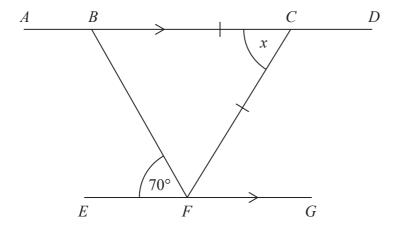


ABC and DEF are parallel lines. BEG is a straight line. Angle  $GEF = 47^{\circ}$ .

Work out the size of the angle marked x. Give reasons for your answer.

.....

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)



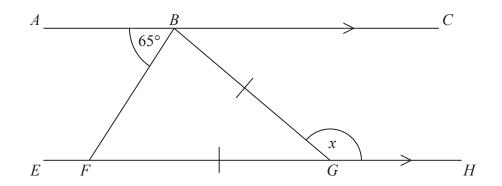
ABCD and EFG are parallel lines.

BC = CF

Angle  $BFE = 70^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. Give reasons for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)



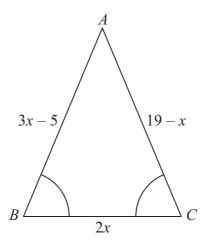
ABC is parallel to EFGH.

$$GB = GF$$
  
Angle  $ABF = 65^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle marked x. Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

5 *ABC* is a triangle.



Angle ABC = angle BCA.

The length of side AB is (3x - 5) cm.

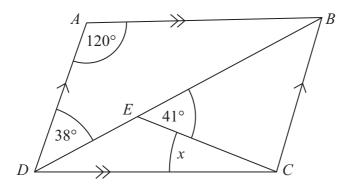
The length of side AC is (19 - x) cm.

The length of side BC is 2x cm.

Work out the perimeter of the triangle.

Give your answer as a number of centimetres.

cr



ABCD is a parallelogram.

Angle  $ADB = 38^{\circ}$ .

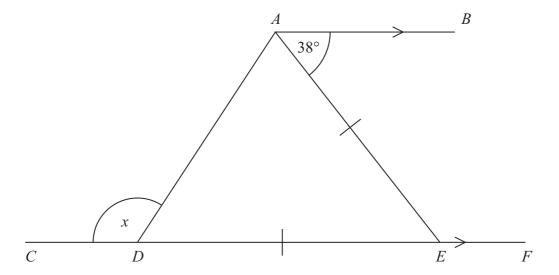
Angle  $BEC = 41^{\circ}$ .

Angle  $DAB = 120^{\circ}$ .

Calculate the size of angle x.

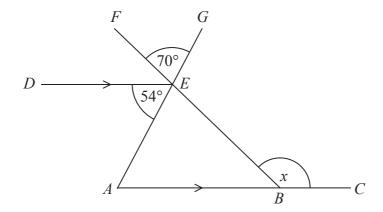
You must give reasons for your answer.





CDEF is a straight line. AB is parallel to CF. DE = AE.

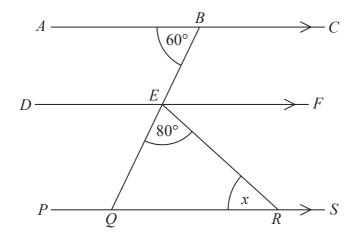
Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. You must give reasons for your answer.



ABC and DE are parallel lines. AEG and BEF are straight lines.

Angle  $AED = 54^{\circ}$ Angle  $FEG = 70^{\circ}$ 

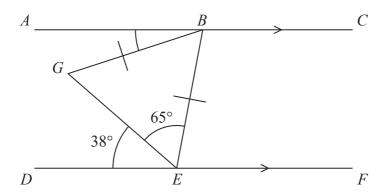
Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. Give a reason for each stage of your working.



ABC, DEF and PQRS are parallel lines. BEQ is a straight line.

Angle  $ABE = 60^{\circ}$ Angle  $QER = 80^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. Give reasons for each stage of your working.



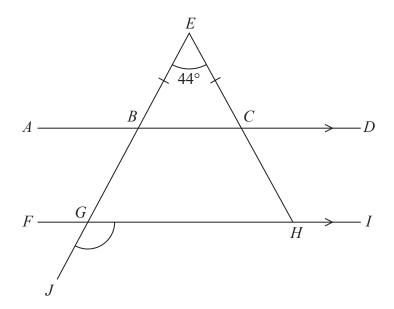
ABC and DEF are parallel lines.

BG = BE

Angle  $DEG = 38^{\circ}$ Angle  $GEB = 65^{\circ}$ 

Find the size of angle ABG.

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

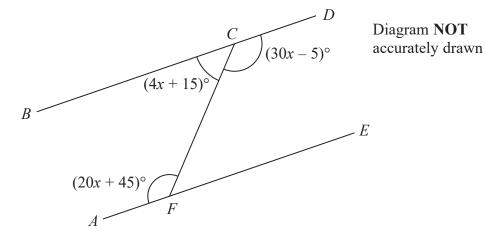


ABCD and FGHI are parallel straight lines. EBGJ and ECH are straight lines.

$$BE = CE$$
Angle  $BEC = 44^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of angle *JGH*. Give a reason for each stage of your working.

C



BCD and AFE are straight lines.

Show that *BCD* is parallel to *AFE*. Give reasons for your working.