1 Solve the simultaneous equations				
	$3xy - y^2 = 8$ $x - 2y = 1$			
Show clear algebraic working.				
	(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)			

2 Solve the simultaneous equations	
	x - 6y = 5
	$xy - 2y^2 = 6$
Show clear algebraic working.	
Show clear argeorate working.	
	(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)

3 Solve the simultaneous equations			
$2x^2 + 3y^2 = 14$			
	x = 2y - 3		
Show clear algebraic working.			
	(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)		

$y = 3 - 2x$ $x^2 + y^2 = 18$ Show clear algebraic working.	4 Solve the simultaneous equations $v = 3 - 2x$
(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)	(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)

5 Solve the simultaneous equations	
	$3x^{2} + y^{2} - xy = 5$ $y = 2x - 3$
	y = 2x - 3
Show clear algebraic working.	
	(Total for Question 5 is 5 marks)

<b>6</b> Solve the simultaneous equations	
	$x^2 - 9y - x = 2y^2 - 12$
	x - 3y - x - 2y - 12 $x + 2y - 1 = 0$
	x + 2y - 1 = 0
Show clear algebraic working.	
	(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)
	,

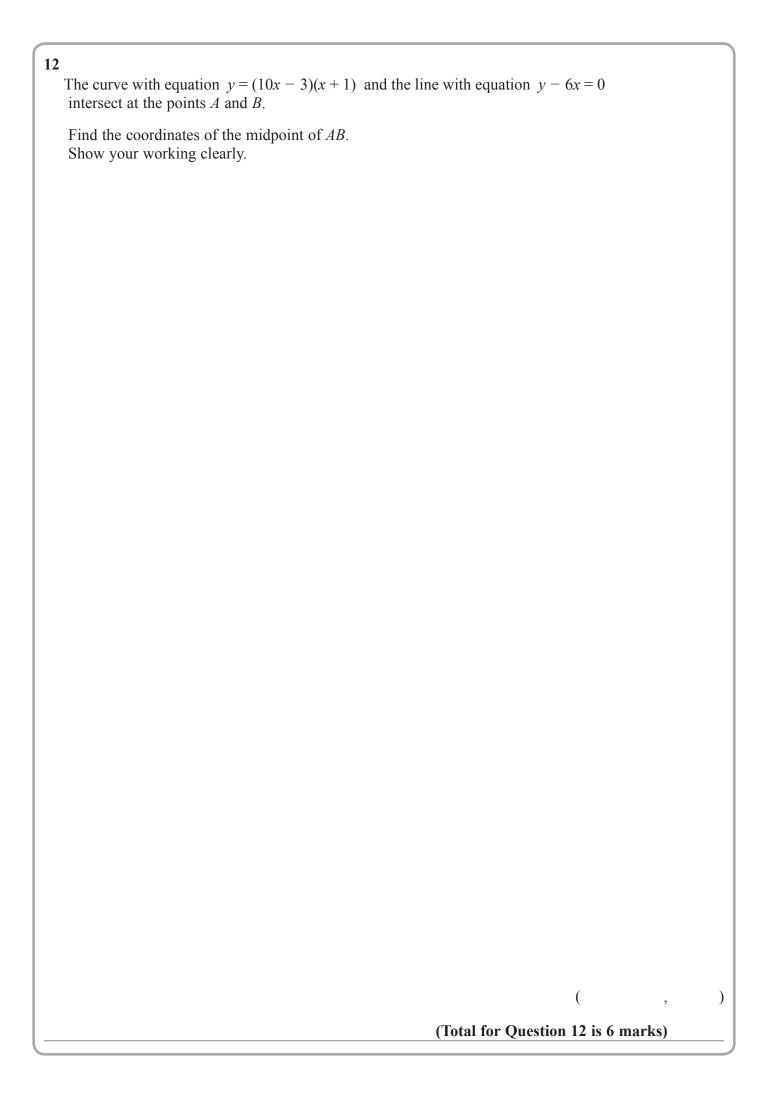
7 Solve the simultaneous equations				
	$       x - 2y = 3        x^2 - y^2 + 2x = 10 $			
Show clear algebraic working.				
	(Total for Question 7 is 5 marks)			
	,			

8 Solve the simultaneous equations				
$2x^2 + 3y^2 = 5$				
y = 2x + 1				
Show clear algebraic working.				
(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)				

9	Prove algebraically the circle with equation	hat the straight line with equation $x^2 + y^2 = 20$	x - 2y = 10	is a tangent to the
			(Total for O	uestion 9 is 5 marks)

10 The line with equation $2y = x + 1$ intersects the curve with equation $3y^2 + 7y + 16 = x^2 - x$ at the points A and B			
Find the coordinates of $A$ and the coordinates of $B$ Show clear algebraic working.			
·· <del> ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··</del>			
(, and ()			
(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)			

11	The line with equation $y = x + 2$ the points $A$ and $B$ .	2. intersects the curve with equation $x^2 + y^2 - 2y = 2$	24 at
	Find the coordinates of <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> . Show clear algebraic working.		
		(	,
			,)
		(Total for Question 11 is 5	marks)



The curve with equation $x^2 - x + y^2 = 10$ and the straight line with equation $x - y = -4$ intersect at the points $A$ and $B$ .				
Work out the exact length of $AB$ .				
Show your working clearly and give your answer in the form $\frac{\sqrt{a}}{2}$ where a is an integer.				
(Total for Question 13 is 6 marks)				

14	The equation of the line <b>L</b> is $y = 9 - x$ The equation of the curve <b>C</b> is $x^2 - 3xy + 2y^2 = 0$
	L and C intersect at two points.
	Find the coordinates of these two points. Show clear algebraic working.
	(, and (, )
	(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)
	(10mi ioi Question 1 i io o mui ho)

15	The straight line L has equation $x - y = 3$ The curve C has equation $3x^2 - y^2 + xy = 9$
	L and C intersect at the points $P$ and $Q$ .
	Find the coordinates of the midpoint of $PQ$ . Show clear algebraic working.
	(, ,
	(Total for Question 15 is 6 marks)
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