east 2 points. Each game played is independent of previous games played. ohn plays the game twice and adds the two scores together to get a total.		lom variable S, raity distribution w				zeme wang		
The probability of scoring less than 2 points is twice the probability of scoring at least 2 points. Each game played is independent of previous games played. John plays the game twice and adds the two scores together to get a total. Calculate the probability that the total is 6 points.		S	0	1	2	3	4	
least 2 points. Each game played is independent of previous games played. John plays the game twice and adds the two scores together to get a total. Calculate the probability that the total is 6 points.		P(S=s)	а	b	С	0.1	0.15	
John plays the game twice and adds the two scores together to get a total. Calculate the probability that the total is 6 points.			g less than 2	points is twice	ce the probab	oility of scori	ng at	
Calculate the probability that the total is 6 points.	Each gai	me played is inde	ependent of p	revious game	es played.			
	John pla	ys the game twic	ee and adds th	ne two scores	together to g	get a total.		
	Calculate	e the probability	that the total	is 6 points.				
								(6)

2. Manon has two biased spinners, one red and one green.

The random variable R represents the score when the red spinner is spun.

The random variable G represents the score when the green spinner is spun.

The probability distributions for R and G are given below.

r	2	3
P(R=r)	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$

g	1	4
P(G=g)	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

Manon spins each spinner once and adds the two scores.

- (a) Find the probability that
 - (i) the sum of the two scores is 7
 - (ii) the sum of the two scores is less than 4

(3)

The random variable X = mR + nG where m and n are integers.

$$P(X=20) = \frac{1}{6}$$
 and $P(X=50) = \frac{1}{4}$

(b) Find the value of m and the value of n

(5)

3.	Julia selects 3 letters at random, one at a time without replacement, from the word	
	VARIANCE	
	The discrete random variable <i>X</i> represents the number of times she selects a letter A.	
	(a) Find the complete probability distribution of <i>X</i> .	
		(5)
	Yuki selects 10 letters at random, one at a time with replacement, from the word	
	DEVIATION	
	(b) Find the probability that he selects the letter E at least 4 times.	
		(3)