

**1.**

**In this question you must show all stages of your working.**

**Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.**

The air pressure,  $P$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, inside a car tyre,  $t$  minutes from the instant when the tyre developed a puncture is given by the equation

$$P = k + 1.4e^{-0.5t} \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \quad t \geq 0$$

where  $k$  is a constant.

Given that the initial air pressure inside the tyre was  $2.2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

(a) state the value of  $k$ .

(1)

From the instant when the tyre developed the puncture,

(b) find the time taken for the air pressure to fall to  $1 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

Give your answer in minutes to one decimal place.

(3)

(c) Find the rate at which the air pressure in the tyre is decreasing exactly 2 minutes from the instant when the tyre developed the puncture.

Give your answer in  $\text{kg}/\text{cm}^2$  per minute to 3 significant figures.

(2)



- 3.** The mass,  $A$  kg, of algae in a small pond, is modelled by the equation

$$A = pq^t$$

where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants and  $t$  is the number of weeks after the mass of algae was first recorded.

Data recorded indicates that there is a linear relationship between  $t$  and  $\log_{10} A$  given by the equation

$$\log_{10} A = 0.03t + 0.5$$

- (a) Use this relationship to find a complete equation for the model in the form

$$A = pq^t$$

giving the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$  each to 4 significant figures.

(4)

- (b) With reference to the model, interpret

- (i) the value of the constant  $p$ ,
- (ii) the value of the constant  $q$ .

(2)

- (c) Find, according to the model,

- (i) the mass of algae in the pond when  $t = 8$ , giving your answer to the nearest 0.5 kg,
- (ii) the number of weeks it takes for the mass of algae in the pond to reach 4 kg.

(3)

- (d) State one reason why this may not be a realistic model in the long term.

(1)

4. The temperature,  $\theta$  °C, of a cup of tea  $t$  minutes after it was placed on a table in a room, is modelled by the equation

$$\theta = 18 + 65e^{-\frac{t}{8}} \quad t \geq 0$$

Find, according to the model,

- (a) the temperature of the cup of tea when it was placed on the table, (1)
- (b) the value of  $t$ , to one decimal place, when the temperature of the cup of tea was 35 °C. (3)
- (c) Explain why, according to this model, the temperature of the cup of tea could not fall to 15 °C. (1)

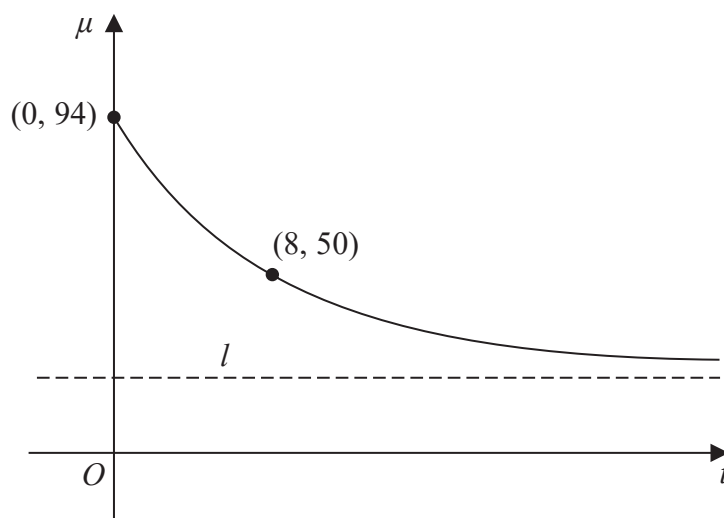


Figure 2

The temperature,  $\mu$  °C, of a second cup of tea  $t$  minutes after it was placed on a table in a different room, is modelled by the equation

$$\mu = A + Be^{-\frac{t}{8}} \quad t \geq 0$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are constants.

Figure 2 shows a sketch of  $\mu$  against  $t$  with two data points that lie on the curve.

The line  $l$ , also shown on Figure 2, is the asymptote to the curve.

Using the equation of this model and the information given in Figure 2

- (d) find an equation for the asymptote  $l$ . (4)

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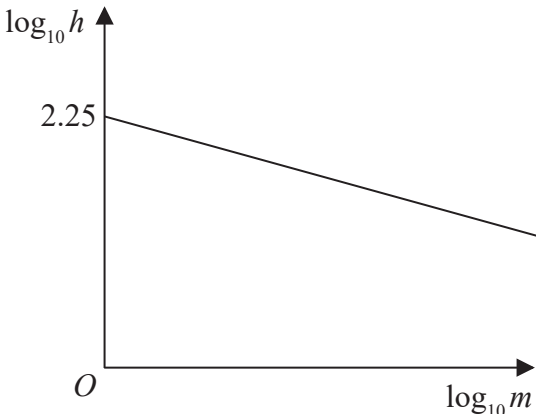


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5.



### Figure 2

The resting heart rate,  $h$ , of a mammal, measured in beats per minute, is modelled by the equation

$$h = pm^q$$

where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants and  $m$  is the mass of the mammal measured in kg.

Figure 2 illustrates the linear relationship between  $\log_{10} h$  and  $\log_{10} m$

The line meets the vertical  $\log_{10} h$  axis at 2.25 and has a gradient of  $-0.235$

- (a) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ . (3)

A particular mammal has a mass of 5 kg and a resting heart rate of 119 beats per minute.

- (b) Comment on the suitability of the model for this mammal. (3)

- (c) With reference to the model, interpret the value of the constant  $p$ . (1)

[illegible]

6. An advertising agency is monitoring the number of views of an online advert.

The equation

$$\log_{10} V = 0.072t + 2.379 \quad 1 \leq t \leq 30, t \in \mathbb{N}$$

is used to model the total number of views of the advert,  $V$ , in the first  $t$  days after the advert went live.

- (a) Show that  $V = ab^t$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants to be found.

Give the value of  $a$  to the nearest whole number and give the value of  $b$  to 3 significant figures.

(4)

- (b) Interpret, with reference to the model, the value of  $ab$ .

(1)

Using this model, calculate

- (c) the total number of views of the advert in the first 20 days after the advert went live.  
Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

(2)

The value of a rare painting, £ $V$ , is modelled by the equation  $V = pq^t$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants and  $t$  is the number of years since the value of the painting was first recorded on 1st January 1980.

The equation of line  $l$  is  $\log_{10} V = 0.05t + 4.8$

- (a) Find, to 4 significant figures, the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ . (4)
- (b) With reference to the model interpret
- (i) the value of the constant  $p$ ,
  - (ii) the value of the constant  $q$ . (2)
- (c) Find the value of the painting, as predicted by the model, on 1st January 2010, giving your answer to the nearest hundred thousand pounds. (2)

**8.** The value of a car, £ $V$ , can be modelled by the equation

$$V = 15\,700e^{-0.25t} + 2300 \quad t \in \mathbb{R}, t \geq 0$$

where the age of the car is  $t$  years.

Using the model,

- (a) find the initial value of the car.

(1)

Given the model predicts that the value of the car is decreasing at a rate of £500 per year at the instant when  $t = T$ ,

- (b) (i) show that

$$3925e^{-0.25T} = 500$$

- (ii) Hence find the age of the car at this instant, giving your answer in years and months to the nearest month.

(Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable.)

(6)

The model predicts that the value of the car approaches, but does not fall below, £4.

- (c) State the value of  $A$ .

(1)

- (d) State a limitation of this model.

(1)