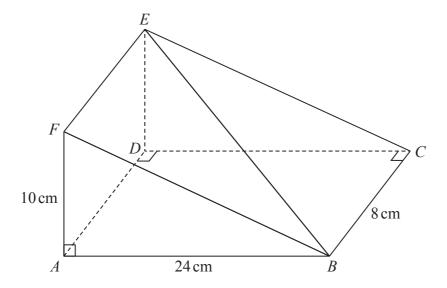
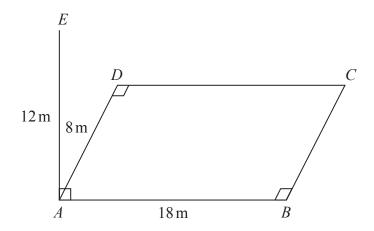
1 The diagram shows a triangular prism.



$$AF = 10 \text{ cm}$$
,  $AB = 24 \text{ cm}$  and  $BC = 8 \text{ cm}$ .  
Angle  $FAB = \text{angle } ADC = \text{angle } BCD = 90^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle between the line BE and the plane ABCD. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

2 ABCD is a horizontal rectangular field.



A vertical pole, AE, is placed at the corner A of the field.

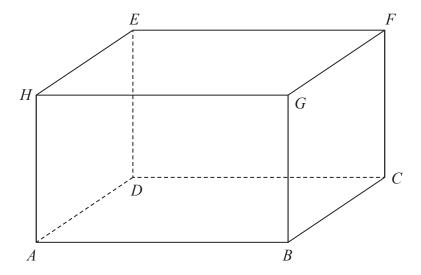
$$AE = 12 \,\mathrm{m}$$

$$AB = 18 \,\mathrm{m}$$

$$AD = 8 \,\mathrm{m}$$

Calculate the size of the angle between EC and the plane ABCD Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

**3** The diagram shows cuboid *ABCDEFGH*.



For this cuboid

the length of AB: the length of BC: the length of CF = 4:2:3

Calculate the size of the angle between AF and the plane ABCD. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

4 The diagram shows a triangular prism ABCDEF with a horizontal base ABEF.

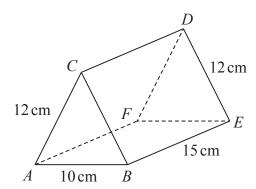


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

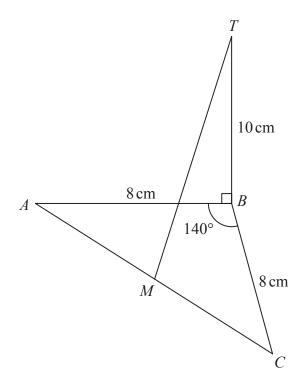
$$AC = BC = FD = ED = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = 10 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

$$BE = 15 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

Calculate the size of the angle between *AD* and the base *ABEF*. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

5 *ABC* is an isosceles triangle in a horizontal plane. The point *T* is vertically above *B*.

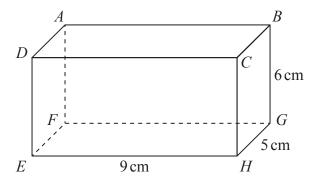


Angle  $ABC = 140^{\circ}$  AB = BC = 8 cm TB = 10 cmM is the midpoint of AC.

Calculate the size of the angle between MT and the horizontal plane ABC. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

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**6** The diagram shows a cuboid *ABCDEFGH*.

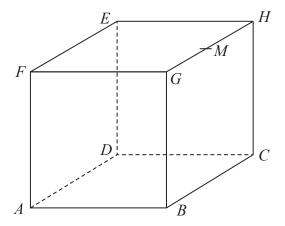


EH = 9 cm, HG = 5 cm and GB = 6 cm.

Work out the size of the angle between AH and the plane EFGH. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

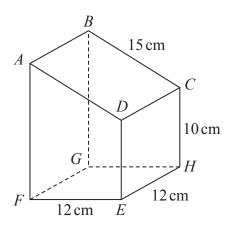
## 7 Here is a cube ABCDEFGH.



M is the midpoint of the edge GH.

Find the size of the angle between the line MA and the plane ABCD. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

8 The diagram shows a prism ABCDEFGH with a horizontal base.



The base of the prism, EFGH, is a square of side 12 cm.

Trapezium ADEF is a cross section of the prism where AF and DE are vertical edges.

$$DE = CH = 10 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

$$AD = BC = 15 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

(a) Work out the size of the angle between *CF* and the base *EFGH*. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

(3)	

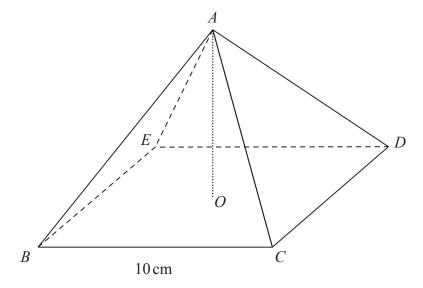
(b) Work out the length of *BE*.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

.....cm

(Total for Question 8 is 6 marks)

**9** The diagram shows a solid pyramid *ABCDE* with a horizontal base.



The base, BCDE, of the pyramid is a square of side 10 cm.

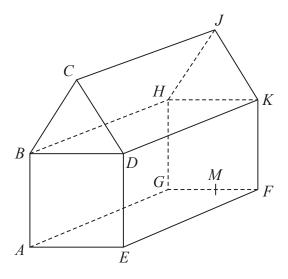
The vertex A of the pyramid is vertically above the centre O of the base so that AB = AC = AD = AE

The total surface area of the pyramid is 360 cm<sup>2</sup>

Work out the size of the angle between AC and the base BCDE. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

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10 The diagram shows the prism ABCDEFGHJK with horizontal base AEFG



ABCDE is a cross section of the prism where ABDE is a square BCD is an equilateral triangle

 $EF = 2 \times AE$ 

M is the midpoint of GF so that JM is vertical.

Angle  $MAJ = y^{\circ}$ 

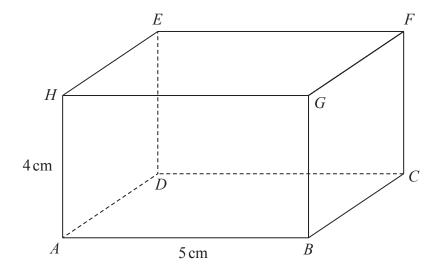
Given that  $\tan y^{\circ} = T$ 

find the value of T, giving your answer in the form are integers.

$$\frac{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}}{17} \quad \text{where } p \text{ and } q$$

$T = \dots$
(T) ( 1.0 O (1. 40 1.7 )
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11 The diagram shows cuboid ABCDEFGH.



 $AB = 5 \,\mathrm{cm}$ 

 $AH = 4 \,\mathrm{cm}$ 

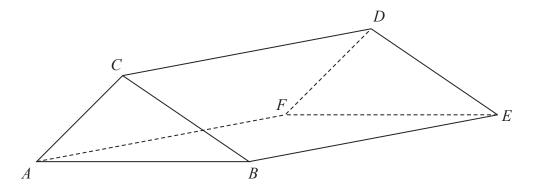
The size of the angle between CH and the plane ABCD is 35°

Calculate the volume of the cuboid.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

......cm<sup>3</sup>

12 The diagram shows the prism ABCDEF with cross section triangle ABC.



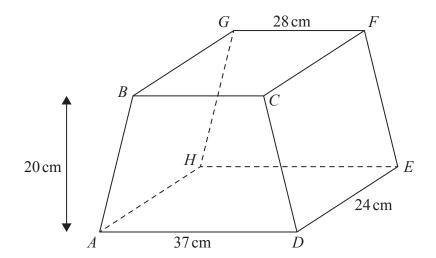
Angle  $BEC = 40^{\circ}$  and angle ACB is obtuse. AC = 6 cm and CE = 13 cm

The area of triangle ABC is  $22 \, \text{cm}^2$ 

Calculate the length of AB.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

13 The diagram shows a solid prism ABCDEFGH.



The trapezium ABCD, in which AD is parallel to BC, is a cross section of the prism.

The base *ADEH* of the prism is a horizontal plane.

ADEH and BCFG are rectangles.

The midpoint of BC is vertically above the midpoint of AD so that BA = CD.

$$AD = 37 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

$$GF = 28 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

$$DE = 24 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

The perpendicular distance between edges AD and BC is 20 cm.

(a) Work out the total surface area of the prism.

.....cm<sup>2</sup>

F and the plaplace.		

## 22 The diagram shows a cone.

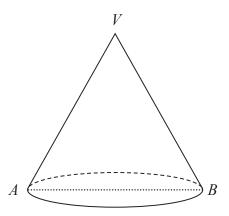


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

AB is a diameter of the cone. V is the vertex of the cone.

Given that

the area of the base of the cone : the total surface area of the cone = 3:8 work out the size of angle AVB. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(Total for Question 22 is 6 marks)

