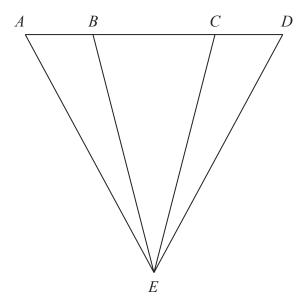
1 The diagram shows a triangle ADE.

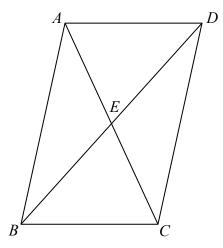


$$AE = DE$$

 $AB:BC:CD = 1:2:1$

Prove that triangle ACE is congruent to triangle DBE.

2 ABCD is a parallelogram.

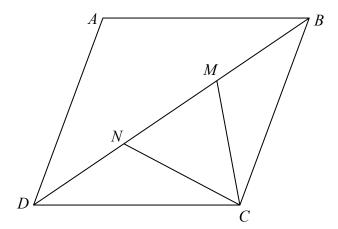


 $\it E$ is the point where the diagonals $\it AC$ and $\it BD$ meet.

Prove that triangle *ABE* is congruent to triangle *CDE*.

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3 *ABCD* is a rhombus.

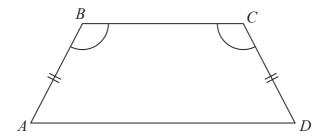


M and N are points on BD such that DN = MB.

Prove that triangle *DNC* is congruent to triangle *BMC*.

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 *ABCD* is a quadrilateral.

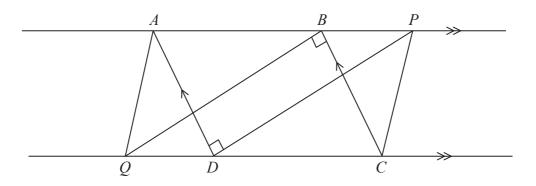


AB = CD.

Angle ABC = angle BCD.

Prove that AC = BD.

5



ABCD is a parallelogram. ABP and QDC are straight lines. Angle ADP = angle CBQ = 90°

(a) Prove that triangle ADP is congruent to triangle CBQ.

(3)

(b) Explain why AQ is parallel to PC.

(2)