LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM PERTEMUAN 6 DOUBLE LINKED LIST BAGIAN 1



Nama:

GHAZA ZIDANE NURRAIHAN (2311104038)

Dosen:

Yudha Islami Sulistya, S.Kom., M.Cs

PROGRAM STUDI S1 REKAYASA PERANGKAT LUNAK FAKULTAS INFORMATIKA TELKOM UNIVERSITY PURWOKERTO 2024

Soal 1: Menambahkan Elemen di Awal dan Akhir DLL kodenya:

lanjutan kodenya:

```
void insertLast_2311104038(int data) {
       Node* newNode = new Node(data);
       if (tail == nullptr) {
           head = tail = newNode;
           tail->next = newNode;
           newNode->prev = tail;
           tail = newNode;
   void display_2311104038() {
       Node* current = head;
       cout << "DAFTAR ANGGOTA LIST: ";</pre>
       while (current != nullptr) {
          cout << current->data;
           current = current->next;
           if (current != nullptr) {
               cout << " <-> ";
        cout << endl;</pre>
int main() {
    dll.insertFirst_2311104038(10);
   dll.insertFirst_2311104038(5);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(20);
    dll.display_2311104038();
    return 0;
```

Dengan contoh input di atas, output yang dihasilkan adalah:

```
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output> & .\'soal1.exe'
DAFTAR ANGGOTA LIST: 5 <-> 10 <-> 20
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output>
```

Soal 2: Menghapus Elemen di Awal dan Akhir DLL

Kodenya:

```
class Node {
   Node* prev;
Node* next;
Node(int data) : data(data), prev(nullptr), next(nullptr) {}
    Node* head;
    Node* tail;
    DoublyLinkedList() : head(nullptr), tail(nullptr) {}
    void insertFirst_2311104038(int data) {
        if (!head) head = tail = newNode;
        else {
           newNode->next = head;
            head->prev = newNode;
head = newNode;
    void insertLast_2311104038(int data) {
        Node* newNode = new Node(data);
        if (!tail) head = tail = newNode;
           tail->next = newNode;
            newNode->prev = tail;
             tail = newNode;
```

lanjutan kodenya:

```
void deleteFirst_2311104038() {
   if (!head) return;
   Node* temp = head;
   if (head == tail) head = tail = nullptr;
       head = head->next;
       head->prev = nullptr;
   delete temp;
void deleteLast_2311104038() {
   if (!tail) return;
   Node* temp = tail;
   if (head == tail) head = tail = nullptr;
       tail = tail->prev;
       tail->next = nullptr;
   delete temp;
void display_2311104038() {
   Node* current = head;
   cout << "DAFTAR ANGGOTA LIST SETELAH PENGHAPUSAN: ";</pre>
   if (!current) cout << "List kosong.";</pre>
   while (current) {
      cout << current->data << (current->next ? " <-> " : "");
       current = current->next;
    cout << endl;</pre>
```

```
int main() {
    DoublyLinkedList dll;
    dll.insertFirst_2311104038(10);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(15);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(20);

    dll.deleteFirst_2311104038();
    dll.deleteLast_2311104038();
    dll.display_2311104038();
    return 0;
}
```

Dengan contoh input di atas, output yang dihasilkan adalah:

```
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output> & .\'soal2.exe'
DAFTAR ANGGOTA LIST_SETELAH PENGHAPUSAN: 15
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output>
```

Soal 3: Menampilkan Elemen dari Depan ke Belakang dan Sebaliknya

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Node {
public:
    int data;
    Node* prev;
    Node* prev;
    Node(int data) {
        this->data = data;
        this->prev = nullptr;
        this->next = nullptr;
    }
};

class DoublyLinkedList {
    private:
    Node* head;
    Node* tail;

public:
    DoublyLinkedList() {
    head = nullptr;
    tail = nullptr;
    }

void insertLast_2311104038(int data) {
    Node* newNode = new Node(data);
    if (tail == nullptr) {
        head = tail = newNode;
    }
else {
        tail = newNode;
        pelse {
        tail = newNode;
        newNode>prev = tail;
        tail = newNode;
    }
}

tail = newNode;
}

tail = newNode;
}

tail = newNode;
}

tail = newNode;
}
```

lanjutan kodingannya:

```
void displayForward_2311104038() {
        Node* current = head;
        cout << "Daftar elemen dari depan ke belakang: ";
while (current != nullptr) {</pre>
            cout << current->data;
             if (current != nullptr) cout << " <-> ";
         cout << endl;</pre>
    void displayBackward_2311104038() {
        cout << "Daftar elemen dari belakang ke depan: ";
while (current != nullptr) {</pre>
            cout << current->data;
             if (current != nullptr) cout << " <-> ";
        cout << endl;</pre>
};
int main() {
    DoublyLinkedList dll;
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(1);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(2);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(3);
    dll.insertLast_2311104038(4);
    dll.displayForward_2311104038();
    dll.displayBackward_2311104038();
```

Dengan contoh input di atas, output yang dihasilkan adalah:

```
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output> & .\'soal3.exe'
Daftar elemen dari depan ke belakang: 1 <-> 2 <-> 3 <-> 4
Daftar elemen dari belakang ke depan: 4 <-> 3 <-> 2 <-> 1
PS C:\Users\VICTUS\OneDrive\LAPRAK STD\STD_Ghaza_Zidane_Nurraihan_2311104038\06_Double_linked_List_Bagian1\TP\output>
```