

A beginner's guide to scRNAseq analysis

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In cooperation with



(1) What is single cell sequencing?



(2) How can I use single cell sequencing data?



(3) What tools can I use?



Questions

(1) Laboratory:

- What is the difference between bulk and single cell sequencing?
- How do you perform a single cell experiment?
- What confounders do I have?

(2) Bioinformatics:

- What data do I get?
- What should I check for my single cell data?
- What can I do with my data?

(3) Products:

- Why should I automatize my data analysis?
- What is important for a workflow?
- What open challenges do we still have?







Slides will be available







Take home message

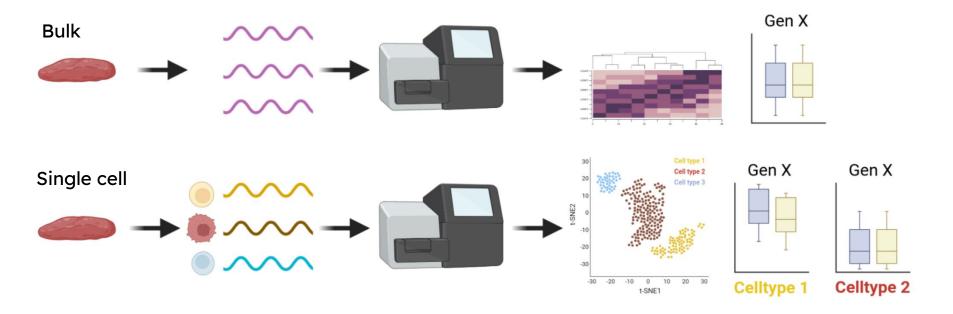


Literature

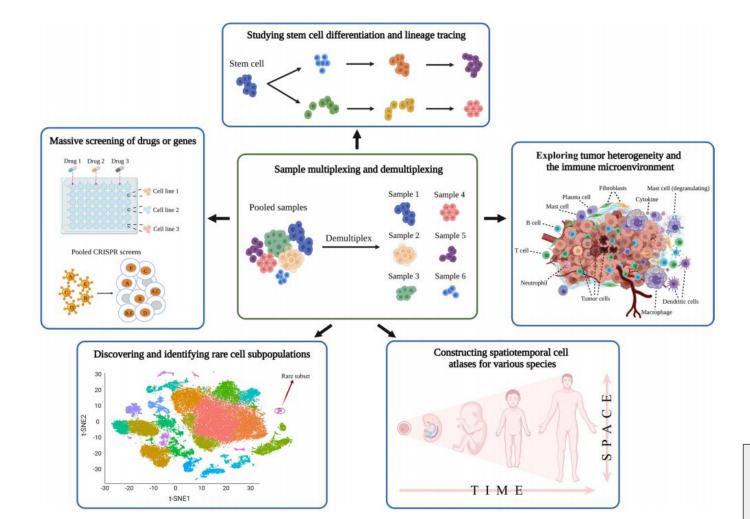


(1) What is single cell sequencing?





Bulk seq.: Average-based expression profile Single cell seq.: Cell level expression profile



Yulong Zhang et al. (2022)



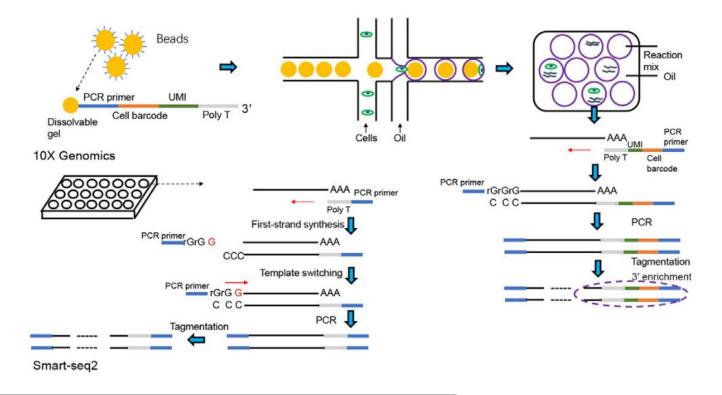


Plate-based: cells into wells on a plate
Droplet-based: each cell in its own microfluidic droplet
Each cell is a sample which cannot be replicated.

Jeanette Baran-Gale et al. (2018) Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Xiliang Wang et al. (2021)

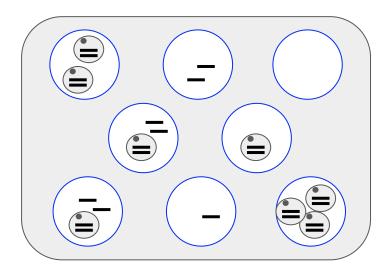


Cell Barcodes Unique Molecular Identifier (UMI) "Donor" (Multiplex) Barcode Read Cell Plate with wells indexed by Cell Barcodes To connect read (e.g., RNA) to To reduce amplification bias (keep To connect read (e.g., RNA) to a donor (e.g., patient). a cell. unique reads). In example: each gene (black & blue) has just two reads.

Mehmet Tekman / Galaxy Training material (An introduction to scRNA-seq data analysis) Eric Vallabh Minikel (2012) How PCR duplicates arise Yulong Zhang et al. (2022)

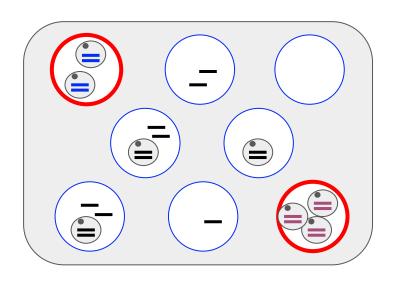


Confounders





Problem 1: Doublets/Multiplets

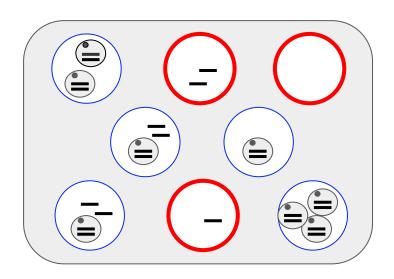


Two or more cells are sequenced together
A high (e.g., RNA) count or number of
detected regions is the result.

Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Samuel L. Wolock et al. (2019) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)



Problem 2: Empty droplets/wells



"Broken" cells or no cell can be collected

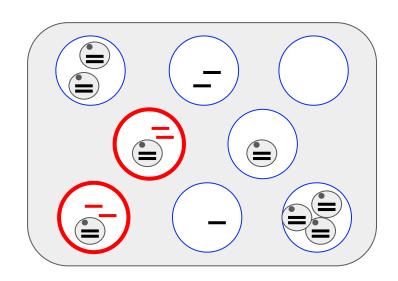
A low (RNA) count, few detected genes, and a high fraction of mitochondrial counts can be the result.

Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Aaron T. L. Lun et al. (2019)

Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)



Problem 3: Ambient RNA



Counts that do not originate from the true barcoded cell, but from other lysed cells.

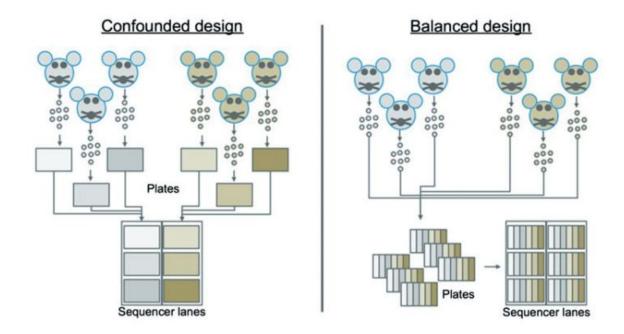
Can lead to overrepresentation of some cell clusters (spurious clusters), higher cluster overlaps, higher gene coverage.

Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Shiyi Yang et al. (2020) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)

Emre Caglayan et al. (2022) Stephen J. Fleming et al. (2022)



Problem 4: Batch effects

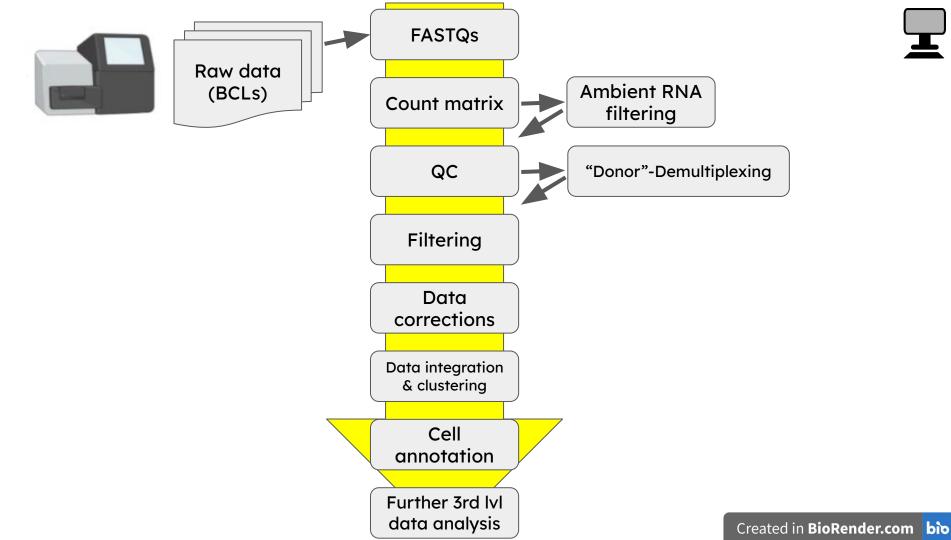


Sequencing your experiments in batches
Might lead to spurious results (e.g., clusters or correlations)

Jeanette Baran-Gale et al. (2018) Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)

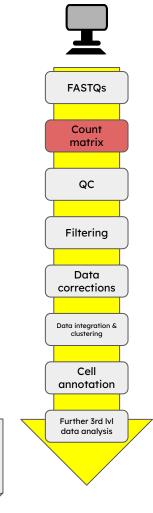


(2) How can I use single cell sequencing data?

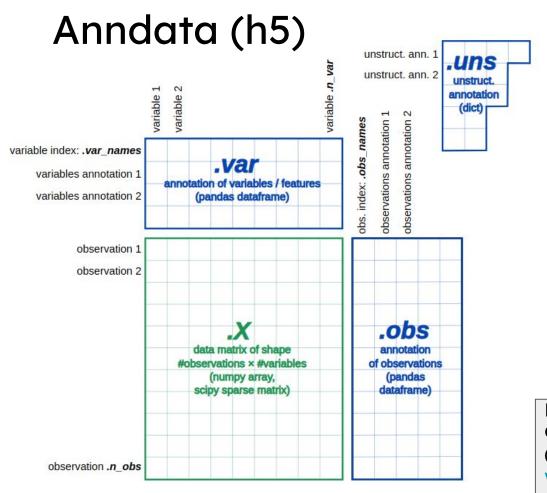


Cellranger

- 1. Read trimming
- 2. Genome/Transcriptome alignment
- 3. MAPQ adjustment
- 4. 10x barcode correction
- 5. UMI counting
- 6. Calling cell barcodes



10x Genomics (Gene Expression Algorithms Overview) Ralf Schulze Brüning et al. (2022)



FASTQs Count matrix QC **Filtering** Data corrections Data integration & clustering Cell annotation Further 3rd Ivl data analysis

Bérénice Batut et al. / Galaxy Training material (Clustering 3K PBMCs with Scanpy)

Anndata (h5)

- Cell labels
- QC
- Sample IDs

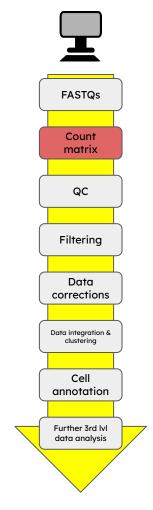
Gene

A B C D E

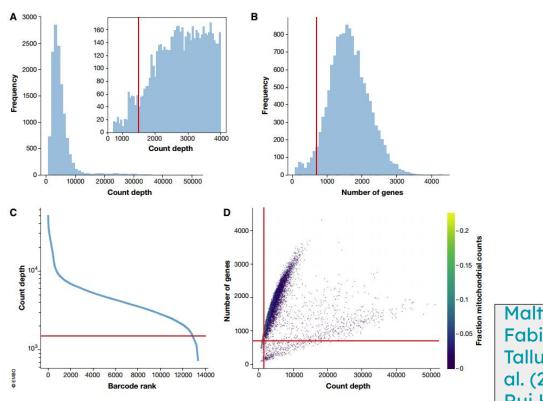
1	0	0	5	0
0	2	0	4	4
1	1	0	0	0
0	0	3	0	3
0	0	0	2	0



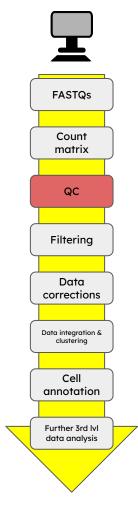
Bérénice Batut et al. / Galaxy Training material (Clustering 3K PBMCs with Scanpy)



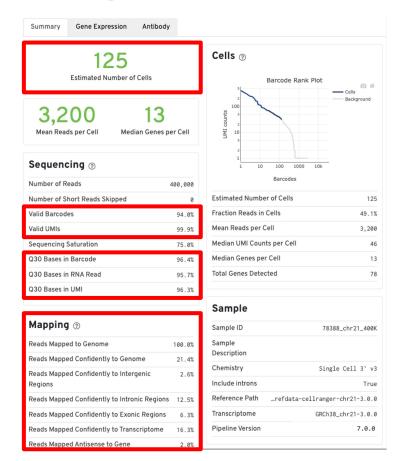
Quality control of cells / barcodes



Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019)
Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)
Rui Hong et al. (2022)



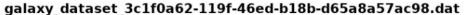
Quality control of experiment

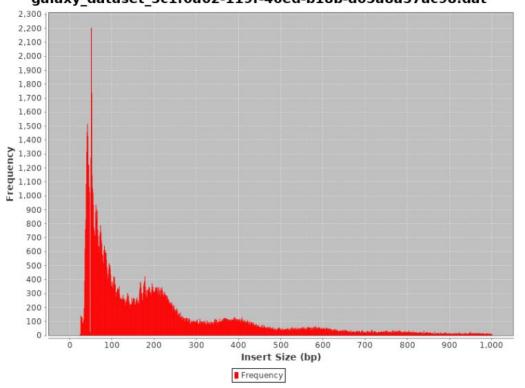


FASTQs Count matrix QC **Filtering** Data corrections Data integration & clusterina Cell annotation Further 3rd Ivl data analysis

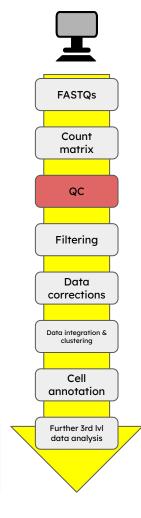
10x Genomics (Web summary)

Quality control of experiment

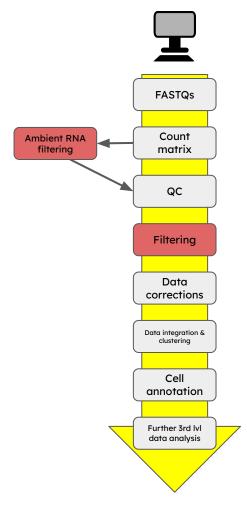




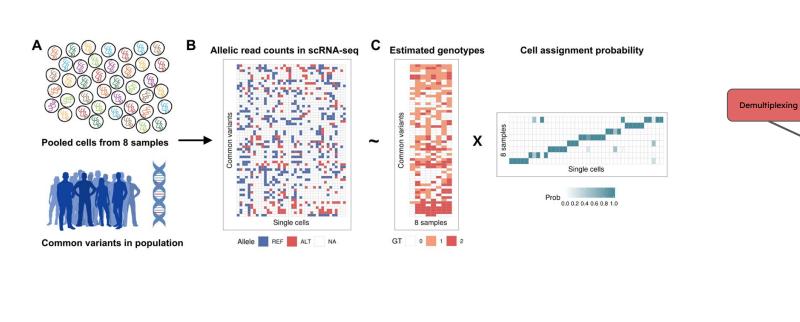
Lucille Delisle et al.
/ Galaxy (ATAC-Seq
data analysis)



- Emptyplets/Douplets/Multiplets
- 2. Ambient RNA
- 3. Experimental important QC measures (e.g., fragment sizes scATAC)



"Donor"-Demultiplexing



Demultiplexing approach depends on experimental design.

Yuanhua Huang et al. (2019) Xianjie Huang and Yuanhua Huang (2021) Yulong Zhang et al. (2022) Joseph F. Cardiello et al. (2022) **FASTQs**

Count matrix

QC

Filtering

Data

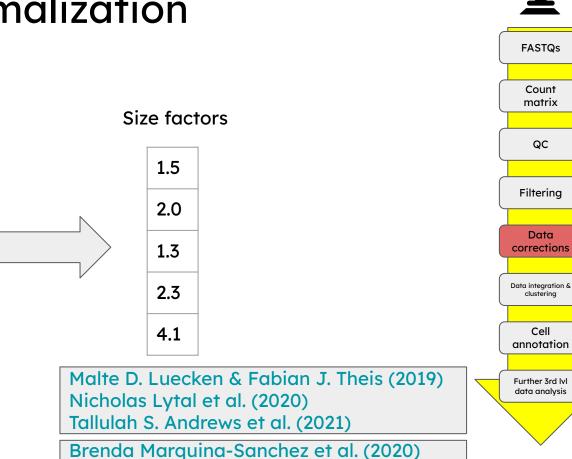
corrections

Data integration & clusterina

Cell annotation

Further 3rd Ivl data analysis

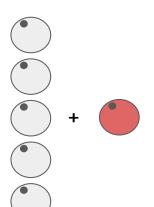
Normalization



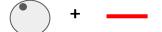
Xin Wang et al. (2021)

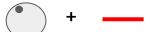
Spike-In Normalization

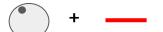
Reference Cell



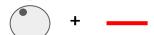
Reference RNA





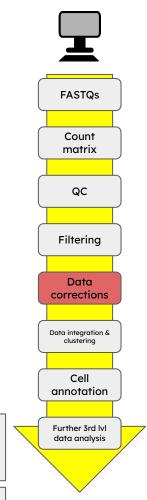




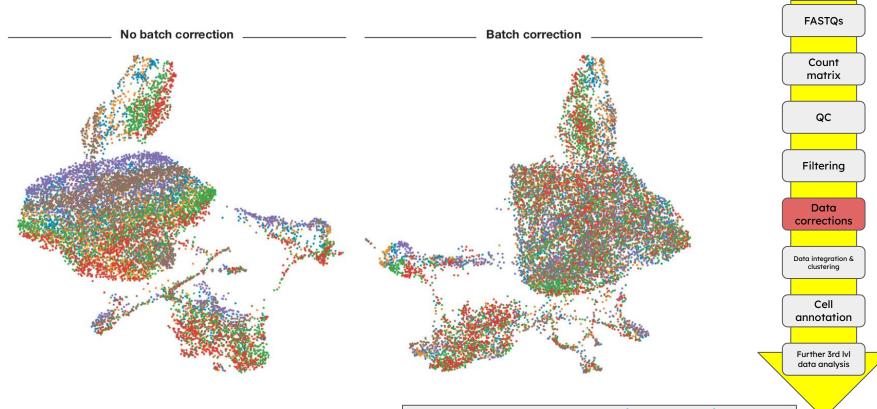


Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Nicholas Lytal et al. (2020) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)

Brenda Marquina-Sanchez et al. (2020) Xin Wang et al. (2021)

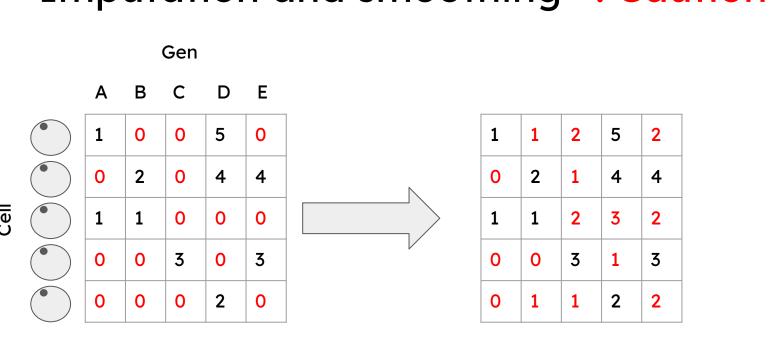


Batch correction



Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)

Imputation and smoothing ! Caution!



Zeros result from either (a) true expression or (b) technical variance.

Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Wenpin Hou et al. (2020) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)



FASTQs

Count matrix

QC

Filtering

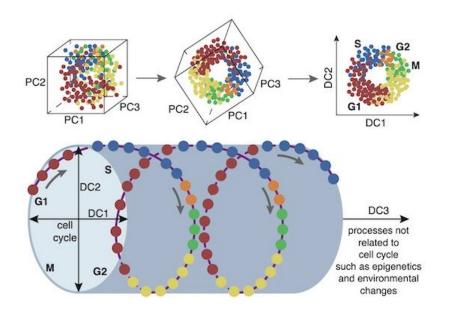
Data corrections

Data integration & clustering

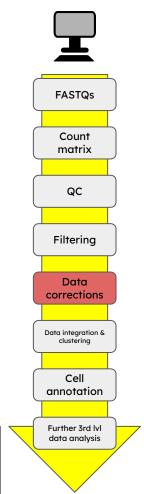
Cell annotation

Further 3rd lvl data analysis

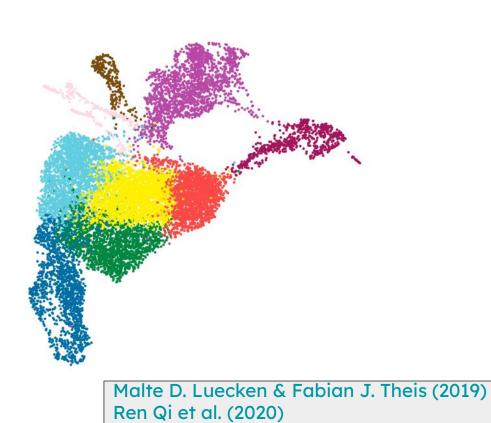
Cell cycle removal ! Caution!



Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Daniel Schwabe et al. (2020) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021) Jiajia Liu et al. (2021)



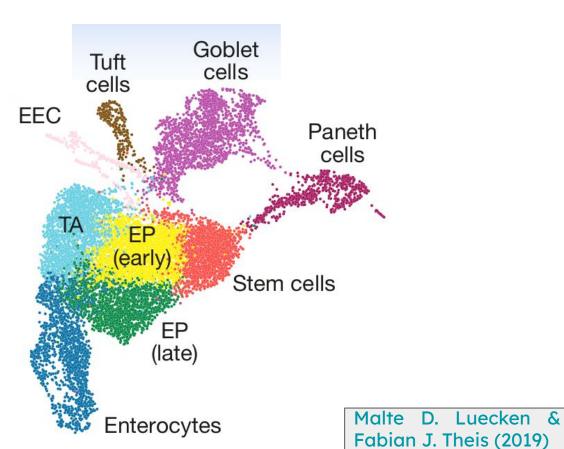
Clustering

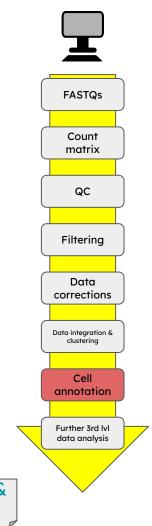


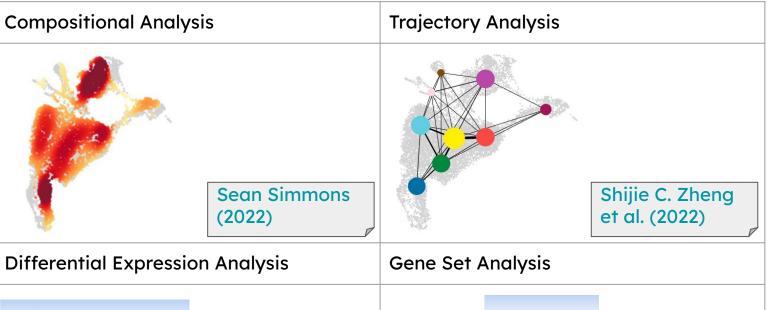
Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021)

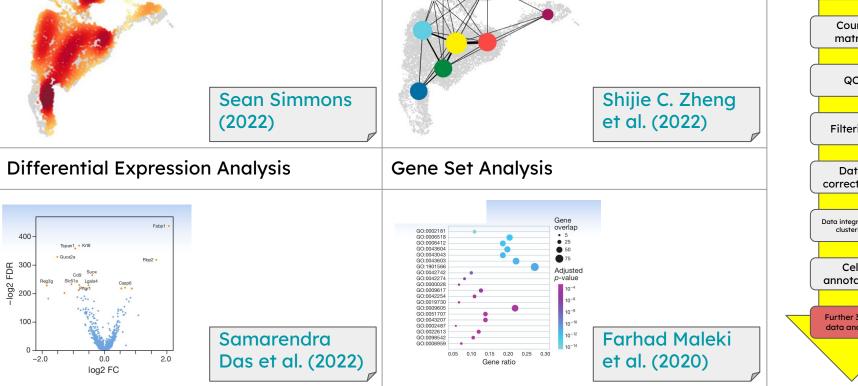
FASTQs Count matrix QC Filtering Data corrections Data integration & clustering Cell annotation Further 3rd Ivl data analysis

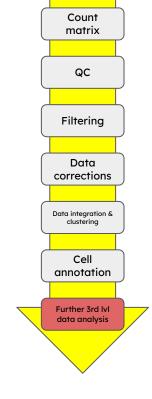
Cell annotation











FASTQs



(3) What tools can I use?

We need a **standard** for single cell data to make it FAIR







nf-core/scrnaseq

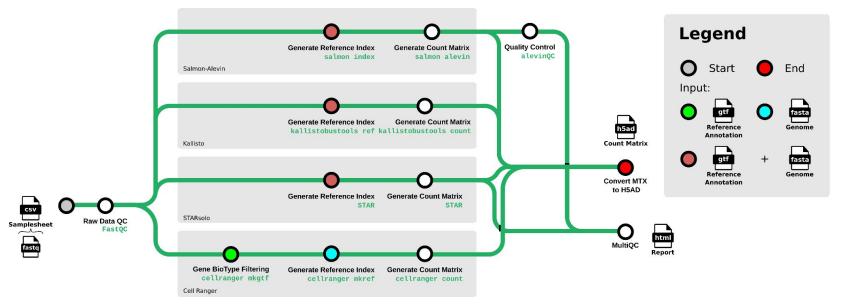




- nf-core based
- scrnaseq version
 2.0 released in June
 (DSL2)

Protocols:SmartSeq2,10xChromium,Drop-Seq

 4 tools generating count matrix





What does nf-core f provide?

Documentation



Packaged software



• CI Testing



Portable and reproducible



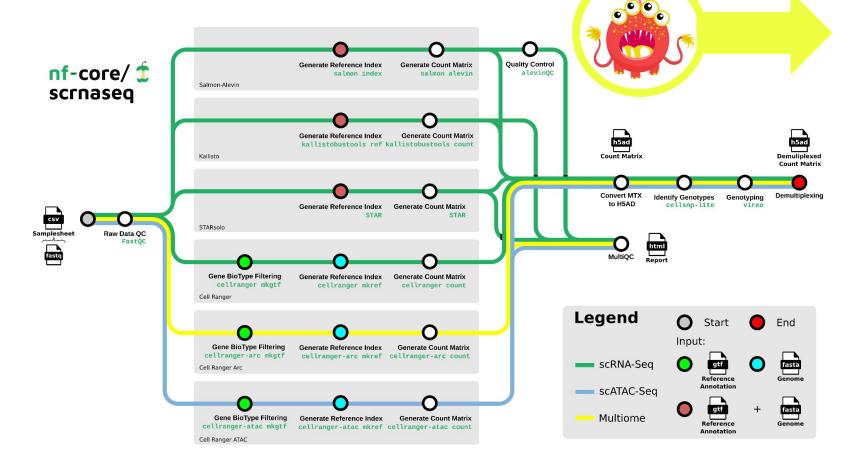
• Stable Releases



• Cloud-ready



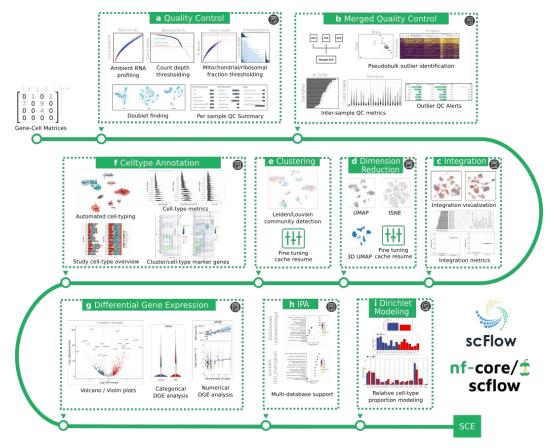
Future direction



GHGA







A benchmark "set" helps to cement a standard for GHGA



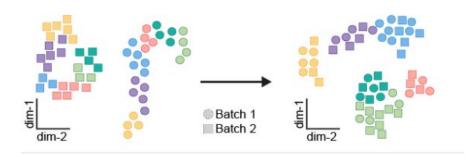




- Clear Tasks
- Easily accessible
- Quantitative metrics
- Runtime
- CI/CD + Continuous ranking (CR) = CI/CD/CR



https://openproblems.bio/#about



Batch integration graph

Removing batch effects while preserving biological variation (graph output)

Christopher Lance et al. (2021)

Tools – Literature

Guidelines	 Jiajia Liu et al. (2021) Malte D. Luecken & Fabian J. Theis (2019) Galaxy Training Material (Single cell) Tallulah S. Andrews et al. (2021) Christopher Lance et al. (2021) Rui Hong et al. (2022) Sean Davis (https://github.com/seandavi/awesome-single-cell) Ren Qi et al. (2020) Yulong Zhang et al. (2022) 	 Samarendra Das et al. (2022) Farhad Maleki et al. (2020)
Software	 Cellranger: QC, count matrix, etc. scverse (scanpy, muon, scvi-tools,): QC, normalization, data integration, clustering, cell annotation, etc. Scrublet: doublet/multiplet filtering Cellsnp-lite: read pileup & genotyping Vireo: genotyping & demultiplexing ArchR: scATAC QC, etc. 	 CellBender: emptyplet filtering MultiQC: QC Seurat: QC, filtering, etc. nf-core/scrnaseq: QC, count matrix, etc. nf-core/scflow: QC, clustering, etc.
Benchmarks	 Luyi Tian et al. (2019) Malte D. Luecken et al. (2022) Cody N. Heiser et al. (2021) Ralf Schulze Brüning et al. (2022) Huidong Chen et al. (2019) Wenpin Hou et al. (2020) 	• Sean Simmons (2022)