Engine RPM

The variation of engine speed in rotations per minute (RPM) is governed by the equation

$$I_{ei}\dot{N}_e = T_e - T_i$$

$$600 \le N_e \le 6000$$

$$N_e(0) = 1000$$

where T_e (the engine torque) can be looked up from tabulated data:

$$T_e = f(throttle, N_e)$$

- 1. Open the model *EngineRPM.slx* and define the input data. The required variables are loaded automatically upon opening the model.
- 2. Complete the model EngineRPM.slx by constructing the above system. You will need to use a 2-D Lookup Table block to calculate the engine torque(T_e).

Input

Throttle – Throttle input

 T_i – Impeller torque $(N \cdot m)$

Output

N_e - Engine speed (RPM)

States

N_e – Engine speed (RPM)

Parameters

 I_e - Inertia of engine and impeller $(0.022 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2)$

THROTTLE - Throttle reference for torque tabulated data

ENGINE_SPEED - Speed reference for torque tabulated data

ENGINE_TORQUE - Tabulated data for engine torque