Ex3 RandomWalk

November 17, 2019

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[2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import numpy as np
   from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot
   plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [10, 5]

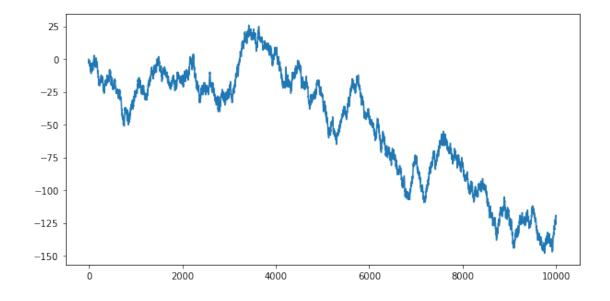
[3]: #initialize the list
   s=1
   random_walk = [0]

[4]: #Generate 10000 numbers from a Normal Distribution N(0,1)
   random_normal = np.random.normal(0,1,10000)

[5]: #Create the walk
   for r in random_normal:
        mv = 1 if r>0 else -1
        value = random_walk[-1] + s*mv
        random_walk.append(value)

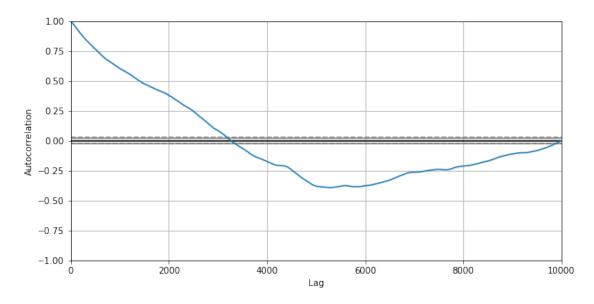
[6]: plt.plot(random_walk)
```

[6]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7ffbec51d710>]



```
[7]: autocorrelation_plot(random_walk)
```

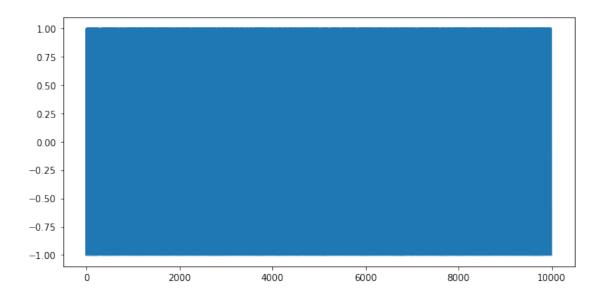
[7]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ffbbff8c690>



```
[8]: #Calculate the differences
diff = []
for i in range(1,len(random_walk)):
    value = random_walk[i] - random_walk[i-1]
    diff.append(value)
```

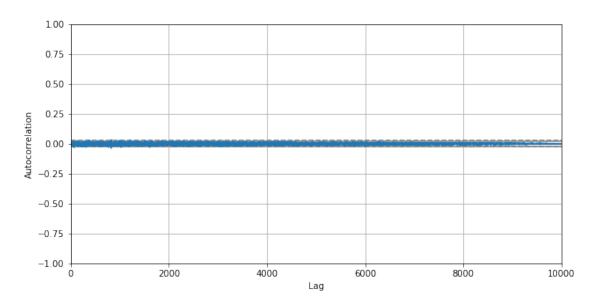
```
[9]: #plot the diffs
plt.plot(diff)
```

[9]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7ffbc00c1ed0>]



[10]: #plot the autocorelation of diff
autocorrelation_plot(diff)

[10]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ffbbff716d0>



[11]: #mean(m) of the diffs should be close to the mean of the N(m,s^2) np.mean(diff)

[11]: -0.012

[12]: #Variance(s^2) of diffs should be close to the variance of N(m,s^2) np.var(diff)

[12]: 0.999855999999997

[]: #General statistics: X a random variable with mean = E(X) and var = Var(X) then arrow a*X is a random variable with mean E(a*X)=a*E(X) #and variance $Var(a*X) = a^2 * Var(X)$ #So the noise of the random walk (s) should be s = a from the above variance