

① 未量化(32 位量化), 14 位量化, 8 位量化系数求系统函数;

图:

```
Hz = tf(h,1,1,'variable','z^-1')

Hz =

0.00136 - 0.001617 z^-1 - 0.007738 z^-2 - 0.002687 z^-3 + 0.001255 z^-4 + 0.006592 z^-5 - 0.02218 z^-6 - 0.01525 z^-7
+ 0.03721 z^-8 + 0.03233 z^-9 - 0.06537 z^-10 - 0.07529 z^-11 + 0.1561 z^-12 + 0.4394 z^-13 + 0.4394 z^-14
+ 0.1561 z^-15 - 0.07529 z^-16 - 0.06537 z^-17 + 0.03233 z^-18 + 0.03721 z^-19 - 0.01525 z^-20 - 0.02218 z^-21
+ 0.006592 z^-22 + 0.001255 z^-23 - 0.002687 z^-24 - 0.007738 z^-25 - 0.001617 z^-26 + 0.00136 z^-27

Sample time: 1 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.

Hz_14 = tf(h_14bits,1,1,'variable','z^-1')

Hz_14 =

-0.001343 - 0.001587 z^-1 - 0.00769 z^-2 - 0.002686 z^-3 + 0.01257 z^-4 + 0.006592 z^-5 - 0.02222 z^-6 - 0.01526 z^-7
+ 0.03723 z^-8 + 0.03235 z^-9 - 0.06543 z^-10 - 0.07532 z^-11 + 0.1561 z^-12 + 0.4395 z^-13 + 0.4395 z^-14
+ 0.1561 z^-15 - 0.07532 z^-16 - 0.06543 z^-17 + 0.03235 z^-18 + 0.03723 z^-19 - 0.01526 z^-20 - 0.02222 z^-21
+ 0.006592 z^-22 + 0.01257 z^-23 - 0.002686 z^-24 - 0.00769 z^-25 - 0.001587 z^-26 - 0.001343 z^-27

Sample time: 1 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.

Hz_8 = tf(h_8bits,1,1,'variable','z^-1')

Hz_8 =

-0.007813 z^-2 + 0.01563 z^-4 + 0.007813 z^-5 - 0.02344 z^-6 - 0.01563 z^-7 + 0.03906 z^-8 + 0.03125 z^-9 - 0.0625 z^-10
- 0.07813 z^-11 + 0.1563 z^-12 + 0.4375 z^-13 + 0.4375 z^-14 + 0.1563 z^-15 - 0.07813 z^-16 - 0.0625 z^-17
+ 0.03125 z^-18 + 0.03906 z^-19 - 0.01563 z^-20 - 0.02344 z^-21 + 0.007813 z^-22 + 0.01563 z^-23 - 0.007813 z^-25

Sample time: 1 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.
```

代码:

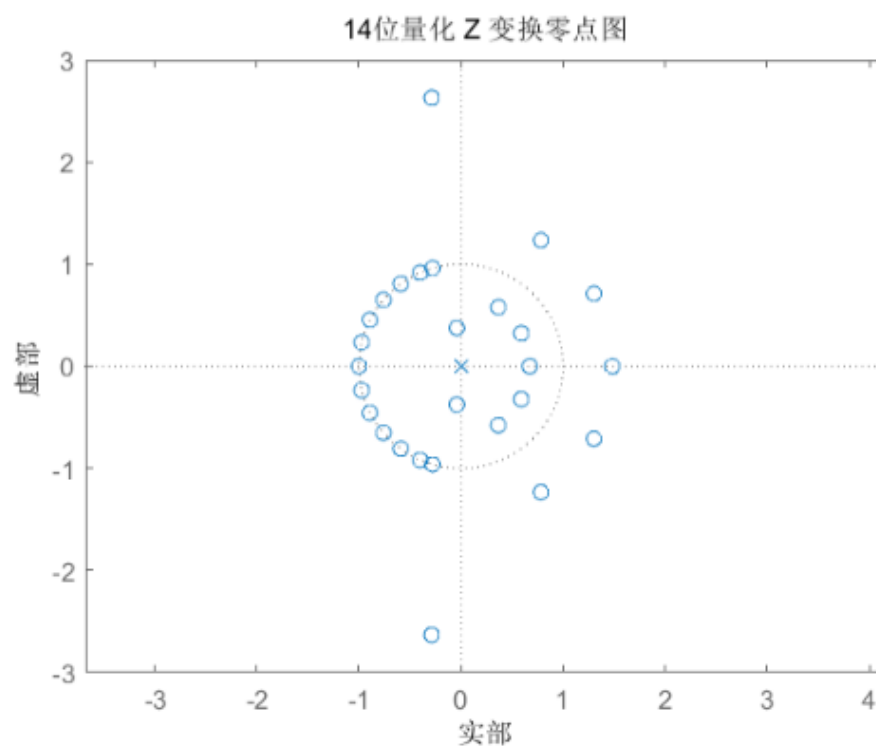
```
1. format long
2. h1 = [1.359657e-3,-1.616993e-3,-7.738032e-3,-2.686841e-3,1.255246
e-3,...
3. 6.591530e-3,-2.217952e-2,-1.524663e-2,3.720668e-2,3.233332e-2,-6.
537057e-2,-7.528754e-2,...
4. 1.560970e-1,4.394094e-1];
5. h2 = flip(h1);
6. h = [h1,h2];
7. %14bits
8. format long
9. h1 = [-11,-13,-63,-22,103,54,-182,-125,305,265,-536,-617,1279,360
0]*2^(-13);
10.h2 = flip(h1);
11.h_14bits = [h1,h2];
12.%8bits
```

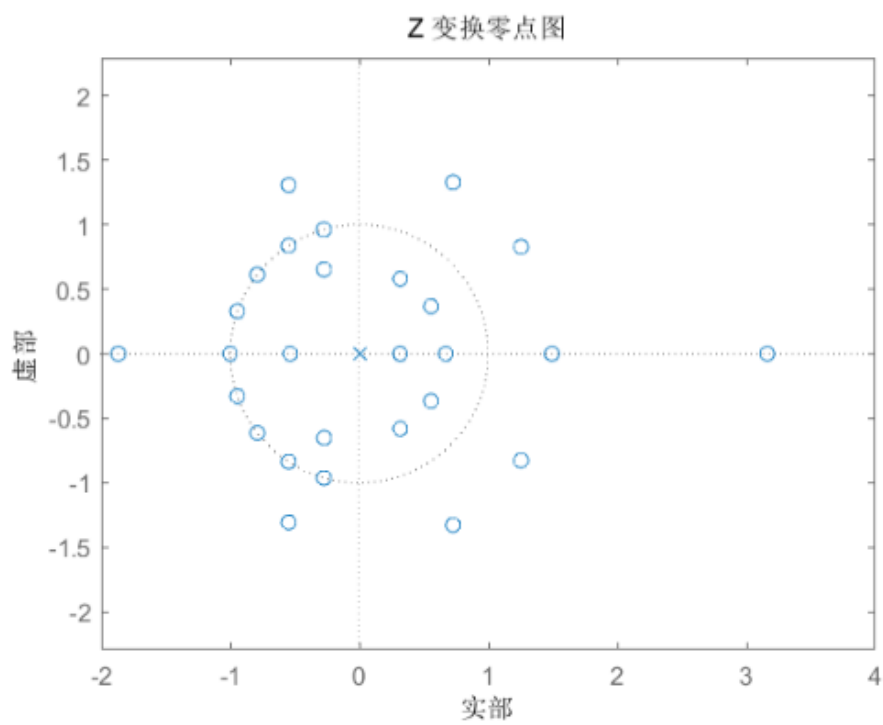
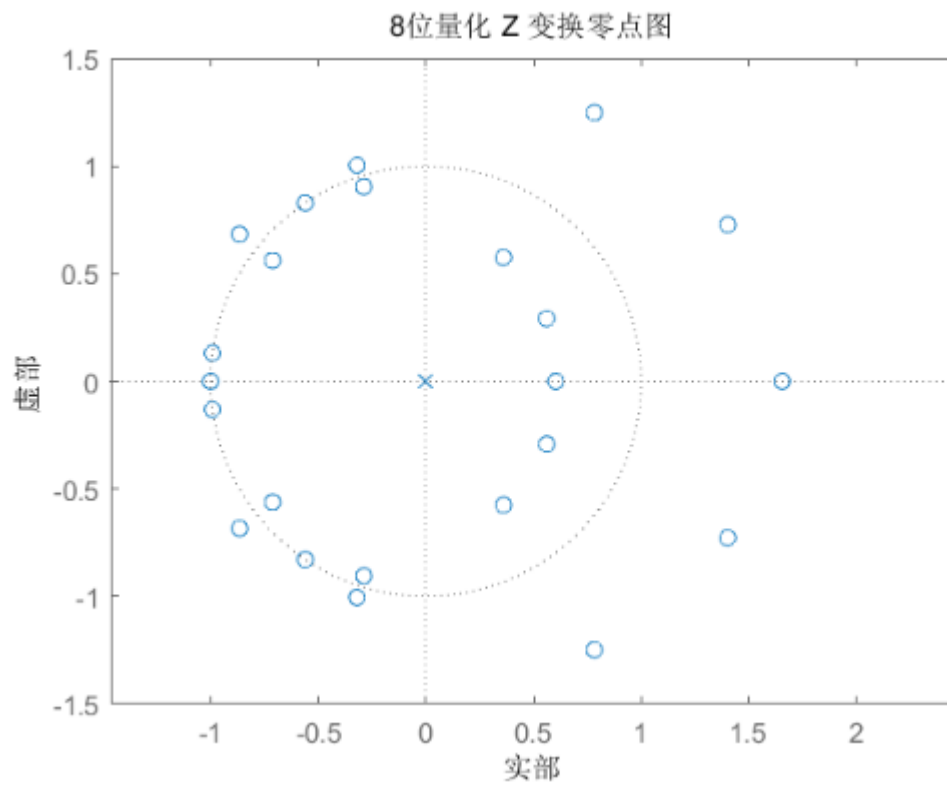
```

13. format long
14. h1 = [0,0,-1,0,2,1,-3,-2,5,4,-8,-10,20,56]*2^(-7);
15. h2 = flip(h1);
16. h_8bits = [h1,h2];
17. % 第一题
18. syms z
19. n = 0:27;
20. Hz = sum(h.*z.^(-n));
21. Hz_8 = sum(h_8bits.*z.^(-n));
22. Hz_14 = sum(h_14bits.*z.^(-n));

```

- ② 系统函数，求出零点（分母设为  $z^{27}$ ），并画零点图：  
图：





代码:

```
1. zero_n = roots(h);  
2. zero_14 = roots(h_14bits);
```

```

3. zero_8 = roots(h_8bits);
4. %plot the map
5. figure;
6. zplane(h,1);
7. title('Z 变换零点图');
8.
9. xlabel('实部');
10.ylabel('虚部');
11.
12.figure;
13.zplane(h_14bits,1);
14.title('14 位量化 Z 变换零点图');
15.
16.xlabel('实部');
17.ylabel('虚部');
18.figure;
19.zplane(zero_8,1);
20.title('8 位量化 Z 变换零点图');
21.xlabel('实部');
22.ylabel('虚部');

```

③ 零点，求出系统函数因式形式；

图：

```

tf_n =
( z + 4914569269854561 - 1467314696391483 i ) ( z + 4914569269854561 + 1467314696391483 i ) ( z + 2126752620127609 - 739949791332665 i ) ( z + 2126752620127609 + 739949791332665 i ) ( z + 24677032 - 45035996 i )

%14bits
tf_14 = 1;
for n = 1:27
    tf_14 = (z-zero_14(n)).*tf_14;
end
tf_14

tf_14 =
( - 1518362172708057 i ) ( z + 2504698108643431 - 4325971734742513 i ) ( z + 2504698108643431 + 4325971734742513 i ) ( z - 1466308105702161 - 3201871562229859 i ) ( z - 1466308105702161 + 3201871562229859 i ) ( z - 1125899906842624 - 4503599627370496 i ) ( z - 1125899906842624 + 4503599627370496 i )

%8bits
tf_8 = 1;
for n = 1:23
    tf_8 = (z-zero_8(n)).*tf_8;
end
tf_8

tf_8 =
( - 1264971435332211 - 2626604863838265 i ) ( z - 1264971435332211 + 2626604863838265 i ) ( z - 340102454778589 i ) ( z - 3727260954507027 i ) ( z + 5048285007548739 - 7459521224392701 i ) ( z + 5048285007548739 + 7459521224392701 i ) ( z - 9007199254740992 - 9007199254740992 i ) ( z - 9007199254740992 + 9007199254740992 i )

```

```

1. %no quantilize
2. tf_n = 1;
3. for n = 1:27
4.     tf_n = (z-zero_n(n)).*tf_n;
5. end
6. tf_n
7. %14bits
8. tf_14 = 1;

```

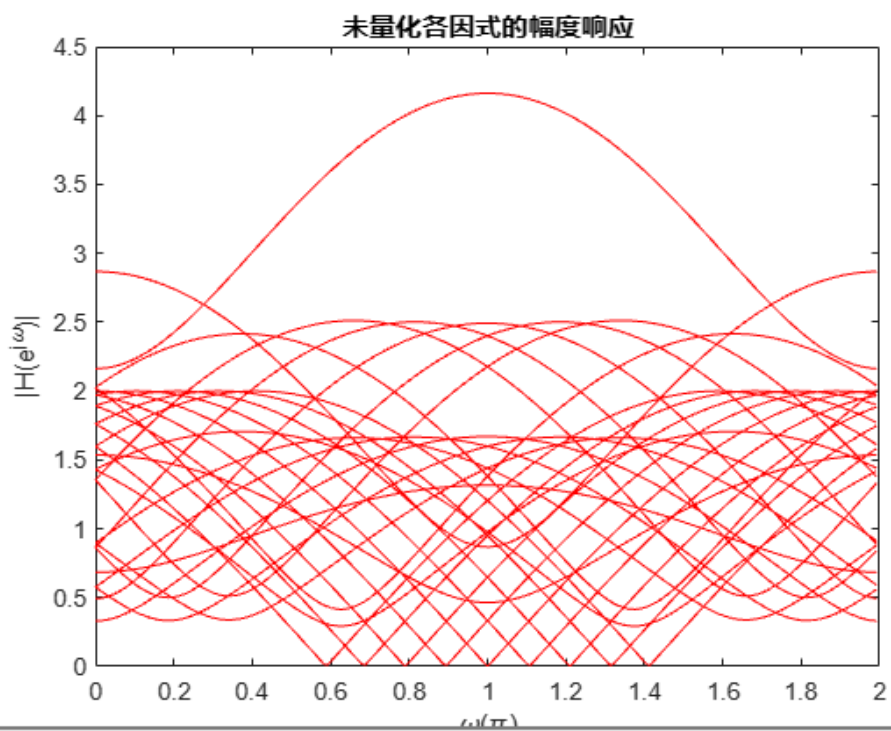
```

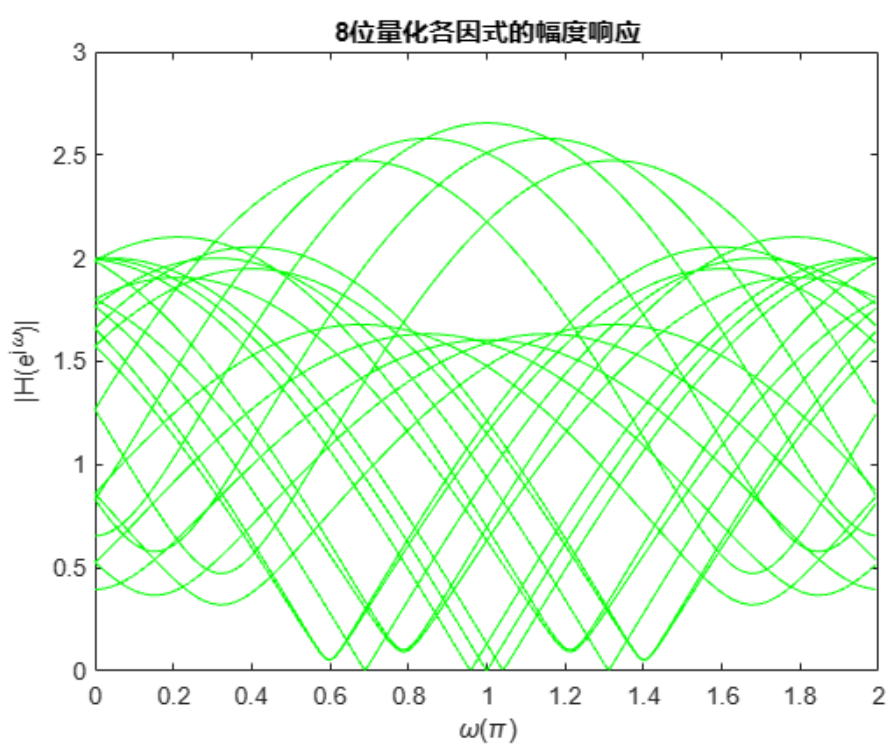
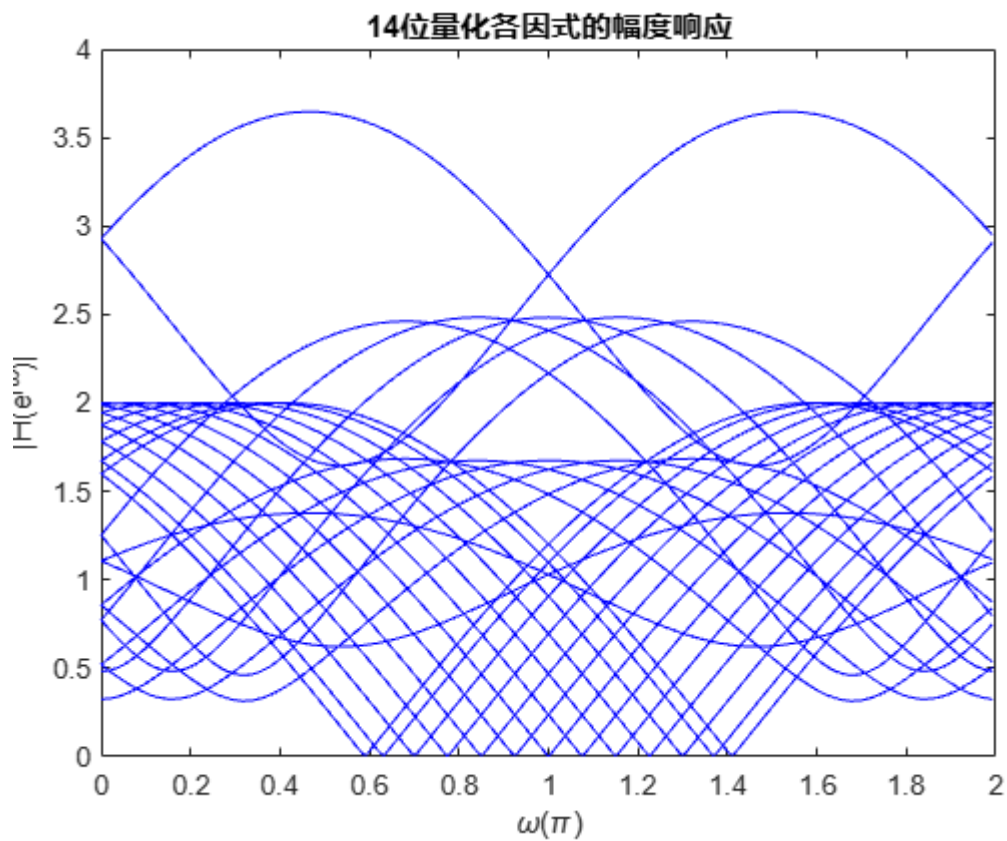
9. for n = 1:27
10. tf_14 = (z-zero_14(n)).*tf_14;
11. end
12. tf_14
13. %8bits
14. tf_8 = 1;
15. for n = 1:25
16. tf_8 = (z-zero_8(n)).*tf_8;
17. end
18. tf_8

```

④ 系统函数各子因式，画出各因式对应的幅度响应 $|H_k(e^{j\omega})|$ ；

图：





```
1. % no quantize
2. figure;
3. clear title;
```

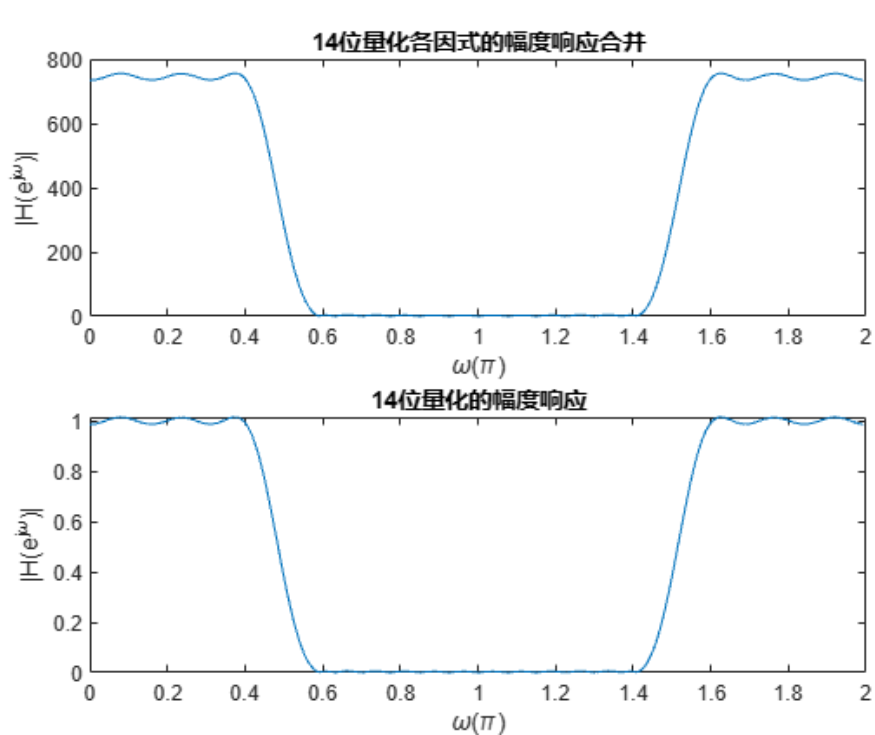
```

4. H_factor = zeros(27,256);
5. for i = 1:27
6. [H_subfactor,w] = freqz([1 -zero_n(i)],1,256,'whole');
7. H_factor(i,:) = H_subfactor';
8. end
9. for j = 1:27
10. plot(w,abs(H_factor(j,:)));
11. hold on;
12. end
13. title('未量化')
14. figure;
15. H_factor = zeros(25,256);
16. for i = 1:25
17. [H_subfactor,w] = freqz([1 -zero_14(i)],1,256,'whole');
18. H_factor(i,:) = H_subfactor';
19. end
20. for j = 1:25
21. 8
22. plot(w,abs(H_factor(j,:)));
23. hold on;
24. end
25. title('十四位量化')
26. figure;
27. H_factor = zeros(25,256);
28. for i = 1:25
29. [H_subfactor,w] = freqz([1 -zero_8(i)],1,256,'whole');
30. H_factor(i,:) = H_subfactor';
31. end
32. for j = 1:25
33. plot(w,abs(H_factor(j,:)));
34. hold on;
35. end
36. title('八位量化')

```

⑤画出 ④生成的由 14 位量化各因式幅度响应合并的系统幅度响应 $|H_{14}(ej\omega)|$ ，并与由①中求得的系统函数直接获得的幅度响应进行比较，给出结论描述；

图：



```

1. H_factor_14_product = prod(abs(H_factor_14),1);
2. figure(7);
3. subplot(2,1,1)
4. plot(w/pi,abs(H_factor_14_product));
5. title('14 位量化各因式的幅度响应合并');
6. xlabel('\omega(\pi)');
7. ylabel ('|H(e^{j\omega})|');
8. subplot(2,1,2)
9. [H_f14,~] = freqz(h_14bits,1,256,'whole');
10.plot(w/pi,abs(H_f14));
11.title('14 位量化的幅度响应');
12.xlabel('\omega(\pi)');
13.ylabel ('|H(e^{j\omega})|')

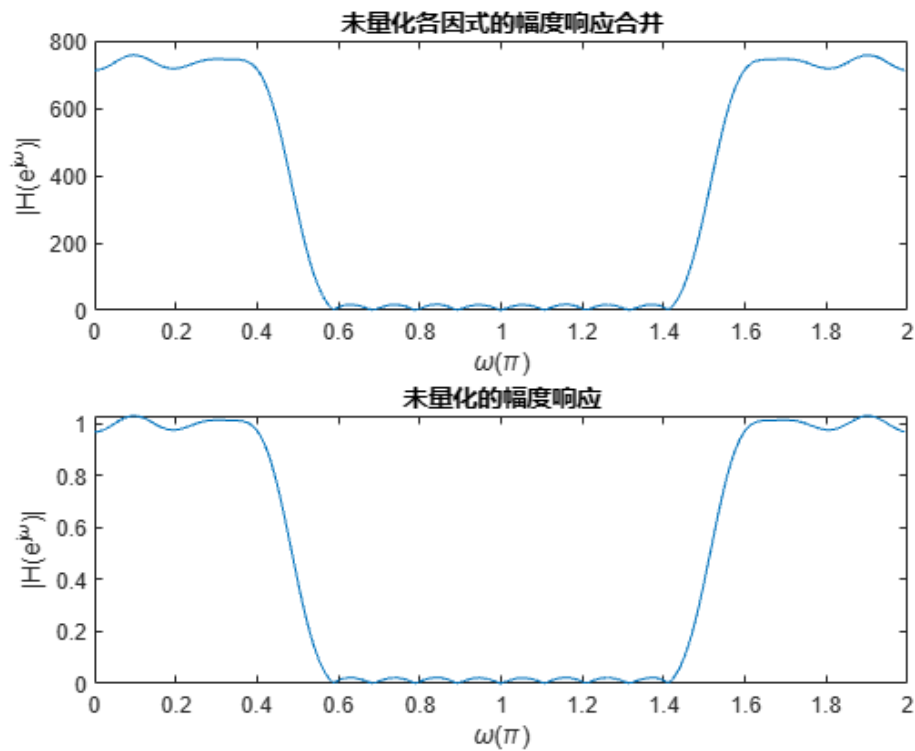
```

⑤

⑥ 对未量化系统，重做步骤⑤过程，并与 14 位量化幅度响应进行比较，并给出结论描述。

图





代码:

```
1. H_factor_n_product = prod(abs(H_factor),1);
2. figure(8);
3. subplot(2,1,1)
4. plot(w/pi,abs(H_factor_n_product));
5. title('未量化各因式的幅度响应合并');
6. xlabel('\omega(\pi)');
7. ylabel ('|H(e^{j\omega})|');
8. subplot(2,1,2)
9. [H,~] = freqz(h,1,256,'whole');
10.plot(w/pi,abs(H));
11.title('未量化的幅度响应');
12.xlabel('\omega(\pi)');
13.ylabel ('|H(e^{j\omega})|');
```