## **UNIVA**

## UNIVA CORPORATION

### GRID ENGINE DOCUMENTATION

# Univa Grid Engine Troubleshooting Quick Reference

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### 1 Troubleshooting

#### 1.1 User Troubleshooting

1.1.1 Problem: The output of UGE jobs, seems to be buffered, because looking into the jobs output file, it will be filled after jobs end.

**Reason** NFS implements loose caching, this means that file are written with a delay of a few seconds or after the writing has finished. It looks like UGE is buffering the output files but it is not. This is not a UGE behaviour, it's by NFS design.

**Solution:** Write your output files to a local filesystem instead of NFS.

#### 1.2 Admin Troubleshooting

1.2.1 Problem: Problems with hostname resolving. Some hosts returning long, some short hostnames.

Reason Problems with hostname resolving is a very common problem which is often done at first UGE installations. In most cases it's a wrong setup and only in the rarest cases it was an UGE issue. In some cases host name resolution is configured to resolve using DNS and NIS (or other name resolution technique) and both name resolution approaches return different host names, for example DNS returns long name and NIS returns short name. When this happens Grid Engine may write corrupted configuration files because of the wrong host name resolution.

Solution: 1. Configure host name resolution in /etc/nsswitch.conf

- /etc/hosts
- nis
- dns

Configure the hosts: db files nisplus nis dns line in /etc/nsswitch.conf to resolve using the same mechanisms for all hosts in the cluster for example:

(configure dns and host files)

```
hosts: files dns
```

All hosts in the cluster must have the same name resolution mechanisms, and in the same order.

- 2. If you are using the files configuration:
  - edit the /etc/hosts file.

do not map the hostname to the local host entry. like this: 127.0.0.1 localhost <your hostname>  $\,$ 

```
192.168.1.10 qmaster_hostname.your-domain qmaster_hostname <- this is optional
192.168.1.11 execd/submit/admin_hostname.your-domain execd/submit/
admin_hostname <- this is optional
192.168.1.12 execd1/submit1/admin1_hostname.your-domain execd1/
submit1/admin1_hostname <- this is optional
.
.
```

copy all entries into the /etc/hosts files of all your execd/submit/admin hosts

- 3. If you are using nis:
  - execute the command: ypcat -t hosts.byname and check the output if all hosts of your cluster are in there and the hostnames are right and either long or short.
- 4. If you are using dns:

execute the command: nslookup qmaster/submit/execd/admin\_hostname and check the output if all hosts of your cluster are in there and the hostnames are right and either long or short.

5. Then check if all hosts are answering with the same hostname (long or short)

```
on the master host using gethostbyname -aname <qmaster hostname>
on the master host using gethostbyname -aname <execd/submit/admin hostname>
on execd/admin/submit host using gethostbyname -aname <qmaster hostname>
on execd/admin/submit host using gethostbyname -aname <execd/submit/admin
hostname>
```

Either ALL hosts in a cluster have to be resolved hosts as short hostnames (without domain) or ALL hosts in a cluster have to be resolved with long names (including the domain)

If you are using a mixed setup. eg a qmaster host with 2 network interfaces, were hosts from 2 different subnets submitting jobs to the cluster, then it's possible to setup a host\_aliases file at: <sge\_root>/<cell>/common/host\_aliases

For documentation please look into the man page with: man host\_aliases After that the hosts must be resolvable and return with the right hostnames. If this all is working then please remove the not working host and add it again. If possible eg. with test-systems and just a few hosts, a reinstallation could be done.

# 1.2.2 Problem: What does "Skipping remaining x orders" mean, do I have to be concerned?"

You get error messages in your quaster messages file looking like this:

01/25/2012 16:10:21|worker|grid-master|W|Skipping remaining 29 orders

01/25/201216:10:22|schedu|grid-master |E|unable to find job 4961392 from the scheduler order package

#### Reason:

The job with JOB\_ID 4961392 could not be found due to job deletion or any error.

**Solution:** In case of this job has been deleted there is no reason for concerns otherwise it depends on the error messages at further checks why the job is gone have to be done.

If the job was deleted, this message is no error. So no solution can be provided.

#### 1.2.3 Problem: UGE shows wrong m socket counts for my execution hosts"

You are running a 2 socket machine with 4 cores each which should be reported with a topology:

SCCCCSCCCC but it's reported like this: SCSCSCSCSCSCSCSC

**Reason:** Running an old kernel version. Kernel version < 2.6.16

Solution: Updating you kernel to a version 2.6.16 and higher

# 1.2.4 Problem: Problems with running large OpenMPI jobs in UGE >129 slots (or any other fixed slot count)"

You are running into the problem that when running jobs in UGE, it is not possible to request more then 129 slots. The request works, also UGE shows no error or crashes, just the job is hanging. Running this job outside of UGE also larger jobs > 129 slots are working.

Reason: The mpirun command looks like that:

mpirun -mca orte\\_rsh\\_agent ssh:rsh -mca ras\\_gridengine\\_verbose 100
-server-wait-time 60 /path/to/job/binary

The mcs\_orte\_rsh\_agent parameter is set to ssh:rsh which might be the problem module here. OpenMPI seems to limit the number of concurrent rsh processes in this module.

Without UGE, the module is not loaded and no limit is set. More then 129 task are running. Used with UGE OpenMPI loads some additional modules setting this limit set and jobs using more the 129 slots won't run.

**Solution:** To check this limit use the ompi info command:

% ompi\_info -all | grep plm\_rsh\_num\_concurrent

MCA plm: parameter "plm\_rsh\_num\_concurrent" (current value: "128", data source: default value) <—- here 128 is set.

To workaround this problem the plm\_rsh\_num\_concurrent parameter ca be set to be used by the mpirun call:

mpirun -mca plm\_rsh\_num\_concurrent 256 -np 2000 <---- here set to 256

Setting this parameter is fixing the problem.

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#### 1.2.5 List of Univa Grid Engine Error and Exit Codes

The following table lists the job-related error codes or exit codes. These codes are valid for every type of job.

Script/Method	Exit or Error Code	Consequence
Job Script	0	Success
	99	Requeue
	All other values	Success: exit code in accounting file
prolog/epilog	0	Success
	99	Requeue
	All other values	Queue error state, job requeued

Table 1: Job related Error and Exit Codes

The following table lists the consequences of error codes or exit codes of jobs related to parallel environment (PE) configuration.

Script/Method	Exit or Error Code	Consequence
pe_start	0	Success
	All other values	Queue set to error state, job requeued
$pe\_stop$	0	Success
	All other values	Queue set to error state, job not requeued

Table 2: Parallel-Environment-Related Error or Exit Codes

The following table lists the consequences of error codes or exit codes of jobs related to queue configuration. These codes are valid only if corresponding methods were overwritten.

${\rm Script/Method}$	Exit or Error Code	Consequence
Job starter	0	Success
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning
Suspend	0	Success
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning
Resume	0	Success
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning
Terminate	0	Success

Script/Method	Exit or Error Code	Consequence
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning

Table 3: Queue-Related Error or Exit Codes

The following table lists the consequences of error or exit codes of jobs related to checkpointing.

Script/Method	Exit or Error Code	Consequence
Checkpoint	0	Success
	All other values	Success. For kernel checkpoint, however, this means that the checkpoint was not successful.
Migrate	0	Success
	All other values	Success. For kernel checkpoint, however, this means that the checkpoint was not successful. Migration will occur.
Restart	0	Success
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning
Clean	0	Success
	All other values	Success, no other special meaning

Table 4: Checkpointing-Related Error or Exit Codes

For jobs that run successfully, the <code>qacct -j</code> command output shows a value of 0 in the failed field, and the output shows the exit status of the job in the exit\_status field. However, the shepherd might not be able to run a job successfully. For example, the epilog script might fail, or the shepherd might not be able to start the job. In such cases, the failed field displays one of the code values listed in the following table.

Codo	Description	a setValid	Maaning for Joh
Code	Description	acctValid	Meaning for Job
0	No failure	t	Job ran, exited normally
1	Presumably before job	f	Job could not be started
3	Before writing config	f	Job could not be started
4	Before writing PID	f	Job could not be started
5	On reading config file	f	Job could not be started
6	Setting processor set	f	Job could not be started
7	Before prolog	f	Job could not be started
8	In prolog	f	Job could not be started

Code	Description	acctValid	Meaning for Job
9	Before pestart	f	Job could not be started
10	In pestart	f	Job could not be started
11	Before job	f	Job could not be started
12	Before pestop	t	Job ran, failed before calling PE stop procedure
13	In pestop	t	Job ran, PE stop procedure failed
14	Before epilog	t	Job ran, failed before calling epilog script
15	In epilog	$\mathbf{t}$	Job ran, failed in epilog script
16	Releasing processor set	t	Job ran, processor set could not be released
24	Migrating (checkpointing jobs)	t	Job ran, job will be migrated
25	Rescheduling	$\mathbf{t}$	Job ran, job will be rescheduled
26	Opening output file	f	Job could not be started, stderr/stdout file could not be opened
27	Searching requested shell	f	Job could not be started, shell not found
28	Changing to working directory	f	Job could not be started, error changing to start directory
100	Assumedly after job	t	Job ran, job killed by a signal

Table 5: Job-Related Error or Exit Codes

The Code column lists the value of the failed field. The Description column lists the text that appears in the qacct -j output. If acctValid is set to t, the job accounting values are valid. If acctValid is set to f, the resource usage values of the accounting record are not valid. The Meaning for Job column indicates whether the job ran or not.