Name: Girish Chougule

Div:D15B Roll No: 10

MPL Practical: 2

Aim:

To design a Flutter user interface (UI) by incorporating common widgets such as Container, Row, Column, Text, Image, Button, and ListView.

Theory:

Flutter provides a rich set of pre-designed and customizable widgets that help developers build visually appealing and interactive user interfaces. Widgets in Flutter follow a hierarchical structure and can be classified into two main types:

- 1. Stateless Widgets These widgets do not change dynamically and remain the same throughout the app's lifecycle. Example: Text, Image, Icon.
- 2. Stateful Widgets These widgets maintain a state and update dynamically based on user interaction or data changes. Example: TextField, Checkbox, Switch.

Some commonly used widgets in Flutter UI design:

- Container Used for styling and layout control with padding, margin, and decoration.
- Row & Column Used to align widgets horizontally (Row) or vertically (Column).
- Text Displays static or dynamic text content.
- Image Loads and displays images from assets, network, or memory.
- Button Widgets ElevatedButton, TextButton, and IconButton for user interactions.
- ListView A scrollable list of items, useful for dynamic content display.

By using these widgets, developers can create visually appealing and responsive user interfaces for Flutter applications.

Steps to Create a Splash Screen in Flutter

1 Create a Splash Screen File

• Create a new Dart file (splash screen.dart) for the splash screen.

2 Use a Timer for Auto-Navigation

• Implement a Timer inside initState() to delay navigation to the home screen after a few seconds.

3 Set a Gradient Background

• Use BoxDecoration with LinearGradient to apply a smooth purple gradient.

4 Add an Image and Text

- Use Image.asset() to display a splash screen image.
- Include a title and tagline using Text() widgets with proper styling.

5 Modify main.dart to Launch Splash Screen

• Set SplashScreen() as the initial screen in MaterialApp.

