

# OGC WPS 2.0 REST/ JSON Binding Extension

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## OGC WPS REST/JSON Binding Extension

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## **i. Abstract**

In many cases geospatial or location data, including data from sensors, must be processed before the information can be used effectively. The OGC Web Processing Service (WPS) Interface Standard provides a standard interface that simplifies the task of making simple or complex computational processing services accessible via web services. Such services include well-known processes found in GIS software as well as specialized processes for spatio-temporal modeling and simulation. While the OGC WPS standard was designed with spatial processing in mind, it can also be used to readily insert non-spatial processing tasks into a web services environment. The WPS standard provides a robust, interoperable, and versatile protocol for process execution on web services. It supports both immediate processing for computational tasks that take little time and asynchronous processing for more complex and time consuming tasks. Moreover, the WPS standard defines a general process model that is designed to provide an interoperable description of processing functions. It is intended to support process cataloguing and discovery in a distributed environment. The OGC WPS REST/JSON Binding extension builds on the WPS 2.0 standard and defines the processing standards to communicate over a RESTful protocol using JSON encodings. This binding definition will be a newer and more modern way of programming and interacting with resources over the web while allowing better integration into existing software packages

## **ii. Keywords**

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

geoprocessing, ogcdoc, OGC document, processes, WPS, REST, JSON

## **iii. Preface**

This extension is a continuation of WPS 2.0, a standard for web-based processing of geospatial data. It defines how the interfaces for WPS 2.0 operations should be constructed and interpreted using a REST based protocol with JSON encoding. Within the current version of WPS 2.0, bindings are defined for HTTP/POST using XML encodings and HTTP/GET using KVP encodings. Also in the current WPS 2.0 standard, a core conceptual model is provided that may be used to specify a WPS in different architectures such as REST or SOAP. Therefore, this extension is a natural fit to what is already defined in the standard.

## **iv. Submitting organizations**

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The following organizations submitted this Document to the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC):

52°North Intergraph Corporation (Hexagon Geospatial)

**v. Submitters**

All questions regarding this submission should be directed to the editor or the submitters:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Representing</b>	<b>OGC Member</b>
Benjamin Pross	52°North	Yes
Stan Tillman	Intergraph Corporation (Hexagon Geospatial)	Yes

---

# Chapter 1. Scope

This document specifies the interface to a general-purpose Web Processing Service (WPS) using a RESTful protocol transporting JSON encoded requests and responses. A WPS is a web service that enables the execution of computing processes and the retrieval of metadata describing their purpose and functionality. Typically, these processes combine raster, vector, and/or coverage data with well-defined algorithms to produce new raster, vector, and/or coverage information. The document is an extension to the OGC WPS 2.0 Interface Standard [14-065]. It should be considered as another binding extension to HTTP/POST + XML and HTTP/GET + KVP as defined in Section 10 (Binding Extensions for WPS Operations) of the WPS 2.0 standard.

---

## Chapter 2. Conformance

Conformance with this standard shall be checked using all the relevant tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document. The framework, concepts, and methodology for testing, and the criteria to be achieved to claim conformance are specified in the OGC Compliance Testing Policies and Procedures and the OGC Compliance Testing web site.

In order to conform to this OGC® interface standard, a software implementation shall choose to implement:

- Any one of the conformance levels specified in Annex B (normative).
- Any one of the Distributed Computing Platform profiles specified in Annexes TBD through TBD (normative).

All requirements-classes and conformance-classes described in this document are owned by the standard(s) identified.

---

## Chapter 3. References

The following normative documents contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this document. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies.

OGC 14-065, OGC WPS 2.0 Interface Standard, version 2.0.1

OGC 06-121r9, OGC Web Service Common Specification, version 2.0

OGC 08-131r3 – The Specification Model – A Standard for Modular Specifications

IETF RFC 4646: Tags for Identifying Languages

IETF RFC 3986: Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax

ISO 8601:2004, Data elements and interchange formats – Information interchange – Representation of dates and times

XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition, W3C Recommendation 28 October 2004.

---

# Chapter 4. Terms and Definitions

This document uses the terms defined in Sub-clause 5.3 of [OGC 06-121r8], which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this standard.

For the purposes of this document, the following additional terms and definitions apply.

## 4.1. Process

A process  $p$  is a function that for each input returns a corresponding output

---

$$p: X \rightarrow Y$$

---

where  $X$  denotes the domain of arguments  $x$  and  $Y$  denotes the co-domain of values  $y$ . Within this specification, process arguments are referred to as process inputs and result values are referred to as process outputs. Processes that have no process inputs represent value generators that deliver constant or random process outputs.

## 4.2. Process description

A process description is an information model that specifies the interface of a process. A process description is used for a machine-readable description of the process itself but also provides some basic information about the process inputs and outputs.

## 4.3. Process input

Process inputs are the arguments of a process and refer to data provided to a process. Each process input is an identifiable item.

## 4.4. Process output

Process outputs are the results of a process and refer to data returned by a process. Each process output is an identifiable item.

## 4.5. Process profile

A process profile is a description of a process on an interface level. Process profiles may have different levels of abstraction and cover several aspects. On a generic level,

a process profile may only refer to the provided functionality of a process, i.e. by giving a verbal or formal definition how the outputs are derived from the inputs. On a concrete level a process profile may completely define inputs and outputs including data type definitions and formats.

### 4.6. WPS Server

A WPS Server is a web server that provides access to simple or complex computational processing services

### 4.7. Process offering

A process offering is an identifiable process that may be executed on a particular service instance. A process offering contains a process description as well as service-specific information about the supported execution protocols (e.g. synchronous and asynchronous execution).

### 4.8. Process execution

The execution of a process is an action that calculates the outputs of a given process for a given set of data inputs.

### 4.9. Job

The (processing) job is a server-side object created by a processing service for a particular process execution. A job may be latent in the case of synchronous execution or explicit in the case of asynchronous execution. Since the client has only oblique access to a processing job, a Job ID is used to monitor and control a job.

### 4.10. Service profiles for WPS

A service profile for WPS is a conformance class that defines the general capabilities of a WPS server, by (1) specifying the supported service operations, (2) the process model, (3) the supported process execution modes, (4) the supported operation binding(s).



## 4.11. REST or RESTful

Representational state transfer. REST-compliant Web services allow requesting systems to access and manipulate textual representations of Web resources using a uniform and predefined set of stateless operations.

## 4.12. JSON

JavaScript Object Notation is a lightweight data-interchange format. It is easy for humans to read and write and it is easy for machines to parse and generate.

---

# Chapter 5. Conventions

This sections provides details and examples for any conventions used in the document. Examples of conventions are symbols, abbreviations, use of XML schema, or special notes regarding how to read the document.

## 5.1. Identifiers

The normative provisions in this specification are denoted by the URI

<http://www.opengis.net/spec/{standard}/{m.n}>

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs which are relative to this base.

## 5.2. Abbreviated Terms

Abbreviated Term	Meaning
CRS	Coordinate Reference System
GML	Geography Markup Language
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
KVP	Keyword Value Pair
MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions
OGC	Open Geospatial Consortium
URI	Universal Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
WPS	Web Processing Service
XML	Extensible Markup Language
REST	Representational State Transfer
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation

## 5.3. Use of the Term "Process"

The term process is one of the most used terms both in the information and geosciences domain. If not stated otherwise, this specification uses the term process as an umbrella term for any algorithm, calculation or model that either generates new data or transforms some input data into output data as defined in section 4.1 of the WPS 2.0 standard.

## 5.4. Namespace Conventions

Prefix	Namespace URI	Description
ows	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/ows/2.0">http://www.opengis.net/ows/2.0</a>	OWS Common 2.0 XML Schema
xlink	<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink">http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink</a>	Definitions for XLINK
xml	<a href="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace">http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace</a>	XML (required for xml:lang)
xs	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a>	XML Schema

---

## Chapter 6. REST/JSON Binding

In the following sections, the resources and endpoint-URLs of the WPS 2.0 REST/JSON binding are described.

### 6.1. Resources to be provided by WPS

The resources that are provided by a WPS REST server are listed in [Table 1](#) below and include the capabilities document of the server, the list of processes available (ProcessCollection and Process), jobs (running processes) and outputs of processes.

**Table 6.1. Resources provided by the WPS REST server**

Resource Class	Description	Access Path
Capabilities	The complete service metadata document.	{WpsRESTBaseURL}
ProcessCollection	List of processes available	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes
Process	Detailed process description of a single process	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{process-id}
JobCollection	List of jobs of a process	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs
Job	Representation of a job (execution of a process) containing status information	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs/{job-id}
Process Output Data	Resource containing the different process outputs inline or as reference.	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs/{job-id}/outputs

Notations:

{WpsRESTBaseURL}: The base URL of the WPS REST endpoint.

{process-id}: identifier of a process.

{job-id}: identifier to a job.

## 6.2. Operations on WPS resources

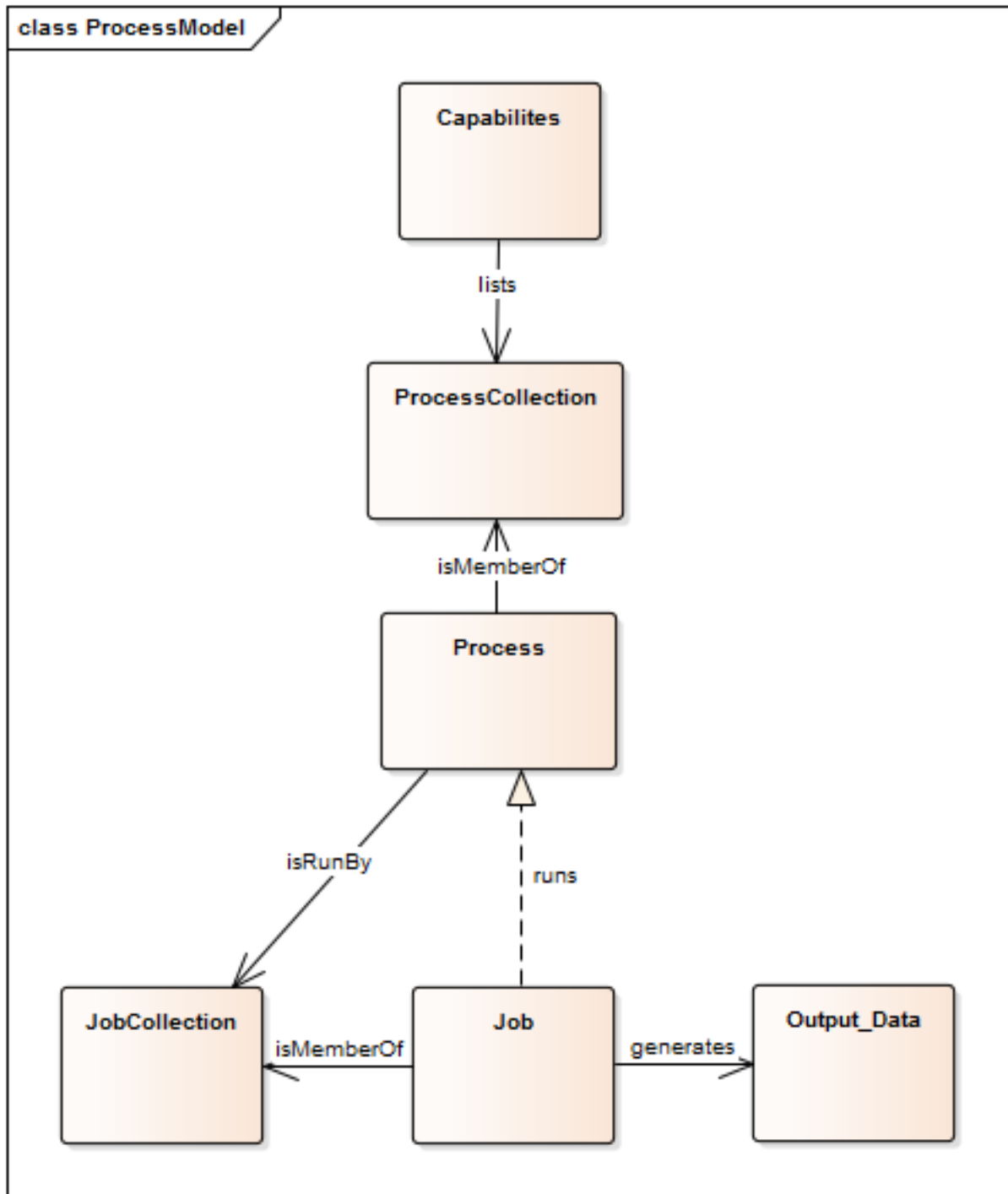
In general, the HTTP GET operation is used to provide access to the resources described above. However, in order to create a new job, the HTTP POST method is used to post a new job by sending a new job resource represented by an execute request to the server. This results in the operations listed in [Table 2](#) below.

**Table 6.2. Operations on resources provided by the WPS REST server**

HTTP Operati	Access Path	Param	Description
GET	{WpsRESTBaseURL}	NA	Retrieval of Capabilities resource
GET	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes	NA	Retrieval of ProcessCollection resource
GET	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{process-id}	NA	Retrieval of a Process resource (process description)
GET	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs	NA	Retrieval of list of jobs of a specific process (JobCollection)
GET	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs/{job-id}	NA	Retrieval of a single Job resource
POST	{WpsRESTBaseURL}/processes/{processID}/jobs	Execute request (contain in body)	Execution of a process
Notations: {WpsRESTBaseURL}: The base URL of the WPS REST endpoint. {process-id}: identifier of a process. {job-id}: identifier to a job.			

## 6.3. Associations between WPS resources

As stated above in the listing of resources ([Table 1](#)), the basic resources managed by the WPS REST server are processes, jobs, outputs and its corresponding collections. An overview on the associations between the resources is given in [Figure 1](#).



**Figure 6.1. Resource model of the WPS REST server**

The Capabilities has an association to the ProcessCollection that aggregates the single Processes offered by the Web Processing Server. The process has an association to the collection of jobs (JobCollection) that aggregates single jobs, i.e. instances that run a certain process.

## 6.4. JSON Encoding

In the following, example requests and responses for the different operations and resources will be shown.

**Table 6.3. General requirements classes for the WPS 2.0 REST/JSON Binding Extension**

Requirements Class	
<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json</a>	
<b>Target type</b>	Software implementation
<b>Depedency</b>	TODO
<b>Requirement</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities</a> Requirements class for the GetCapabilities operation
<b>Requirement</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/</a> TODO

### 6.4.1. GetCapabilities

This clause specifies the JSON encoding for the GetCapabilities operation.

A GetCapabilities example is listed in Annex TODO.

**Table 6.4. Requirements classes for the WPS 2.0 REST/JSON Binding Extension GetCapabilities operation**

Requirements Class	
<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities</a>	
<b>Target type</b>	Software implementation
<b>Depedency</b>	TODO
<b>Requirement</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities/request">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/get-capabilities/request</a> A GetCapabilities request using REST/JSON shall be a valid JSON document of the type capabilities.

Requirements Class	
Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/">http://www.opengis.net/spec/WPS/2.0/req/service/binding/rest-json/</a> TODO

**Example of HTTP GET request for retrieving JSON WPS Capabilities.**

---

`http://hostname.org/wps-rest`

---

**Example of WPS Capabilities encoded as JSON.**

---

```
{
  "Capabilities": {
    "ServiceIdentification": {
      "Title": "RESTful WPS ",
      "Abstract": "Service implementing the WPS 2.0 REST/JSON binding
extension",
      "ServiceType": "WPS",
      "ServiceTypeVersion": ["1.0.0",
        "2.0.0"],
      "Fees": "NONE",
      "AccessConstraints": "NONE"
    },
    "ServiceProvider": {
      "ProviderName": "OGC",
      "ProviderSite": {
        "HRef": "http://www.opengeospatial.org/"
      },
      "ServiceContact": {
        "IndividualName": "Your name",
        "ContactInfo": {

        }
      }
    },
    "Contents": {
      "ProcessSummaries": [{
        "identifier": "testbed12.fo.DouglasPeuckerAlgorithm",
        "title": "testbed12.fo.DouglasPeuckerAlgorithm",
        "processVersion": "1.0.0",
        "jobControlOptions": "sync-execute async-execute",
        "outputTransmission": "reference value",
        "processDescription": "http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/
ConvexHullAlgorithm"
      }],
      ...
    }
  }
}
```



```
    },  
    "service": "WPS",  
    "version": "2.0.0"  
  }  
}
```

---

The process summaries in the contents-section contain links to the process description of the respective process. The standalone list of processes can be requested as follows:

**Example of HTTP GET request for retrieving the list of offered processes encoded as JSON.**

---

```
http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes
```

---

**Example of Process list encoded as JSON.**

---

```
{  
  "ProcessSummaries": [  
    {  
      "identifier": "ConvexHullAlgorithm",  
      "title": "Convex Hull Algorithm",  
      "processVersion": "1.0.0",  
      "jobControlOptions": "sync-execute async-execute",  
      "processDescription": "http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/  
ConvexHullAlgorithm"  
    }, ...  
  ]  
}
```

---

## 6.4.2. DescribeProcess

**Example of HTTP GET request for retrieving the process description of a process encoded in JSON. (NOTE: Request has been line-wrapped for easier reading).**

---

```
http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/ConvexHullAlgorithm
```

---

**Example of WPS DescribeProcess encoded as JSON.**

---

```
{  
  "ProcessOffering": {  
    "Process": {  
      "Title": "Hootenanny Conflation Process",  
      "Identifier": "testbed12.lsa.HootenannyConflation",  
      "Input": [  
        {  

```

```
"Title": "INPUT1",
"Identifier": "INPUT1",
"ComplexData": {
  "Format": [
    {
      "default": "true",
      "mimeType": "application/x-zipped-shp"
    }, ...
  ]
},
"minOccurs": "1",
"maxOccurs": "1"
},
{
  "Title": "INPUT1_TRANSLATION",
  "Identifier": "INPUT1_TRANSLATION",
  "ComplexData": {
    "Format": [
      {
        "default": "true",
        "mimeType": "text/x-script.phyton"
      },
      {
        "default": "false",
        "mimeType": "text/plain"
      }
    ]
  },
  "minOccurs": "0",
  "maxOccurs": "1"
},
{
  "Title": "INPUT2",
  "Identifier": "INPUT2",
  "ComplexData": {
    "Format": [
      {
        "default": "true",
        "mimeType": "application/x-openstreetmap+xml"
      }, ...
    ]
  },
  "minOccurs": "1",
  "maxOccurs": "1"
},
{
```

```
"Title": "CONFLATION_TYPE",
"Identifier": "CONFLATION_TYPE",
"LiteralData": {
  "Format": [
    {
      "default": "true",
      "mimeType": "text/plain"
    },
    {
      "default": "false",
      "mimeType": "text/xml"
    }
  ],
  "LiteralDataDomain": [
    {
      "AnyValue": null,
      "DataType": {
        "reference": "xs:string"
      }
    }
  ]
},
"minOccurs": "0",
"maxOccurs": "1"
},...
],
"Output": [
  {
    "Title": "CONFLATION_OUTPUT",
    "Identifier": "CONFLATION_OUTPUT",
    "ComplexData": {
      "Format": [
        {
          "default": "true",
          "mimeType": "application/x-zipped-shp"
        },...
      ]
    }
  }
],
{
  "Title": "CONFLATION_REPORT",
  "Identifier": "CONFLATION_REPORT",
  "ComplexData": {
    "Format": [
      {
        "default": "true",
```

```
        "mimeType": "text/plain"
      }
    ]
  }
}
],
"processVersion": "1.0.0",
"jobControlOptions": "sync-execute async-execute",
"executeEndpoint": "http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/
ConvexHullAlgorithm/jobs"
}
}
```

---

#### **Example of HTTP GET request for getting a list of jobs of a process.**

---

`http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/ConvexHullAlgorithm/jobs`

---

#### **Example of a list of jobs for a process encoded as JSON.**

---

```
{
  "Jobs": [
    "1317c058-cb4d-4ab4-ad21-b78e51229a17",
    "1319d2fc-cac8-4e8d-8039-2c511f55a9d3"
  ]
}
```

---

### **6.4.3. Execute**

#### **Example of HTTP POST request for executing a process.**

---

`http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/ConvexHullAlgorithm/jobs`

---

By default, the proces will be executed asynchronously. If the process supports synchronous execution, this can be achieved by appending the following URL-parameter:

#### **Example of HTTP POST request for synchronously executing a process.**

---

`http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/ConvexHullAlgorithm/jobs?sync-  
execute=true`

---

#### **Example of WPS Execute request encoded as JSON.**

```
{
  "Execute": {
    "Input": [
      {
        "Reference": {
          "mimeType": "application/x-zipped-shp",
          "href": "http://geoprocessing.demo.52north.org:8080/
data/Trans_RoadSegment-aoi.zip"
        },
        "id": "INPUT1"
      },
      {
        "Reference": {
          "mimeType": "text/x-script.phyton",
          "href": "http://geoprocessing.demo.52north.org:8080/
data/TNM_Roads.py"
        },
        "id": "INPUT1_TRANSLATION"
      },
      {
        "Reference": {
          "mimeType": "application/x-openstreetmap+xml",
          "href": "http://geoprocessing.demo.52north.org:8080/
data/sf_only_roads-aoi.osm"
        },
        "id": "INPUT2"
      }
    ],
    "output": [{
      "mimeType": "application/x-zipped-shp",
      "id": "CONFLATION_OUTPUT"
    }, {
      "mimeType": "text/plain",
      "id": "CONFLATION_REPORT"
    }]
  }
}
```

---

The direct response to a asynchronously executed process is HTTP status code 201 (created) and the URL to obtain status information and finally the result. The URL will be returned in a HTTP header named *Location*. For synchronous execution, the result document will be returned after the process has finished.

### 6.4.4. GetStatus

**Example of HTTP GET request for retrieving status information about a asynchronously executed process (NOTE: Request has been line-wrapped for easier reading).**

```
http://hostname.org/wps-rest/processes/  
testbed12.fo.DouglasPeuckerAlgorithm/jobs/  
c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012
```

**Example of WPS StatusInfo response encoded as JSON. The process is still running.**

```
{  
  "StatusInfo": {  
    "JobID": "c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012",  
    "Status": "Running",  
    "Progress": 0  
  }  
}
```

After the process has finished, the progress element will be replaced by the URL to obtain the outputs

**Example of WPS StatusInfo response encoded as JSON. The process has finished.**

```
{  
  "StatusInfo": {  
    "JobID": "c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012",  
    "Status": "Succeeded",  
    "Output": "http://hostname.org/wps-rest/  
processes/testbed12.lsa.HootenannyConflation/jobs/  
c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012/outputs"  
  }  
}
```

### 6.4.5. GetResult

**Example of WPS Result response encoded as JSON.**

```
{  
  "Result": {
```

```
"JobID": "c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012",
"Output": [
  {
    "ID": "CONFLATION_OUTPUT",
    "Reference": {
      "mimeType": "application/x-zipped-shp",
      "href": "http://hostname.org/wps/RetrieveResultServlet?
id=c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012CONFLATION_OUTPUT.b1172b1c-
c9aa-495a-aa8b-62220ac93605"
    }
  },
  {
    "ID": "CONFLATION_REPORT",
    "Reference": {
      "mimeType": "text/plain",
      "href": "http://hostname.org/wps/RetrieveResultServlet?
id=c731d14b-1de6-499c-9317-20224e056012****CONFLATION_REPORT.220391a6-4357-44e2-
b5f3-c0a0983cedae"
    }
  }
]
}
```

---

---

# Appendix A. Conformance Class Abstract Test Suite (Normative)



Ensure that there is a conformance class for each requirements class and a test for each requirement (identified by requirement name and number)

## A.1. Conformance Class A

### A.1.1. Requirement 1

<b>Test id:</b>	/conf/conf-class-a/req-name-1
<b>Requirement:</b>	/req/req-class-a/req-name-1
<b>Test purpose:</b>	Verify that...
<b>Test method:</b>	Inspect...

### A.1.2. Requirement 2



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## Appendix B. Revision History

Date	Release	Editor	Primary clauses modified	Description
2017-03-09	0.1	Benjamin Pross	all	initial version
2017-xx-xx	0.2	Benjamin Pross	6	Update REST/JSON section
2017-10-16	0.3	Stan Tillman	1-5	Update section 1-5

---

# Appendix C. Bibliography



## Example Bibliography (Delete this note).

The TC has approved Springer LNCS as the official document citation type.

Springer LNCS is widely used in technical and computer science journals and other publications

- For citations in the text please use square brackets and consecutive numbers: [1], [2], [3]

– Actual References:

[n] Journal: Author Surname, A.: Title. Publication Title. Volume number, Issue number, Pages Used (Year Published)

[n] Web: Author Surname, A.: Title, <http://Website-Url>

[1] OGC: OGC Testbed 12 Annex B: Architecture. (2015).