

PostGIS GEO in your DB

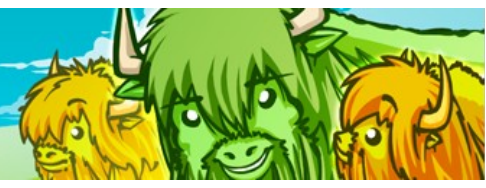


Vincent Picavet
Oslandia



Context





Bisonvert.net

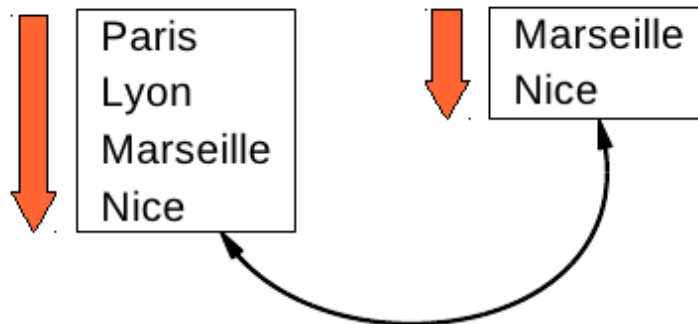
Car-sharing free software

Goal :

match people doing the
same journey

Current method

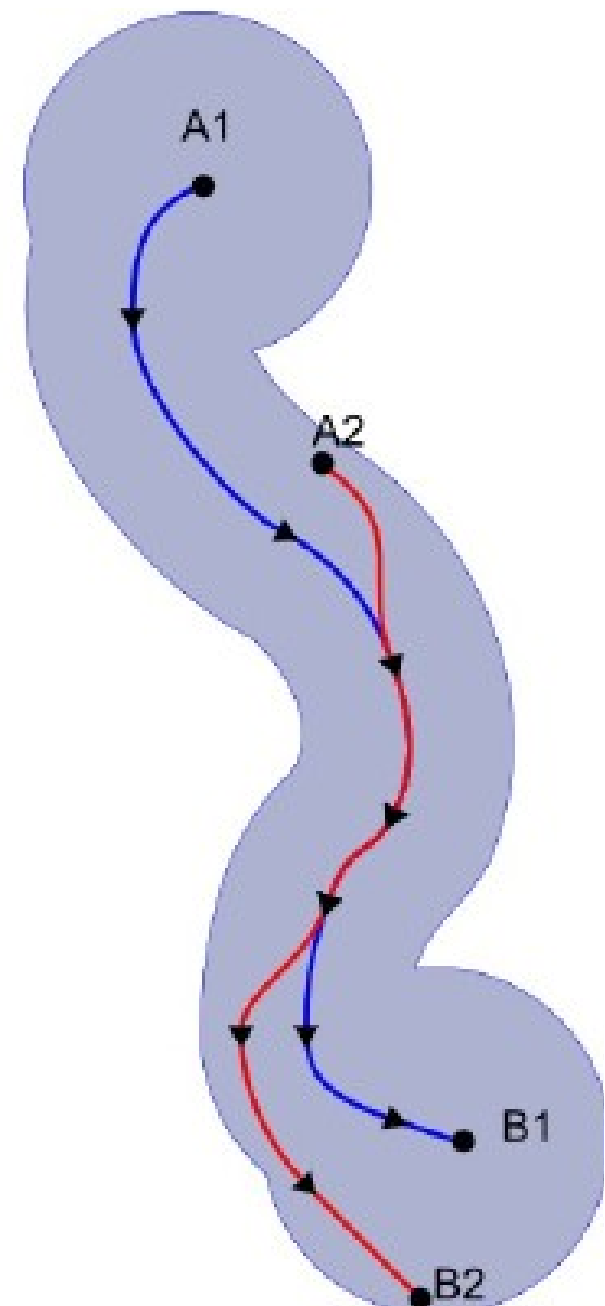
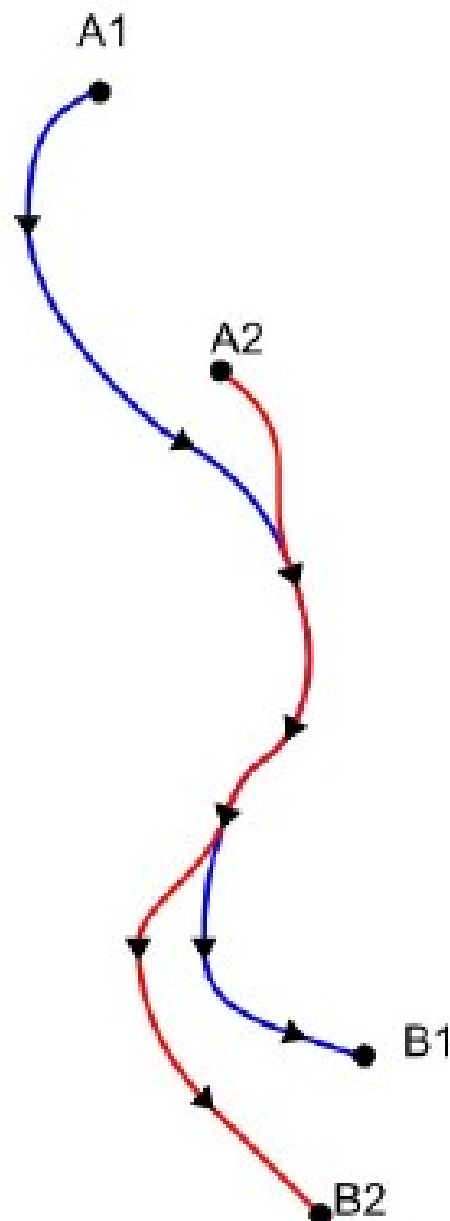
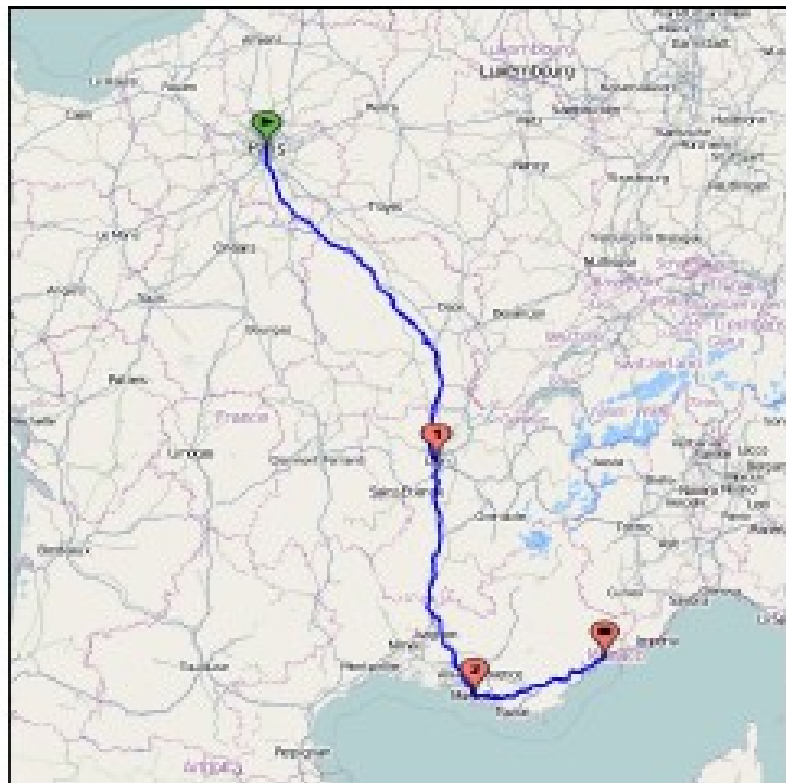
Match from/to via names

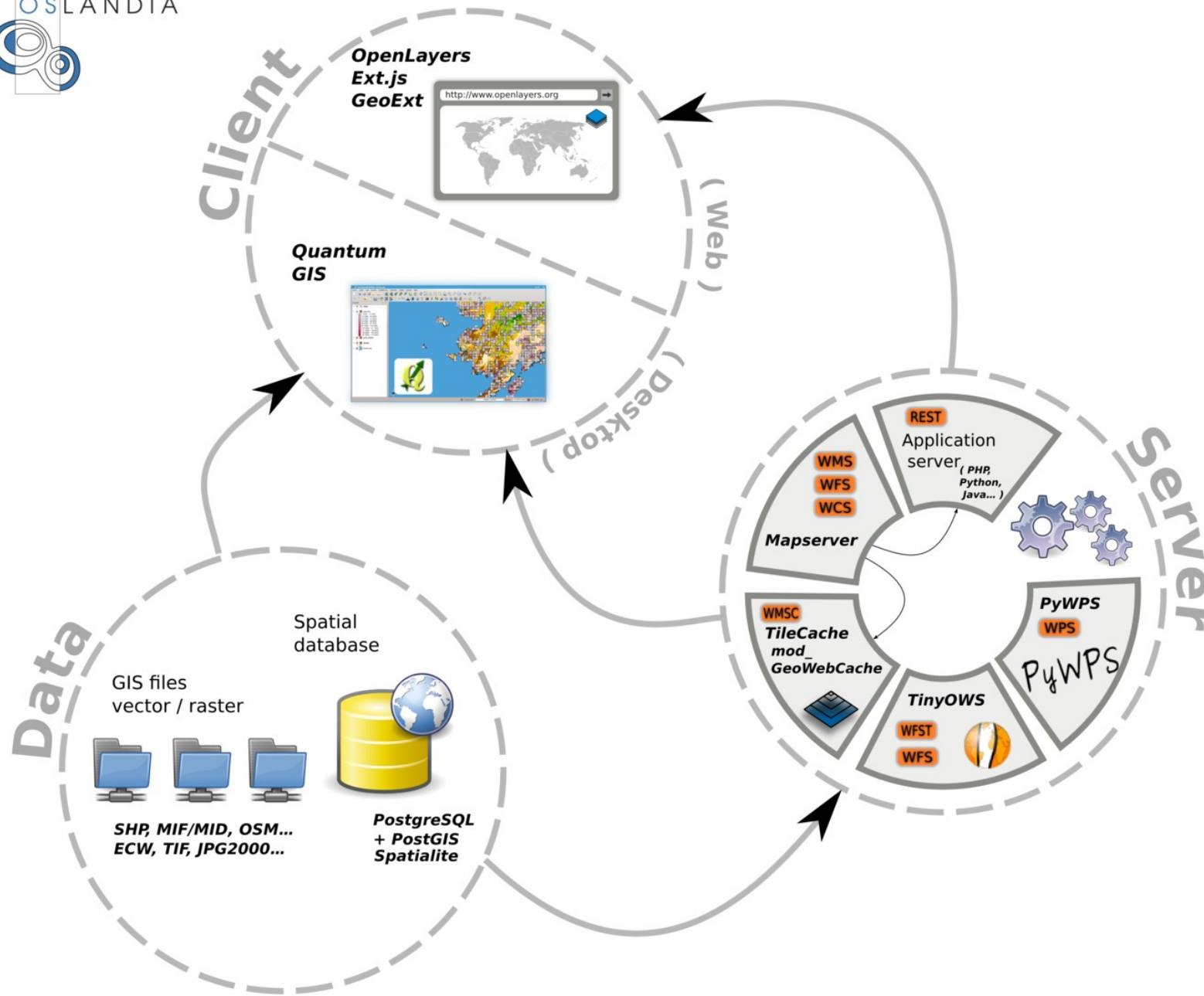


Solution :

Use real paths

- 1/ Compute path (routing)
- 2/ Match paths
(Spatial analysis)





PostGIS Project



Spatial RDBMS



Geometry + attributes = «feature»

SQL queries

Attributes

Spatial

High load

Big data

Long and complex processing

Acceptable performances

Respect standards



Standards



International standards

Specifications

OGC SFS (Simple Feature for SQL)

ISO SQL/MM part 3

What's in :

Geometry types

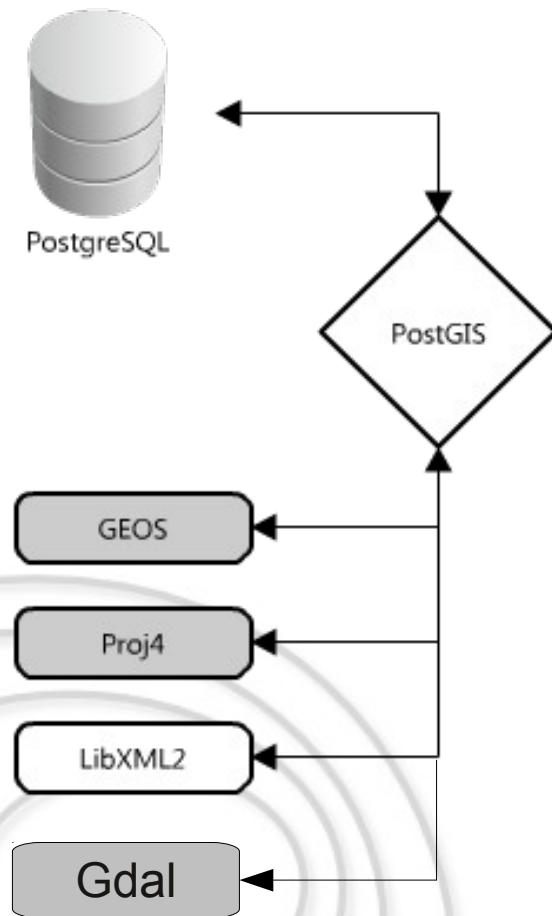
Spatial functions prototypes

**Tables and additional processing for
referential integrity**

Overview

**Plugin PostgreSQL
Written in C**

**Based on external libs →
Implements OGC SFS 1.1
+ ISO SQL/MM
+ lots of extra features**



History

2001

first alpha version

2003

version 0.8 - production ready

2005

version 1.0

- **Core rewrite, LWGEOM**
- **OGC SFS 1.1 compatibility**

2006

version 1.2

- **Aim at ISO SQL/MM (curves, ST_ prefixes...)**

2009

version 1.4

- **PSC and OSGeo incubation**

2011

version 1.5.3

- **Geodesy**

2012

version 2.0

- **Raster**

2013

version 2.1

- **3D**



Users



Public users

IGN : French nat. geographical institute

**IRSN : Institut de Radioprotection et de
sûreté Nucléaire**

EEA : European Environment Agency

NOAA ...

Private sector

**France Telecom, Infoterra, Digital
Globe, Mediapost, Mappy, NY Times...**

Heroku !

A lot of others !

Community

Worldwide
Thousands of users
Very active postgis-users ML



Committers :

LisaSoft
OpenGeo
Oslandia
CadCorp
Paragon Corporation
Refractions Research
Sandro Santilli
Sirius
Some others and
individuals...

What else ?

Oracle spatial (and locator)

ESRI ArcSDE

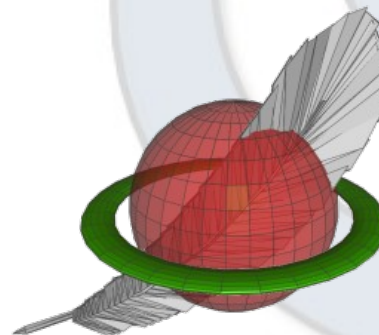
IBM DB2

MS SQL Server (>2008)

Action

Spatialite

Sybase (last version)



Basics



Geometry

Geometry (or HEWKB)

Native database storage

Binary format with

hexadecimal encoding

WKT (Well Known Text)

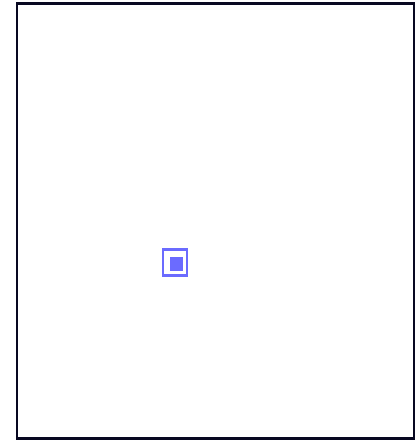
Textual representation

Dimensions

2D, 3D, or 4D

Projection system id (SRID)

Point



POINT (10 10)



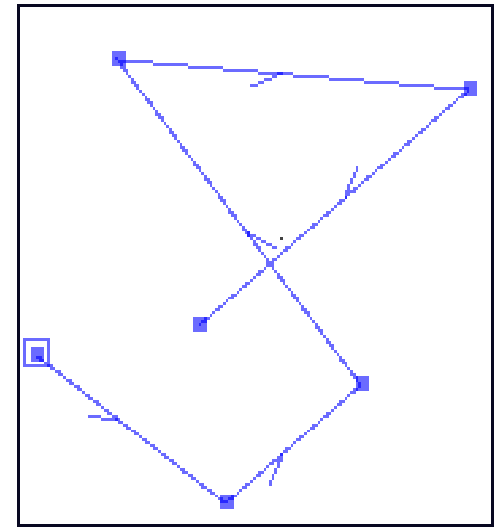
Line

LINESTRING

(

0 5, 5 1, 9 4, 2 14, 14 13, 4 4

)



POLYGON

(

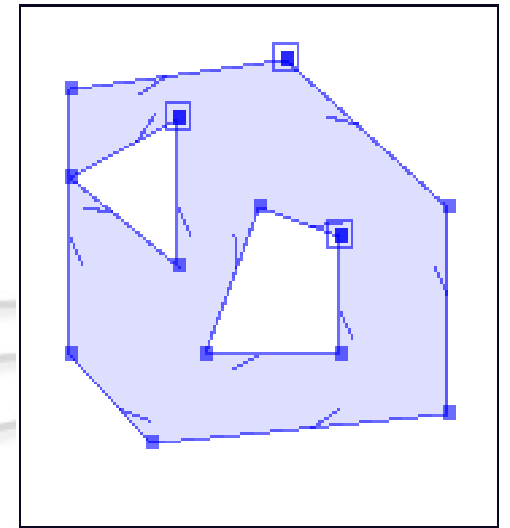
(9 13, 13 9, 13 3, 4 2, 1 4, 1 12, 9 13),

(5 11, 5 6, 1 9, 5 11),

(10 7, 10 4, 6 4, 8 8, 10 7)

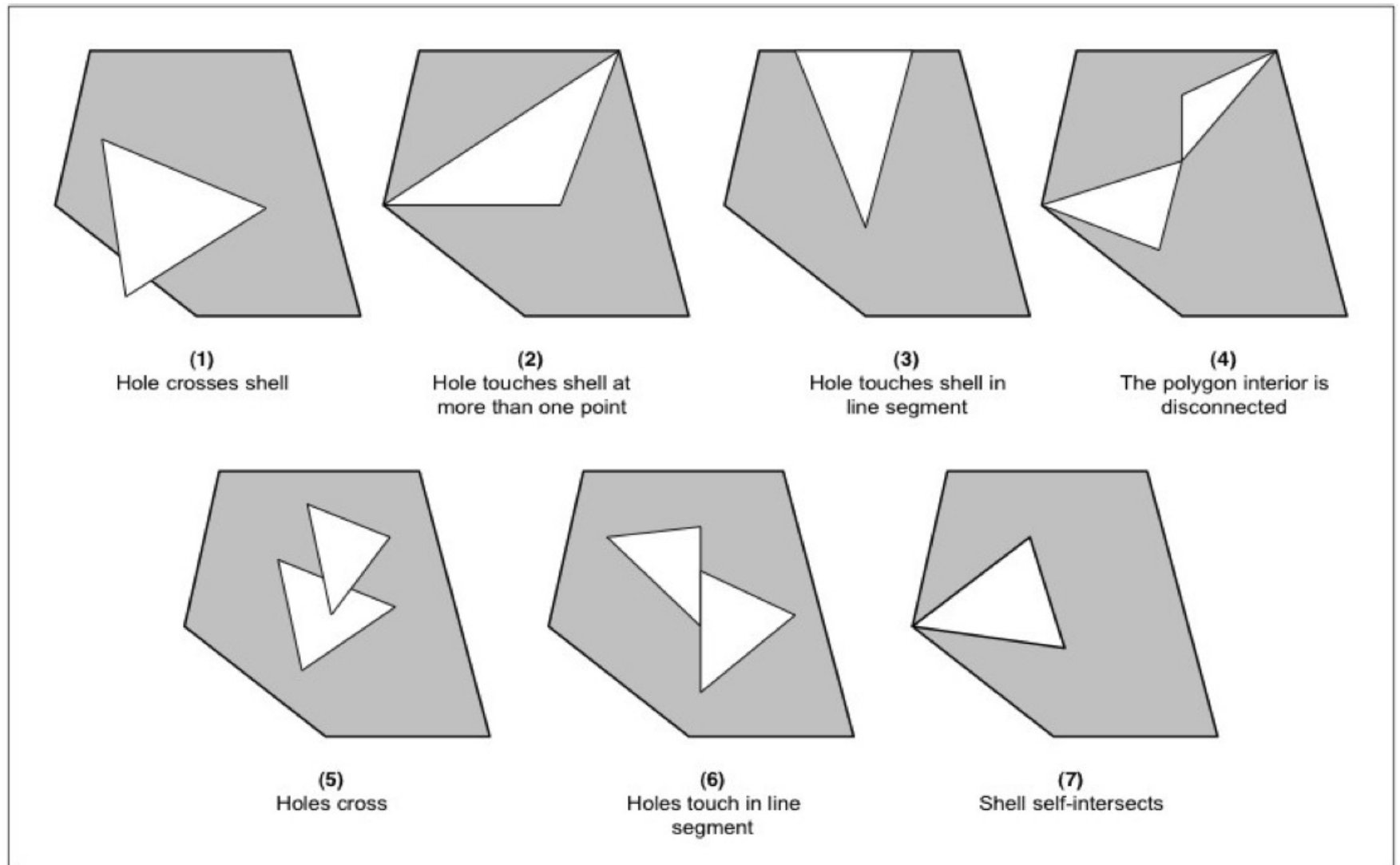
)

Polygon

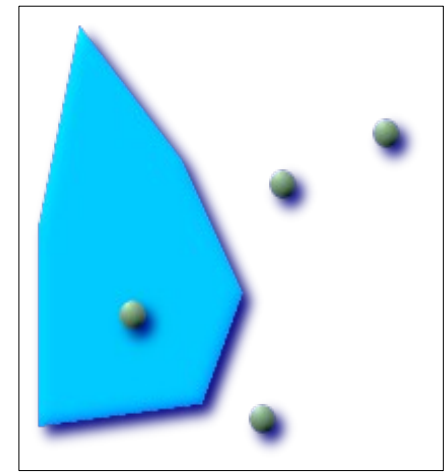
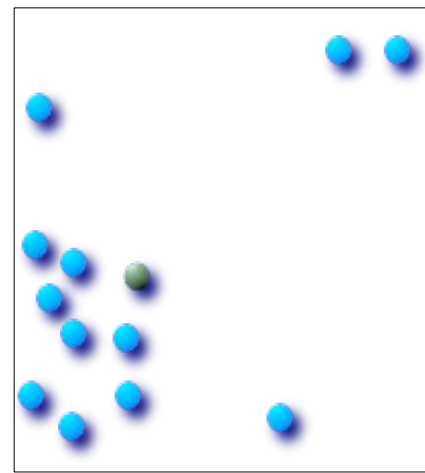


- 1) Mandatory first ring is external ring
- 2) Rings coordinates must be closed

SFS (in)validity



Different projection
systems cannot be mixed
Neither can different
dimensions



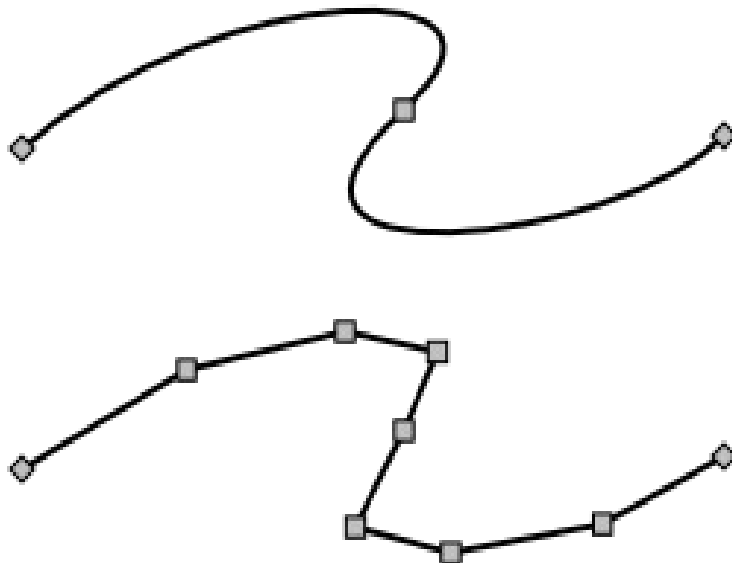
MULTIPOINT
MULTILINESTRING
MULTIPOLYGON
GEOMETRYCOLLECTION

Multi / Aggregate



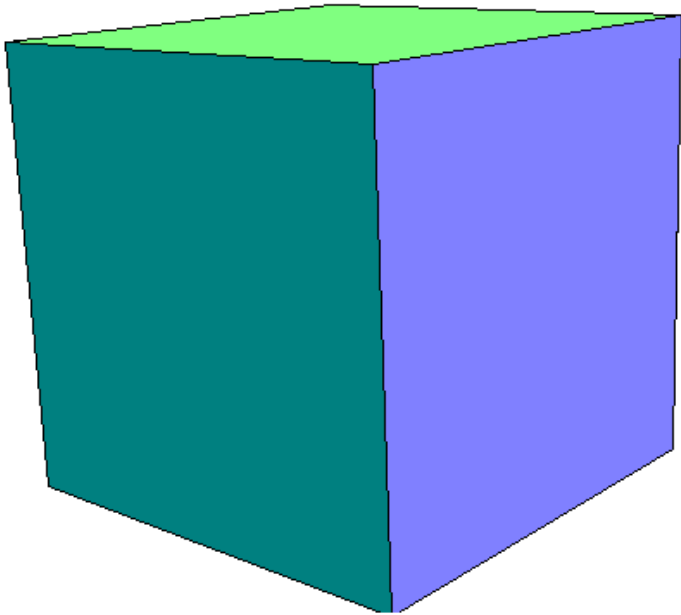
Curves

«curves» types :
CIRCULARSTRING
COMPOUNDCURVE
MULTISURFACE



PolyhedralSurface

```
PolyhedralSurface(((0 0 0, 0 0 1, 0 1 1, 0 1 0, 0 0 0)),  
                  ((0 0 0, 0 1 0, 1 1 0, 1 0 0, 0 0 0)),  
                  ((0 0 0, 1 0 0, 1 0 1, 0 0 1, 0 0 0)),  
                  ((1 1 0, 1 1 1, 1 0 1, 1 0 0, 1 1 0)),  
                  ((0 1 0, 0 1 1, 1 1 1, 1 1 0, 0 1 0)),  
                  ((0 0 1, 1 0 1, 1 1 1, 0 1 1, 0 0 1)))
```



metadata

	oid	f_table_catalog [PK] character va	f_table_schema [PK] character v	f_table_name [PK] character v	f_geometry_column [PK] character varyi	coord_dimension integer	srid integer	type character varying(30)
1	709958	"	public	dept	the_geom	2	27582	MULTIPOLYGON
2	709957	"	public	world	the_geom	2	4326	MULTIPOLYGON

geometry_columns : spatial fields catalog

	srid [PK] integer	auth_name character var	auth_srid integer	srttext character varying(2048)	proj4text character varying(2048)
1	2000	EPSG	2000	PROJCS["Anguilla 1957 / British We	+proj=tmerc +lat_0=0 +lon_0=-62 +k=0.999
2	2001	EPSG	2001	PROJCS["Antigua 1943 / British We	+proj=tmerc +lat_0=0 +lon_0=-62 +k=0.999
3	2002	EPSG	2002	PROJCS["Dominica 1945 / British W	+proj=tmerc +lat_0=0 +lon_0=-62 +k=0.999

spatial_ref_sys: projection systems catalog

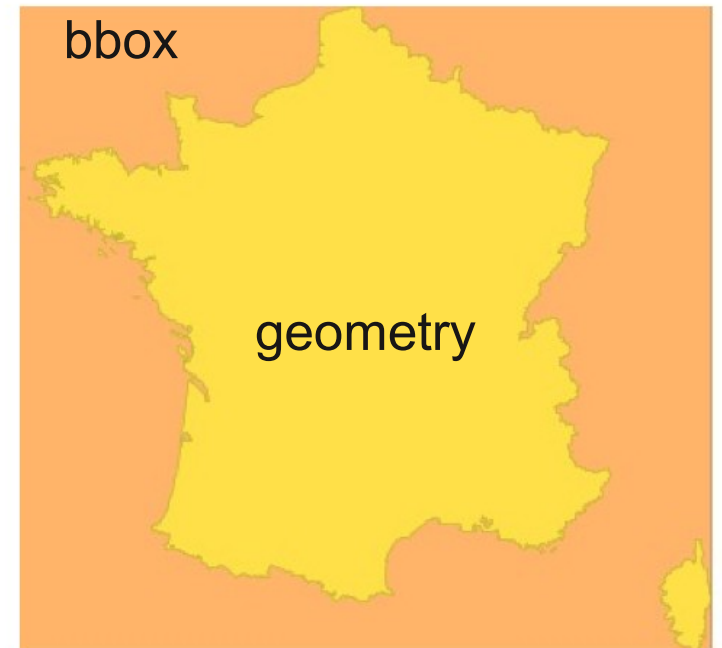
geography_columns : geography fields view

Spatial index

Better spatial filter performance

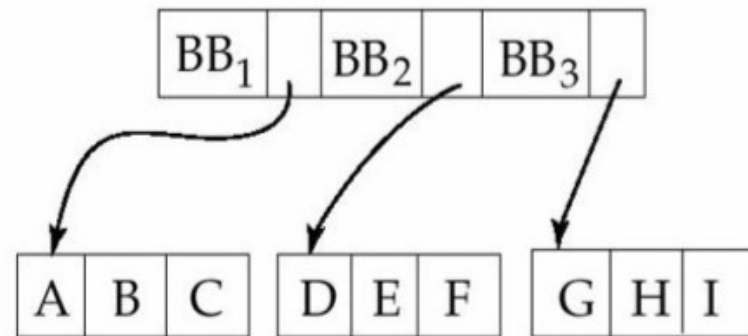
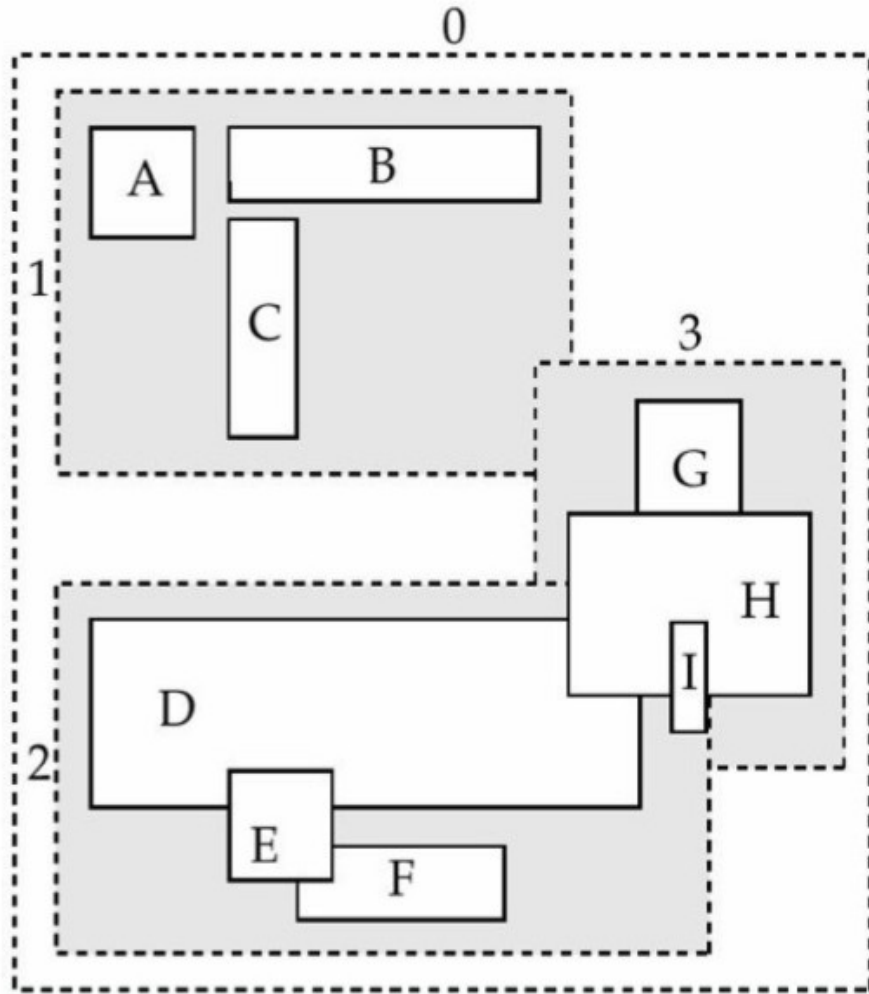
Geometry approximation with bbox

Spatial index creation :



```
CREATE INDEX index_name ON table_name  
USING GIST(geom_column_name);
```

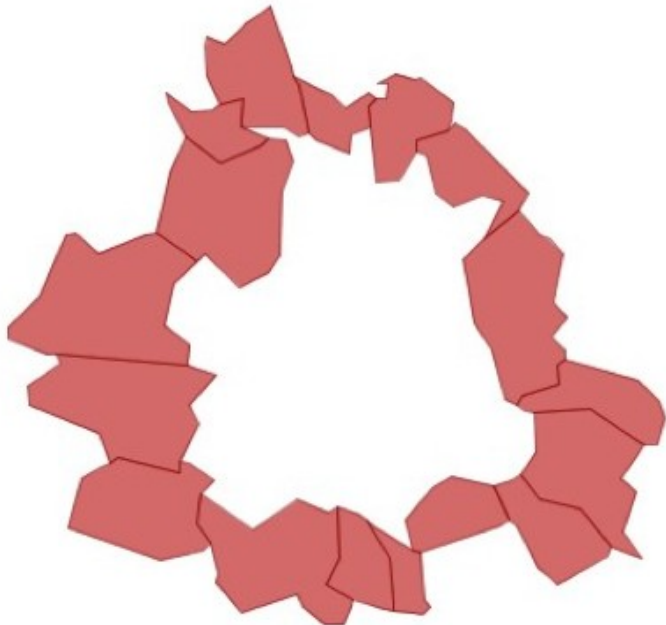

R-TREE



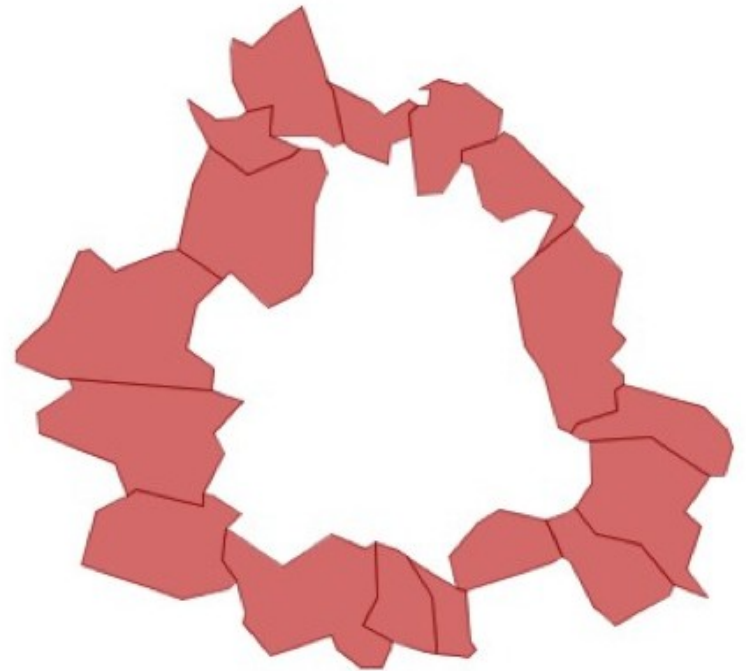
Bounding boxes are grouped
in regions of the index

Indexes / perf

```
SELECT  
  c1.nom  
FROM  
  communes c1, communes c2  
WHERE  
  c2.nom = 'Toulouse'  
  AND ST_Touches(c1.the_geom, c2.the_geom);
```



Sans index: temps = 150 ms



Avec index: temps = 30 ms

Documentation

Documentation:

Regina Obe,
Kevin Neufeld

Improved in 1.4

Name

`ST_Simplify` — Returns a "simplified" version of the given geometry using the Douglas-Peucker algorithm.

Synopsis

geometry `ST_Simplify`(geometry *geomA*, float *tolerance*);

Description

Returns a "simplified" version of the given geometry using the Douglas-Peucker algorithm. Will actually do something only with (multi)lines and (multi)polygons but you can safely call it with any kind of geometry. Since simplification occurs on a object-by-object basis you can also feed a GeometryCollection to this function.



Note that returned geometry might loose its simplicity (see [ST_IsSimple](#))



Note topology may not be preserved and may result in invalid geometries. Use (see [ST_SimplifyPreserveTopology](#)) to preserve topology.

Performed by the GEOS module.

Availability: 1.2.2

Examples

A circle simplified too much becomes a triangle, medium an octagon,

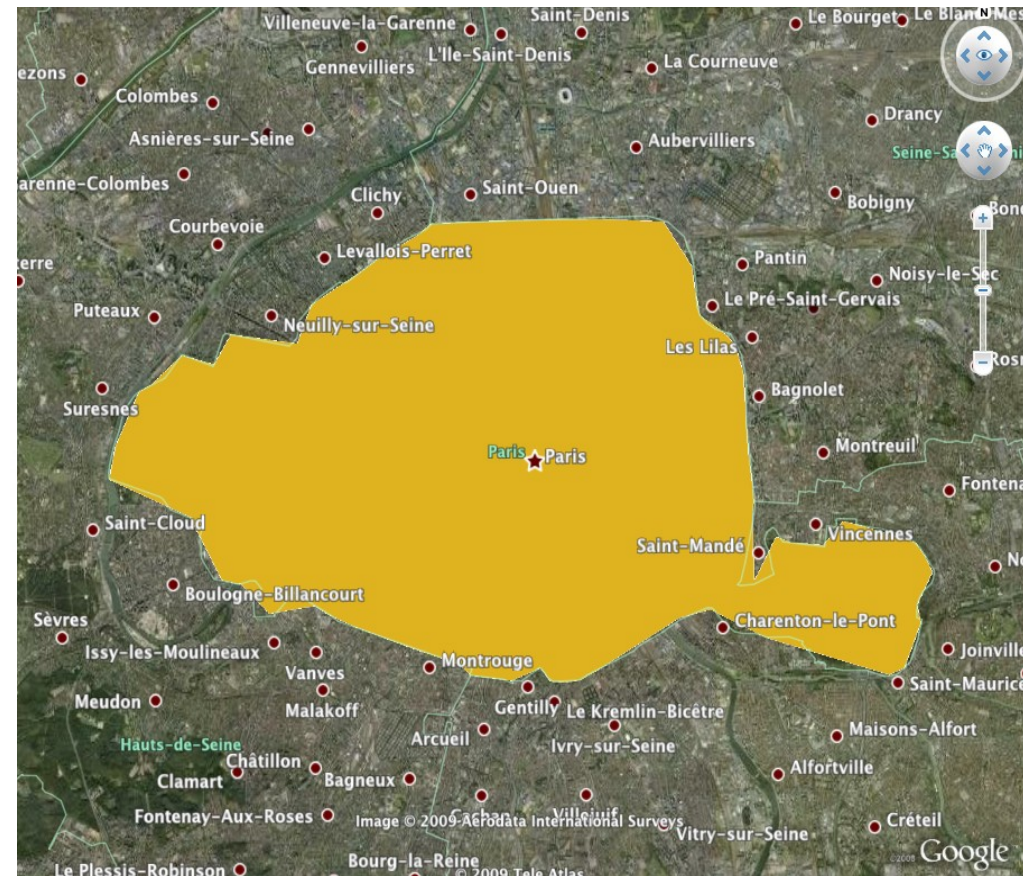
```
SELECT ST_Npoints(the_geom) As np_before, ST_Npoints(ST_Simplify(the_geom,0.1)) As np01_notbadcircle, ST_Npoints(ST_Sir
ST_Npoints(ST_Simplify(the_geom,1)) As np1_octagon, ST_Npoints(ST_Simplify(the_geom,10)) As np10_triangle,
(ST_Simplify(the_geom,100) is null) As np100_geometrygoesaway
FROM (SELECT ST_Buffer('POINT(1 3)', 10,12) As the_geom) As foo;
--result
np_before | np01_notbadcircle | np05_notquitecircle | np1_octagon | np10_triangle | np100_geometrygoesaway
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
49 | 33 | 17 | 9 | 4 | t
```

Functions



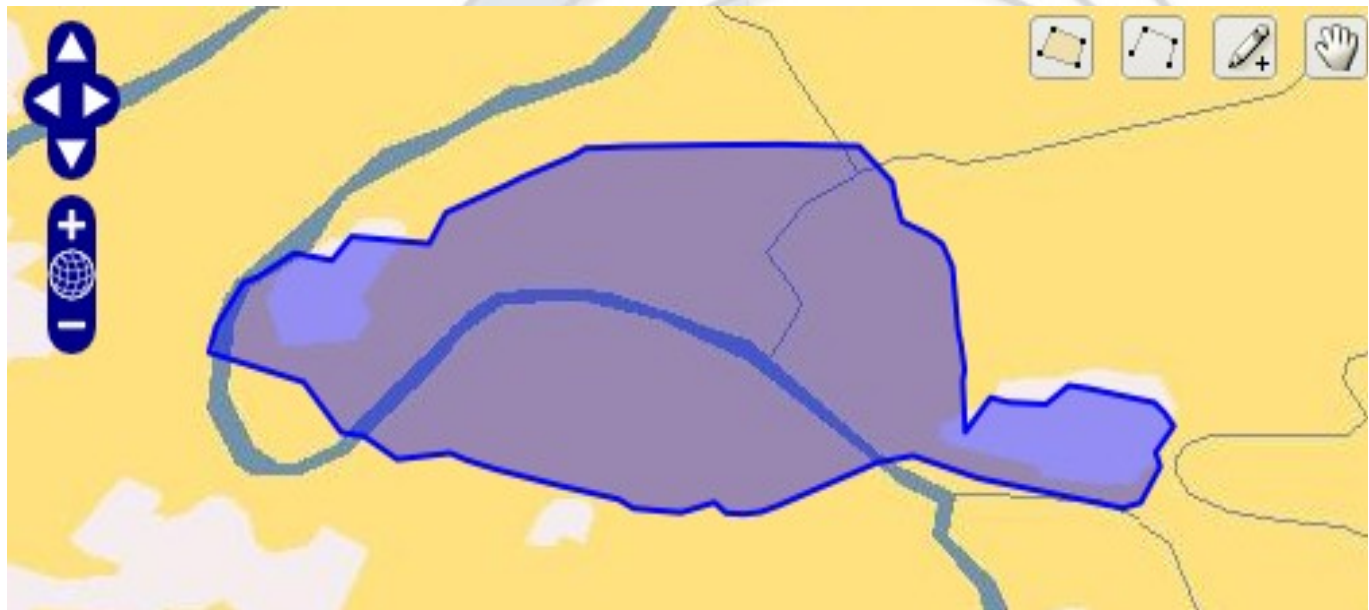
KML

```
SELECT ST_AsKML(the_geom, 5)  
FROM dept  
WHERE code_dept='75' ;
```



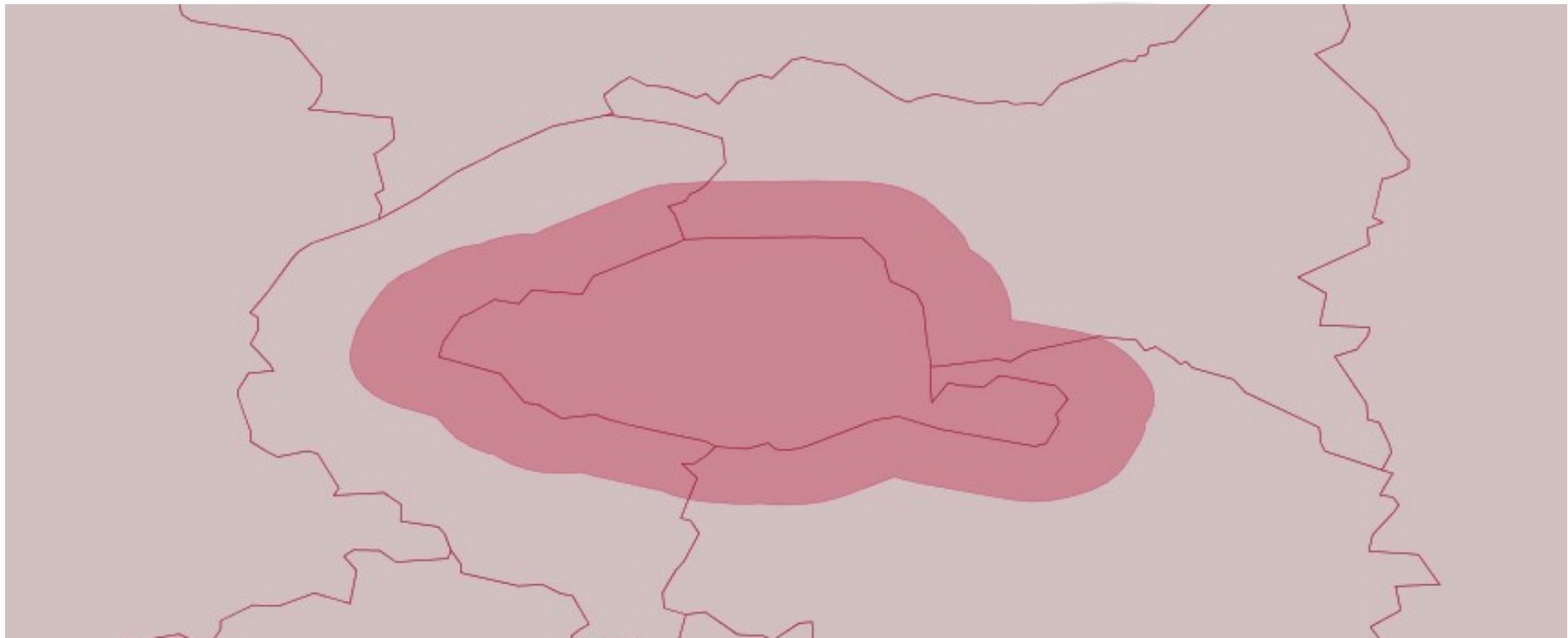
GeoJSON

```
SELECT ST_AsGeoJSON(  
    ST_Transform(the_geom, 4326), 5)  
FROM dept  
WHERE  
    code_dept = '75' ;
```



Buffer

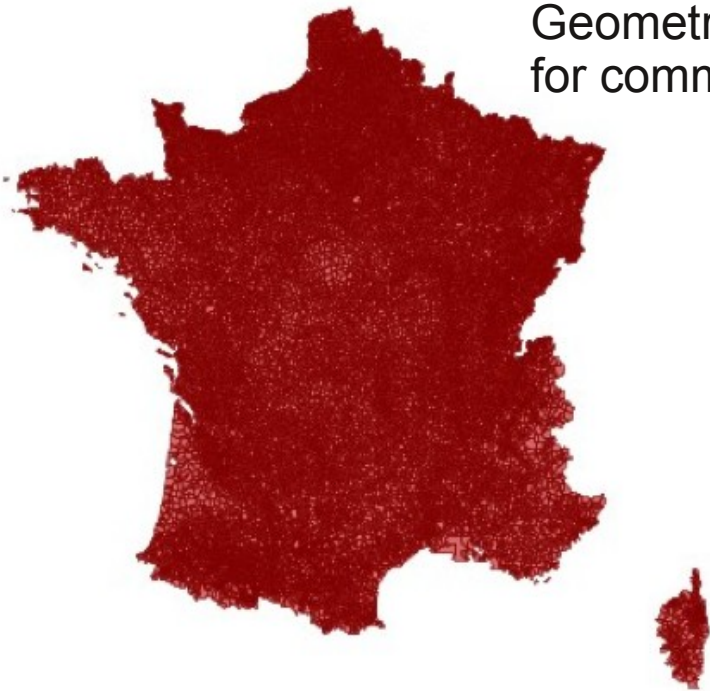
```
SELECT ST_Buffer(the_geom, 2500)  
FROM dept  
WHERE code_dept='75' ;
```



Aggregate

```
SELECT ST_Union(the_geom)  
FROM commune  
GROUP BY code_dept;
```

Geometries
for communes



Geometries for departments
built from communes



Intersection

```
SELECT nom_dept  
FROM dept  
WHERE ST_Intersects(the_geom,  
    (SELECT ST_Buffer(the_geom, 2500)  
    FROM dept WHERE code_dept='75')  
);
```

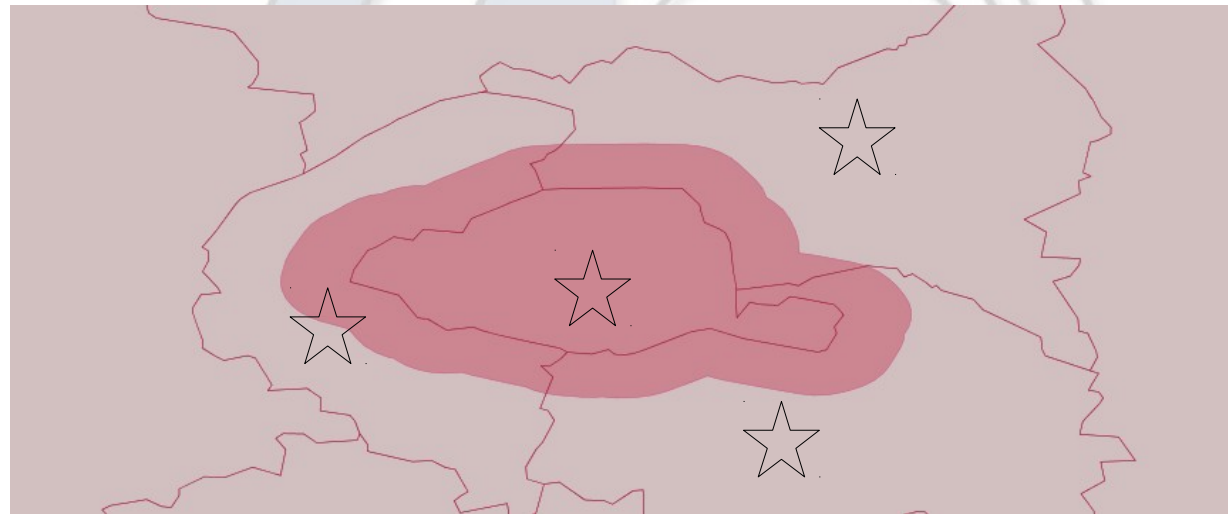
Results :

PARIS

HAUTS-DE-SEINE

SEINE-SAINT-DENIS

VAL-DE-MARNE



Distance

```
SELECT code_dept, round(  
    ST_Distance(ST_Centroid(the_geom),  
    (SELECT ST_Centroid(the_geom)  
    FROM dept WHERE code_dept='75')) / 1000)  
AS distance  
FROM dept ORDER BY distance LIMIT 4;
```

Results:

75		0
92		7
93		12
94		13

Creation

```
SELECT nom_dept  
FROM dept  
WHERE St_Within(  
    GeometryFromText( 'POINT(600440 2428685) '  
    , 27572) , the_geom);
```

Result : PARIS



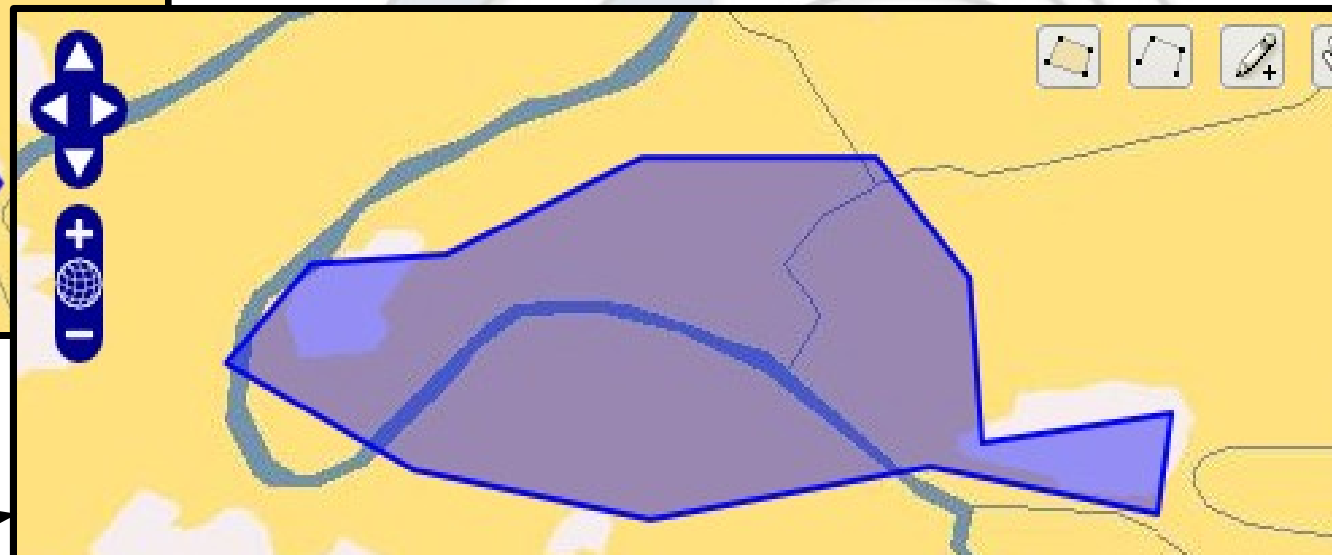
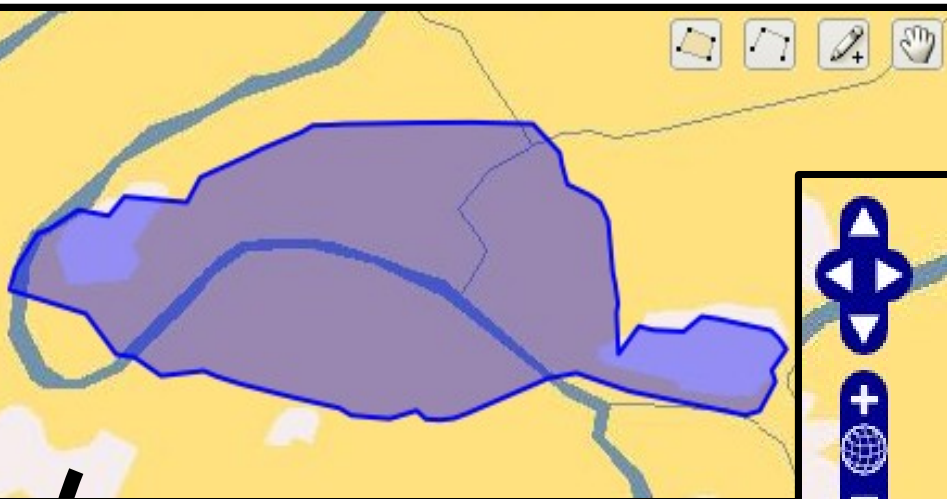
Import GML

```
SELECT ST_AsText(  
    ST_GeomFromGML(  
        '<gml:Point srsName="EPSG:27572">  
            <gml:pos srsDimension="2">  
                600440 2428686  
            </gml:pos>  
        </gml:Point>'  
    )  
);
```

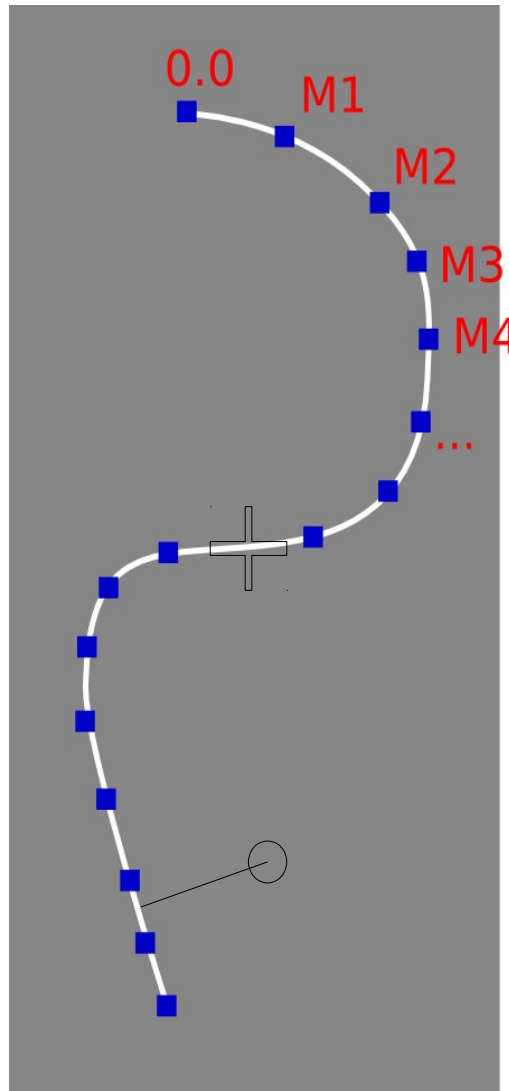
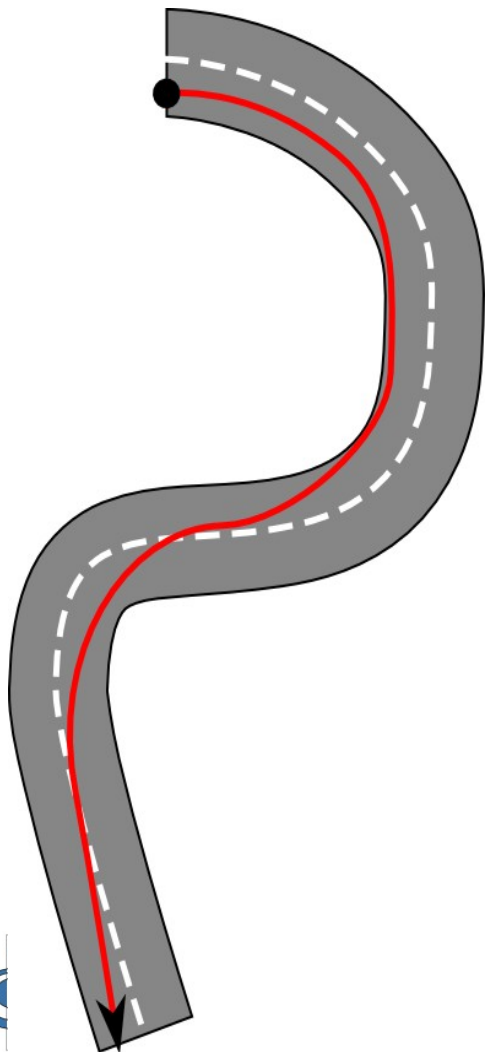
Generalization

Algorithm : Douglas-Peuker

```
SELECT ST_AsGeoJSON(  
    ST_Transform(  
        ST_Simplify(the_geom, 800),  
        4326), 5)  
FROM dept WHERE code_dept='75';
```



Linear referencing



Functions for linear referencing (Road network for example)

Aka LRS

`ST_line_interpolate_point(linestring, location)`

`ST_line_substring(linestring, start, end)`

`ST_line_locate_point(LineString, Point)`

`ST_locate_along_measure(geometry, float8)`

PgRouting

PgRouting, additional module for graph routing



Yokohama (Japan)

Select Routing Method

Shortest Path A Star - undirected

- ☒ Add START point
☐ Add FINAL point

Route

Reverse

Reset

Geocode Address

No data available

Example: 神奈川県横浜市中区海岸通1-2

Geocode

Reset

Isoline (Driving Distance)

10000 [m] around START point

Isoline

Reset

Gegraphy

Type 'geography' : latitude, longitude
= «geodetic support»

Functions for this type

Area, distance, indexation

Only a subset

Import and export functions

GML, KML, GeoJSON

Use it or not according to use case

