# seasonal: R interface to X-13ARIMA-SEATS

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#### 1 Introduction

seasonal is an easy-to-use and (almost) full-featured R-interface to X-13ARIMA-SEATS, the newest seasonal adjustment software developed by the United States Census Bureau. X-13ARIMA-SEATS combines and extends the capabilities of the older X-12ARIMA (developed by the Census Bureau) and TRAMO-SEATS (developed by the Bank of Spain).

If you are new to seasonal adjustment or X-13ARIMA-SEATS, the automated procedures of *seasonal* allow you to quickly produce good seasonal adjustments of time series. Start with the **Installation** and **Getting started** section and skip the rest.

If you are familiar with X-13ARIMA-SEATS, you may benefit from the flexible input and output structure of *seasonal*. The package allows you to use (almost) all commands of X-13ARIMA-SEATS, and it can import (almost) all output generated by X-13ARIMA-SEATS. The only exception is the 'composite' spec, which is not supported. Read the Input and Output sections and have a look at the wiki, where the examples from the original X-13ARIMA-SEATS manual are reproduced in R.

For more details on X-13ARIMA-SEATS, as well as for explanations on the X-13ARIMA-SEATS syntax, see the manual or the quick reference.

#### 2 Installation

To install the stable version directly from CRAN, type to the R console:

install.packages("seasonal")

seasonal does not includes the binary executables of X-13ARIMA-SEATS. They need to be installed separately from here (Windows, filename x13asall.zip) or here (Linux, filename x13asall.tar.gz). My own compilation for Mac OS-X can be obtained upon request.

Download the file, unzip it and copy the folder to the desired location in your file system. Next, you need to tell *seasonal* where to find the binary executables of X-13ARIMA-SEATS, by setting the specific environmental variable X13\_PATH. This may be done during your active session in R:

```
Sys.setenv(X13_PATH = "YOUR_X13_DIRECTORY")
```

Exchange YOUR\_X13\_DIRECTORY with the path to your installation of X-13ARIMA-SEATS. Note that the Windows path C:\something\somemore has to be entered UNIX-like C:/something/somemore or C:\something\\somemore. You can always check your installation with:

checkX13()

If you want to set the environmental variable permanently, you may do so by adding it tho the Renviron.site file, which is located in the etc subdirectory of your R home directory (use R.home() in R to reveal the home directory). Renviron.site does not exist by default; if not, you have to create a file named Renviron.site with your favorite text editor (on Windows, be careful with the 'show extensions for known file types' option, the extension .site may be hidden). Add the following line to the file:

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```
X13_PATH = YOUR_PATH_TO_X13
```

Alternatively, use the system terminal (on Windows, it's called command prompt; also, the cd command requires \ instead of /):

```
cd YOUR_R_HOME_DIRECTORY/etc
echo X13_PATH = YOUR_PATH_TO_X13 >> Renviron.site
```

There are other ways to set an environmental variable permanently in R, see ?Startup.

## 3 Getting started

seas ist the core function of the *seasonal* package. By default, seas calls the automatic procedures of X-13ARIMA-SEATS to perform a seasonal adjustment that works well in most circumstances. It returns an object of class "seas" that contains all necessary information on the adjustment process, as well as the series. The final function returns the adjusted series, the plot method shows a plot with the unadjusted and the adjusted series.

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers)
final(x)
plot(x)</pre>
```

The first argument of seas has to be a time series of class "ts". By default, seas calls the SEATS adjustment procedure. If you prefer the X11 adjustment procedure (this is what X-12ARIMA does), use the following option (see the the Input section for more details about the syntax):

```
seas(AirPassengers, x11 = list())
```

Besides performing seasonal adjustment with SEATS, a default call to seas invokes the following automatic procedures of X-13ARIMA-SEATS:

- Transformation selection (log / no log)
- Detection of trading day and Easter effects
- Outlier detection
- ARIMA model search

Alternatively, all inputs may be entered manually, as in the following example:

```
seas(x = AirPassengers, regression.variables = c("td1coef", "easter[1]",
"ao1951.May"), arima.model = "(0 1 1)(0 1 1)", regression.aictest = NULL,
outlier = NULL, transform.function = "log")
```

The static command reveals the static call from above that is needed to replicate the automatic seasonal adjustment procedure:

```
static(m)
static(m, coef = TRUE) # also fixes the coefficients
```

If you are using RStudio, the inspect command offers a way to analyze and modify a seasonal adjustment procedure (see the section below for details):

```
inspect(m)
```

# 4 Input

In *seasonal*, it is possible to use almost the complete syntax of X-13ARIMA-SEAT. This is done via the . . . argument in the seas function. The X-13ARIMA-SEATS syntax uses *specs* and *arguments*, with each spec optionally containing some arguments. For details, see the official manual. These spec-argument combinations can be added to seas by separating the spec and the argument by a dot (.). For example, in order to set the 'variables' argument of the 'regression' spec equal to td and ao1999. jan, the input to seas looks like this:

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers, regression.variables = c("td", "ao1955.jan"))
```

Note that R vectors may be used as an input. If a spec is added without any arguments, the spec should be set equal to an empty list(). Several defaults of seas are empty lists, such as the default seats = list(). See the help page (?seas) for more details on the defaults.

It is possible to manipulate almost all inputs to X-13ARIMA-SEATS in this way. For instance, example 1 in section 7.1 from the manual,

seas takes care of the 'series' spec, and no input beside the time series has to be provided. As seas uses the SEATS procedure by default, the use of X11 has to be specified manually. When the 'x11' spec is added as an input (like above), the mutually exclusive and default 'seats' spec is automatically disabled. With arima.model, an additional spec-argument is added to the input of X-13ARIMA-SEATS. As the spec cannot be used in the same call as the 'automdl' spec, the latter is automatically disabled. The best way to learn about the relationship between the syntax of X-13ARIMA-SEATS and *seasonal* is to study the comprehensive list of examples in the wiki.

There are several mutually exclusive specs in X-13ARIMA-SEATS. If more than one mutually exclusive specs is included, a set of priority rule is followed, where the lower priority is overwritten by the higher priority:

- Model selection
  - 1. arima
  - 2. pickmdl
  - 3. automdl (default)
- Adjustment procedure
  - 1. x11
  - 2. seats (default)

## 5 Output

seasonal has a very flexible mechanism to read data from X-13ARIMA-SEATS. With the series function, it is possible to import almost all output that can be generated by X-13ARIMA-SEATS. For example, the following command shows the forcasts of the ARIMA model:

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers)
series(m, "forecast.forecasts")</pre>
```

Because the forecast.save = "forecasts" argument has not been specified in the model call, series re-evaluates the call with the 'forecast' spec enabled. It is also possible to show more than one ouput table at the same time:

```
series(m, c("forecast.forecasts", "d1"))
```

You can use either the unique short names of X-13 (such as d1), or the the long names (such as forecasts). Because the long table names are not unique, they need to be combined with the spec name (forecast). See ?series for a complete list of options.

Note that re-evaluation doubles the overall computation time. If you want to speed it up, you have to be explicit about the output in the model call:

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers, forecast.save = "forecasts")
series(m, "forecast.forecasts")</pre>
```

Some specs, like 'slidingspans' and 'history', are time consuming. Re-evaluation allows you to separate these specs from the basic model call:

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers)
series(m, "history.saestimates")
series(m, "slidingspans.sfspans")</pre>
```

The out function shows the full content of the .out text file from X-13ARIMA-SEATS in a console viewer. It can also be searched:

```
out(m)
out(m, search = "regARIMA model residuals")
```

#### 6 Graphs

There are several graphical tools to analyze a seas model. The main plot function draws the seasonally adjusted and unadjusted series, as well as the outliers. Optionally, it also draws the trend of the seasonal decomposition:

```
m <- seas(AirPassengers, regression.aictest = c("td", "easter"))
plot(m)
plot(m, outliers = FALSE)
plot(m, trend = TRUE)</pre>
```

The monthplot function allows for a monthwise plot (or quarterwise, with the same function name) of the seasonal and the SI component:

```
monthplot(m)
monthplot(m, choice = "irregular")
```

Also, many standard R function can be used to analyze a "seas" model:

```
pacf(resid(m))
spectrum(diff(resid(m)))
plot(density(resid(m)))
qqnorm(resid(m))
```

# 7 Inspect tool

The inspect function is a powerful graphical tool for choosing a seasonal adjustment model. It uses the manipulate package and can only be used with the (free) RStudio IDE. The goal of inspect is to summarize all relevant options, plots and statistics that should be usually considered. inspect uses a "seas" object as its only argument:

inspect(m)

The inspect function opens an interactive window that allows for the manipulation of a number of arguments. It offers several views to analyze the series graphically. With each change, the adjustment process and the visualizations are recalculated. Summary statics are shown in the R console.

With the 'Show static call' option, a replicable static call is also shown in the console. Note that this option will double the time for recalculation, as the static function also tests the static call each time.

#### 8 License

*seasonal* is free and open source, licensed under GPL-3. It has been developed for the use at the Swiss State Secretariat of Economic Affairs and is not connected to the development of X-13ARIMA-SEATS, which is in the Public Domain.

This is a new package, and it may still contain bugs. Please report them on Github or send me an e-mail. Thank you!