# 算设

Hw 1 Feb 24, Spring 2022

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# 1 标题左对齐

第一个 section 使用  $\$  / first section , 避免切换到新的一页;后续使用  $\$  / section , 会自动从新的一页 开始 section .

## 1.1 子标题也左对齐

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#### 1.1.1 子子标题也左对齐

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## 1.2 展示带圈字符

# 2 问题列表

整个文档使用同一个问题计数器, 当然, 也可以使用 \setcounte{ProblemCounter}{1} 重设计数。

## 2.1 双列问题列表

## Problem 1

**Prove:**  $2n + \Theta(n^2) = \Theta(n^2)$ 

#### Solution:

::根据Θ定义

 $\exists n_0, c_1, c_2, s.t. \ \forall n > n_0, \ c_1 n^2 \le \Theta(n^2) \le c_2 n^2$ 

$$\therefore c_1 + 2/n \le \frac{2n + \Theta(n^2)}{n^2} \le c_2 + 2/n$$

$$\therefore c_1 \le \frac{2n + \Theta(n^2)}{n^2} \le c_2 + 3$$

$$c_1 n^2 < 2n + \Theta(n^2) < (c_2 + 3)n^2$$

$$\therefore 2n + \Theta(n^2) = \Theta(n^2)$$

#### Problem 2

**Prove:**  $\Theta(g(n)) \cap o(g(n)) = \emptyset$ 

#### Solution:

 $\forall f \in \Theta(g), \exists c_2, n_0, s.t. \ \forall n > n_0, \ g \leq c_2 f$  若  $f \in o(g), 则 \ \forall c, \ \exists n_1, \ s.t. \ \forall n > n_1, \ cf < g$  这与 $f \in \Theta(g)$ 矛盾

 $\therefore \Theta(g(n)) \cap o(g(n)) = \emptyset$ 

在这里使用\columnbreak 强制换栏

### Problem 3

**Prove:**  $\Theta(g(n)) \cup o(g(n)) \neq O(g(n))$ 

Ref to book.

#### Solution:

直观理解三个符号:

$$\Theta(g) \iff f/g$$
 有界, 且下确界>0

$$o(g) \iff f/g \to 0$$

$$O(g) \iff f/g \le const$$

此时, f = O(g), 但是 $f \neq \Theta(g)$ 且 $f \neq o(g)$ 

#### Problem 4

**Prove:**  $\max(f(n), g(n)) = \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$ 

#### Solution:

$$\therefore f, g \geq 0$$

$$\therefore max(f, g) \le f + g \le 2max(f, g)$$

$$c_1 = 1, c_2 = 2$$

$$\therefore \max(f(n), g(n)) = \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$

## 2.2 单列问题列表

#### **Problem 1** Relative asymptotic growths

CLRS, P61, 3-2

Indicate, for each pair of expressions (A, B) in the table below, whether A is  $O, o, \Omega, \omega$ , or  $\Theta$  of B. Assume that  $k \ge 1, \epsilon > 0$ , and c > 1 are constants. Your answer should be in the form of the table with "yes" or "no" written in each box.

Solution:

A	B	0	0	Ω	ω	Θ
$\lg^k$	$n n^{\epsilon}$	Υ	Y	N	N	N
$n^k$	$c^n$	Y	Y	~	N	N
$\sqrt{r}$	$n^{\sin n}$	~	N	N	N	N
$2^n$	$2^{n/2}$	N	N	Y	Y	N
$n^{\lg}$	$c c^{\lg n}$	Y	N	Y	N	Y
lg(n	!) $\lg(n^n)$	Y	Ν	۲	N	Y

#### **Problem 2** Ordering by asymptotic growth rates

CLRS, P61, 3-3

a. Rank the following functions by order of growth; that is, find an arrangement  $g_1, g_2, \ldots, g_{30}$  of the functions satisfying  $g_1 = \Omega(g_2), g_2 = \Omega(g_3), \ldots, g_{29} = \Omega(g_{30})$ . Partition your list into equivalence classes such that functions f(n) and g(n) are in the same class if and only if  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$ .

b. Give an example of a single nonnegative function f(n) such that for all functions  $g_i(n)$  in part (a), f(n) is neither  $O(g_i(n))$  nor  $\Omega(g_i(n))$ 

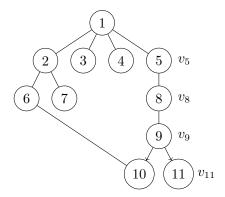
#### Solution:

a. 
$$a > b$$
 表示  $a = \Omega(b)$ ,  $a = b$  表示  $a = \Theta(b)$ 。顺序为:  $2^{2^{n+1}} > 2^{2^n} > (n+1)! > n! > e^n > n \cdot 2^n > 2^n > (3/2)^n > (\lg n)^{\lg n} = n^{\lg \lg n} > (\lg n)! > n^3 > n^2 = 4^{\lg n} > n \ln n = \lg n! > n = 2^{\lg n} > (\sqrt{2})^{\lg n} > 2^{\sqrt{2 \lg n}} > \lg^2 n > \ln n > \sqrt{\lg n} > \ln \ln n > 2^{\ln^* n} > \lg^* n = \lg^* (\lg n) > \lg(\lg^* n) > n^{1/\lg n} = 1$ 
b.  $f(n) = (1 + (-1)^n) n$ 

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# 3 绘制图、树

如果要绘制图、树,使用 LuaLaTeX 编译,否则使用 XeLaTeX 编译,要快一些。



更多例子可见 https://texample.net/

# 4 代码渲染

这里展示文档内代码渲染功能,支持内插代码和从文件读取代码。

#### Example Code 1

```
1
   // This is an example of code block.
2
   // Language: C++
3
  #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
4
  int main ()
5
6
7
           cout << "Hello World!" << endl;</pre>
8
           return 0;
9
```

#### Load from file

```
1
2
3
    一个无聊的生成四则运算表达式的小程序
4
5
6
   from random import random, randint
7
   toStrFunc = 0
8
9
10
   class Node:
11
        _{randMax} = 100
12
        _numtype = 'num'
13
        _nodetype = 'node'
14
15
       type = None
16
       num = 0
17
       lson = None
18
       rson = None
       op = 11
19
20
21
       def __init__(self) -> None:
22
            self.type = self._numtype
23
            self.num = int(random() * self._randMax)
            self.op = '+-*/'[randint(0, 3)]
24
25
       def __str__(self) -> str:
26
27
            if self.type == self._numtype:
28
                return str(self.num)
29
            elif self.type == self._nodetype:
30
                global toStrFunc
31
                if toStrFunc == 1:
32
                    return f'({str(self.lson)}{self.op}{self.rson})'
33
34
                exp = ''
```



```
35
                if self.lson.priority() < self.priority(): exp = f'({self.lson}){self.op}'</pre>
36
                else: exp = f'{self.lson}{self.op}'
37
                if self.rson.priority() < self.priority(): exp = f'{exp}({self.rson})'</pre>
                else: exp = f'{exp}{self.rson}'
38
39
                return exp
40
            else:
                return 'NULL NODE!!!'
41
42
43
        def expand(self):
            if self.type == self._numtype:
44
45
                self.type = self._nodetype
                self.lson = Node()
46
47
                self.rson = Node()
48
            return self
49
50
        def priority(self):
51
            if self.type == self._numtype: return 1000
52
            else:
53
                if self.op in '+-': return 10
                elif self.op in '*/': return 20
54
55
56
    def dfs(h: Node, k: int):
57
        while k > 0:
58
            k = 1
59
            h.expand()
60
            h = [h.lson, h.rson][randint(0, 1)]
61
62
63
64
    for i in range(10):
65
        h = Node()
66
        dfs(h, 5)
67
        print(h)
```